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STATE OF HAWAII LAND USE COMMISSION Meeting held on April 4, 2024 Commencing at 9:00 a.m. Held at Homer A. Maxey Center Conference Room (Foreign-Trade Zone No. 9) 521 Ala Moana Boulevard Honolulu, HI 96813

VIII. CALL TO ORDER

- IX. A92-683 HALEKUA DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION (O'AHU) Haseko Royal Kunia, LLC's Motion for Order Amending the Memorandum of Understanding's Offsite Infrastructure Date in Condiion A.1. Approximately 503.886 Acres at Waikele and Ho'ae'ae, 'Ewa, O'ahu, City and County of Honolulu, State of Hawaii, Tax Map Key No. 9-4-02: 01, portion of 52, 70 and 71.
 - INTRODUCING THE LAND USE DEVELOPMENT COORDINATOR
- XI. PROTOCOL ON LEGISLATIVE TESTIMONY AND MONITORING OF LEGISLATIVE MEASURES
- XII. ADJOURNMENT

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   PARTICIPANTS
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   LUC COMMISSIONERS:
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   Dan Giovanni, Chairman
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   Lee Ohigashi
 6
   Gary Okuda
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   George Atta
 8
   Mel Kahele
   Michael Yamane
 9
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   Kuike Kamakea-Ohelo
11
   Nancy Carr Smith
12
   Brian Lee
13
14
   LUC STAFF:
15
   Daniel Orodenker, Executive Officer
16
   Scott Derrickson, LUC Chief Planner
17
   Martina Segura, LUC Planner
   Ariana Kwan, LUC Chief Clerk
18
19
   Daniel Morris, Esquire, LUC Deputy Attorney General
20
21
   PETITIONER-HASEKO DEVELOPMENT, INC.:
22
   Curtis Tabata, Esquire
23
   Peter Kwan, Vice President
24
   Kelly Uwaine, Esquire
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   PARTICIPANTS (CONT'D)
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 3
   PETITIONER-HO'OHANA SOLAR 1, LLC:
   Jennifer Lim Esquire
 4
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   PETITIONER-ROBINSON KUNIA LAND, LLC:
 7
   Steven Mau, Esquire
 8
 9
   PETITIONER-RK II PARTNERS:
10
   Terry Lee, Esquire
11
   Derrick Kobayashi, Esquire
12
   Erick Elkind, Esquire
13
   Ernie Martin, Esquire
14
15
   OFF OF PLANNING AND SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT "OPSD":
16
   Allison Kato, Esquire, Deputy Attorney General
17
   Katia Balassiano, LUD Program Administrator
18
   Aaron Setogawa, Planner
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   PARTICIPANTS (CONT'D)
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   STATE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:
 4
   Kelcie Nagata, Deputy Attorney General
 5
   Brian Kau, Engineering Program Administrator
   Janice Fujimoto, Engineer
 6
 7
 8
   CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU:
 9
   Pono I. Arias, Esquire, Corporation Counsel
10
   Dina Wong, Department of Planning and Permitting
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   Brad Saito, Deputy Corporation Counsel
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	Hawaii LOC Meeting April 4, 2024 NDT Assgn # 74096 Page
1	**UNCERTIFIED ROUGH DRAFT**
2	DEPOSITION OF MEETING
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4	The following transcript of proceedings, or any
5	portion thereof, in the above-entitled matter, taken
6	on April 4, 2024, is being delivered UNEDITED and
7	UNCERTIFIED.
8	The purchaser agrees not to disclose this
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10	(written or electronic) to anyone who has no
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22	certified transcript, resulting in differences in
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25	

CHAIR GIOVANNI: Good morning, everyone.
 I call this meeting to order. Aloha mai kakou.
 Good morning. Good morning.

This is the April 4th, 2024 Land Use
Commission Meeting. This is an in-person meeting.
It's being held at the Homer A. Maxey Center
Conference Room (Foreign Trade Zone No. 9. The
address is 521 Ala Moana Boulevard, Honolulu. And
this meeting is open to the public.

For all meeting participants, I'd like to stress the importance of speaking slowly, clearly, and directly into the microphone. Before you're speaking, please state your name and identify yourself for the record. And if you can, that would be each time you speak.

16 Even though this is an in-person meeting, 17 please be aware that all meeting participants are 18 being recorded on the digital record of this Zoom 19 meeting, and it will be posted on YouTube. And it 20 will be used for court reporting purposes. Your 21 continued participation is your implied consent to 22 be part of the public record of this event. If you do not wish to be part of the public record, you 23 24 should exit the meeting now.

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I also want to advise that we will be



1 taking breaks throughout the meeting, nominally five 2 minutes or so every hour or so. And if the meeting 3 continues through the lunch hour, we will take a 4 lunch break as well.

5 My name is Dan Giovanni. I have the 6 pleasure to serve as the LUC Chair. We currently 7 have nine seated Commissioners. Along with me today are Commissioner Lee Ohigashi from Maui; 8 Commissioner Gary Okuda; Commissioner Kuike Kamakea-9 10 Ohelo; Commissioner George Atta; Commissioner Brian 11 Lee; and Commissioner Mel Kahele, all from Oahu. We have Commissioner Nancy Carr Smith from Island of 12 13 Hawaii, and we have Commissioner Michael Yamane from 14 Kauai.

Also in attendance are LUC Executive
Officer, Daniel Orodenker; LUC Chief Planner, Scott
Derrickson; LUC Staff Planner, Martina Segura; LUC
Chief Clerk, Ariana Kwan; LUC Development
Coordinator, Arnold Wong; and LUC Attorney General,
Dan Morris.

21 Our ninth order of business for this two-22 day meeting is A92-683 Halekua Development Haseko 23 Royal Kunia, Motion for Order Amending the 24 Memorandum of Understanding. At this time, I'd like 25 the parties to introduce themselves, starting with



Mr. Tabata from -- please introduce yourself and 1 2 whoever you have with you. 3 MR. TABATA: Thank you, Chair. Good morning. Curtis Tabata and Benjamin Matsubara for 4 5 Haseko. Also present with us to my left is Haseko 6 Vice President, Peter Kwan, and Haseko in-house 7 counsel, Kelly Uwaine. CHAIR GIOVANNI: 8 Thank you very much. 9 MS. LIM: Good morning, Chair and 10 Commissioners. This is Jennifer Lim representing 11 Ho'ohana Solar 1, LLC. Mr. Green, who was with me 12 yesterday for the status report, has had to get a 13 flight, so he's not with me today. I'm on my own. 14 CHAIR GIOVANNI: You're flying solo today? 15 MS. LIM: Correct. Thank you. 16 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Okay. Mr. Lee? 17 MR. LEE: Good morning, Chair, 18 Commissioners. Terry Lee, counsel for RK II 19 Partners. To my left is my co-counsel, Derrick 20 Kobayashi. Also I attendance are co- counsel, Erick 21 Elkind, Ernie Martin. Thank you. 22 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Thank you very much. I 23 see the chairs are absent for Robinson Kunia Land. 24 If they show up, we'll introduce them when they do. 25 Parties from the County, please introduce

1	yourselves.
2	MR. ARIAS: Aloha, Chair and
3	Commissioners. Pono Arias, Deputy Corporation
4	Counsel on behalf of the City. With me I have Dina
5	Wong from the Department of Planning and Permitting
6	and Brad Saito, Deputy Corporation Counsel.
7	CHAIR GIOVANNI: Great. Thank you.
8	From the Office of Planning and
9	Sustainable Development?
10	MS. KATO: Good morning. Allison Kato,
11	Deputy Attorney General for the Office of Planning
12	and Sustainable Development. Also here are Katia
13	Balassiano and Aaron Setogawa from OPSD. Thank you.
14	CHAIR GIOVANNI: Thank you very much.
15	And from the Department of Agriculture
16	MS. NAGATA: Good morning. Kelcie Nagata,
17	Deputy Attorney General. With me or sorry, for
18	the Department of Agriculture. With me is Brian Kau
19	and Janice Fujimoto.
20	CHAIR GIOVANNI: Thank you very much.
21	At this time, I'd like to briefly explain
22	our procedure for today's hearing. First, I will
23	ask the Commissioners if there are any disclosures
24	that they'd like to make, and then I will update the
25	record accordingly. Then I will recognize the

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6 Members of the public will have two 7 minutes to provide their testimony and to stand by after their testimony to respond to any questions by 8 the parties or by the Commissioners. When questions 9 have been completed, the Chair will excuse the 10 11 witness and call the next witness into the witness box. After completion of the public portion of the 12 13 testimony and these proceeding, the Chair would like Petitioner Haseko to provide their presentation on 14 15 the motion. Following their presentation, other 16 petitioners will present.

17 The Chair will then call upon the County's 18 Planning Department, the Office of Planning and 19 Sustainable Development for their presentation on 20 the motion. Petitioner will then be allowed to 21 respond to comments made by the County, Department 22 of Agriculture, and OPSD. Similar to yesterday's 23 hearing, I will call on Department of Agriculture 24 prior to calling on the State and calling on the 25 County.

1	Commissioners will ask questions of the
2	parties at the conclusions of each of their
3	presentations. At the conclusion of the parties'
4	testimony and the Commissioners' questions, the
5	public will again be granted the opportunity to
6	provide additional and/or new public testimony in
7	the same manner as before. Once the public
8	testimony concludes, the Commission will enter into
9	deliberations regarding the motion and decide how to
10	proceed.
11	Again, I note we will be calling for short
12	breaks on an hourly basis and a longer one through
13	lunch, as necessary. Are there any comments or
14	objections to the procedures as I've laid them out?
15	Mr. Tabata?
16	MR. TABATA: No comments or objections.
17	Thank you.
18	CHAIR GIOVANNI: Thank you.
19	Ms. Lim?
20	MS. LIM: No, Chair.
21	CHAIR GIOVANNI: Mr. Lee?
22	MR. LEE: Nothing here.
23	CHAIR GIOVANNI: Thank you.
24	County?
25	MR. ARIAS: No, Chair.

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CHAIR GIOVANNI: Thank you. 1 2 State? 3 MS. KATO: No, thank you. 4 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Department of 5 Agriculture? 6 MS. NAGATA: No, thank you. 7 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Great. Thank you. 8 Commissioners, do you have any disclosures 9 that you would like to make regarding this matter? 10 Seeing none, we'll proceed. 11 I'd like to make a reference for the 12 record. Please be informed that all relevant records 13 and documents pertaining to this matter can be accessed for review on the LUC website. You can 14 find that at https://luc.hawaii.gov/A92-683. 15 Now I'd like to go over the reimbursement 16 17 policy for today's hearing. Good morning. Mr. 18 Tabata, again, have you reviewed HAR Section 15-15-19 45.1 regarding the reimbursement of hearing 20 expenses? 21 MR. TABATA: Yes, Chair. And we will 22 comply. 23 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Thank you very much. 24 I'd now like to recognize public written 25 testimony. Ms. Kwan, has there been any written

testimony submitted in this matter? 1 No, Mr. Chair. 2 MS. KWAN: 3 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Thank you very much. 4 Next I would call on any members of the 5 public wishing to provide testimony on this agenda 6 item. Ms. Kwan, are there any members of the public 7 present who would like to testify? 8 MS. KWAN: No, Mr. Chair. CHAIR GIOVANNI: Very good. 9 10 As I said earlier, if Mr. Mau shows up, we'll give him a moment to introduce himself and who 11 12 he represents. 13 MR. MAU: Yes. Steven Mau on behalf of Robinson Kunia Land, LLC. And I must apologize. I 14 15 was waiting outside. I thought it was starting at 16 9:30 17 CHAIR GIOVANNI: No problem. Thank you for joining us today. We appreciate it. 18 19 Let me just -- it's very encouraging when 20 we have a matter that involves four different 21 property owners and all four show up. That's just 22 terrific, and I mean that. It's really appreciated, 23 so thank you all. 24 What did you say? Oh, yeah. Except for 25 the school. That's number five. Four out of five



ain't bad. Yeah, yeah. Okay. Where were we? 1 So now I'd like to turn to Haseko and for 2 3 them to make their presentation on the motion. 4 MR. TABATA: Thank you, Chair. Curtis 5 Tabata. We spent a lot of time yesterday talking 6 about this, about the MOU and everything, but I know 7 Commissioner Kamakea- Ohelo was not here, so let me just briefly go over why are we here today. 8 9 So back in 2021, the LUC issued its order. 10 And in that order, there was a condition called 11 Condition A.1. And this condition required the 12 landowners to enter into an MOU, a Memorandum of 13 Understanding, with the Department of Agriculture within six months of the order back in 2021. 14 15 And the Memorandum of Understanding, the 16 MOU, needed to contain a description of the offsite 17 infrastructure required for the agricultural park. 18 And that offsite infrastructure in the MOU needed to 19 have a deadline, and that deadline was June 30th, 20 2023. The landowners would need to complete the 21 offsite infrastructure for the agricultural park by 22 that date in June 2023. 23 That date came and went. The offsite 24 infrastructure was not built. We attempted to 25 negotiate an extension, but there just wasn't enough

1 time. So after the deadline lapsed, we continued to 2 work with the Department of Agriculture, and we 3 executed a Fifth Amendment to the MOU with three new 4 deadlines. So the offsite infrastructure comprises 5 of -- in Condition A.1, all utilities, electrical, 6 potable water, roadways, sewer lines, and 7 communications.

As we've been negotiating with the 8 9 Department of Agriculture, we learned that they had a priority, okay. They needed -- they needed 10 11 functional electrical power and potable -electrical power and potable water for agricultural 12 13 They needed that as soon as possible. And 2025 use. was -- the end of 2025 was their minimum 14 15 requirements. That's what they told us. So we had to carve out that -- those two infrastructure 16 17 requirements, electrical power, and potable water 18 for agriculture, and we called it temporary, okay? 19 And we have to -- we have to complete 20 that. We have to complete that by the end of 2025, 21 December 31st. The -- everything else is going to be 22 provided by September 30th, 2028. We call that the permanent infrastructure, okay? That's going to 23 24 have everything -- that's going to run along Road Y, 25 so it's going to be, you know, the normal -- normal



1 infrastructure runs underneath the roadway, and it's 2 going to have everything. And that's based on our 3 construction schedule, our master plan schedule that 4 that falls into 2028. And that was acceptable to 5 the Department of Agriculture.

6 A third category is the irrigation 7 infrastructure. So this is the non-potable water that's going to be used for irrigation, and that 8 consists of a 12- inch water line that Ho'ohana 9 10 installed. Haseko is going to install the pump 11 station, which is going to pump out the water from the adjacent reservoir number 225, and we are 12 13 required to complete the pump station installation 14 by the end of August of this year, 2024.

15 So we have to have -- we have to break 16 down the offsite infrastructure into those three 17 categories, those three different deadlines, and it 18 was agreeable to the DOA, so we signed off on that 19 MOU in the January 10th, 2024, this year. And then, 20 thankfully, we were then able to prepare this motion 21 to change the date in Condition A.1 because 22 Condition A.1 has that June 30th, 2023 deadline, and -- but we had to basically expand the deadline, you 23 24 know, so that would be agreeable to the Department 25 of Agriculture.

And what we're doing now is trying to amend this Condition A.1, change it so that the date -- the deadline date in the -- for the completion of the infrastructure matches the MOU we signed just recently in January. So that's why we're here today.

7 So the basis for our motion, the reason 8 why we would like our motion to be granted is 9 because we have signed the MOU. The Department of 10 Agriculture is in agreement with these deadlines. 11 And we would like Condition A.1 to be consistent 12 with those deadlines, so that's -- that's the basis 13 for our motion.

There are legal issues related to our 14 motion. There is -- Commissioner Okuda mentioned 15 yesterday that, you know, just to put me on notice, 16 17 Ka Pa'akai, Chapter 343, and I mean, we -- I write 18 about it in the motion, our position and why we're 19 not legally required to do a Ka Pa'akai analysis for 20 this motion, and a supplemental EIS is also not 21 legally required for this motion.

I mean, and the short of it, the basic reason why we're taking these legal positions is because the motion seeks to change the date in Condition A.1 for the offsite infrastructure

1	completion. That's it. Okay? We're not asking for
2	permission to build the project. We already have
3	the obligation, really, and right, to construct the
4	project, build the infrastructure that's required
5	for our project and for other projects like for RK
6	II Partners, Department of Agriculture. So we
7	already have that right. That's our position.

And the motion that we're here for today 8 9 specifically is just to change the date in Condition 10 A.1. And because of that, we're not affecting 11 anyone's rights is what we're saying, because we're 12 just changing a date. We're not opposing any 13 construction today, any development. So I know Commissioner Okuda has questions for me, so I won't 14 15 -- I'll let him ask his questions and address those 16 particular issues in that way. I think that's more 17 efficient. Thank you.

18 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Thank you, Mr. Tabata.19 That concludes your presentation?

20 MR. TABATA: Yes, thank you.
21 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Thank you.
22 Commissioners, questions for Mr. Tabata?
23 Oh, Mr. Okuda, please proceed.
24 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Thank you very much,
25 Mr. Chair. So Mr. Tabata, to sum up maybe the

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1 bottom line of your presentation, are you basically 2 saying that what you're asking for -- the relief 3 that you're asking for is not material, and so it's 4 really no big deal.

5 MR. TABATA: I wouldn't say it's not a big 6 deal. If you denied the motion today, our position 7 is we still need to build the project and we still have the right to build the project. So a natural 8 question is: Well, why'd you file a motion, then, 9 10 right? To be honest, it's because out of respect. 11 If we did not file the motion, if we ignored 12 Condition A.1 and the deadline and you guys brought 13 us in for a status hearing, we would face a very 14 angry Commission, okay? I mean, that's just based 15 on experience. So we -- this is important. We're not taking this lightly. I don't know if that 16 17 answers your question.

18 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Yeah. Well, maybe I can be more specific. If, for some reason, the 19 20 Commission denies your motion at this point in time, 21 okay -- I'm not saying it's a denial with prejudice, 22 meaning you can't bring it again in the future. But 23 if it's denied at this point in time, does that 24 affect your ability to develop in any way? 25 The only impact I could see MR. TABATA:

1 it having is that we would be inconsistent with that 2 deadline, and I'm not sure if the Commission would 3 take further action against us.

4 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Well, you agree that 5 the Commission is bound by the decision made 6 yesterday, that after hearing all the evidence that 7 was presented -- and me, personally, you know, I 8 would have made a factual finding that -- and I 9 think I did say that your witnesses are very 10 credible.

Based on the decision yesterday, the Commission is really bound not to do anything inconsistent with yesterday's decision, which is basically take no further action on the fact that certain deadlines might not have been strictly complied with.

Let me break that up. Do you agree that yesterday's decision indicates that the Commission has decided that after hearing the evidence, no further action should be taken, even though there might be slippage or noncompliance with certain deadlines?

23 MR. TAPATA: Yes, I would like to believe 24 that. Yes.

25

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Yeah. And the

Commission is not supposed to be inconsistent,
 especially in a specific docket. The Commission is
 not supposed to be inconsistent with prior decisions
 in that docket, correct?

5 MR. TAPATA: Yes. 6 **COMMISSIONER OKUDA:** So in other words, 7 would it be a fair statement to say that even if the Commission were to deny your motion at this point in 8 time, based on yesterday's decision, the Commission 9 10 really cannot turn around and say in the future, wow, we're now going to actually bring you forward 11 on an order to show cause because you didn't comply 12 13 with the deadlines which were actually discussed at 14 yesterday's hearing.

