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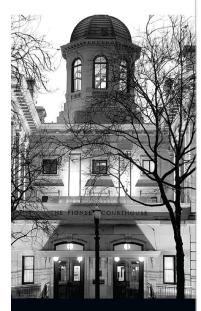
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STATE OF HAWAII

LAND USE COMMISSION

Hearing held on December 22, 2021

Commencing at 9:30 a.m.

Held via Zoom by Interactive Conference Technology

I. CALL TO ORDER

II.ADOPTION OF MINUTES

November 10, 2021 Minutes November 23, 2021 Minutes

- III. Tentative Meeting Schedule
- IV. ACTION-DR21-73 HONOIPU HIDEWAY, LLC (Hawaii) To Consider Petition for Boundary Interpretation for certain land consisting of approximately 17,5470 acres situated at 56-102 Old Coast Guard Road, Tax Map Key No. (3)5-6-001-074, Kapaa-Upolu, North Kohala, County of Hawaii, State of Hawaii

RECESS

V.

1	APPEARANCES BY VIDEOCONFERENCE:
2	
3	COMMISSIONERS PRESENT:
4	Jonathan Scheuer
5	Nancy Cabral
6	Dawn N.S. Chang
7	Lee Ohigashi
8	Dan Giovanni
9	Arnold Wong
10	
11	COMMISSIONERS EXCUSED:
12	Edmund Aczon
13	Gary Okuda
14	
15	
16	STAFF PRESENT BY VIDEOCONFERENCE:
17	Daniel Orodenker, Executive Officer
18	Linda Chow, Deputy Attorney General
19	Scott Derrickson, Chief Planner
20	Riley Hakoda, Staff Planner
21	Natasha Quinones, Program Specialist/Chief Clerk
22	
23	
24	
25	

1	Hearing held on December 22, 2021
2	Commencing at 9:30 a.m.
3	Held via Zoom by Interactive Conference Technology
4	
5	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Aloha mai kakou and
6 g	good morning. This is the December 22, 2021, Land
7 ט	Jse Commission meeting which is being held using
8 i	nteractive conference technology linking
9 v	videoconference participants and other interested
10 i	ndividuals of the public via the Zoom Internet
11 c	conferencing platform, of course, to comply with the
12 o	ongoing state and county operational directives
13 d	during this still ongoing COVID-19 pandemic.
14	Members of the public are able to view the
15 m	meeting via the Zoom webinar platform.
16	For all meeting participants, I want to
17 s	stress the importance of speaking slowly, clearly,
18 a	and directly into your microphone. Before speaking,
19 i	t is helpful if you state your name and identify
20 y	yourself for the record. Also, please be aware for
21 a	all meeting participants, this meeting is being
22 r	recorded. Your continued participation is your
23 i	mplied consent to be part of the public record for
24 t	chis event. If you do not wish to be part of the
25 p	oublic record, you should leave the meeting now.

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1	This Zoom conferencing technology allows
2	the parties and each participating commissioner
3	individual remote access to the meeting via our own
4	personal digital devices. Because of that, due to
5	matters often entirely outside of our own control,
6	occasional disruptions to connectivity may occur.
7	If this does occur, please let us know and please be
8	patient as we try to restore audiovisual signals to
9	we may conduct business during the pandemic.
10	For any members of the public attending
11	who wish to testify on any matters where public
12	testimony is allowed, if you're calling in by phone,
13	you can use the $9*$ key sequence to raise your
14	hand. Otherwise, members who are accessing this
15	Zoom software can use your raise hand function.
16	We will take breaks from time to time,
17	approximately 10 minutes every hour.
18	My name is Jonathan Scheuer and I
19	currently have the ongoing honor and pleasure of
20	serving as the Land Use Commission Chair. We
21	currently have eight seated commissioners of a
22	possible nine. Along with me, Commissioner Don
23	Chang, Commissioner Arnold Wong, our LUC Executive
24	Officer Dan Orodenker, our Chief Planner Scott
25	Derrickson, our Staff Planner Riley Hakoda, our