15 MR. TAPATA: Yes, I would agree with that. 16 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Okay. So in other 17 words, if the Commission were to make a decision 18 that maybe certain things are deficient and there 19 should be time given to correct it, wouldn't you agree that that really would not create any type of 20 21 legal barrier to your client or you moving forward 22 with this memorandum of understanding with the 23 Department of Agriculture? 24 MR. TAPATA: Okay. I think that would be

25 the case with Ka Pa'akai. You know, if you folks



1	tell us we need to do a Ka Pa'akai analysis, I think
2	we can do that and continue with the project.
3	The supplemental EIS issue is a little bit
4	different, okay? Chapter 343, the way it's written
5	is if you have to do a statement you cannot
6	proceed with your action until your final
7	statement's accepted. Okay? That's in the statute,
8	all right? I mean, I so
9	COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Well, yeah. I don't
10	mean to interrupt you, but we can cover the 343
11	issue because you but really quickly regarding
12	that, you agree right now no one, and I mean no one,
13	has made a statement on the record or anywhere else,
14	in public testimony or otherwise, that a lack of a
15	343 analysis or an update prevents you or your
16	client from moving forward in any portion of your
17	project, correct?
18	MR. TABATA: Correct.
19	COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Okay. You have many,
20	many years of experience in the land use area, do
21	you agree with that?
22	MR. TABATA: I have experience, yes.
23	COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Yeah, I and no
24	and you're a modest guy, and I'm not trying to
25	stroke your ego or anything like that, but you're a

1 modest guy, but let's face it, you and Mr. Matsubara 2 are considered experts in this area. And I --3 you're going to be modest, so you're probably going 4 to downplay that.

5 But let me ask you this, just to put my 6 next question in context, okay, without getting into 7 the argument regarding whether the Superferry was a good idea or not, do you agree that one of the 8 things that torpedoed the Superferry was people's 9 10 just, you might call it, hardheaded insistence that 11 they just wouldn't do, for example, a Chapter 343 12 environmental impact statement. And if they had 13 just done the impact statement while all this litigation regarding Superferry was pending, we 14 15 still might have a Superferry.

16 Sometimes, you know, to get a project 17 done, it's better to check off some of the boxes. 18 We might disagree as a matter of public policy 19 whether those boxes are there, but if the 20 legislature has set forth the boxes, then they 21 should be checked off. Otherwise, a good project 22 might be sunk in the end. Is that a fair statement, 23 just -- I'm not saying it applies in this case, but 24 just generally speaking, based on your experience in 25 this land use area?

1	MR. TABATA: In general, I I'd agree
2	that, you know I don't like shortcuts. I don't
3	like it. If a developer says, you know, I want to
4	try to take a legal shortcut and avoid an
5	obligation, just as you described, if there's a
6	challenge, you can get overturned, and it's going to
7	set you back timewise, okay?
8	So I'm not here to criticize the
9	Superferry project or how they handle their, you
10	know, handling of Chapter 343. But there are legal
11	requirements there are legal standards that then
12	make it applicable to require an environmental
13	assessment, okay/ I mean, there are tests that need
14	to be fulfilled in order for you to be legally
15	required to do an EA or EIS. And if you're not
16	legally required to do so, you should not then be
17	required to perform those statements.
18	So I mean, and we can discuss why we think
19	we're not legally required to do a supplemental EIS,
20	and that's I think that's how it should be
21	handled. We follow the law, basically.
22	COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Oh, okay. Let me
23	back up and first start with Ka Pa'akai, then, and
24	maybe we can you we'll go over the legal
25	standard there and you can help me out with, you

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interpretation. And I won't go over the history of Ka Pa'akai, because in this room and at other hearings we've gone through the constitutional provisions. We've gone through the historic reasons why Article 12 was passed by the 1978 Constitutional Convention. We all might have been working on staff at that time, so I won't go over that. What I'd like you to comment on is what constitutes an act or action which triggers a Ka Pa'akai analysis. And what I'm reading from is the Ka Pa'akai case, you know, and that case, of course is titled Ka Pa'akai versus Land Use Commission, State of Hawaii. That's 94 Haw. 31. And this portion of the case is found at pages 45 to 46. Mhat the Supreme Court said is, "As such, State agencies such as the LUC may not act without independently considering the effect of their actions on Hawaiian traditions and practices." Okay. As that term "act" or terms "act" or "actions" are used in that sentence, what do those words mean? MR. TABATA: The word "action" refers to a project, okay? And so what it says what what the	1	know, this area which seems to be open for
4 hearings we've gone through the constitutional 5 provisions. We've gone through the historic reasons 6 why Article 12 was passed by the 1978 Constitutional 7 Convention. We all might have been working on staff 8 at that time, so I won't go over that. 9 What I'd like you to comment on is what 10 constitutes an act or action which triggers a Ka 11 Pa'akai analysis. And what I'm reading from is the 12 Ka Pa'akai case, you know, and that case, of course 13 is titled Ka Pa'akai versus Land Use Commission, 14 State of Hawaii. That's 94 Haw. 31. And this 15 portion of the case is found at pages 45 to 46. 16 What the Supreme Court said is, "As such, 17 State agencies such as the LUC may not act without 18 independently considering the effect of their 19 actions on Hawaiian traditions and practices." 10 Okay. 21 As that term "act" or terms "act" or 12 "actions" are used in that sentence, what do those 13 words mean? 24 MR. TABATA: The word "action" refers to a	2	interpretation. And I won't go over the history of
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	23	words mean?
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	25	project, okay? And so what it says what what the

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-- how does -- it's a three-part test, right? First 1 2 you identify the cultural practices that are taking 3 place that are identified. And then a second test is what impacts the action would have on those 4 5 practices. And then the third test, I believe, is: 6 Is there any mitigation that can be applied to 7 protect those right. So the action is a description of the project. Will the project affect those 8 traditional and customary rights. 9

10 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Yeah. But before we 11 get into the three-part test or analysis of Ka 12 Pa'akai, the first question is: Is the case or the 13 standards in the case triggered, correct?

MR. TABATA: Okay. The triggering for a Ka Pa'akai analysis, in the Flores-Case 'Ohana, they clarified that in Ka Pa'akai, it was -- the analysis was required for a district boundary amendment proceeding, which is a contested case proceeding, so it's -- so what triggers the analysis in Ka Pa'akai was the contested case. Okay?

And in Flores-Case 'Ohana, the trigger was then expanded to rulemaking, okay? And so C.J. wrote Flores- Case 'Ohana, and he laid it out basically that the agency is required to protect traditional and customary rights, and Ka Pa'akai was



1 for contested case hearings, which addresses past 2 events, adjudicate past events that has occurred, 3 and in rulemaking you cover future events. You 4 create law by rulemaking. And so you cover the past 5 and the future with Article 12, Section 7.

6 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Yeah. Well, wasn't 7 the specific issue in the Flores-Case -- and just so 8 that we're clear on the record what we're talking 9 about. It's a case titled Flores-Case 'Ohana versus 10 University of Hawaii. That's found at 153 Haw. 76. 11 The P.3d citation is 526 P.3d 601.

That case, the issue there was whether or 12 13 not Ka Pa'akai applies to situations or cases in 14 addition to contested case proceedings because 15 wasn't the argument by the University of Hawaii in 16 that case -- this dealt with, what, Mauna Kea, 17 right. Wasn't the argument by the University of 18 Hawaii that, oh, Ka Pa'akai is only limited to 19 contested case types of hearings, not to rulemaking. 20 And, you know, the University had arguments why it 21 didn't apply. And what the Supreme Court said is, 22 no. Ka Pa'akai is not simply limited to contested 23 case hearings. It also applies to other things like 24 rulemaking.

25

Is that a fair statement of what happened



1	in	that	case?
- L	1	LIIAL	Case:

2	MR. TABATA: There is a general statement
3	where they say that the Constitution does not limit
4	Ka Pa'akai to just contested case hearings, right.
5	But then in that same paragraph, it goes on to say
6	that: So therefore, we are extending the
7	requirements of Ka Pa'akai to rulemaking. So the
8	statement about it going beyond contested cases was
9	used as justification for going into rulemaking, for
10	making to make it apply to rulemaking so it's
11	because what the court did in Flores-Case 'Ohana was
12	to extend the Ka Pa'akai requirements not only to
13	contested case hearings but to rulemaking. And not
14	
15	COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Okay. Well
16	MR. TABATA: and not it really
17	doesn't address anything else. And there's there
18	is a discussion that I would, you know, get into if
19	you want to cover, you know, everything else.
20	That's what I call it. If it's not a contested case
21	hearing and if it's not rulemaking, then it's
22	basically everything else.
23	COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Okay. Well, yeah
24	MR. TABATA: But
25	COMMISSIONER OKUDA: this is where you

1	can help me with this, okay? I really think the
2	controlling rule is what's set out in the that
3	sentence that I went over with you regarding Ka
4	Pa'akai, basically, which says: As such, State
5	agencies such as the LUC may not act without
6	independently considering the effect of their
7	actions on Hawaiian traditions and practices. Okay?
8	And I think that is the controlling rule.
9	Now, this is my question to you. Okay. Where do we
10	draw the line? Because setting an agenda and
11	agendizing your motion, that's an action, right? So
12	do we have to do a Ka Pa'akai analysis to set the
13	agenda?
14	Clearly, if you were coming in and asking
15	for a boundary amendment, you know, from ag to
16	urban, agriculture to urban, I don't think anyone
17	would argue that that wouldn't require a Ka Pa'akai
18	analysis. And I'm not sure anyone would really
19	argue that we have to do a Ka Pa'akai analysis to
20	set an agenda item, to agendize your boundary
21	application, so where is the line drawn, and what is
22	your legal authority that tells us where to draw the
23	line?
24	MR. TABATA: Well, the legal part is
25	basically Flores-Case 'Ohana. It is a case we're

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1	talking about. And you know, the Land Use
2	Commission's duty to assess, protect traditional and
3	customary rights before it acts is a general
4	statement saying that if you need to do if you
5	need to comply with Ka Pa'akai, then comply with it.
6	Then you need to then do it. You need to comply
7	with it. It's that kind of a statement, okay?
8	But when they talk about triggers, that's
9	why the Circuit Court certified a question to the
10	Hawaii Supreme Court. It wasn't sure if you could
11	extend if they were required to extend Ka Pa'akai
12	to rulemaking. They didn't know. So they certified
13	their question, sent it to the Hawaii Supreme Court,
14	and they said yes, you have to do it for rulemaking.
15	So extending it beyond contested case
16	hearings, even the Circuit Court wasn't willing to
17	expand it beyond contested case hearings. It left
18	it to the Hawaii Supreme Court. So I think that's
19	what we're limited to. Until the Hawaii Supreme
20	Court expands the triggers for Ka Pa'akai, I think
21	that's what we're left with. I'm not sure if it's -
22	- I don't think it would be appropriate for the LUC
23	to make new law and to extend it beyond contested
24	case hearings and rulemaking. I mean, so that's how
25	I would that's our position on that.

1	Where do you draw the line? That's an
2	excellent question because if you do go beyond
3	contested case hearings and if you go beyond
4	rulemaking, then where do you draw the line? And
5	you're right, if you're going to do it for
6	everything, then you need to do a Ka Pa'akai
7	analysis whenever you adopt your minutes, take a
8	vote on personnel matters, everything, right? It's
9	not just you know, it's everything.
10	So it I mean, and that doesn't make
11	sense when you think about it because then it gets
12	unwieldy, but you know, the what the what C.J.
13	also said in Flores-Case 'Ohana was that, you know,
14	if it's clear that traditional and customary rights
15	are not going to be implicated, then you can just
16	say so in writing. And that ends the analysis, he
17	says. It's a real common sense type of solution.
18	So if the Commission today says, you know,
19	we need to do a Ka Pa'akai analysis, then you could
20	approach it in that way. You could look, okay,
21	Haseko wants to change the date for the
22	infrastructure deadline in Condition A.1. How does
23	could that affect just that, changing the
24	date, could that affect anyone's constitutional
25	rights? I think the common sense conclusion would

1	be no. Just changing a date is not going to do
2	that. And you can say so in a short statement. It's
3	in the case. I mean, I could
4	COMMISSIONER OKUDA: No, no. I know what
5	you're saying and you don't have to cite to that.
6	One of the things that you submitted or
7	one of the arguments you submitted in your motion
8	and you know, your motion and supplemental or
9	your not supplemental, but your memorandum, you
10	know, clearly discussed all of this, so you really
11	didn't need my notice yesterday to do this because
12	you already did it.
13	But you also reference the existing
14	cultural impact analysis, which was done for the
15	solar project, correct?
16	MR. TABATA: That's correct.
17	COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Now, the what
18	exhibit was that, CIA I should have wrote it
19	down. Was it 9 or 10? I can't remember. Well, it
20	was one of the exhibit you submitted with your
21	motion, correct?
22	MR. TABATA: Exhibit 10.
23	COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Exhibit 10. When you
24	look at the CIA, for example, page 1 in the
25	introductory section, the cultural impact analysis

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1	focuses on a specific project area, correct?
2	MR. TABATA: Parcel 52, the Robinson land.
3	COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Right. It doesn't
4	specifically state that it applies to Haseko's
5	parcel, correct?
6	MR. TABATA: Right. I mean, we I cited
7	we cite it so that we could make use or talk
8	about how the CIA analyzed the entire ahupua'a,
9	which includes our land. So yes, it doesn't
10	specifically focus on our property. It focuses on
11	52, where it makes all of its conclusions.
12	So does it would it technically satisfy
13	the requirements for a CIA for our land? Probably
14	not. Like you're saying, it doesn't specifically
14 15	not. Like you're saying, it doesn't specifically apply. But
15	apply. But
15 16	apply. But COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Well, okay. Let me
15 16 17	apply. But COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Well, okay. Let me stop you right there. You don't have to concede
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1	COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Okay. And I'm sorry
2	to cut you off, and you might continue on by
3	answering my next question. What evidence in the
4	record indicates that even though the
5	introductory portion of the CIA states that it was
6	done specifically for the Robinson parcel, what
7	evidence in the record indicates that you could
8	apply the analysis in Exhibit 10 to the Haseko
9	parcel? What evidence in the record shows that?
10	MR. TABATA: Well, there's you know,
11	there's discussion in the in the CIA that refers
12	to the CIA process, which is not limited just to
13	parcel 52. It mentions that you know, when you
14	do a CIA, you have to cover the whole area, okay?
15	You have to go beyond just a specific property, and
16	you have to you have to so what they did was
17	they looked at the entire ahupua'a, and their
18	conclusion was that all the culturally significant
19	sites were all located at Pearl Harbor makai in
20	the makai direction. So that area covers our
21	property, so I mean, as you said, the Commission can
22	look at all the evidence and draw reasonable
23	conclusions.
24	And you know, we both grew up in that
25	area, so we know that area as all been plowed over

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1 many times over the -- I don't know -- past hundred 2 years for sugar cane. So you know, the land over 3 there, it's basically all the same. But that's not 4 evidence, I guess.

5 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Well, okay. And the 6 CIA, at page 77, contains recommendations, but it 7 appears that the recommendations are -- were limited specifically to the designated project area. 8 What 9 evidence in the record indicates that the Commission can make a finding that the recommendation section 10 11 in the cultural impact analysis, specifically page 12 77, can be applied to the Haseko parcel?

13 MR. TABATA: You know, I should back up a14 little bit.

15

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Sure.

16 MR. TABATA: So when we talk about the CIA 17 that Ho'ohana did, that's what we call an argument 18 in the alternative. Our primary argument is that 19 we're not legally required to do the analysis for 20 this motion, okay? That's our primary argument. So 21 when we talk about the CIA, what we're saying is 22 even if we were required to do so, even if this 23 Commission has the evidence to look at to see that in this ahupua'a, there are no culturally 24 25 significant sites, at least, in this area except

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1	closer to Pearl Harbor, makai of the property.
2	So is it a perfect match to our property?
3	No, it's not. I'll concede to that. But it's
4	something for the Commission to look at and
5	consider. I think it's relevant, and that's why
6	it's offered. But the primary argument is that
7	we're not legally required to do the analysis. But
8	in the alternative, at least, we have this CIA that
9	gives us some assurance, some comfort that people
10	were contacted, and there were you know, they did
11	the analysis, and they started the ahupua'a, the
12	whole region, and they came to their conclusions.
13	So that's why it's offered for your consideration.
14	COMMISSIONER OKUDA: And I'm not trying to
15	put words in your mouth, but to help me understand
16	the basis of your argument. So if you were to apply
17	the section that kind of concerns me, which is this
18	statement again, and I quote, "As such, State
19	agencies such as the LUC may not act without
20	independently considering the effect of their
21	actions on Hawaiian traditions and practices," your
22	contention is just changing the date of the
23	Memorandum of Understanding is not an act or an
24	action which falls within that statement in the Ka
25	Pa'akai case. Is that a fair statement or not a

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1 fair statement?

2 MR. TABATA: It's not -- that statement is 3 not a trigger. That doesn't describe a trigger for 4 having to do a Ka Pa'akai analysis. I'm not sure if 5 I'm exactly understanding your question.

6 The trigger is contested case hearing or 7 rulemaking, okay? That's what Flores-Case 'Ohana 8 holds.

9 Now, the question is: Is our motion, the 10 changing of date, is that an act? I think, you 11 know, you don't get to that statement you read about 12 obligation to protect those rights without 13 considering the act, the action -- you don't get to 14 that unless there's a trigger. So we don't get 15 there.

16 But even if you do get there, there's a 17 trigger. Say there was a trigger, okay? Say this is a contested case hearing, okay? And so you -- now 18 19 we're going to apply Ka Pa'akai. Now the question 20 is: Yeah, is our change of date an act, an action? 21 And let's assume it is something that we're going to 22 evaluate. Like the C.J. wrote, what then is the 23 implication? Is our -- are those rights being 24 implicated by what is being proposed, which is 25 changing the date? And I think the answer is,

1 obviously, no. And you can do -- you could then do 2 that short statement like the C.J. said, and that 3 will end the -- you don't have to do, you know, the 4 full three-part test.

5 You just say, you know, the change in the 6 date, and that's clearly not implicating anyone's 7 constitutional rights, and, therefore, the analysis 8 ends there pursuant to Flores-Case 'Ohana.

9 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Okay. Let me move on 10 to the Chapter 343 issue or nonissue. In the 11 history of this docket, going back to the original 12 application for boundary amendment or petition for 13 boundary amendment, was an environmental assessment 14 or any evaluation under HRS Chapter 343 performed at 15 any time in connection with the boundary amendment?

16 MR. TABATA: Yes. There was a 1989 EIS 17 and a 1996 EA for this project.

18 **COMMISSIONER OKUDA:** Okay. You know, when 19 we look at that other case, Unite HERE! Local 5 20 versus City and County of Honolulu, better known as 21 the Kuilima case, what is the rule that comes out of 22 that case to your understanding?

23 MR. TABATA: Right. Okay. So the Kuilima
24 case was a supplemental environmental impact
25 statement case. In that case, Kuilima submitted a

1	subdivision application, and that triggered the
2	question. And then the plaintiffs in that case
3	demanded a supplemental EIS. The developer argued
4	that the project has not changed. Okay? The
5	project scope, the elements do not change;
6	therefore, a supplemental statement was not
7	required. The plaintiffs argued that, well, you
8	know, 20 years passed, so and there was changed
9	circumstances. There's new evidence, and because of
10	that you need to do a supplemental EIS.

The court agree with them, okay, and they said -- the court said: When you look at the rules, a change in timing is a change to project. Okay? So if you have a change in timing, yes, your project's changed, okay? That's the first part of a two-part test, okay, in determining whether or not you need to do a supplemental statement.