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1	Chief Clerk Natasha Quinones, and our Deputy
2	Attorney General Linda Chow are on the island of
3	Oahu. Commissioner Nancy Cabral is on Hawaii
4	island. Commissioner Lee Ohigashi holds it up for
5	us on Maui, and Commissioner Dan Giovanni is on the
6	island of Kauai. Court reporting transcriptions are
7	being done from this Zoom recording.
8	I will note for today regarding
9	attendance, Commissioners Okuda and Aczon are
10	excused from today's meeting.
11	Our first order of business is adoption of
12	the November 10 and 23, 2021 minutes.
13	Ms. Quinones, has anybody submitted
14	written testimony regarding adoption of the minutes?
15	MS. QUINONES: Good morning, Chair. This
16	is Natasha. No. There is no written testimony
17	has been received on the minutes.
18	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Okay. Thank you.
19	Is there any member of the public who
20	wishes to testify on adoption of the minutes? If
21	so, use the raise your hand function.
22	Seeing none, commissioners, are there any
23	comments or corrections on the minutes?
24	If not, is there a motion to adopt?
25	Commissioner Wong?

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1 COMMISSIONER WONG: Chair, this is 2 Commissioner Wong. I move that we adopt the 3 minutes, both minutes. 4 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Okay. Commissioner 5 Cabral? 6 COMMISSIONER CABRAL: I'll second that 7 motion for both of the minutes. COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Thank you. 8 The 9 motion has been made by Commissioner Wong and 10 seconded by Commissioner Cabral to adopt both sets 11 of minutes from the November 10 and 23 meetings. 12 Any discussion? 13 Seeing none, Mr. Orodenker, please poll 14 the commission. 15 MR. ORODENKER: Thank you, Mr. Chair. 16 The motion is to adopt the minutes. 17 Commissioner Wong? 18 COMMISSIONER WONG: Ave. 19 MR. ORODENKER: Commissioner Cabral? 20 COMMISSIONER CABRAL: Aye. 21 MR. ORODENKER: Commissioner Chang? 22 COMMISSIONER CHANG: Aye. 23 MR. ORODENKER: Commissioner Giovanni? 24 COMMISSIONER GIOVANNI: Aye. 25 MR. ORODENKER: Commissioner Ohigashi?



COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: 1 Yes. 2 MR. ORODENKER: Chair Scheuer? 3 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Aye. 4 MR. ORODENKER: Thank you, Mr. Chair. The 5 motion passes unanimously with six votes. 6 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Thank you. 7 Our next agenda item is the tentative 8 meeting schedule. 9 Again, Mr. Orodenker? 10 MR. ORODENKER: Thank you, Mr. Chair. 11 Tomorrow, we will once again be meeting to hear a continuation of this matter if necessary and 12 13 to hear the Kekaha Agriculture Association IAL 14 matter. 15 I should let the commissioners know that 16 due to high COVID counts that we recently have been 17 subjected to that, it is our intention at least 18 through the end of January to hold meetings via 19 Zoom. 20 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Mr. Orodenker, 21 you're breaking up a little bit. I'm not sure why. 22 MR. ORODENKER: On January 5th, we will be 23 having a presentation from the OPS, the 24 sustainability coordinator. On January 6th --25 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Whoa, whoa, whoa,

Hawaii State Land Meeting December 22, 2021 NDT Assgn # 54804

Page 7

1 w	whoa. Somebody is moving papers next to a
2 m	microphone or something. Sorry. It was kind of
3 d	deafening. Sorry. I apologize, again, Dan.
4	MR. ORODENKER: Thank you, Mr. Chair.
5	On January 6th, we will be taking up the
6 0	Dahu IAL matter.
7	On January 19th, we have SB21-413 which is
8 N	New Century Public Charter School Special Permit.
9 W	Ne will also be hearing that matter on January 20th
10 w	wit possibly DR21-72, a Motion for Reconsideration
11 0	of the Church Matter.
12	On February 2nd, we will have a hearing on
13 -	once again, we'll have the New Century Public
14 C	Charter School matter and if possible, and if
15 n	necessary, a continued hearing on the Oahu IAL
16 m	natter.
17	The same for February 3rd. And on
18 F	February 16th, we will be having a hearing on the
19 a	acceptance of the FEA for Pulama Lanai Miki Basin.
20 A	And on February 17th, we will also be taking up that
21 m	matter as well as Kaukonahua Ranch.
22	On March 9th, we will be hearing DR21-72,
23 w	which is the Church-Hildal matter. On March 10th,
24 w	we also have set aside if necessary a continuation
25 o	of the Oahu IAL matter and the Kaukonahua Ranch

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1	matter.
2	On March 23rd, we will be taking up the
3	Waiawa Solar Farm matter, and on the 24th, we will
4	be taking up the FEIS acceptance for AO37-39, which
5	is the Kanaha Hotel.
6	On April 13th we have a continuation of
7	the Waiawa Solar Farm matter and we also have that
8	as tentative for April 14th if necessary.
9	And then that takes us through the end of
10	April. From there the calendar is tentative.
11	Thank you, Mr. Chair.
12	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Thank you. And I
13	believe you said at the beginning when your audio
14	was a little bit off that due to the increase in
15	case counts we're intending to meet virtually at
16	least through the end of January; is that correct?
17	MR. ORODENKER: That's correct, Mr.
18	Chairman.
19	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Okay.
20	Commissioners, are there any questions?
21	Seeing none oh, Commissioner Giovanni?
22	No? Okay.
23	Any other questions or any questions,
24	commissioners?
25	Seeing none. Thank you very much, Dan.

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1	Our next agenda item is an action item
2	regarding Docket No. DR21-73, Honoipu Hideaway, LLC
3	(Hawaii) to consider a petition for a boundary
4	interpretation for certain lands consisting of
5	approximately 17.5470 acres situated at 56-102 Old
6	Coast Guard Road, Tax Map Key 35-6-001-074 Kapaa-
7	Upolu, North Kohala, County of Hawaii, State of
8	Hawaii.
9	Will the parties please identify
10	themselves for the record, beginning with the
11	petitioner?
12	MR. CHIPCHASE: Good morning, Chair,
13	Commissioners.
14	Cal Chipchase, Chris Gooding, and Molly
15	Olds for the petitioner, Honoipu Hideaway.
16	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Thank you.
17	County of Hawaii, you're with us?
18	MS. CAMPBELL: Yes. Jean Campbell, Deputy
19	Corporation Counsel of the County of Hawaii.
20	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Okay. Thank you,
21	Ms. Campbell.
22	Ms. Kato?
23	MS. KATO: Alison Kato, Deputy Attorney
24	General for the Office of Planning and Sustainable
25	Development. Also here are Lorene Maki and Mary



1	Alice Evans from the Office of Planning and
2	Sustainable Development. Thank you.
3	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Thank you very
4	much.
5	Let me next update the record.
6	On June 25, 2021, we received a petition
7	for a declaratory order for a boundary
8	interpretation, a verification of the petition,
9	petitioner's Exhibits 1-26, and a certificate of
10	service.
11	On June 28th, the Commission received the
12	petitioner's filing of a cashier's check for \$1,000.
13	On September 8th, the petitioner filed the
14	survey of the subject property reflecting the
15	location of the conservation district boundary line
16	along the edge of the road.
17	On September 14th, the county of Hawaii
18	filed a statement of no position and notice of
19	nonappearance.
20	On September 15th, the LUC staff sent an
21	errata letter to the petitioner.
22	On October 11th, the Commission received
23	the petitioner's response to the errata letter.
24	On December 6th, the commission received
25	the petitioner's supplemental memorandum in support

Hawaii State Land Meeting

December 22, 2021 NDT Assgn # 54804 Page 11



Hawaii State Land Meeting	December 22, 2021	NDT Assan # 54804	Page 12

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1	of the petition for declaratory order, a declaration
2	of Nathan Eggen and Miles Horrea (phonetic),
3	Exhibits 1-32, and a certificate of service.
4	On December 13th, the Office of Planning
5	and Sustainable Development filed its position on
6	the petition for declaratory order, Exhibits 1-4,
7	and a certificate of service. Also on that date,
8	the Commissioner mailed an email, the meeting agenda
9	for the December 22 and 23, 2021 meetings to the
10	parties in this docket and to our statewide and
11	county mailing lists.
12	On December 16th, the petitioner filed a
13	supplemental exhibit list, Exhibits 33-34 and a
14	certificate of service.
15	And this morning, the commission received
16	a petitioner's late filing of a supplemental exhibit
17	list, Exhibits 35-39 and a certificate of service.
18	Have I left anything out, petitioner?
19	MR. CHIPCHASE: Chair, the only exhibit
20	that you left out I believe was filed this morning.
21	It's Exhibit 40.
22	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Okay. It's hard
23	when they're last minute, counselor.
24	MR. CHIPCHASE: I understand, Chair. I
25	absolutely do.