18 Okay. So if you have a change in timing, 19 you have to move to the second part of the test, 20 which is -- okay, because of that change, is there a 21 significant effect because of that change. And in 22 the Kuilima case, the plaintiffs were able to 23 provide evidence that there was increased traffic. 24 There were potential impacts to the monk seals and 25 the green sea turtles, okay? And this is new

evidence that wasn't considered back when the 1 2 original EIS was accepted. 3 So the court said, number one, there was a change in timing, okay? So now -- and number two, 4 there was -- there's a significant effect or impacts 5 6 as a result of that change in timing because the 7 plaintiffs were successful in providing evidence regarding those three new facts, increased traffic, 8 monk seals, and green sea turtles. And that's the 9 10 rule we live with today. 11 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Okay. And just so that we're clear, we're referring to the case Unite 12 13 HERE! Local 5 versus City and County of Honolulu, which is filed at 123 Haw. 350 -- I'm sorry -- 150, 14 15 a 2010 Hawaii Supreme Court case. 16 Well, Mr. Tabata, then let me ask you 17 this: What is the evidence in the record that 18 indicates that the Land Use Commission need not 19 require supplementation of the environmental impact 20 statement if you apply the rule from that Unite 21 HERE! Local 5 case? What is the evidence in the 22 record that you contend shows we don't have to apply 23 the requirement for supplantation of the EIS with 24 respect to the motion that you have filed here? 25 TABATA: Okay. So the first part of MR.

1	the analysis, I think, would start with the whether
2	or not there's an action. So 343 requires
3	environmental assessments when you have an action
4	that is that is one of the listed triggers, use
5	of State/County lands, use of, you know, State
6	monies, wastewater treatment plants, any action
7	an action is basically a project that proposes any
8	of those things. You have to then do an EA if you
9	don't have an exemption.

10 So changing the date for infrastructure is not one of those listed triggers. It's just not 11 there. But is it then an action? Is the motion an 12 13 action? And we say no, it's not. We're changing a date. An action is a project where you're then 14 15 doing an activity. In Umberger, the question was: 16 Is collecting aquarium fish an action? And they said 17 -- because there was a permit applied for with the 18 DNLR to collect aquarium fish for personal and 19 commercial uses.

The court said, yes, it's an action. I mean, it's an activity. I mean, you're -- they could harvest hundreds of fish. And the plaintiffs in that case claim that -- or asserted that they were depleting the fish in the waters. It was affecting their fishing. They were fishing for

subsistence. And the court said it's an action 1 because it authorizes the harvesting of fish. 2 3 So an action is some activity, actually doing something, building -- developing real 4 5 property, collecting fish, those are examples in the 6 case law. In our situation, we're just changing a 7 date. It's not an activity. It's important. We're seeking conformance, consistency, okay, between our 8 MOU and this Commission's order, but it's not an 9 action. And so if it's not an action, then you 10 11 don't need to do an EA under Chapter 343. That's our argument, basically. 12 13 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Okay. And this is my final question. Kind of shifting back to the Ka 14 15 Pa'akai analysis, how much burden would it place on 16 your client just to have a qualified cultural 17 consultant give like a one-page statement saying 18 that the analysis that was prepared for the solar 19 farm parcel can carry over to the Haseko parcel? I 20 mean, how much of a burden would that really create? 21 In other words, sort of like to expand or to bring 22 into conformance the -- or clarify the scope of the 23 prior CIA? How much of a burden would that be? 24 MR. TABATA: Well, I can't really -- you 25 know, it's their money, you know, so I can't say,

1	well, it's nothing. I mean, maybe I don't know
2	what it would cost, 20, \$50,000, whatever. If the
3	Commission orders it, then we're going to do it, put
4	it that way. And a supplemental EIS would cost a
5	lot more. I think that would be a burden
6	financially. I think they could live with it if we
7	had to do a Ka Pa'akai analysis, yeah. It wouldn't
8	kill the project. But you know, it's another thing
9	to do.
10	COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Thank you, Mr. Chair.
11	I have no further questions.
12	Thank you, Mr. Tabata, for your very good
13	explanations.
14	MR. TABATA: Thank you.
15	CHAIR GIOVANNI: Thank you, both.
16	Commissioners, any further questions for
17	this witness?
18	Commissioner Ohigashi.
19	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Mr. Tabata, I was
20	Mr. Tabata, I was I had a I went to bed
21	last night, and I didn't think about anything. Then
22	I woke up this morning and I thought about this
23	question that I that I don't know if it was
24	answered or not to satisfy me. Other temporary
25	utilities temporary utilities is being provided.

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Would they run on the same area or use the same area 1 2 as the general --3 MR. TABATA: No. 4 **COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI:** -- as a permanent? 5 MR. TABATA: No, no. 6 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: In my mind, I know 7 it was addressed, and I just -- maybe I forgot, but I just wanted to be clear. The permanent --8 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Mr. Kwan, I'll have to 9 10 swear you in. 11 **COMMISSIOER OHIGASHI:** -- a permanent area -- and so, for the record --12 13 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Hold up a sec. 14 Mr. Kwan, please state your name, 15 affiliation, and I'll swear you in. 16 MR. KWAN: Peter Kwan, Vice President with 17 Haseko. 18 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Do you swear the 19 testimony you're about to give will be the truth? 20 MR. KWAN: Yes. 21 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Please proceed, Commissioner Ohigashi. Restate your question. 22 23 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: I want to know 24 where the temporary and where the permanent will be 25 at.



1	MR. KWAN: Okay. Without bringing the map
2	up again, you know, we showed the diagram that
3	showed the yellow pathway, which was what we call
4	Road Y, Phase 2, which is the extension of the
5	existing Anonui Street to the north. That is a
6	pathway that we're going to install and build that
7	roadway, which will be a major roadway within a
8	spine roadway within our development. But it will
9	take paved roadway access and all of the major
10	utilities up to the, I guess it's the eastern and
11	southeastern property line of the Department of
12	Agriculture. That's the permanent path.
13	So our plan in the worst case, unless we
14	can find a better alternative, is to bring the
15	temporary potable water and temporary power from
16	Anonui Street, the current existing termination of
17	Anonui Street, which is just above the top of Royal
18	Kunia Country Club, and run it to the east of where
19	the pathway of Road Y, Phase 2 will be, you know, go
20	up through our parcels B and C, which are two
21	eastern parcels, because those are going to be
22	developed later on, find a pathway that will not
23	conflict with any any part of our development
24	that we intend to construct by the end of 2028,
25	which is when we're due to deliver their permanent

1	utilities. And then once we get up there, we'll
2	bring it in at the proper point.
3	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: So and the
4	permanent utilities, when they're brought in, would
5	they would that mean the temporary utilities will
6	be removed and returned to normal or they would be
7	continued to be used?
8	MR. KWAN: Yes. Once the permanent
9	utilities are brought online, you know, at whatever
10	date that is, basically would render the temporaries
11	unnecessary, and we would just cut it off and remove
12	it.
13	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Because you're
14	talking about above-ground construction versus
15	MR. KWAN: Most likely, yes. The
16	temporary water line, we may bury it just so
17	nobody's running over it, you know, maybe in a
18	shallow trench, but it would just be I don't know
19	if you've seen it at they call it a Drisco line.
20	It's kind of like a heavy black PVC, kind of a
21	flexible pipe. We're planning on using that to run
22	it all the way up to the property line, but we may,
23	you know, shall bury it just so it doesn't get run
24	over.
25	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: And just a just

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a comment to Mr. Tabata. 1 I view your motion as like a motion to 2 3 continue, you know, in that thing, to add additional time to some things that you need to at that time, 4 and I think of it more as a procedural motion rather 5 6 than a substantive motion. And I will be proceeding 7 on that thing. In a procedural motion, I believe that it would make it easier because it's not a 8 substantive motion. And I think you address it 9 10 because in your argument or your memorandum that you 11 filed, you seem to indicate that no hearing was 12 necessary in this matter. 13 MR. TABATA: Yes, Commissioner, I would agree with that. It's -- you know, we're walking a 14 15 fine line here. It's procedural. It's -- it almost 16 feels like housekeeping, but at the same time, it's 17 not unimportant. And that's - you know, we're here 18 for a reason, and we're not going to ignore the 19 Commission's conditions and the deadlines, so we're 20 taking this very seriously. 21 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: I understand that, 22 and I just wanted to let you know that I've had 23 procedural motions be very important, too. 24 MR. TABATA: Yes, sir. 25 CHAIR GIOVANNI: So I'm going to take a

five- minute recess. And when we come back, I have 1 2 a few questions. We are adjourned. It's 10:02. We'll come back at -- we're not going to adjourn. 3 We're going to recess. It's 10:02. We'll come back 4 5 at 10:10. That's eight minutes. (Recess taken from 10:02 a.m. to 10:13 6 7 a.m.) CHAIR GIOVANNI: Okay. It's 10:12 --8 9 10:13. We're back on the record. Are we recording? 10 MS. KWAN: Yes. 11 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Thank you. We are 12 recording. 13 Mr. Tabata, I just have a couple of 14 questions. Maybe they're related to what the 15 discussion was. I can appreciate that you're trying 16 to clean the record here and get the dates to all 17 coincide to reality, and that's what this motion is 18 I think it's housekeeping in some sense, but about. 19 it's very important housekeeping, and I appreciate 20 the fact you brought it forward proactively to clean 21 the record up. 22 Let me ask you about the delay itself. It 23 occurred during the period in which the whole world 24 was overconsumed with Covid. Did that have an 25 impact to the delay itself?

1MR. TABATA: I'm not sure, Chair. Maybe2Mr. Kwan can answer that.

3 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Mr. Kwan? 4 MR. KWAN: I'm not sure I can answer that question. I've been responsible for this project 5 6 since the beginning of 2023. There was another 7 gentleman that worked for our company who retired at the end of 2022, so I stepped in and assumed his 8 9 responsibilities from that point going forward, which is how I'm involved here with this project. 10 11 You know, we did continue our operations 12 during Covid, you know, especially our construction

14 During those years, 2020, 2021, we had actually 15 started submitting our master plan submittals, 16 drainage master plan, water master plan, sewer 17 master plan, et cetera. So we were working on this 18 project during that period.

site. It did not stop any of our design work.

13

19 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Are you aware of any 20 negotiations that were going on with DOA during that 21 period?

MR. KWAN: I was not involved with that at that time, so I can't say. I mean, I could check and follow up later --CHAIR GIOVANNI: That's all right.

1 MR. KWAN: -- but right now, I'm not aware
2 of any.

Okay.

Mr. Tabata, a generic question, and it's just for my own -- it's hypothetical. I'm not a lawyer, so I will defer to you and Commissioner Okuda to have your own conversations and I will listen in on those.

CHAIR GIOVANNI:

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9 The question I have in my own mind is for 10 a project, and this is not necessarily specific to 11 this project, but for a project in general that 12 undergoes what I would call a significant delay, 13 like 20 years or more, for whatever reason, do the -- does that in and of itself constitute 14 15 consideration for a Ka Pa'akai analysis or an 16 updated EIS or environmental assessment just by 17 virtue of the staleness or the length of the delay? 18 MR. TABATA: Okay. If he project grows 19 stale for 20 years or some period like that, first Ka Pa'akai, you know, if there was not -- how it 20

21 would come up is there would be some kind of permit 22 application, say a motion to amend to change the use 23 of the land. And at that point in time, a person 24 may come forward and say: I have constitutional 25 rights, based on Article 12, Section 7, and this



1	developer should be required to do Ka Pa'akai, they
2	request a contested case. They could intervene.
3	And at that point, it would be a relevant issue.
4	That's normally how it would happen.
5	Or say it's a motion to amend or the
6	Commission may say, you know, you should do a CIA or
7	in that situation, I think Chapter 343 would then
8	be relevant, too. Right? And of course, if we do an
9	EIS or supplemental EIS, you're going to have to do
10	an updated cultural impact assessment which would
11	include a Ka Pa'akai analysis.
12	So that's all possible, but you know, with
13	343 there's a two-part test, you know. Is there a
14	significant effect as a result of the delay, the
15	time change, and the project? So yeah.
16	CHAIR GIOVANNI: So in this case, we're
17	talking about a couple-year delay that coincided
18	with Covid, couple-year delay that coincided with
19	new personnel changes within Haseko, et cetera. But
20	in the situation in which all of that occurred over
21	a much longer period, what you're telling me is
22	there's a much greater possibility that events
23	occurred during that time period or laws might have
24	changed or new people might find new things they
25	want to protest about and come forward, and that in

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1	and of itself could trigger the need for a more
2	detailed 343 analysis, or Ka Pa'akai?
3	MR. TABATA: If there's a permit
4	application, you know, discretionary concern, like a
5	motion to amend
6	CHAIR GIOVANNI: Yeah.
7	MR. TABATA: you then have to look at
8	Chapter 343, okay? If somebody comes forward and
9	makes that request or demand, that there be a
10	supplemental EIS or that they have constitutional
11	rights that need to be protected, then you would be
12	obligated to address those claims, yeah.
13	CHAIR GIOVANNI: Yeah, fair enough. Okay.
14	Different question, again, hypothetical, not
15	specific to this motion. In a situation in which a
16	project, an approve project commenced and was, let's
17	say, 75 percent completed you can look to the
18	solar project, for example, which is near completion
19	a lot of work's been done. A lot of money's been
20	spent on the land already. And then there's a need,
21	for whatever reason, to come for an amendment.
22	Amendment is scope, to add a well or whatever, that
23	hadn't been originally anticipated. Would that
24	trigger, in your mind, what I would what I'm
25	referring to as a full-blown Ka Pa'akai analysis or

potentially a 343? 1 In other words, is there any consideration 2 3 for the fact that the project -- the land has been developed, partially developed to a very significant 4 5 degree? 6 MR. TABATA: When the project's been 7 developed to that extent or -- you know, then that affects the issue of substantial commencement. 8 I mean, so that's different. That's order to show 9 10 cause. 11 CHAIR GIOVANNI: That's different, yeah. 12 MR. TABATA: Right. So I don't think it -13 - the fact that partial construction, I don't think 14 that negates the possibility that you may need -- if 15 they come in, like you said, for a change, change in 16 a project element, then that would be like a permit 17 application, right, and then so that raises the question. That's like the initial, you know, 18 19 trigger, so to speak. I hate to use that word, but 20 then you got to look at possibility of needing to do updated studies, perhaps, Ka Pa'akai. 21 22 And again, it's normally situations where 23 somebody comes forward and says, look, you know, 24 that use that you're proposing at this time is going 25 to impact my rights. And at that point in time, and

1	yeah, they made need to do an update, if they
2	haven't already done one that covers that right
3	being claimed.
4	CHAIR GIOVANNI: Okay. I don't have any
5	additional questions. Thank you for your opinions.
6	MR. TABATA: Thank you.
7	CHAIR GIOVANNI: Commissioners, anything
8	further for Haseko at this time? Hearing none,
9	we'll move on to Ho'ohana.
10	MS. LIM: Chair, Commissioners, Ho'ohana
11	Solar has no opposition to what Haseko Royal Kunia
12	is requesting. We wish them the best of luck with
13	this project. We've had a cooperative arrangement
14	with them excuse me, cooperative relationship
15	with them on doing the installation of the non-
16	potable water line. And I'll just leave it at that.
17	We wish them the best of luck. We have no
18	opposition to the motion. I'm happy to answer any
19	questions that any Commissioners may have. Thank
20	you.
21	CHAIR GIOVANNI: Thank you, Ms. Lim.
22	Commissioners, any questions for Ms. Lim?
23	Commissioner Ohigashi
24	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: I just I want
25	to confirm for the purposes of the record in this
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1	case because it was just stated in the last case and
2	I want to be sure that the that your portion of
3	the non-potable water line has been completed and is
4	now able to serve the parcel in question.
5	MS. LIM: Thanks, Commissioner Ohigashi.
6	So I confirm that the non-potable water line has
7	been installed. The grant of easement has been given
8	to Department of Ag. It's ready to go. So
9	Ho'ohana's obligation under the 2021 order Condition
10	B.1 has been satisfied except we have the ongoing
11	obligation to maintain the line, like we discussed
12	yesterday.
13	The line itself is not currently being
14	used
15	CHAIR GIOVANNI: Operational.
16	MS. LIM: operational, thank you. My
17	understanding is because Haseko has yet to put the
18	pump, which is their obligation under the 2021
19	order, Condition A.1, to do that infrastructure, but
20	the non-potable water line is complete. It has been
21	complete since September of 2023, I believe.
22	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: And just to follow
23	up with Haseko, is that pump going to be installed
24	prior to December 2025, or is it
25	MR. KWAN: The



CHAIR GIOVANNI: This is Mr. Kwan. 1 2 MR. KWAN: -- schedule is to complete --3 sorry. Peter Kwan. The schedule is to complete the 4 5 installation of the mechanical pump and power 6 connection and have the system up and running by the 7 end of August 2024. So the water line pipe was put in last, I want to say, August -- in September by 8 our contractor. We are going to join the contracted 9 10 -- a local contractor to construct this project. 11 Ho'ohana's responsibility was to install the piping, the 12-inch piping. Haseko took the responsibility 12 13 of installing the mechanical pump electrical connection and is a smaller four-inch strainer line 14 15 that also has to be installed. So all the piping has been installed. 16 17 The mechanical pump, unfortunately, was 18 kind of a long lead item, so it went through 19 submittal process with a contractor and our 20 consultant. We got all of that cleared up by the 21 end of November and got all the parts approved. 22 Contractors that are ordering their materials in 23 early December, parts have been arriving since 24 February. It's a mixture of mechanical pump 25 components and some electrical equipment as well.

The last of the materials are scheduled to arrive by
 mid-May.

3 We have also already had HECO onsite. There were two existing wooden utility poles that 4 5 had to be replaced. It took a while to coordinate 6 that with HECO, but they actually did come in 7 February and did take care of that, so that part has been completed. The last step we are actually 8 waiting for is clearance of our building permit for 9 10 that electrical connection from those poles to the mechanical pump, but we should have that concluded 11 by the time the last equipment arrives. 12

13 The plan is to have our contractor remobilize once all the materials are here and have 14 their electrical subcontractor and mechanical 15 16 subcontractor install the pump equipment, all the 17 underground electrical, including the concrete pads 18 for the equipment, and get the system up and running 19 so that we can turn everything over to the 20 Department of Agriculture by the end of August. 21 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Thank you very 22 I just wanted to be -- I want to be sure that much. 23 we have sufficient evidence in this record versus 24 yesterday's record to make sure that we can proceed

25 in this case, so what -- getting back to Mr.

Tabata's analogy or statement, one out of the three 1 2 things have been -- is close to being completed, is 3 that right? One of the three requirements --4 MR. TABATA: Right. The irrigation 5 infrastructure, correct. 6 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Commissioners? Nothing 7 further. Thank you, Ms. Lim. 8 9 Mr. Lee, representing RK II Partners. 10 MR. LEE: Yes. RK II Partners has no 11 opposition to Haseko's motion; however, as I had discussed yesterday, we do have some issues and 12 13 potential disputes to work out with Haseko relative to the timing of certain other infrastructure work 14 15 that they committed to do under an agreement with us 16 that we refer to as the second ARIA, amended and 17 restated infrastructure agreement, and so I just 18 want to state for the record that we're not waiving 19 any of those right or claims. 20 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Thank you. 21 Commissioners, questions for Mr. Lee? 22 Commissioner Okuda. 23 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: But Mr. Lee, you at 24 least understood what I was saying yesterday, which 25 is that these conditions run with the land, and so

1	it would behoove all the current landowners to work
2	cooperatively together because if for whatever
3	reason Haseko decides not to perform a condition
4	which still runs with the land, your client might
5	end up performing conditions which don't even deal
6	with your land or your parcel because the conditions
7	run with the entire original parcel, so that's
8	clear, right?
9	MR. LEE: We understand that, yes.
10	COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Okay. Thank you very
11	much.
12	Thank you, Mr. Chair.
13	CHAIR GIOVANNI: Thank you.
14	Commissioners?
15	Okay. Thank you, Mr. Lee.
16	So Mr. Mau from Royal Kunia.
17	MR. MAU: Chairman and Members, Steven Mau
18	on behalf of Robinson Kunia Land, LLC. Yes, we not
19	only have no objection to the motion, we support the
20	motion, and we'd like to see the motion granted and
21	the parties proceeding under the new amended MOU.
22	Thank you.
23	CHAIR GIOVANNI: Very well. Thank you.
24	Commissioners?
25	Thank you, Mr. Mau. Appreciate your being

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1	here and your comment.
2	So I'll now turn to the Department of
3	Agriculture.
4	MS. NAGATA: Good morning. Kelcie Nagata,
5	Deputy Attorney General. Department of Agriculture
6	supports Haseko's motion to amend the 2021 order.
7	The if the Commission grants this motion to amend
8	the order, then the Department will be able to build
9	another agricultural park badly needed by local
10	farmers. As previously stated, the Department needs
11	this agricultural park, including the operating
12	infrastructure. Development of the Royal Kunia
13	Agricultural Park will greatly help the Department
14	and is really important towards the Department's
15	goal of increasing agricultural self-sufficiency.
16	Just to digress briefly, based on what we
17	discussed yesterday, the plans to develop
18	agricultural park are shovel ready. Although the
19	Department is beholden to the legislature for
20	funding to develop the agricultural park, this new
21	fifth amended MOU greatly strengthens the
22	Department's position seeking funds for the park.
23	Specifically, the bonding of the project and the
24	accelerated timeline of the temporary infrastructure
25	are incredibly strong arguments for the Department



to leverage additional funding in its favor. 1 Any delays in completing the 2 3 infrastructure are not in the best interest of the Department. And the -- as previously stated, the --4 5 without the infrastructure, the Department lacked 6 any leverage at the legislature for appropriations. 7 Thank you. CHAIR GIOVANNI: Thank you very much. 8 9 Commissioners, questions, comments? 10 Seeing none. 11 Thank you very much. So County -- City and County of Honolulu? 12 13 MR. ARIAS: Hi. Pono Arias. The City 14 does not oppose the motion and the City in fact 15 actually supports the motion. Thank you. 16 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Thank you very much. 17 Questions for the City and County? Seeing 18 none. 19 Thank you very much. 20 OPSD, Ms. Kato? 21 MS. KATO: Allison Kato, Deputy Attorney 22 General for OPSD. As stated yesterday, OPSD 23 supports this project and also supports Petitioner's 24 requested amendments, which reflect the agreement 25 between DOA and Haseko regarding Condition A.1.

1	The intent of that condition was to
2	benefit DOA to support agriculture, and it was based
3	on the MOU between them. So it's appropriate to set
4	the deadline to conform to Condition A.1 to reflect
5	the current agreement, which would allow Haseko to
6	move forward with providing temporary utilities,
7	with bond requirements to DOA for the Kunia ag park,
8	and also for the construction of much needed
9	housing. The LUC has previously granted the same
10	amendment of Condition A.1 to conform to its
11	deadline before.
12	As stated in our written submission
13	regarding the Commission's constitutional obligation
14	and the Ka Pa'akai analysis, OPSD believes that
15	granting Petitioner's requested amendment is
16	consistent with the Ka Pa'akai decision. To reach
17	this conclusion, OPSD has conducted its own
18	independent review of the available documents and
19	information, which include and all the various
20	documents that are available on the LUC's website
21	and other locations, including the environmental
22	documents, the cultural impact assessment for the
23	solar farm, the D and O and subsequent amendments,
24	and all the materials that Petitioner submitted as
25	well, which include their reconnaissance level

survey and their archeological inventory survey and 1 2 testing strategy. 3 Regarding the Chapter 343 environmental review, you know, we just want to know the -- that 4 5 the evaluation of whether a supplemental EIS was 6 needed -- was conducted by DPP in their evaluation 7 2021. And they issued termination that was published in the environmental notice the additional 8 9 environmental review under Chapter 343 was not 10 required based on the current requirements for an SEIS. 11 After reviewing the environmental 12 13 documents and DPP's published termination, OPSD agrees. I'm available for questions. Thank you. 14 15 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Thank you, Ms. Kato. 16 Appreciate it. 17 Commissioners, any questions for OPSD? 18 Seeing none. 19 Thank you very much. 20 Oh, Mr. Lee Ohigashi has a question. He 21 did his Columbo on us. 22 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: I am Columbo. 23 CHAIR GIOVANNI: You are Columbo, yeah. 24 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: My first comment 25 is you've got to get a better signing pen on your

agreement because the Deputy Attorney General is
 like a microscope.

3 But the second comment that I have is that do you believe that there's sufficient evidence in 4 5 this record that we are not -- that the Land Use 6 Commission can -- is not -- does not have to address 7 the 343 issues as well as Ka Pa'akai analysis in its decision? And if so, can you please point to the 8 evidence in the record so that we can have a good 9 10 record or a good decision if we decide to go that 11 way.

12 MS. KATO: Yes. So I'm hearing two 13 different subjects, so the Chapter 343 and Ka 14 Pa'akai. Regarding Chapter 343, the analysis of --15 you know, I think Curtis explained it earlier, the 16 analysis for one supplementation is required. And 17 looking at the two documents that are available, the 18 one in '89 and '96, the EIS in '89 and the 19 subsequent EA for the changed project in 1996, if you review those, DPP did a full analysis comparing 20 21 those documents to the situation in 2021, and they 22 issued a writ of termination that no supplementation 23 is required based on that review. We have also 24 reviewed their environmental documents and find that 25 to be accurate.

1	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Would it be fair
2	to say since if we did require a 343 analysis, that
3	the Ka Pa'akai review would be as part of that 343
4	analysis, is that right? A cultural impact review
5	is normally this case, isn't it?
6	MS. KATO: I mean, it if one is
7	required is normally in there.
8	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Right. So the
9	review done by DPP in this case, you believe
10	sufficiently supports a finding that such an
11	analysis need not a 343 analysis, including
12	which would include a Ka Pa'akai analysis, would not
13	be necessary to be addressed by the Land Use
14	Commission in this particular motion?
15	MS. KATO: The two issues are separate,
16	but OPSD feels that they have been satisfied.
17	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: And the only
18	reason I'm asking is I'm trying to figure out what
19	in the record supports that position you take.
20	Because my understanding was and I like your
21	argument, and I like about this argument about that
22	about DPP's analysis on 343.
23	The question I have is: What in the
24	record allows us to not consider a Ka Pa'akai
25	analysis at this time? I'm careful with saying,

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1 "not consider" because, essentially, if we were to 2 consider that, well, it's an in the alternative 3 argument, so that -- because if we consider it, we 4 may have to say why we're not requiring it. So I'm 5 looking for evidence to say that we don't have to 6 even consider it in our proceedings today.

7 MS. KATO: Thank you for the question, 8 Commissioner. I can elaborate. So the Ka Pa'akai 9 analysis, the reason we believe it's consistent is 10 the framework set out in Ka Pa'akai was created in 11 the context of DBA. And as we've consistently 12 stated, it's applicable in other similar types of 13 situations and other types of government actions.

And we've seen the court modify this analysis to be appropriate to other types of actions, and that's the Fores case which modified the analysis to be applicable to rulemaking. It examined the impacts -- the impacts to resources that cause by -- that may be caused by the rules that are being proposed.

Similarly here, the current matter to date is a motion to amend a deadline in a condition. It's not a new district boundary amendment. This is not a petition for a district boundary amendment. This is a motion to modify a condition. So we think

the appropriate analysis would be to look at the 1 potential impact from this motion. And the 2 3 documentation that is available currently, we believe, is sufficient to make that determination 4 5 and determine that it will not have that kind of 6 impact. And that's based on the various documents, 7 including the 2020 CIA, which, while prepared for parcel 52, did look at the general area, including 8 9 Haseko's property.

10 Also, the Petitioner did have a 11 reconnaissance level survey which looked at the 12 property and found that it went through over a 13 hundred years of sugar cane plantation use, and it 14 made certain determinations that we think can 15 indicate that this property, there isn't a potential 16 for impact.

17 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: The reason why I'm 18 asking this is that I think you're both saying 19 different things to testify. I think Mr. Tabata is 20 saying that, hey, this is a procedural motion. 21 We're not doing anything. We -- it doesn't even 22 require us to look into an analysis of Ka Pa'akai 23 and 343 analysis because there's nothing in this 24 motion that has anything to do with that. But in 25 the alternative, he said, even if you do, we meet

1 the test -- we don't meet the test that requires
2 these analyses.

Is it your position that the alternative argument that Mr. Tabata has proposed, is that OPSD's argument, or is it the latter, the one -- the first argument saying this is really a procedural motion. We're not doing anything anymore. We're just going forward.

9 I'm just curious because when I read your 10 paper, I wasn't clear whether or not you took that. 11 And Mr. Tabata seems to be clear in his statement 12 about saying that, hey, this is procedure, but even 13 if it wasn't, it falls within this that you have to 14 take note that these are the reasons why, okay?

MS. KATO: Commissioner, you're correct. We are saying something a bit different, but we reached the same conclusion. OPSD is focused on Mr. Tabata's alternative argument that we have reviewed the documents available that in the record, and we find that to be sufficient for purposes of this motion.

22 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Do you agree,
23 then, that his first argument is the position that
24 OPSD would support?

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MS. KATO: We don't find it necessary, and

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1	we're not we have not taken a position on that.
2	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Thank you.
3	CHAIR GIOVANNI: Thank you very much.
4	Any further questions for OPSD? No?
5	Thank you, Ms. Kato.
6	So at this time, Mr. Tabata, would you
7	like to make any further comments based on the
8	testimony of the other parties?
9	MR. TABATA: No. I think that's about it.
10	Thank you.
11	CHAIR GIOVANNI: So I'd like to have one
12	follow- up question with you, Mr. Tabata. I find it
13	in my hypothetical about when there's an
14	extensive delay, what might trigger Ka Pa'akai, and
15	I think you said I don't want to misstate what
16	my interpretation of your remarks, so I might ask
17	you to repeat them.
18	But if a third party came forward and said
19	that during this intervening period of the delay,
20	that they discovered or they had issues, they could
21	come forward and make the case, and that may trigger
22	the requirement for a Ka Pa'akai at that time.
23	MR. TABATA: If the developer was coming
24	forward with a permit application, like a motion to
25	amend, then that would be a that would probably



1 be a contested case hearing. So I mean, my first 2 argument is that Ka Pa'akai is required whenever an 3 agency does a contested case hearing or rulemaking, 4 so yes, it -- that could be.

5 I mean, there would be a claim made -- if 6 there is a claim made that Article 12, Section 7 7 rights are being impacted in connection with the 8 permit application like a motion to amend, I think 9 the Commission needs to look at that situation. I'm 10 not saying what the ruling should be, but yes, then 11 it becomes an issue.

12 **CHAIR GIOVANNI:** But in a motion to amend 13 a condition, like in the case here, would that not 14 also apply?

MR. TABATA: There's different kinds of motions to amend. I mean, if you're amending the project composition, you're changing the use, basically --

19 CHAIR GIOVANNI: I'm not changing the use.20 I've just got a long delay.

21 MR. TABATA: In this situation where our 22 motion is procedural and we're not changing the use, 23 we're not affecting anybody's rights or privileges, 24 our position is this is not a contested case hearing 25 in connection with the fact that we did not request



1 a hearing. So in our situation, it is -- because 2 it's not a contested case hearing, it's -- a Ka 3 Pa'akai analysis is not required.

CHAIR GIOVANNI: Understood. But this -but we have a hearing, and it's been agendized, and
the public and third parties have had every
opportunity to come forward and make a case and
demand that a Ka Pa'akai, that it did not happen,
isn't that relevant?

10 MR. TABATA: Absolutely. If -- this would 11 be another alternative argument. If this was a 12 contested case hearing -- say you disagreed, and the 13 Commission rules this is a contested case hearing 14 for whatever reason, you could then take the next 15 step and analysis and say, well, then nobody showed up to assert those rights, and therefore, there is 16 17 no need for a contested case hearing -- I mean, 18 there's no need for a Ka Pa'akai analysis.

Or maybe there's a third -- a second alternative argument where you -- you do what the C.J. wrote in Flores- Case 'Ohana, in that you apply the requirements of Article 12, Section 7 in a situation where there's no rights being implicated at all. So in effect, you're doing a Ka Pa'akai analysis at that point.

1	CHAIR GIOVANNI: You are.
2	MR. TABATA: And so this is like a third -
3	- a second alternative argument. You do that
4	analysis by noting there's no implication
5	whatsoever, and the analysis ends at that point. So
6	in effect, you've done a Ka Pa'akai analysis.
7	CHAIR GIOVANNI: That's my point.
8	MR. TABATA: Yes. You could just take it
9	to that level and say, you know, even if even if
10	there's all these even if it was required even
11	if there was a contested case, even if there was a
12	person claiming rights, if you do a Ka Pa'akai
13	analysis as required as described by Flores-Case
14	'Ohana, in this situation because there's no rights
15	being implicated at all, we could end our analysis
16	at that point. So yes, you could take it all the
17	way to that level.
18	CHAIR GIOVANNI: Okay.
19	Commissioners, anything further?
20	Commissioner Okuda.
21	COMMISSIONER OKUDA: A follow-up question
22	to the Chair's question. The fact that no one shows
23	up from the public or elsewhere and raises a Ka
24	Pa'akai issue, that doesn't absolve the government
25	agency from not exercising its obligations under Ka

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1 Pa'akai, correct?

2 MR. TABATA: It's a complicated question. 3 The first holding in Flores-Case 'Ohana is that the plaintiff has the burden of proof to establish an 4 5 impact to their Article 12, Section 7 rights. Okay? 6 I mean, what does that mean, right? That means 7 plaintiff or the intervenor needs to come forward and properly set the -- lay the evidentiary 8 9 foundation to satisfy that burden.

10 At the same time, there is the public 11 trust doctrine, right, where, you know, you just 12 can't be the umpire. You have to take affirmative 13 action to protect rights like Article 12, Section 7. 14 So like the Chair noted, that, okay, you can still 15 do that Ka Pa'akai analysis by looking at exactly what are they asking for in the motion. And in our 16 17 situation, where rights are not being implicated 18 because it's basically procedural; we're just 19 changing a date, you can complete that Ka Pa'akai 20 analysis by noting that fact, that no rights are 21 being implicated or impacted and, therefore, we can 22 end the analysis right there. And that constitutes 23 a Ka Pa'akai analysis.

24 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: But again, the fact
25 that no one shows up doesn't, for example, absolve



1 the Land Use Commission from exercising and 2 complying with its obligations, for example, under 3 the public trust doctrine, correct? I mean, there's 4 certain things we've got to do because we sit on the 5 Commission whether people are watching us or not 6 watching us.

7 MR. TABATA: I don't know how you 8 reconcile the public trust doctrine with that first 9 holding in Flores- Case 'Ohana. Burden of proof is 10 they said it. They have the burden of proof, okay? 11 I mean, I --

12 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Okay. No, that's --13 MR. TABATA: -- so that's an interesting 14 question because -- okay, so the Hawaii Supreme 15 Court said in, I think it's the 'iao water case, the 16 agency just can't be an umpire. You have 17 affirmative duty. That was -- the Water Commission made a ruling that Well 7 did not need to be 18 19 improved, okay?

I mean, in that case, the plaintiffs, the farmers were saying that, you know, each seen as surface water allocation should be decreased because they can increase the pumping at Well 7, the ground water, but HCNS said, but that's going to make us spend more money. It's going to have economic

1	impacts, right? So the Commission said, okay, we're
2	not going to make HCNS make the capital
3	improvements, increase pumpage because of their
4	economic impacts, but nobody quantified those
5	economic impacts, right. So the court said you
6	can't just assume that there's going to be economic
7	impacts. You have to quantify. You need evidence.
8	You can't just be an umpire and just, you know, take
9	the lack of evidence as sufficient reason, okay?
10	In our situation if somebody comes forward
11	and makes a claim that their rights are being
12	impacted, then, you know, and if there's a lack of
13	evidence to absolve the developer, then perhaps
14	there shouldn't be an assumption that the lack of
15	evidence is reason to absolve the developer. But
16	the fact that there's nobody here, right, can you
17	assume that there are people out there that are
18	being impacted? I'm not sure if that if it goes
19	that far, is what I'm saying.
20	COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Yeah. And no, I
21	understand your argument, and I guess that's why
22	there are lawyers to reconcile these differing
23	cases. Thank you very much, Mr. Tabata.
24	MR. TABATA: Thank you.
25	CHAIR GIOVANNI: Thank you.

2questions on the declaratory portion of this3meeting?4Commissioner Carr Smith?5COMMISSIONER CARR SMITH: Thank you. I6just had some comments and non-attorney comments. I7feel like all of the hypothetical situations that8have been raised today are confusing the record a9lot. It's hard to keep it all straight when we talk10about things, what if, what if, because I think that11what we have in front of us is what we should be12talking about.13I think the Petitioner stated that there14is no legal trigger for this, and I believe that Mr.15Tabata would say otherwise if that were the case.16Changing a date does not affect anyone's rights as17it relates to the case Flores-Case. And just18because the Petitioner is cooperative and stated19that they would be willing to do something, I don't20think that that means that they should be required21to if it's not the right thing to do or if it's not22Rnd I feel like if we're going to start23And I feel like if we're going to start24talking about setting precedent for insisting on Ka25Pa'akai or 343 for changes of dates, that we're kind	1	Commissioners, any final comments or
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24 talking about setting precedent for insisting on Ka	22	required.
	23	And I feel like if we're going to start
25 Pa'akai or 343 for changes of dates, that we're kind	24	talking about setting precedent for insisting on Ka
	25	Pa'akai or 343 for changes of dates, that we're kind

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of setting ourselves up for some issues in the 1 2 future. Those are my comments for now. 3 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Thank you. Appreciate 4 it. 5 So given that the parties have finished 6 presenting their cases and final arguments before 7 the Land Use Commission, I declare the evidentiary portion of the proceedings have been completed. 8 9 I'd like now to do public testimony, a 10 final call. So once again, are there any members of 11 the public who wish to provide additional and/or new testimony on the motion? Seeing none. 12 13 So at this point in time, we'll enter into deliberation. The Chair will entertain a motion on 14 15 how the Commission should proceed in this matter. Commissioners, what's your pleasure? 16 17 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Mr. Chair. 18 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Commissioner Ohigashi. **COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI:** I move that we 19 20 approve the motion -- or grant the motion. 21 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Thank you. And do I have 22 a second? 23 COMMISSIONER YAMANE: Mr. Chair, second. 24 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Commissioner Yamane 25 seconds the motion.