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COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: 1 It does create a burden for the staff and the commissioners. 2 3 MR. CHIPCHASE: I respect that as well. 4 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Let me briefly now 5 run over our procedures for the docket. First, I'll 6 give the petitioner an opportunity to acknowledge 7 the commission's policy governing reimbursement of hearing expenses. Then, I'll acknowledge any 8 9 written testimony that has been submitted in this matter. I'll then allow for any public testimony 10 11 from members attending. After the completion of 12 testimony, I will -- from the general public, I will 13 allow the county and then the state to offer any 14 testimony if they will. Following their testimony, I will call on the petitioner to make their 15 16 presentation. After that, I will ask for any 17 questions from the commissioners. 18 If there is time available, I may offer 19 the commissioners to ask any further clarifying 20 questions from the county or the state and any 21 opportunity to rebut or further clarify from 22 counsel. And finally, based on the information 23 received today, the commission will determine further action. 24 25 Are there any questions on our procedures



for today? 1 2 Mr. Chipchase? 3 MR. CHIPCHASE: No, Chair. 4 **COMMISSIONER SCHEUER:** Okay. Ms. 5 Campbell? 6 Ms. Campbell, it is an audio recording of 7 this record so you're shaking your head even 8 vigorously. 9 MS. CAMPBELL: No questions. Thank you. 10 **COMMISSIONER SCHEUER:** Thank you. 11 MS. KATO: No questions. Thank you. 12 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Thank you. Okay. 13 So to move on, Mr. Chipchase, can you acknowledge that you've reviewed Haw. 15-15-45.1 14 15 with regard to the reimbursement of hearing expenses 16 and state your client's position on the matter? 17 MR. CHIPCHASE: Yes, chair. Reviewed, 18 acknowledged, and accepted. 19 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Okay. Thank you. 20 Ms. Quinones, is there any written 21 testimony submitted on this matter? 22 MS. QUINONES: Yes, Chair. We received 23 written testimony from Marcelle Lauren (phonetic). 24 And Linda and Marty Falbrater (phonetic). 25 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Okay.

MS. QUINONES: Also, we received testimony 1 2 from Quesera and Stephen Smith (phonetic). 3 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Thank you. And are 4 those posted to the website now? 5 MS. QUINONES: The first two are. The 6 last one is not posted yet but I will post it later 7 on today. 8 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Thank you. 9 Starting with the individuals who filed 10 written testimony, if they want to file any 11 supplemental oral testimony raise your hands. 12 If not, are there any members of the 13 public who wish to provide oral testimony on this matter? If so, use the raise your hand function. 14 Ι 15 am able to see that nobody is calling in so just the 16 raise your hand function in software. 17 Okay. I am seeing no public testimony 18 from the general public on this matter. 19 I will now invite the county to share any 20 testimony that they wish. 21 Ms. Campbell? 22 MS. CAMPBELL: Good morning, Chair and 23 commissioners. 24 I am Jean Campbell, deputy corporation 25 counsel at the County of Hawaii. You've previously

1	received the county's statement of no position with
2	regard to this matter. It's the county's belief
3	that a determination regarding changes to state land
4	use boundaries is the jurisdiction of the LUC and
5	not the county. Thus, we believe that this matter
6	is properly before the LUC for your determination.
7	The county will defer to your determination. I am
8	simply attending today's hearing to be able
9	available to answer any questions should you have
10	any. Thank you.
11	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Thank you very
12	much.
13	Are there any questions for Ms. Campbell
14	at this time from the commissioners?
15	Seeing none.
16	Ms. Kato from the Office of Planning and
17	Sustainable Development.
18	MS. KATO: Thank you, Chair. I do have
19	comments. It should only take about five minutes or
20	so.
21	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Please proceed.
22	MS. KATO: Thank you.
23	The Office of Planning and Sustainable
24	Development does not support petitioner's requested
25	declaratory order determining that the location of

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1	the state land use district boundary line was
2	incorrectly secluded by the LUC's boundary
3	interpretation. Petitioner argues that the LUC
4	should determine the boundary line as located along
5	a currently existing paved road that curves through
6	the property. OPSD does not, however, find
7	sufficient reason to believe that the current
8	official boundary is incorrect or that petitioner's
9	alternate interpretation is instead the correct one.
10	The official map sorry the official
11	map establishing the location of the conservation
12	district boundary for this particular property was
13	adopted by the LUC in 1969, and this is the
14	currently existing boundary that's on the LUC's
15	boundary interpretation. It's identical.
16	Subsequently, a report from the 1969 LUC
17	boundary review was completed, which was not adopted
18	by the LUC, but it does include a record of the
19	LUC's actions and information on how boundaries were
20	set.
21	The boundary review report did not clearly
22	state or map out a detail where the boundary for any
23	particular land was located. Instead, the report
24	contains broad descriptions of large sections of the
25	coastline. For this particular area, the report



1 states that the areas marked by numerous historic 2 artifacts in a variety of conditions that should be 3 included in the conservation district. So it was 4 pretty inclusive.