1 Commissioner Ohigashi, can you speak to
2 your motion?

3 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Yes, I'm going to speak to it. I believe that this is a procedural 4 5 motion and that it doesn't affect any rights or 6 liabilities of any other parties. I think that 7 there's good cause that exists to adopt this motion. The good cause is, essentially, the fact that the 8 9 agreement has been reached between the Department of 10 Agriculture and Haseko Development in order to 11 pursue or complete a long-needed agricultural 150-12 acre park.

And I believe that there's sufficient has in the record to find that Haseko's motion can be supported absent -- or does not require a 343 analysis as well as a Ka Pa'akai further analysis.

17 Because this is comments, I can -- I'm 18 going to make a comment that this is not the case 19 for all this changing dates. As the Chairman has 20 indicated in his questioning, if we have a long -- a 21 30-year project that's been sitting idle, the 22 changing of the dates becomes substantive. So I'm 23 limiting myself to this particular motion. I'm 24 limiting my comments to this particular motion, with 25 this particular development, under these particular

1 circumstances.

And I see the need for future -- and I see the need for future discussions as to changing the dates issues regarding long-term -- what would we say, the long-term projects that have not been developed for any reason.

7 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Thank you, Commissioner.
8 Commissioner Yamane, do you want -- in
9 support of your second.

10 COMMISSIONER YAMANE: Thank you, Mr. 11 Chair. First of all, I'd like to accept my 12 appreciation for all parties. This started really 13 complicated, and it got a little more convoluted with the hypotheticals, but to me, the ask is 14 15 simple. I'm not a lawyer. I'm just an engineer 16 here. But listening to the request, it's a simple 17 request. I think it's a practical request and appreciate that the Petitioners did come forward. 18

In my mind, I would fully support this motion, to grant this change in date. To me, it just makes sense, and I think we've talked about it enough. Thank you, Mr. Chair.

CHAIR GIOVANNI: Thank you, Commissioner.
Commissioner Okuda?
COMMISSIONER OKUDA: I'd like to make a

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1	request first. Among the various commissions, the
2	statute specifically requires certain commissions to
3	have a cultural or a designated cultural
4	commissioner because of the potential impacts on
5	Native Hawaiian practices, resources, and the other
6	items that are required for protection under Article
7	12 of the Hawaii State Constitution.
8	So if he doesn't mind, I would ask
9	Commissioner Kamakea-Ohelo to give us some of his
10	thoughts right now, because that would or may
11	affect what I would decide, and I would make that
12	request, Mr. Chair, if the Commissioner is willing
13	to do so.
14	CHAIR GIOVANNI: I will forward your
15	request to the Commissioner.
16	COMMISSIONER KAMAKEA-OHELO: Mahalo,
17	Chair. Mahalo, Commissioner Okuda.
18	I just want to mahalo everyone here today.
19	You know, it's been a bunch of hypotheticals, and as
20	I'm not trained in law in any way; however, I do
21	receive and acknowledge that the motion is very
22	simple, an extension of time for alignment.
23	However, I must say and if I could just please
24	place it on the record, if it pleases you, Chair, in
25	my personal capacity and in my professional



1 capacity, I witness CIAs be insufficient in the 2 past.

And I've actually experienced CIAs be weaponized, yeah, against communities, especially targeting Native Hawaiian communities, you know, so while I do recognize that the evidence, you know, should be sufficient in this case and the motion is very simple, a Ka Pa'akai analysis should not be limited to physical structures on land.

10 I'll give an example. In 2019/2020, the 11 community of Waimanalo was up in arms against the 12 City and County of Honolulu at Waimanalo Bay Beach 13 Park. Through their master plans, they also had a CIA. And they leaned heavily on that CIA, yeah. 14 15 And their statements were from the County's 16 Administration at that time was there is in fact no 17 iwi kupuna. There is in fact no cultural 18 significance to those spaces.

When in fact, Waimanalo Bay Beach Park was previously part of the Bellows Air Force archeological site, in totality 1,200 acres, which is still the largest land mass on the federally recognized historical places, yeah? So in their -when they resume construction within three hours, they found iwi kupuna, and that's in fact what

1 stopped the project today.

So I just want to say it's not just about the physical, you know, evidence of what our kupuna of yesterday practiced and where they lived and how they lived. It's really about the pilina in our relationship between the Native Hawaiians and their 'aina.

And I just want to point out, I've heard 8 9 it iterated many times today that these are in fact 10 previously farmed sugar lands. And in the 1920 11 Hawaiian Homes Commissions Act, it clearly states, as well as reiterated in the 1959 Admissions Act, as 12 13 well as in the 1978 Constitutional Convention, that 14 30 percent of all sugar lands and the water leases 15 attached to, yeah, are set aside for a fund for Native Hawaiians, as identified in the 1920 Hawaiian 16 17 Homes Commissions Act.

18 So this in fact impacts Native Hawaiians, 19 as a whole, as a Lahui, as a nation, you know, so 20 again, I will recognize a two day's motion is very 21 simple and an extension of time; however, please, 22 for the record and on the record, in the future, 23 consider, yeah, all decisions and all acts for the 24 Land Use Commission. So mahalo again, Commissioner 25 Okuda, for calling me out.

1	I give it back, Chair.
2	CHAIR GIOVANNI: Thank you, Commissioner
3	Kamakea- Ohelo, for your remarks.
4	So back to you, Commissioner Okuda. Any
5	follow- on?
6	COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Yes. Taking into
7	consideration the statements of the designated
8	Cultural Commissioner, I do agree that the
9	Petitioner here, Haseko, has me its burden of proof.
10	I believe a common-sense reading of that one
11	sentence that I read from the Ka Pa'akai case about
12	the fact that a Ka Pa'akai analysis or requirement
13	is triggered by an act or action, the government
14	agency requires a common-sense plain English
15	interpretation of the words, and I agree and I would
16	find, based on the discretion given to the Land Use
17	Commission and as a government agency, I would find
18	as a matter of fact that what the what Petitioner
19	Haseko is asking for at this point in time does not
20	constitute an act or an action, as stated in the Ka
21	Pa'akai Case to keep into account the caveats and
22	warnings that the Cultural Commissioner has reminded
23	us all on the record.
24	For the similar reasons, I would also find
25	that at this point in time, any requirements of

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1	supplemental environmental assessments is not
2	required under the Unite HERE! Local 5 versus City
3	and County of Honolulu case because the actions
4	being requested is simply an extension of time.
5	And finally, to be consistent with what
6	the Land Use Commission did yesterday in finding
7	that no further action need be taken with respect to
8	otherwise potentially delinquent status reports and
9	items regarding deadlines, to be consistent with
10	that. This simply an extension of time, as
11	Commissioner Ohigashi has stated. So recognizing
12	the fact that the Land Use Commission, under Ka
13	Pa'akai and the Flores 'Ohana case, cannot delegate
14	its obligations.
15	Even taking into that account, I believe
16	that the evidence supports the granting of the
17	Petitioner's motion. Thank you, Mr. Chair.
18	CHAIR GIOVANNI: Thank you, Commissioner
19	Okuda.
20	Commissioners, anybody else like to speak
21	to the motion?
22	COMMISSIONER KAHELE: Chair, I don't want
23	to speak to the motion. I just want to make a
24	comment and a statement. You know, I guess after we
25	leave today we're all going to get a certificate on

1	Section 343 and the Ka Pa'akai analysis.
2	But I believe that this housing that
3	Haseko's going to be looking at building is long
4	overdue. We've got a lot of Native Hawaiians, a lot
5	of road closures, moving up to the mainland. In
6	fact, a survey was done. We had over 15 to 17,000
7	Native Hawaiians moving up to LA, up to Las Vegas,
8	and other parts of the mainland. I think this
9	project is long overdue. It's going to provide many
10	affordable housing units. And of course, I believe
11	it's going to be close to 13, 1,400 total units
12	that's going to be built in this area. Let's get RK
13	II going. Let's get that ag park going. And I
14	believe this project's going to be very helpful for
15	the people here in Hawaii. Thank you.
16	CHAIR GIOVANNI: Thank you, Commissioner
17	Kahele.
18	Commissioner Carr Smith?
19	COMMISSIONER CARR SMITH: I just want to
20	go on the record saying that I support the motion.
21	Thank you.
22	CHAIR GIOVANNI: Thank you.
23	Anybody else?
24	So the Chair will support this motion as
25	well. I commend the party Haseko and your counsel

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NAEGELI DEPOSITION & TRIAL 1 for bringing the motion forward. I would not have 2 been surprised if this project would have continued 3 and we learned about it after the fact, so I do 4 think that the fact that you are showing respect for 5 the importance of this motion and to bring it before 6 us is very much appreciated. It's the right thing 7 to do.

At the same time, I think you've heard 8 9 that it's kind of a common-sense consideration that 10 we're applying to it, that it's a delay or your missing of a date in the condition that is 11 12 explainable, understandable, and not consequential 13 in terms of its potential impact, its impacts. And I appreciate the positions taken by the other 14 15 parties, including OPSD and the Department of 16 Agriculture, in support of the motion. That's 17 important to me, as well.

18 I also want to re-emphasize a point made 19 by Commissioner Ohigashi in his remarks, at the 20 ending of his remarks, which is this is not a precedent, in my mind, that says if there's a delay, 21 22 we can fix the delay and it's not consequential. 23 But if that delay is long-term, 20 years, 30 years, 24 40 years, and in particular if there wasn't any 25 substantial development on the project in those



1	years, this what we're doing today does not
2	affect that. That would be a totally different set
3	of circumstances, and I would expect a totally
4	different result.
5	Mr. Orodenker, please take a roll call
6	vote.
7	MR. ORODENKER: Thank you, Chair. The
8	motion is to grant the motion to amend.
9	Commissioner Ohigashi?
10	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Ave.
11	MR. ORODENKER: Commissioner Yamane?
12	
	COMMISSIONER YAMANE: Aye.
13	MR. ORODENKER: Commissioner Okuda?
14	COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Yes.
15	MR. ORODENKER: Commissioner Kamakea-
16	Ohelo?
17	COMMISSIONER KAMAKEA-OHELO: (Inaudible.)
18	MR. ORODENKER: Commissioner Lee?
19	COMMISSIONER LEE: (Inaudible.)
20	MR. ORODENKER: Commissioner Kahele?
21	COMMISSIONER KAHELE: Aye.
22	MR. ORODENKER: Commissioner Carr Smith?
23	COMMISSIONER CARR SMITH: Aye.
24	MR. ORODENKER: Commissioner Atta?
25	COMMISSIONER ATTA: Aye.

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1	MR. ORODENKER: Chair Giovanni?
2	CHAIR GIOVANNI: Aye.
3	MR. ORODENKER: Thank you, Mr. Chair. The
4	motion passes unanimously.
5	CHAIR GIOVANNI: Commissioner Ohigashi?
6	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: I just have a
7	short comment. I'd like to thank Commissioner
8	Okuda. He placed on the record to make sure that
9	our decision should not be scrutinized in any other
10	matter, and I commend him for placing these issues
11	on the record so we have a record that we can rely
12	upon when making this decision. And I will miss
13	that from him. Thank you.
14	CHAIR GIOVANNI: Thank you, Commissioner.
15	Parties, I have some requests relative to
16	the proposed decision and order. If any of the
17	parties, any of you parties any of the parties
18	desire to stipulate to any portion of all the
19	findings of fact, conclusions of law, and decision
20	and order, you are encouraged to do so. If you
21	desire, you're encouraged to do so.
22	Regardless of whether the parties pursue a

23 partial or a stipulated order, each party is directed to file its proposed findings of fact, 24 25 conclusions of law, and decisions and order with the

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Commission Staff, and to serve copies on the other 1 parties no later than May 15th. That's -- this is 2 3 an option you have now. It's not a requirement. That concludes the business on the ninth 4 5 order of business for this, so I will take a -- it's 6 now 11:13. We're going to take a recess. It's too 7 early for lunch. We're going to do something else. Are you hungry? Yeah, okay. It's 11:13. We'll 8 take a recess until 11:25. 9 10 (Recess taken from 11:13 a.m. to 11:26 11 a.m.) 12 CHAIR GIOVANNI: I am reconvening -- end 13 of recess. We will reconvene the meeting. And our tenth order of business is the introduction of the 14 15 Land Use Development Coordinator, a member of our LUC Staff. Mr. Orodenker, please proceed with the 16 17 introduction of the Land Use Development 18 Coordinator. 19 MR. ORODENKER: Thank you, Mr. Chair. 20 We -- Arnold, stand up. Arnold Wong is 21 our new Development Coordinator. And this is 22 actually an exciting and, we think, long-term, 23 hopefully, solving a lot of problems that we've had 24 with developing housing. And what we have 25 discovered in review of our records was that there

1 are approximately 40,000 to 65,000 housing units
2 that were promised that are unbuilt on various
3 projects all around the state.

So what we decided to do was to venture 4 5 into a new program, a new activity for the Land Use 6 Commission and hire someone to go out and find out 7 why these projects aren't moving and what can we do to help them move, to be proactive in trying to get 8 units built that we'd already approved. I think 9 that we all recognize that if we could build 45,000 10 11 units in the next several years, that it would make a big impact on housing. 12

13 We hired Arnold to take on this role in part not only because he had a good understanding 14 15 being a former commissioner of how the Commission 16 works but also because he has a good understanding 17 of how the private sector works and the legislature 18 works. He has good connections in State and County 19 government, and he was the best candidate for the 20 job out of all the people that we interviewed.

This position or what Arnold is going to be doing is basically shaking the trees to see if he can work things out. We've already had some successes, and, not surprisingly, we found that one of the biggest problems is us, and I mean, when I



say, "us," the State. There were certain things
 that were just not getting done for various reasons,
 for instance, agreements with the Department of
 Transportation.

5 Nobody knew what to do about some of our 6 conditions, how to effectuate them, for instance, 7 the requirement to build a -- what do you call it --8 emergency siren and dedicate it over to HI-EMA and 9 things like that. It's been fun for the past several 10 months. Arnold came on in December -- November, and 11 he's already had, like I say, had a big impact.

Not surprisingly, Maui was the first island reviewed because of the sudden need for more housing. Arnold immediately had success in helping to facilitate a backlog of 3,000 homes, and I can be a little bit more specific about that. We're working with State and County agencies to ensure that we can get these projects built.

We've established a working relationship with Commission of Water Resource Management, HI-EMA, HHFDC, and DOH, to name a few, that now allow us to work with them to work -- to help developers facilitate with developers to get things moving. It's contemplated that if some of these developments require amendments to the decisions and orders to



1 move forward, that Arnold will help bring those to 2 the Commission. Maybe not necessarily present them, 3 but he will help in facilitating the developers to 4 come forward and resolve the problems.

5 We've started looking at other counties as 6 well. Right now, we're looking at five projects on 7 Kauai that could result in several thousand units being built. On Maui, we're looking at five 8 projects. We're looking at one project on Lanai and 9 10 one project on Oahu. And that's about -- when you add all those up, if we have success with those 11 projects, we're looking at about 10 to 15,000 units. 12

I just wanted to bring Arnold here and explain to you what we're doing and see if you have any questions for us.

16 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Thank you, Dan. 17 Arnold, did you want to say anything? 18 MR. WONG: Thank you, Chair. I just 19 wanted to say thank you to the Commission and the 20 Executive Officer and the Staff for allowing me to take this position. It's been a different -- being 21 22 on this side of the mic has been very different from 23 being on where you guys sit, so I just wanted to say 24 thank you. And it is a learning experience for me 25 also, but thank you.

1 CHAIR GIOVANNI: So do you mind if we open 2 it up to questions from the Commissioners for you or 3 for Dan? 4 MR. WONG: Please, Chair. It's your 5 preference. 6 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Okay. 7 Commissioners, any comments, questions? Commissioner Carr Smith. 8 9 COMMISSIONER CARR SMITH: Thank you. 10 So Executive Director, you didn't mention Hawaii Island. 11 12 MR. ORODENKER: We're beginning to work on 13 that. You know, it's only been a few months that 14 Arnold's been here, but we will be working on Hawaii 15 Island as well. The Oahu project, we weren't even really 16 17 working on Oahu and somebody brought it to us. The 18 Kauai projects are a result of our conversations 19 with Kaina Hale on other matters and, you know, he 20 brought up these projects that weren't moving. 21 But Arnold's real heavy work and his heavy 22 lifting has been on Maui right now, for obvious 23 reasons. But we will get to the Big Island --24 COMMISSIONER CARR SMITH: Understandable. 25 I just wondered if there was a reason that you left

1 it out.

2

MR. ORODENKER: No.

3 **COMMISSIONER CARR SMITH:** The only other 4 question I had is you said that you had had some 5 good success recently with this already, so I was 6 wondering if you could speak more to that.

7 Thank you, Commissioner. MR. WONG: So what occurred is, as the Executive Officer said, we 8 were looking on Maui, especially closer to the 9 10 Lahaina area and, you know, Kihei, et cetera because it's closer on that side of the island. We were 11 looking at different cases outside of Lahaina 12 13 because of all the issues with the water, you know, the dust and everything else. 14

So we looked at one project in Kihei, and pretty much it was close -- really close to shovel ready and the issues was pretty much as Executive Officer said. In Kihei it had the HI-EMA problem, dating HI-EMA and the developer just stopped talking for a reason. So we facilitated the discussion again.

I can say for a fact that HI-EMA went last month on the 19th to try and pin where they should have an emergency siren. So that has been done, so that's pretty much they're going to shovel ready

1 because also the DOT memorandum has been working on, 2 but it's hard to say. As we know, different 3 attorneys have different styles of thinking. So it 4 has been slowed down, but it's in progress to be 5 signed like by the end of the year. So it's -- if 6 not sooner. I would say in a couple months that the 7 MOA's going to be done with DOT.

MR. ORODENKER: Yeah. 8 The specific 9 projects were Lipoa, Makena, and we were working 10 very hard on Pulelehua for a while, and this is one of the things that we think is valuable, Arnold's 11 activity is valuable. Pulelehua stalled because of 12 13 the water situation on the -- on Maui. And so 14 Arnold has been -- both of us, actually, have been in conversation with Commission on Water Resource 15 Management bringing to their attention, so to speak, 16 17 that this issue needs to be resolved and that 18 finding out that they're holding up 3,000 units 19 until they do, and trying to stimulate some 20 activity, I guess, is the best way to put it. 21 **UNIDENTIFIED COMMISSIONER:** What's the 22 issue? 23 MR. ORODENKER: Well, it's a special 24 management area for water, and there are a lot of 25 demands for that water right now. Before the fire

1 occurred, there was a cap on how much water could be 2 taken out of that particular water management area 3 for things other than, for lack of a better word, 4 downstream cultural activities.

5 It's different from other areas. Once you 6 designate an area, you have to get permission from 7 the Commission of Water Resource Management for any allocation. And there's a limitation on diversion of 8 9 groundwater. So it gets complex because with what 10 FEMA is doing and the temporary housing, there's --11 they're chewing up a lot of the allocation that's 12 available. Let me put it that way, and that's only 13 temporary. And so all the developers -- potential developers of housing on Maui are not clamoring for 14 15 water, either what's left or what is going to happen 16 with that allocation once it's done, can they get a 17 piece of it. It's almost -- it's very ironic 18 because it's almost like a gold rush.

19 CHAIR GIOVANNI: So let's take this
20 project. When this project was approved, weren't the
21 water issues addressed up front as being adequate
22 and --

23 MR. ORODENKER: Pulelehua or for the
24 project today, the Ho'ohana?
25 CHAIR GIOVANNI: No. The Pulelehua.



1 MR. ORODENKER: Yeah, Pulelehua. Well, 2 yes and no.

3 Arnold, why don't you speak to that. 4 MR. WONG: Yeah. So the Pulelehua project 5 was interesting in the fact that they did not apply for -- with the Commission for Water Resource 6 7 Management for a permit to use water, but also they were thinking of tapping the County's water supply, 8 which -- so it's an existing permit. However, the 9 10 County has maxed out their allocation, so it will 11 either be a new well or a new tap on the groundwater. There's two different water supplies. 12 13 And new permits will take a longer time than existing permits, so that's the reason that 14 Pulelehua has been stalled. 15 16 CHAIR GIOVANNI: So what's your advice to 17 this Commission when a project comes before it and 18 water is needed for he project to be successful? 19 What should we require of the developer when they're 20 coming before us? 21 MR. WONG: So the good thing about my job 22 that Executive Officer has been sitting with us, 23 with -- and also Mr. Derrickson -- is that we have 24 met with Commission on Water Resource Management,

25 and we have opened a better - - I shouldn't say a



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1	better an open dialogue in terms of our projects
2	to say if someone comes in, we want you here at the
3	table at the beginning of this state. Not, you
4	know, to know that this is coming up and what do
5	they have to do tell the developer what they have
6	to do. Not what did they have to do in hindsight,
7	but what right, you know, be proactive.

8 If I can speak to that, MR. ORODENKER: 9 Chair. What happens, we require -- Staff requires 10 the developers, when they file their DBAs, to show 11 that they have water, right? Very often, what 12 happens -- or sometimes what happens is their 13 assertion is that they're going to drill a well or a -- even if it's offsite, to provide water to the 14 15 project or to replace the water they're going to 16 take out of the County system.

17 Sometimes the projects that come before us 18 simply say, well, the County's giving us an 19 allocation of X. And in most cases, that's 20 sufficient, but sometimes, like what we're seeing in 21 West Maui situation, is that all of a sudden, 22 something changes and that allocation is no longer 23 there or it's insufficient. 24 We've been struggling to get -- to develop 25 a relationship between Commission of Water Resource

Management and the County Boards of Water Supply to get them to talk to each other more so that County doesn't make a representation that they have water and then all of a sudden they find out that they don't. So what we're doing is kind of breaking down barriers.

7 CHAIR GIOVANNI: I appreciate that, but, 8 you know, from a practical matter for a particular 9 developer, it's one thing this this Commission to be 10 attempting to make decisions with uncertainty about 11 water allocations, but I can only imagine what that 12 uncertainty presents for the developers themselves. 13 So this seems like a real -- I mean, I appreciate 14 your trying to unscramble the eggs after they've 15 smashed, and we've got problems on a project, but to 16 the extents these things could be addressed, and I 17 quess you are in some extent up front --

18 Yeah. That is what we're MR. ORODENKER: 19 working on is to have Commission on Water Resource 20 Management work more closely with developers to --21 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Yeah. 22 Commissioner Ohigashi? 23 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Yeah. I just want

24 to compliment our Executive Officer and Arnold. You
25 know, the Commission made a decision a long time ago

1 or a few years ago or even yesterday, let's say, to 2 grant DBAs. And we leave that to themselves. And 3 according to our numbers, it's between 40 and 60,000 4 units that are being developed, so we get all --5 everybody says, hey, LUC, you are holding up 6 development when we have 40 or 60,000 approvals for 7 housing already in -- on the books.

8 Our problem is we don't have enforcement 9 powers under Bridge Aina Le'a case. We don't have -10 - we can't do it. We can't go and go out there and 11 force them to get a bond or force them to do 12 anything once it evolved. So this is the next best 13 way is to try and utilize the Commission's resources 14 or to try and get them to see how they can comply.

15 I would -- the problem, though, is that if we are working with them, it's maybe more difficult 16 17 to bring -- well, the problem is how far can you 18 work with them and then to -- and to taint them 19 filing for a motions for subsequent changes to their 20 DBA. So it's good that you guys are doing this. 21 It's great, but I'm hoping that once -- that this 22 results in positive things rather than a flood of 23 new amendments to the existing motions. 24 Because if we have like -- like, one of

25 the projects, I know, is like 20 years -- 20-

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1	something years. Yeah. And
2	MR. ORODENKER: If I can, Commissioner.
3	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: you have a
4	you have those are the kinds we want to get
5	started. No and that's all I wanted to say, that
6	you guys are doing a I think this is the second
7	best way that you can do it, because we don't have
8	any other power.
9	MR. ORODENKER: Yeah, yeah. Thank you,
10	Commissioner. I appreciate that.
11	One of the best examples that we have of
12	what is being done, without having to involve the
13	Commission, concerns one of the projects on Maui
14	where we discovered that our requirement was for the
15	condition that was contained in the D&O was for the
16	developer to resolve the roadway improvements. And
17	the way the condition read was with the approval
18	you know, by approval of DOT. It wasn't like they
19	already had a plan when we did the DBA.
20	And what we discovered was that DOT had
21	told the developer that, oh, don't worry about it,
22	we're going to build it. But then they stalled.
23	They never entered into the agreement. Yeah, yeah.
24	And so you know, by pushing a few buttons, we were
25	able to get DOT to marro on that MOD Very know itle

25 able to get DOT to move on that MOA. You know, it's

1 that type of thing. I mean, I don't think that our 2 experience so far is going to implicate the 3 Commission all that much because, you know, as you 4 pointed out, there's a limit.

5 **COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI:** I think that you 6 shouldn't get involved with any Commissioner on that 7 particular island doing these things because that would taint them coming to the Commission, and so I 8 think that this type of activity that you can report 9 to us is the best type of activity versus some 10 11 direct involvement with the Commission going over 12 there and saying, hey, you guys got to do this and 13 do that, you know, and it taints the subsequent --14 if you have to modify a condition or something like 15 that in the future. That was my only concern.

And now -- can we sic him on Kihei School?
17 No, I'm kidding.

18 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Commissioner Okuda. 19 **COMMISSIONER OKUDA:** Yeah. I think this 20 is a really good idea. I think on one of our trips 21 that we took to a planning conference, where we 22 actually attended the conferences and we don't just 23 waste taxpayer money, this was a type of thing that 24 was suggested, almost like a concierge where you get 25 people together from various agencies to just get

the nuts and bolts done. And the fact that
 communication or just being in the same room does
 really good things to moving projects forward.

You know, at the very beginning when 4 5 Governor Green was elected, a person from is housing 6 task force contacted me, and I put together a short 7 memo which I'm sure was ignored, but one of the things in the short memo to get housing going was 8 doing something that you're doing here, which is 9 10 just get people in the same room and find out what has to be done. And as the Chair always says, since 11 12 he was the operations guy at Hawaiian Electric, you 13 know, if you're going to get something done, just go get it done. 14

And so you know, I think this thing about just getting it done, you know, gets it done. So I think it's a really good idea, good for the community.

19 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Commissioner Lee.
20 COMMISSIONER LEE: Thank you. So I want
21 to make sure that Arnold doesn't get distracted by
22 too much manual labor, other duties from his primary
23 duty, although lunch is okay if you want to bring
24 lunch.

25

Have you detected so far any consistent



started doing this, but I'm interested to hear what you think. MR. WONG: Not really. Each docket is different, and so, you know, it's just looking at the docket and seeing what is the problem there is. So each one has a different issue. COMMISSIONER LEE: And so you would you're not just restricted to working with other State agencies like CWRM, you'd also be tasked to work with County agencies as well? MR. WONG: Yes, Commissioner. So we for example, the Maui one, we did work with the Department of Water Supply, so COMMISSIONER LEE: How about nonprofit and	
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16 muhlie groupe)	
16 public groups?	
17 MR. WONG: We haven't come to that point	
18 yet, but if let's say, for example, Habitat as a	
19 nonprofit or private developers do come up in part	
20 of the docket, we'll work with them.	
21 COMMISSIONER LEE: I guess there's some	
22 potential liability if you maybe talk to certain	
23 groups and they feel that they are hearing certain	
24 pledges or commitments, so I guess there's some	
25 places to be careful about, is that correct?	

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1	MR. ORODENKER: Yeah yes, Commissioner,
2	and we're very well aware of that. And I've
3	counseled Arnold that we don't take commitments; we
4	just bring people into the room to see if they can
5	resolve the problems between themselves.
6	COMMISSIONER LEE: Okay. And one last
7	thing. I have heard some wary comments that to hear
8	from someone from the LUC, not just Arnold, it's
9	like the cops asking you, so what are you doing, you
10	know? So just be prepared that there's that
11	dynamic. Thank you.
12	CHAIR GIOVANNI: Commissioner Ohelo.
13	COMMISSIONER KAMAKEA-OHELO: Mahalo,
14	Chair.
15	I guess my question is for Arnold more
16	than the executive team. How often will you be
17	reporting to this Commission?
18	MR. ORODENKER: That's up to the
19	Commissioners. I mean, we can make it a monthly or
20	couple of months. Things don't move that quickly, so
21	I suggest wait a few months in between
22	CHAIR GIOVANNI: I would suggest
23	quarterly. It could be you know, depending on
24	our meeting schedule. Just agendize it every three
25	months or so. Does that work?

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1	COMMISSIONER KAMAKEA-OHELO: Yes, Chair.
2	I'd also recommend quarterly. (Inaudible) on past
3	and future projects, especially in the case of any
4	Maui projects with the County's show me the water
5	law. You know, it's a lot of our dockets it
6	comes through and a lot of the decisions we make is
7	very humancentric, but the very title of our agency
8	is the Land Use Commission, and we also need to take
9	into account, right, 'aina or landcentric, right,
10	and if in fact, you know, future projects cannot,
11	you know if aquifers or water systems does not
12	currently have the sustainable draw, right, then we
13	need to be informed as Commissioners what that looks
14	like for future sustainable developments. So
15	mahalo.
16	CHAIR GIOVANNI: Commissioner, who's that,
17	Kahele down there?
18	COMMISSIONER KAHELE: Yes, Chair. Are we
19	on record?
20	CHAIR GIOVANNI: Yeah.
21	COMMISSIONER KAHELE: Aw, shucks. You
22	know, actually I just wanted to make several
23	comments about Arnold. He and I worked together for
24	the Ironworkers Stabilization Fund for 20 years, and
25	he and I had some accomplishments while worked with

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1	the legislators, with the governor, with the mayors.
2	And he's always been a professional. He always got
3	the job done. He was straightforward. And if he
4	wasn't able to complete whatever assignment, he
5	always asked for help. He's been the Chair for the
6	Land Use Commission at one point in time. And for
7	me, I don't believe I have any concerns about Arnold
8	fulfilling his duties as the Development
9	Coordinator.
10	CHAIR GIOVANNI: He is a Dodger fan, you
11	know.
12	COMMISSIONER KAHELE: Yeah, but too bad
13	we're on record. Shucks, if we wasn't on record, I
14	would have had some bitter words, but Arnold,
15	congratulations. I'm happy for you.
16	CHAIR GIOVANNI: Yeah, he wore red just to
17	hide the fact that he's a Dodger
18	MR. WONG: Thank you, Commissioner.
19	CHAIR GIOVANNI: I have a different
20	question or I love the process that you're being
21	proactive and you kind of target a project or two
22	that you know, whether it be on this island or
23	that where you've heard and you start digging,
24	right?
25	But as it becomes known in a broader

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1	audience that we're that the Land Use Commission
2	is doing this sort of thing to help move projects
3	forward, I'm going to put my hat on as a developer.
4	If I'm a developer and my project is stalled for
5	whatever reason, this government agency or that
6	government agency or this permit being stalled, or
7	whatever it might be, do you think it would work
8	that they would have an opportunity to contact you
9	for assistance?
10	MR. WONG: That's what we hope for. I
11	mean, we wanted to be that we are here to help the
12	developers for the people of Hawaii. That's the
13	main thing. It's to ensure that the people will get
14	housing.
15	CHAIR GIOVANNI: Then we need to get the
16	word out.
17	MR. WONG: Yes. And I think
18	CHAIR GIOVANNI: At the appropriate time
19	and et cetera.
20	MR. WONG: Yes.
21	CHAIR GIOVANNI: And it's usually best to
22	do that when you've got a couple of successes in
23	your pocket that you can show the type of thing that
24	you can accomplish.
25	MR. WONG: Yes, Chair. And we hope that

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through these successes, as you say, it will go out.
 I mean, a couple of developers have already
 contacted us to work with them, so thank you, Chair,
 for that.

5 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Well, I think to -- you 6 know, Commissioner Ohelo's request, the fact that 7 it's going to be a regular part of our meeting on a quarterly basis, that in and of itself will start 8 9 propagating the understanding that we're here to 10 serve and do this function. And I think as part of that, we could, when you're ready, help -- I hate to 11 use the word advertise, but advertise that we are 12 13 available to help.

MR. WONG: The good thing about this,
Chair, is we already started talking to, as you see,
some of the attorneys here. So they already know it
and --

18 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Sure, sure.
19 MR. WONG: -- they can talk to their
20 clients.

CHAIR GIOVANNI: Yeah, yeah. It will grow
in time.
MR. WONG: Thank you, Chair.
CHAIR GIOVANNI: Commissioner Atta.
COMMISSIONER ATTA: Yeah. You know, I'm

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thinking that it's good to be responsive for the 1 2 developers, but I hope that you do some research 3 about -- with each of the County Planners, and among then, especially long-range plans so that you folks 4 5 know what the City's -- each County has a long-range 6 plan and that I think the Land Use Commission should 7 be very close with the people on the County that -looking forward. 8

9 And I mean, I knew Steve Young was working 10 at Oahu, and you know, he looks for 10, 20 years in 11 the future, and that the -- that the Land Use 12 Commission should be working closely about what we 13 anticipate in 20 years and that you folks will be 14 working with them a lot.

MR. WONG: Thank you, Commissioner. Yes, we have started that discussion, and it has been very fruitful, and we are working with different County agencies at this time.

19 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Commissioner Yamane.
20 COMMISSIONER YAMANE: How did you know I
21 wanted to talk? I just have a question for you the
22 Executive Officer, Arnold. I'm assuming you're
23 working off of a list of projects that have the
24 dates of the D&O, number of units that impacted -25 that's kind of an exciting list I wouldn't mind



1 seeing that in the quarterly reports.

MR. ORODENKER: Well, we'll give you what we're working on. Some of what's happening is that Arnold is digging into the D&Os to find out which ones haven't (audio disruption), so we don't have a list right now. But as we dig into it more, we can bring that forward.

CHAIR GIOVANNI: 8 Thank you. Just a 9 message to my fellow Commissioners, you know. As Commissioner Ohigashi mentioned, you know, we as 10 Commissioners got to be careful. We can't get 11 12 involved. But on our respective turf, we do run 13 into people who know we're Commissioners, and they know we're Land Use, and the questions might come to 14 15 us, and they do come to us, hey, can you help with 16 this or can you help with that. And generally, we 17 say we can't get involved because of this or that. 18 But is there any problem in us steering them to you? 19 MR. WONG: Chair, no. I mean, we open dialogue with anyone to help facilitate projects. 20

CHAIR GIOVANNI: Right. So to my fellow Commissioners, when you get tapped on the shoulder or someone asks you about a project, you may or may not know what the issue is, but certainly there's no hesitation on your part it should be in place, you

can refer them to Arnold. Right? 1 That is correct, Chair. 2 MR. WONG: And 3 you know, I mean, I'm going to say truthfully that without the Executive Officer and Staff to help me 4 5 and guide me, I wouldn't be able to do things, and 6 the Commissioners, they help me a lot to just get up 7 and running to this point. And hopefully, with help, we'll continue this process. 8 9 CHAIR GIOVANNI: I'm sure that will work. 10 Is there anything -- this is to you or the Executive 11 Officer. Is there anything as a Commission or as 12 Commissioners that we can do to help the process? 13 MR. ORODENKER: I'll be very blunt. Ι 14 would hope the Commissioners would stay out of this. 15 I don't want to run into a situation where a 16 Commissioner is compromised as a result of being 17 involved in what Arnold is doing. We actually have 18 somewhat of a Chinese wall set up in the office. Ι 19 mean, I talk to Arnold on a regular basis and he gets assistance from Scott and Martina when he needs 20 21 to ask questions about a D&O, but we're not 22 involving Scott and Martina in any of these. I 23 think that the more separation there is, the better 24 it will be. 25 CHAIR GIOVANNI: I think you're right, but

let's dig a little deeper here. You know, we just 1 kind of concluded that if a Commissioner hears about 2 3 something he could refer it, but he's got to respect that Chinese wall, right? 4 5 MR. ORODENKER: Well, the standing -- our 6 standing advice is --7 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Not Chinese, not in your sense, but --8 9 MR. ORODENKER: Ethical law. 10 CHAIR GIOVANNI: It's a firewall. 11 MR. ORODENKER: I'm sorry. I'm going to -12 13 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Yeah. Call it Italian 14 wall if you want. 15 MR. ORODENKER: Yeah, whatever. As we've said in our orientations, if anybody approaches a 16 17 Commissioner about a potential project, proposed project, a project that's going to come before us, 18 19 or a problematic project, they're to just refer them 20 to myself. I mean, that's not new. So it's the 21 same thing. 22 The difference now is that a Commissioner 23 can say, why don't you call Arnold because he can 24 probably help you. 25 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Okay. Anything further?



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1	MR. ORODENKER: No.
2	COMMISSIONER CARR SMITH: Chair? Just
3	briefly.
4	CHAIR GIOVANNI: Commissioner Carr Smith.
5	COMMISSIONER CARR SMITH: I just wanted to
6	comment that I'm glad that you are the one that's
7	here doing this. I commend the Staff for wanting to
8	improve relations and appear to be trying to be
9	cooperative with petitioners and find out why things
10	have stalled.
11	You know, I can't help but think of a
12	couple of meetings that we had in Kona, and those
13	were long, stalled petitions that had new owners and
14	coming before us, and I didn't see a lot of
15	cooperation on those levels, and so I I'm not
16	sure how this is different.
17	If we're not doing all we can to help
18	people be successful in the meetings and the
19	petitioners that come before us, but yet we're
20	trying to go back and find old ones, I'm not sure I
21	fully understand that. But I wish you great
22	success, and I'll look forward to hearing from you.
23	MR. WONG: Thank you, Commissioner.
24	COMMISSIONER CARR SMITH: Yeah.
25	CHAIR GIOVANNI: Okay. Anything else?
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Anyone? 1 Thank you, Arnold. Welcome aboard. 2 I'm 3 glad to see you going full speed again. 4 MR. WONG: Thank you, Chair. 5 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Yeah. 6 And thank you, Dan, for making this 7 happen. So with that, I'm going to call a lunch 8 9 recess. It's now 12:03, and we'll be back at 12:30. 10 (A luncheon recess was taken from 12:03 11 p.m. to 12:31 p.m.) 12 CHAIR GIOVANNI: So it's 12:31, and we're 13 back in session. So the next agenda item is the discussion 14 15 on the protocol for legislative testimony and monitoring of legislative measures. 16 17 So Commissioners, I would like to have 18 just an open discussion among us and Staff regarding 19 this practice of presenting testimony to the 20 legislature on pending bills and the associated 21 methodology. And my understanding is that there was 22 discussion of this topic, inquiry into this topic at 23 the last LUC meeting at which I was not in 24 attendance, and so that -- but that was kind of the 25 starting point of where this agenda item came from.



And I think that, Commissioner Lee, you
were the one that kind of brought it up if I'm not
mistaken. I did have the opportunity to watch the
recording that Ms. Kwan prepared for us from that
meeting, so I'm kind of up to speed with that.

6 Can you share with us kind of your -- just 7 kind of take a half step back before we probably 8 take a couple steps forward here.