5 The report also contains poor conditions 6 that guided the setting of the boundaries. Three of 7 the conditions describe physical boundaries that can be used such as a road or vegetation line marking 8 the edge of agricultural use. So, in other words, 9 10 where there was some physical feature dividing the 11 agriculture use and the non-agricultural use. And the last condition was a general 300-foot setback. 12

Petitioner has provided evidence that a road and some buildings were constructed on the petition area in 1961 as part of major Coast Guard station reconstruction and that these are not present on 1969 LUC map.

But OPSD is not convinced that the 18 19 unmapped road is relevant determination of the 20 boundary line. The boundary line appears to run 21 across the property behind the Coast Guard buildings 22 that were constructed mauka of the paved road. So 23 OPSD does not know the specific reason for the 24 current location of the boundary line, whether it 25 was due to road or vegetation line, the Coast Guard



station, or some other identifiable boundary, or the
 300-foot setback.

The boundary on the 1969 LUC map was the result of various sources of input and the official action of the LUC in 1969. OPSD assumes that the present location of the boundary that was adopted by the LUC in 1969 is correct unless proven otherwise and relies on the records and findings of the LUC.

9 Adjusting petitioner's statements that the 10 paved road meets condition one and should have been used to draw the boundary. The fact is that the 11 boundary was not drawn there. It was clearly drawn 12 13 inland and not based on any dirt road running 14 through the property. As the pre-1961 dirt path mentioned in the petition did not even run through 15 16 the property parallel to the coast which is shown in OPSD's Exhibit 4 where the location of that dirt 17 18 road actually went into the property. It kind of 19 went along the side.

Even if the paved road had been shown on the LUC map, condition one is a road that marks the end of agricultural use and this road does not appear to be at the edge of agricultural use as there are Coast Guard crew housing buildings built mauka of the road. So OPSD has not seen clear

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1	evidence that mauka of the road there was
2	agricultural use. OPSD does not believe there is
3	sufficient support to determine that the boundary
4	shown in the 1969 LUC map and the LUC's boundary
5	interpretation number 01-20 are not accurate but
6	that should be changed.
7	For these reasons, OPSD does not support
8	this petition for declaratory order for boundary
9	interpretation. Thank you.
10	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Thank you very
11	much, Ms. Kato.
12	Commissioners, are there questions for the
13	Office of Planning and Sustainable Development?
14	Commissioner Ohigashi?
15	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Thank you, Mr.
16	Chair.
17	I was just wondering, your Exhibit 4, can
18	you tell me, because my glasses are a little bad
19	today, what's the source of Exhibit 4? I think I
20	know.
21	MS. KATO: Okay. The source of Exhibit 4
22	is basically we asked GIS to show a comparison on
23	the USGS topographic maps dated in 1957 on
24	petitioner's current survey map. So it's basically
25	a combination of the two maps. That's why the lines

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are a little off. They didn't exactly meet 1 2 precisely. 3 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: For the audio 4 transcript, Ms. Kato, you said -- you asked whom to 5 do this? 6 MS. KATO: GIS. 7 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: GIS. Thank you. 8 MS. KATO: Office of Planning. 9 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Thank you. Sorry 10 to interrupt. 11 **COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI:** This Exhibit 4 shows a pink paved road, and that is the 1982 paved 12 13 road according to the 1982 topographical map. I'm not sure if I'm making it pink or --14 15 MS. KATO: Sorry. Yes. 16 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: I think it's --17 there's a solid blue line showing the conservation agricultural district boundary. 18 19 MS. KATO: Yeah. COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: And the green line 20 21 is the 1957 dirt road. 22 MS. KATO: Yeah. 23 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: And that is shown 24 25 MS. KATO: Right. Yeah, that's

(indiscernible) three. 1 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: That's shown in 2 3 the topographical map of 1957. MS. KATO: Yes, that's my understanding. 4 5 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: As there -- I 6 think I recall, and I don't have it all written down 7 in front of me to ask that question but I was wondering, are any of the so-called maps utilized by 8 the petitioner in this matter exhibited on this --9 10 on your Exhibit 4? In other words, in any of the 11 specific maps? I think it was a 1964 --12 MS. KATO: Sorry, I'm not sure which maps 13 exactly you're referring to. The USGS maps that we 14 used for this map are used by GIS. I'm not sure if 15 petitioner used them or not. 16 **COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI:** I don't have any 17 questions more. I just wanted to --18 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Thank you, 19 Commissioner Ohigashi. 20 Commissioners, further questions at this 21 time for OPSD? 22 Commissioner Chang? 23 COMMISSIONER CHANG: I raised my hand. 24 This may not be -- I'm not sure if this is 25 relevant or not. I couldn't find any information in

1 the record. But Ms. Kato, is there any evidence
2 that this -- that the dirt road is an old government
3 road?