9 COMMISSIONER LEE: Yes. Thank you, Chair. 10 I guess sometime prior to the last LUC meeting some 11 of us, we work with the legislature and we follow bills and measures and different boards and 12 13 commissions have different policies, i.e., I'm a new person here, and I didn't know if we had a policy. 14 15 It sounds like we didn't. Or if there had been one, it hadn't been updated. 16

17 And so I noticed that there was testimony 18 on a certain bill that stated that the Land Use 19 Commission was in strong support of it, and I 20 thought, well, that's surprising to me because I 21 don't think we took a position on anything. And 22 understand the circumstances around that and how 23 time is of the essence sometimes with the way the 24 measures move at the legislature, short notice of 25 hearings, things like that, but I know that in other



1 boards they have different ways of approaching that
2 issue.

3 Whether it's getting -- polling the members or taking a formal vote or sometimes, you 4 5 know it's a little bit difficult with the way things 6 move to coincide with the monthly meetings. And 7 also, even if it's a good practice just to -- if there's foreknowledge, to update us on things that 8 we might want to weigh in on or not, but at least be 9 10 aware of what's coming down the pipe.

And so even in a sense of protecting the Executive Officer and people from outside pressure, I thought there would be a better -- there are better ways to handle the situation. And I have some ideas on that, but I'll let other people speak if they wish.

17 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Thank you, Commissioner18 Lee.

So I have on my own thought about, you know, the items that you brought up and discussed with -- at the last hearing. I've also discussed it with Mr. Orodenker. I think it would be helpful if I could ask the Executive Director -- Executive Officer to share kind of like what is the approach history, you know, even if not formalized policy,

1	but what is kind of how does it work? If you
2	could share with us.
3	So pretend we're at the beginning of a new
4	legislative session and there may be bills of
5	interest that you know, to members of the LUC.
6	MR. ORODENKER: Well, first of all, let me
7	talk a little bit about what happens in the past and
8	then I'll talk about what happens to Staff as part
9	of the Administration and then talk about what we've
10	been doing, what we're doing now.
11	There have been several different ways of
12	handling testimony at the legislature throughout the
13	years. My predecessor's way of handling it was to
14	not testify on anything under any circumstances,
15	which was not serving the Commission well.
16	Subsequent to that, when I first started, I was
17	following a procedure that was handed down to me
18	from the Governor's Office as to how to testify on
19	bills.
20	The communication with the Commission was
21	to bring a list of bills that we were going to
22	testify on to the Commission ahead of time or at the
23	beginning of session. And that was back at a time
24	when we were meeting once every two weeks. You
25	know, it was regular meetings. And explaining what

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Staff's position was on the various measures and how 1 2 we intended to testify. 3 From there, it was just a free for all because, as those of you who work with the 4 5 legislature know, you never know what's going to 6 happen on a day-to-day basis and amendments are made 7 to bills and you have a day to figure out how you're going to testify on it or whatever. So Staff was 8 given a lot of leeway with regard to how to testify 9 10 on bills. 11 And I should caveat that by saying that we have -- Staff has a methodology by which we choose 12 13 bills to testify on, and I'll explain that in a minute. Subsequently, we tried to put out a PIG 14 15 (phonetic), which was a subcommittee of 16 Commissioners to work on legislation, but under 17 advice from the Attorney General, since it was sort 18 of an open-ended PIG and had no defined real purpose 19 other than to just generally talk about legislation, 20 we were told we couldn't do that. 21 And then subsequent to that, the practice 22 has been to -- and we were recalcitrant this year in 23 that we had -- didn't have enough meetings. We 24 probably should have scheduled a special meeting 25 just to talk about legislation, but usually what

1 happens is that we talk about the legislation at the 2 beginning of the year with the -- or the beginning 3 of the session with the Commission, and then 4 throughout the session I'm in constant contact with 5 the Chair to explain to him what's happening and, 6 you know, what we're doing.

7 There are some exceptions to that. There 8 are bills that we are told by the Governor's Office 9 we must testify in support of, which we usually 10 wouldn't even get involved in. And I think the bill 11 that Commissioner Lee mentioned was one that we 12 never would have gotten involved in if we hadn't 13 been instructed to.

14 There are times when legislators have 15 requested us to do things almost on a tit-for-tat 16 basis, and those I get uncomfortable with, but --17 and we very rarely do that. But usually, and this is 18 what I was alluding to earlier, Staff doesn't 19 testify -- we get -- as part of the Administration 20 and as part of the Department of Business and 21 Economic Development, we have a legislative 22 coordinator who -- she'll go through all the bills 23 and then directs bills to the various agencies and 24 boards and commissions that she thinks might be 25 important to us.

1	It's very broad brush, and we get a lot of
2	stuff that really doesn't impact us at all or we
3	don't have any desire to testify on. But then Staff
4	goes through those measures, and we only testify on
5	measures that in some way impact Chapter 205. And
6	usually, it's to protect the Commission in one way
7	or another. We're not trying to create new law.
8	We're not trying anything. We're just trying to
9	point out to the legislators the impacts of some of
10	their legislation and how it may negatively impact
11	the operations of the Commission or whatever.
12	We stay out of bills. Like you know,
13	ethics practices and Sunshine Law bills and even
14	bills with regard to what can and cannot be done in
15	the agricultural district because, as I've told the
16	legislators, that's a policy call. That's not
17	something that we get involved in. We leave that to
18	the legislators to decide what's best. I mean, this
19	transient vacation rental argument is one of those
20	where we just simply said it's up to you.
21	But that's pretty much what we've been
22	doing and how we've been doing it over the past
23	several years. We the only time that we have
24	gone further than that and gotten the Commission
25	more involved was when we were trying to right

1 after the Bridge Aina Le'a case when we were trying 2 to fix that problem that Bridge Aina Le'a created, 3 and that was brought before the Commission. They 4 approved our moving forward with that because it was 5 a -- we instigated it. It wasn't something we were 6 reacting to.

7 CHAIR GIOVANNI: So take it one step 8 further, if you will. When you make the decision to 9 testify or be -- or when you've been asked and you 10 agree to testify, what's the protocol for you making 11 that testimony in writing and in person?

12 MR. ORODENKER: Well, when we testify on a 13 measure, we're required by the Governor's Office to testify in a certain manner. We have to say certain 14 15 things. There has to be certain opening paragraphs and ending paragraphs, and we follow that protocol 16 17 and submit written testimony. We then attend the hearing where we submitted written testimony to 18 19 answer any questions that the legislators may have.

20 CHAIR GIOVANNI: So Commissioner Lee 21 mentioned, I think, a phrase that was problematic 22 for you in this particular case. Would you restate 23 that, what that phase was?

24 COMMISSIONER LEE: Yeah. Thank you,
25 Chair. I think the phrase was the Land Use

Commission strongly supports Bill X. And to me, that's a misrepresentation because we didn't opine on anything. And we might agree with it; we might not, but people will read that and assume that that is our stated and voted on position or official position.

7 Now, I don't think it's a problem if the Executive Officer testifies and even on LUC 8 9 letterhead that he supports this bill. In fact, it 10 might even be more credible than all of us combined, 11 possibly, you know. And it carries weight, so I think that that's appropriate. But I'm not 12 13 comfortable with someone speaking on my behalf on something when I didn't take any position on it. 14 15 And if I'm outvoted on something, that's fine, you know. But that would be the official position. But 16 17 in the case where no vote was taken, I'm not really 18 comfortable and I think there should be a better 19 way.

20 CHAIR GIOVANNI: So Mr. Orodenker, are you 21 familiar with the phrase that was sited there, and 22 is that part of the pro forma that you use or are 23 directed to use?

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24 MR. ORODENKER: Yes.

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CHAIR GIOVANNI: Please explain.

1	MR. ORODENKER: The Governor's Office has
2	always given us direction on how and what we're
3	supposed to say in our opening paragraphs. This
4	Administration has for instance, has told us that
5	we're not to oppose any measure, we're just supposed
6	to put comments. But we are supposed to put our
7	support or our the methodology in which we're
8	testifying; in other words, if we have concerns to
9	start out by saying that.
10	Now, with that being said, I understand
11	what Commissioner Lee is saying and perhaps we can
12	wordsmith some language that would be acceptable to
13	the Governor's Office or to the Director's Office,
14	in this case.
15	CHAIR GIOVANNI: Which Director?
16	MR. ORODENKER: The Director of the
17	Department of Business and Economic Development,
18	because all our testimony has to go be approved by
19	the Director of DBEDT before it can be submitted.
20	CHAIR GIOVANNI: (Inaudible.)
21	MR. ORODENKER: Yes, that's correct. So I
22	mean, I'm sure I could work with the Director's
23	Office to come up with some different language.
24	I mean, I can do it. I can probably find
25	some way to amend the testimony or to amend that

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1 opening paragraph so that it's palatable to the 2 Governor's Office. I think that from a practical 3 standpoint, the legislators view me as the Land Use 4 Commission. I mean, that's part of what happens. 5 And I don't think it will change their perception 6 much, but I can put that in there if it makes the 7 Commissioners more comfortable.

CHAIR GIOVANNI: Commissioner Okuda. 8 9 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: It probably doesn't 10 make any difference to me because I turn into a 11 pumpkin in 15 minutes probably. But I think maybe, 12 Dan, the Executive Officer, one concern may be that 13 because the Land Use Commission is quasi-judicial, if there's affirmative statements saying the 14 15 Commission takes this specific position and is not qualified, you know, a devious attorney later might 16 17 say, well, you can't render a decision differently 18 than that in my DBA or my special permit application 19 because you have stated for the record that this is 20 the Land Use Commission's position.

So I think in explaining it to the Governor's Office or the head of DBEDT, it's just that because the Commission is quasi-judicial, it kind of requires, I think, a little bit different way of presentation, but I do agree with

Commissioner Lee that if a vote was taken, you know, 1 2 and that -- assuming that vote was from a proceeding 3 or hearing that was Sunshine Law compliant properly agendized and things like that, then that's a 4 5 different situation. But absent going through a 6 formal process, I think it might be worthwhile just 7 being a little bit more paranoid, you know, like me, about what statements could be misconstrued, yeah. 8

9 MR. ORODENKER: Thank you, Commissioner 10 I actually agree with you on that. I don't Okuda. 11 -- I mean, part of what's happened here is habit. 12 This is just the way we've been doing it for 20, 30 13 years, and I'm not adverse to changing it at all. 14 And I think that I can make a very strong argument, 15 and that was one that I was already contemplating in 16 my discussion with the Director of the Department of 17 Business and Economic Development.

18 CHAIR GIOVANNI: So what I'm hearing, and 19 I agree with, is that we do need to revise that first paragraph if it's being used generically or 20 21 commonly to better represent the actual situation. 22 I mean, it's fair to say, you know, if we've been 23 briefed on the measure, you know, that there's 24 testimony to be offered, but you -- we need to be 25 careful that you don't convey that we've actually

had an under Sunshine Law meeting and we, as a 1 2 Commission, endorsed or taken a position. 3 MR. ORODENKER: Yeah. I don't have any problem with changing the first paragraph, for 4 5 instance. I'm fighting to be able to do this to say 6 that I'm -- this testimony is submitted by Daniel 7 Orodenker, the Executive Officer of the Land Use 8 Commission --9 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Because you're 10 interpreted to be us, but these guys --11 MR. ORODENKER: And so -- and saying that, 12 you know, Staff's position -- Land Use Commission 13 Staff's position is -- and you know, I'll ask the 14 Director if that's okay, and if he says fine, then 15 I'm good with it. 16 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Commissioner Ohigashi. 17 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: I'm just -everybody's dancing around this pin. There's --18 MR. ORODENKER: Except for me. I'm stuck 19 20 with it. 21 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: No. There --22 there's -- and I'm not a pumpkin until June, so I'm 23 good. I mean -- anyway, there's this -- there's 24 this -- yeah. You shouldn't be saying these things 25 without our approval, right? And we can -- we can -

you can pass a rule. You can pass a resolution.
 You can pass whatever we want to pass or whatever we
 want to say. In order to represent the Commission
 before the legislature, the Executive Officer must
 receive a vote from the Commission.

6 Then the Governor comes up and tells you, 7 hey, I want this and this and this testimony. Are we going to expect Dan to say, no, my Commissioner 8 says I can't do that. Or are we going to punish 9 10 him, the Executive Officer, if he follows the 11 Governor's rules, knowing that we're just one cog in 12 this whole place. It creates, in my mind, a 13 difficult position for the Executive Officer.

It is better to follow that regulation 14 15 that we're required basis for dismissal, for 16 suspension, for anything like that, or is it 17 something that everybody will say, okay, well, we 18 understand because the Governor told you to do it. 19 If that is the case, this discussion kind of is 20 senseless because democracy doesn't work unless people are sensible about it and self-restrained 21 22 about it. So I'm just pointing that out. I'm a 23 short timer. It doesn't bother me because I won't 24 be around.

25

But we're failing to discuss this. What



is the reality of this situation? How are we going 1 2 to deal -- how are you guys going to deal with a 3 Governor who says -- or even a DBEDT guy says, no, I want it this way. And what if he can't change it? 4 5 He says, I want it this way. Are we going to say, 6 no, but our rules require it. I don't know the 7 answer to that. CHAIR GIOVANNI: 8 Yeah. 9 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: And I just bring 10 that up because --11 CHAIR GIOVANNI: No. I appreciate that. I do. It's an important point of view. And I don't 12 13 think it makes sense for us to create a bunch of 14 rules and regulations internally if we govern 15 testimony to be made. But I do think we need to be 16 cognizant of the issue that has been presented and 17 come up -- and as Dan -- as Mr. Orodenker has said, 18 you know, he thinks he can find the words and make 19 the case to satisfy the situation. 20 So what I'd like to propose for general

discussion and maybe concurrence is kind of a fourpart approach. And Commissioner Lee, you said you've been thinking about this, so if you want to modify my four-part to add a fifth or sixth, you're welcome to do that.

So part one, I think it's really important 1 that at the beginning of a legislative session, that 2 3 the Staff, as part of its internal review, prepare a document that informs the Commission of what bills 4 5 might be relevant and what bills you might be 6 testifying on and what impact they might have. 7 And my understanding, Mr. Orodenker, is that you kind of do that internally anyway, is that 8 9 right? 10 MR. ORODENKER: That is correct. And I 11 will be very honest with Commissioner Lee. This is 12 the first year we haven't presented the list to the 13 14 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Okay. Well, so be it. 15 So part one is like inform us as a group what's 16 coming down the pike at the legislature. And within 17 that review, do you tend to indicate whether there's 18 an issue in a particular bill and whether you tend 19 to -- you propose to testify or not? 20 MR. ORODENKER: Well, there -- my 21 suggestion, because there's so many bills that are 22 put in front of us, is that we bring in front of the Commission the bills that we are proposing to 23 24 testify and why and how our -- what our testimony is 25 going to be.

1	CHAIR GIOVANNI: Yeah, that's what I'm
2	asking for. Yeah. So step one is that you would
3	bring before the Commission at the beginning of a
4	session the relevant bills that you intend to
5	testify on and on what perspective. Right?

6 Part two is an opportunity for 7 Commissioners and Staff to exchange Q and A with each other. So whether you present that in a 8 meeting and we do it in on an agendized basis or you 9 -- that's obvious, we can have a discussion about 10 11 this bill or that. But if we don't have that 12 opportunity like we didn't this year just due to our 13 calendar, but you send that out to all of us, then 14 if -- I'm just going to use your name, Commissioner 15 Lee -- then if Commissioner Lee has a question or a 16 concern, there's nothing to prevent Commissioner Lee 17 from contacting Mr. Orodenker and having a discussion about it. So -- but it will be an 18 19 informed discussion because you know it's on the 20 list and you know he intends to testify, right? 21 As a practical matter, it's going to be, 22 I'm going to say, impossible -- not virtually 23 impossible. It's going to be impossible for this 24 group to meet under Sunshine Law to discuss on a 25 bill-by-bill basis in a manner that's timely and



supports the calendar of hearings and testimony that
 occurs at the legislature. So we've got to give
 some leeway to those who choose to testify.

So I would say that there's two 4 5 opportunities. Number three is testimony by 6 Executive Officer. He's notified us. He's given 7 each Commissioner opportunity to discuss concerns about it. Yet, he's being directed or he has 8 concluded on his own and then he's testified. And 9 10 the important thing, I think, is what you just said. 11 You can modify that testimony to make it clear that we haven't voted on it and you're not speaking for a 12 13 voted consensus of the Commission, but you're speaking as the Executive Officer, and in that 14 15 respect, probably the most informed person in Hawaii 16 about these issues. And you've got the freedom to 17 do that, but subject to that -- those modifications 18 you talked about.

The fourth part is, and I don't know the rules on this, so it's part suggestion and part question, if at the end of the day any Commissioner feels that unsatisfied and they want to testify on their own, they can do that. They can do that not as a Commissioner. They can mention that they're a Commissioner on their resume, but got to just

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testify, if I understand correctly, as an individual 1 2 like we have public testimony. And you can do that. 3 And you have the freedom to testify in opposition to whatever Mr. Orodenker said, correct? 4 5 So that's my four-part plan for how we go 6 forward. Does that make sense, or does anybody want 7 to add a part to that? Mr. Lee? 8 9 **COMMISSIONER LEE:** Thank you, Chair. And 10 I appreciate the comments from the Executive 11 Officer. I know he's in a very delicate position, and it's not easy, and I respect that. I think 12 13 there's room for the Executive Officer to discuss with the leadership of the Department that it's in 14 15 their interest to find and craft a way to do this 16 that doesn't hurt our operations and present us with 17 liability or other problems as Commissioner Okuda 18 has brought up. 19 Yeah, these things kind of change. We can 20 all testify in our individual capacity, but we might 21 now know unless we're informed that -- you know, 22 some of the steps you brought are great that we --23 you know, a lot of times it's only three or four 24 issues that are really that contentious. And you 25 know, other stuff is not as important.

1	But if we know that this is where I
2	don't want to prescribe any solution because some
3	boards, they notify they send out a copy of the
4	testimony to all their board members when they do
5	submit something and say, you know, FYI, we just
6	submitted this testimony. Some boards, even within
7	DBEDT, will bring up these are the bills and they
8	agendize it and they have discussion on every single
9	one, and sometimes they even have it every month,
10	you know. I don't know that that's the practical
11	answer for us, but I just wanted to have some
12	discussion of what the policy is and that we're
13	informed if something happens that a position is
14	taken.
15	Sometimes positions can be very

16 controversial. Sometimes, like you said, you know, 17 we might be able to finesse a better answer, you know, with all the minds here and provide input. 18 19 That would relieve some of the pressure from the 20 Executive Officer to take the sole brunt of any 21 criticism. So I think it works both ways, you know, 22 and I do appreciate having this discussion. And I 23 hope that the powers that be will see the wisdom of 24 taking a different approach. Thank you, Chair. 25 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Thank you.

Anybody else? 1 Commissioner Carr Smith. 2 3 **COMMISSIONER CARR SMITH:** Yeah. Just 4 briefly. So when the Governor asks you to testify on 5 something, is that one of those items that you've 6 learned about at the beginning of the session or is 7 it something that comes along midway, random? And I'm just curious what if the Commission wasn't in 8 9 favor of that? Would you -- how would you feel 10 about that? 11 MR. ORODENKER: Well, as far as what if the Commission wasn't in favor of it, I don't know 12 13 an answer to that. We do live and swim in the Governor's pool, you know, so we have to be 14 15 cognizant that we are a part of the Administration, 16 although the Commission is granted a lot of 17 independence, but we are a part of the 18 Administration. So you know, if there's something 19 that I get instructed to testify on in a certain 20 matter, that's what I do. 21 As far as when and how those things 22 happen, sometimes we get a lot of heads-up. We get 23 -- in the summertime when everybody's putting their 24 packages together, the Governor says, okay, I want 25 an initiative from this organization or that

1	organization and I want everybody to jump onboard.
2	And I get this through the Director's Office.
3	That's how I get the communications is the Director
4	will call me usually.

5 Sometimes I get calls from the Governor's 6 Office, but a lot of times it's just the Director 7 will tell me, you know, this is what the Administration's position is. We want you to 8 support it. The difficulty comes when a bill is 9 submitted at the end of the allowed submission time 10 11 because there's a deadline on when bills have to be 12 submitted. And it's not something that anybody 13 contemplated or was discussed with us or anything 14 like that, and then I start getting calls from --15 usually from legislators and sometimes even from a 16 congressional delegation on, you know, they want me 17 to support it or they want me to make comments that 18 will allow for amendments or -- and things like 19 that.

And then I get -- I mean, that's -- I don't have a lot of time. I mean, I usually communicate with the Chair what's happening. But those are very -- as Brian pointed out, that puts me in a very awkward position because, as I say, on the one hand we're swimming in the Administration's pool

and on the other hand we are a nine- member 1 2 Commission, so there are different views on things. 3 It's very fluid, and we really -- the only things -- this one particular measure was an 4 5 oddball, and we didn't get the request to testify in 6 support of it until it was --7 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Is that (inaudible). MR. ORODENKER: Yeah, until actually, you 8 know, it was brought to our attention and then I got 9 10 a phone call afterwards and -- you know, it's just 11 one of those political things. But usually the only things worth testifying on are bills that impact 12 13 Chapter 205. And for the most part, unless all of a sudden this Commission decides it wants to dissolve 14 15 itself, what we're basically doing is trying to 16 support the Commission as an entity. 17 There are a lot of bills that I testify 18 I -- over the years, not in any one particular on. 19 session, but there are a lot of bills that I've 20 testified on where we haven't weighed in on the 21 measure at the beginning. But an amendment is made 22 and all of a sudden, we look at it and we say, 23 there's no way we could implement this. We've got 24 to get the language to change, you know, and so a 25 lot of our testimony is basically helping --

1 assisting the legislators in crafting something that
2 makes functional sense.

3 CHAIR GIOVANNI: So Dan, tell the 4 Commission -- I think each of us have heard pieces 5 of it, but at the end of last legislative session 6 there was that bill that underwent major rewrite 7 right before the last day of the leg. And you got 8 involved. How did you get involved, and what was 9 the circumstance?

10 MR. ORODENKER: Okay. So there was a 11 measure last year that was moved just right through 12 the legislature that would have raised -- in a 13 nutshell, it would have raised the minimum from 15 14 acres to, through most of the legislative session, 15 some negotiated larger number. And as it moved 16 through the legislature, on the House side it was 17 still amorphous, but when it crossed over to the 18 Senate, one particular Senator negotiated, I think 19 it was, 30 acres for the new cap.

And then it went into -- it passed both houses in different forms, and then it went into conference. And two days before the session ended, we got a copy of what had been -- the Conference Committee was coming out with, and initially, it was an amendment -- we could make an amendment that can

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1 make it work. So we contacted the Conference 2 Committee Chairs and said, look, you know, if you 3 change this line into that line, it might be 4 palatable.

5 Well, they then went back in and gutted it 6 even more and basically reinserted a bill that had 7 died in place of the bill that had passed. And that popped out the day before session ended, and it was 8 -- I started getting phone calls from all sorts of 9 10 people involved in land use who were upset about it 11 and so forth and so on, and asking me to help them in getting the measure held until the following 12 session when it could be fixed. 13

14 And I had 24 hours to act, and that was my 15 position that, hey, look, you know, it's not that this is a bad idea. It's just the way that it's 16 17 currently written, it doesn't work, and you should 18 hold it over until next year when we can fix it. 19 But I didn't have any time to talk to anybody about 20 that. That was -- you know, I woke up in the 21 morning and there it was, and I immediately had to 22 jump into it, so, you know, that's the kind of thing 23 that I have to deal with sometimes.

24 CHAIR GIOVANNI: So what happened to the 25 bill?

1	MR. ORODENKER: Well, the bill we got
2	the bill held in the end. And it died on the floor,
3	actually, because it the Conference Committee had
4	already voted it out, and it died on the floor in
5	both houses. Or actually it was I don't think it
6	died on the floor. I think that it was decided that
7	it was not going to be put to vote. I think that's
8	more accurate. It was decided by both houses that
9	it was not going to be put to vote. The next
10	session came around, and the authors of the bill
11	decided that they just didn't want to pursue it, and
12	so it didn't move.
13	CHAIR GIOVANNI: And so the first I as

13 CHAIR GIOVANNI: And so the first I -- as 14 Chair, you know -- and Dan, you do a great job 15 proactively giving me heads-up on things. This 16 happened so fast, I heard about it after the fact. 17 It had already died by the time you came up for air 18 to tell me about it. So I mean, that's the reality 19 of the world we live in.

20 MR. ORODENKER: Yeah. It's not fun. My 21 wife starts feeding me stress release vitamins at 22 the beginning of every session, and my Staff tiptoes 23 around me for a few months. It's -- you never know 24 what's going to happen on a day-to-day basis. I 25 mean, I literally get calls from legislators saying,

hey, look, I need your input on this. I want you to 1 2 come to the hearing and explain to me why this is 3 not a good idea so we can amend it and implement it. You know, I mean, and it happens that quickly. 4 5 Usually, I have enough time to call the Chair and 6 tell him what's happening, sometimes. But 7 sometimes, it's the morning of the hearing, you know, and they ask me to come because they want me 8 to straighten something out. 9 10 CHAIR GIOVANNI: But it's an FYI. It's not a what do you think, how should I testify. It's 11 12 just an FYI. 13 MR. ORODENKER: Because as I said, 90 percent of my testimony is, look, if you're going to 14 15 do this, the way you've got it written doesn't work. 16 You have to do it a different way, you know. 17 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Commissioner Lee? 18 **COMMISSIONER LEE:** Yeah. I appreciate 19 this discussion. And I like the Governor. I don't 20 agree with him on everything, but he appointed me. And I think if the Governor or the Director of DBEDT 21 22 were to understand some of the issues that we face 23 that Commissioner Ohigashi and Commissioner Okuda 24 brought up, that it has ramifications beyond just 25 simple written words, you know, I think that they



would then be more amenable to some of the ideas on
 how we could temper the testimony.

3 And yeah, there's no time to be directing the Executive Officer every little step. I mean, 4 5 you know, on the whole, he knows what he's doing, 6 you know, and he has more knowledge than, like I 7 said, probably all of us combined on these issues. And so I think his testimony carries weight without 8 presenting liability to us, and I'm pretty sure that 9 10 you can come up with a way to present a way to 11 testify that wouldn't cause harm to what we want to do, and that you would be able to explain that. 12

13 MR. ORODENKER: I propose, Commissioner, 14 that by next September, October, that we come up 15 with language and I get it approved and get this 16 Commission to approve it, and then when session 17 rolls around, as soon as we possibly can, we come 18 with the bills and talk about them.

19 **COMMISSIONER LEE:** Yeah. And written 20 testimony is different than when you have private 21 discussions with legislators as well, so you know 22 there's a different avenues of presenting what your 23 position would be on things.

24 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Yeah, I like that. Let 25 me just add, though, in contrast that if you see a

bill that is very much something you'd like to 1 2 testify in support of and you have time to bring it 3 before this Commission and request the support of this Commission, under Sunshine, I don't, you know -4 5 6 MR. ORODENKER: Most certainly. 7 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Yeah. And then you could write that letter that says we discussed it, we 8 voted on it, we like it as a Commission. But at 9 10 least we've gone through the process, right? So that option is there if time presents itself and it 11 can be done. 12 13 Commissioner Yamane. 14 COMMISSIONER YAMANE: Thank you. I just 15 wanted to state I've been in our Executive Officer's 16 shoes. My last 18 years at KUC was strictly 17 legislative affairs and representing our company and 18 talking to our Board of Directors on positions that 19 we're going to take on bills, so I really appreciate 20 what you have to go through. 21 I can tell you right now, I fully support 22 our Executive Officer saying the Land Use Commission. I don't have any problem -- whatever we 23 24 do, I'm okay with. But just for the record, I mean, 25 it's hard enough already with all the other issues

1	that Commissioners will agree or disagree on.
2	But I just wanted to go on record that
3	whatever our Executive Officer does at the
4	legislature, I believe is in the best interest of
5	the Land Use Commission. And it's not opinion on
6	any petition request or anything. It's something
7	that will protect the Land Use Commission, so I
8	fully support our Executive Officer representing the
9	Land Use Commission. I don't think we need to make
10	special languages. We should have a backup if the
11	DBEDT Director or Governor doesn't accept that as a
12	possibility, but what I have learned and it is
13	helpful having to deal with our legislators is some
14	blowbacks of positions of the company or the
15	Commission.
16	And one thing that helps is what we're
17	talking about, is here are the bills that are coming
18	up. Here's the position that Land Use Commission is

19 going to take. This is why it helps the Commission, 20 so that's -- we already talked about one. And then 21 we can have discussion and Commissioners can agree 22 or disagree or fine.

But I think more importantly than that is the potential of our own legislators representing our islands coming to us and saying, hey, Mike, what

is the Land Use Commission doing supporting this? 1 You're on the Land Use Commission, do you support 2 3 this? And what is helpful if - and our Executive Officer being around the legislature for so long, I 4 5 think he can kind of tell that this might be a 6 sensitive issue with this legislator, this 7 legislator, so here, Mike, this is a heads-up that this is what we're doing. So if you get any kind of 8 blowback from other legislators, this is what you 9 10 can tell them; in other words, inform us so that when that happens we can say, this is why we're 11 12 doing it.

13 That is -- that was, I think, in my years 14 of experience, the best thing I can do. It's not --15 because they're going to -- you know, you guys are 16 the experts on the land use, on what is best for the 17 Commission, but we just need to know why that is so 18 that when we're tapped on the shoulder or yanked on 19 the ear and says, you're on the Land Use Commission, 20 what did you guys do, we know what to do say. I 21 think that was the most help for me when I'm dealing 22 with representing a company on behalf of the whole 23 company, but yet, knowing that this legislator knows 24 this Board of Director, and that they might approach 25 us, but I need to make sure our Board of Directors

1 know that this is a potential, so that we're 2 informed and ready to answer and defend, honestly, 3 our position. That's what I wanted to say. Thank 4 you.

5 CHAIR GIOVANNI: That's very helpful.
6 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: One more comment.
7 CHAIR GIOVANNI: You're not a pumpkin yet?
8 Okay.

9 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: I agree with Mike, 10 but what struck me was that Dan utilizes. Dan O. utilizes all possible levers to try and see if he 11 can understand or try and see if he can fix an 12 13 issue. I know he has called me, but I referred him to my wife, concerning certain issues with certain 14 15 legislators. And I think his ability to find out 16 true positions and try and help and contact all 17 these legislators, whatever assistance he gets, is 18 one of the attributes of it that I think is 19 important in this case.

I think this is an excellent discussion as to what the reality in life as the EO does, and I think that it's important that we don't leave out the fact that we are political animals. We are. And that this -- that -- and it's not a bad word, "political." It means we're people and we have all

1	different interests or all different competing
2	interests, and we try to leverage whatever we can to
3	try and see if our position comes correctly.
4	And for our Executive Officer, I think,
5	his motive is what is best for the Land use
6	Commission, like Mike Yamane says. And I think that
7	this kind of discussion shows that he has that
8	ability to care for what the organization is and to
9	keep it running. For him to defy the Governor, for
10	him to defy his DBEDT would not would reflect
11	badly on the Commission's work and not in overt ways
12	but in subtle ways. And that's, I think, the
13	balance, and I like to congratulate you for trying
14	to keep that balance in this kind of situation.
15	CHAIR GIOVANNI: Thank you, Commissioner.
16	I mean, I think this has been a really
17	healthy discussion, and I've learned a lot from it.
18	And hopefully, Mr. Orodenker, you've gotten the a
19	little bit of guidance that will help your job be a
20	little bit easier.
21	MR. ORODENKER: Yes, Chair. Thank you.
22	CHAIR GIOVANNI: And I think it's about
23	communication. Just keep us informed and especially
24	at the beginning of a session.
25	MR. ORODENKER: I most certainly will do

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1 so. CHAIR GIOVANNI: Yeah, great. 2 3 Any additional comments on this by anyone? Okay. We're good. We'll move on. I'm going to do 4 this first. 5 MR. ORODENKER: Okay. 6 7 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Okay. Our May 8th meeting will be held at the University of Hawaii-8 9 Maui College. Their cafeteria is expected to be 10 closed, so this Commission intends to work through 11 lunch. I would request Staff to arrange for a lunch to be provided to the full Commission to facilitate 12 13 that meeting. Can I ask for that? Thank you. We have one more agenda item, and this one 14 15 comes with a heavy heart. It's aloha to Gary. So this is Gary's last official --16 17 This is your last meeting, huh? So Gary, 18 when does your term end officially? 19 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: I think April 28th. 20 CHAIR GIOVANNI: April 28th. We're not 21 scheduled to have another meeting in April, so this 22 might be the last opportunity that we're here as a 23 group. It looks like Dan wants to do something. 24 So Dan, do what you're going to do, and 25 then --

COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: As the oldest 1 2 member of the Commission -- as the oldest member of 3 the Commission, I'm going to give you my personal gift to you. 4 5 MR. ORODENKER: (Inaudible.) 6 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: You're welcome. 7 MR. ORODENKER: Gary is famous for you have a spread instead of just individual sandwiches. 8 9 (Inaudible.) 10 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: How about the 11 cheapest one. 12 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Thank you very much, 13 Commissioner Ohigashi. I promise that I will stay 14 in touch with you in the future because you are one 15 of my truly people that I really, really look 16 forward to seeing you, so I really appreciate this 17 from the bottom of my heart. I can't tell you how 18 much I do. 19 MR. ORODENKER: And then I just wanted to say that it's been a pleasure having Gary on the 20 21 Commission. He came on reluctantly, but he has been 22 a welcome addition. We are -- I respect his 23 intellect and his dedication and his commitment to 24 the community and what's doing best -- what was best 25 for the community, and he will be sorely missed. Ι



1	hope we will stay in touch and we'll stay friends.
2	He has been a wonderful addition to the Commission,
3	and I it's a pleasure getting to know you.
4	And with that, we have a plaque for your
5	participation, which you're free to
6	CHAIR GIOVANNI: Oh, that's my new gavel.
7	That's what you did with it.
8	MR. ORODENKER: which you're free to
9	plant with your naupaka.
10	COMMISSIONER OKUDA: I have nothing to
11	say.
12	CHAIR GIOVANNI: Well, we're not going to
13	let you get out of here without saying something.
14	But before we give you the microphone, I mean,
15	anybody can speak, but I just want to put a couple
16	of words out there from myself, Gary.
17	I mean, I didn't I knew that LUC stood
18	for Land Use Commission, but that's about the extent
19	of my knowledge of how this place operated and what
20	its business was and, you know, at this point in my
21	life, I just want to do things that are meaningful
22	and meaningful to Hawaii. And I can say quite simply
23	and honestly that you showed me the way, personally.
24	You took me under your tutorage and educated me
25	incredibly, and I just thank you for that, and I

1	thank you for your patience with me and your support
2	every step of the way. We've never had a hearing in
3	which you chose to speak that I didn't learn
4	something, so and more than anything, you taught
5	me boy, am I glad I didn't ever become a lawyer
6	because I don't want to be one of those. But I do
7	absolutely respect and appreciate what you've done
8	for this Commission and for this community and for
9	our State. Thank you very much, Gary.
10	Anybody else want to say anything?
11	Okay. Commissioner Ohigashi.
12	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: I want to thank
13	Gary. He did the tough work sometimes. A lot of it
14	is because we're lawyers. And what we know is that
15	if there is nowadays, you can you can appeal -
16	- anyone can appeal anything. Technically, this
17	today's hearing, it can be appealed by somebody
18	sitting outside, and they'll have standing.
19	Through the time that I've been on the
20	Commission, Gary has made sure that there is a
21	record that we can follow. He has made sure that
22	there are points that we can rely upon. And one of
23	the best things I've known about him, and I'll say
24	this truthfully, the best thing I know of him is in
25	the Hawaiian Memorial case, when he voted against

1 the issuance of the DBA, he assisted in writing the 2 findings of fact to make sure it stands up. And his 3 feet was very little. He -- before that, so I 4 commend him for his service on this Land Use 5 Commission.

And for all of us who had to endure the 6 7 constant and long questioning that he had, huh? And what made the snide remarks that I have made about 8 him, I want you to know that I appreciate and I 9 10 appreciate him -- I appreciate him from the very beginning, and he's voted with me a couple times 11 12 when I was alone, and I want to thank you. And I'm 13 going to miss you, Gary, but not that much.

14 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Okay, Gary.

15 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Yeah. I won't take 16 more than half an hour. But --

17 CHAIR GIOVANNI: Take all the time you
18 want.

19 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: No, no. I'd like to 20 thank everyone. I'd especially like to thank the 21 Staff. I told Dan Orodenker before that I believe 22 the Land Use Commission Staff is the best planning 23 firm in town.

24 When I first came on the Commission, which 25 I've told everybody was a fluke, and that I wasn't



supposed to be appointed, I was just picked because 1 2 at that time, the first preference person decided at 3 the last minute not to serve, my first comment to Dan Orodenker was something on the lines like, I 4 5 don't know why I'm appointed to this Commission. 6 It's just full of crooks, yeah? And my citation to 7 that is Gavin Daw's book, Land and Power in Hawaii, 8 yeah?

9 Well, I found that my assumption, like 10 many things, was wrong about that. And in fact, a 11 lot of assumptions that I've had going into these 12 hearings were wrong after I listened to the 13 evidence, so I really shouldn't have been here for a 14 lot of reasons.

I can tell Nancy Carr Smith later on some 15 stories of my grandparents, you know, in the Waiakea 16 17 house lots, you know, before the ILWU had organized 18 the docks and how the luna would come over to the 19 house, and you know, you don't bribe the luna, you 20 don't work the next day, so you know, I shouldn't be 21 here. But I guess, you know, when you say this is 22 America, that's the good thing about being in 23 America, so I thank everybody.

It's been a great experience. I know the Commission is in good hands going forward with a lot

1	of people who have experience here, but I promise I
2	will try to avoid seeing all of you so you don't
3	have to be stuck listening to me for the last half
4	an hour. Like my wife always says, why do you keep
5	repeating the same story twice. But my answer to
6	her is, you could have been married to these other
7	guys and she would still be working, so anyway,
8	with that, plenty, plenty thanks to everyone, and I
9	appreciate all the good things that have happened
10	over the last eight years.
11	CHAIR GIOVANNI: Gary, would you mind if
12	we collected and ask maybe for somebody to take a
13	photograph of us?
14	COMMISSIONER OKUDA: That's fine.
15	CHAIR GIOVANNI: When I adjourn the
16	meeting. Thanks, Ariana.
17	Anybody else want to say anything? Okay.
18	This meeting is adjourned.
19	(The meeting adjourned at 1:28 p.m.)
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1	CERTIFICATE
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3	I, Jodi Dean do hereby certify that the proceeding
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