MS. KATO: We actually could not determine what this dirt road was or that it even was a road exactly. Petitioner provided a map that indicates that it might be a Jeep road but we're not sure what it was or that it actually existed. At first we thought it wasn't a road but --

10 COMMISSIONER CHANG: Yeah. I'm just 11 wondering, you know, pursuant to the Highways Act of 12 1892, if this was an old government road, then 13 actually, the State of Hawaii may still own that. So, and it may have cut through this property. But 14 I just could not find any information in the 15 16 documents that were provided to confirm the date of 17 the road or get any maps old enough to show, you 18 know. So, okay. I was just curious whether this 19 was an old government road that ran mauka to makai. 20 Okay, all right, thank you. 21 **COMMISSIONER SCHEUER:** Thank you, 22 Commissioner Chang. Commissioners, further questions at this 23 24 time for OPSD?

Seeing none, we're good for now, Ms. Kato.

25



Thank you --1 2 MS. KATO: Thank you. 3 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: -- for your 4 presentation. 5 We'll now move on to the petitioner's 6 presentation. 7 Mr. Chipchase, are you ready to proceed? 8 MR. CHIPCHASE: I am, Chair. I just need 9 to share my screen if that's all right. 10 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Yes, please. 11 MR. CHIPCHASE: All right. Good morning, 12 again, commissioners. Cal Chipchase for the 13 petitioner. And Happy Holidays. 14 Commissioner Ohigashi, Commissioner Chang, 15 we'll address your questions in our presentation. I'll go over Exhibit 4 in particular, and 16 17 Commissioner Chang, I'll do my best to address your 18 question now. 19 The road that was constructed in 1961 was 20 built by the federal government. The older road 21 that is shown on the maps, I do not know its origin. 22 We also looked for that but were unable to determine 23 conclusively when or who that road was developed. 24 We are here, as you heard, for 25 consideration of our petition for a district



boundary interpretation. The petition asks the
 commission to determine the location of a district
 boundary line that runs through our property. This
 is a recognized process that is set by established
 commission rules.

In 1969, the commission conducted a comprehensive review of the land use district boundaries, and that's when the conservation district boundary for this property was first mapped. Prior to 1969, the conservation district line had not been mapped for this property.

12 As the commission explained in that 13 review, that 1969 review that led to the mapping of 14 the conservation district boundary on this property, 15 future commissions should "continually strive to 16 improve and to clarify the district regulations and 17 district boundaries so that the inconsistencies and ambiguities are removed when identified rather than 18 19 waiting for the five-year program."

And so the commission when it did this really comprehensive, wide-reaching work, recognized that the work would not be perfect. That there would be inconsistencies. That there would be ambiguities. And in its own report, encourage future commissioners to address those. Consistent

1 with that commission's recommendations in 1969, the 2 rules are set up so that this commission, future 3 commissions, can make those corrections. Can make 4 those adjustments.

5 Our petition comes to you having followed 6 that process. We first worked with LUC staff to 7 both correct the interpretation and to identify the correct procedure for bringing this matter to you if 8 we were unable to correct the interpretation at a 9 10 staff level. To do so we requested a staff boundary 11 interpretation. We ultimately received two of them. 12 Both interpretations put the boundary line in the 13 same place on the map. Both interpretations 14 followed the same line but the reasons given for 15 putting the line in that same location were 16 inconsistent. One reason was given on the first 17 interpretation. A different reason was discussed or 18 provided in the second interpretation. We discussed 19 those interpretations with staff. Very grateful for 20 their time both in working on the interpretations 21 and in meeting with us and we discussed the best way 22 to correct what we believe to be a mapping error 23 from that 1969 review, what we believe to be the 24 kind of ambiguity and mistake or regularity that the 25 commission was talking about.

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1	Ultimately, a petition for declaratory
2	relief was determined to be the appropriate process.
3	That process is set out in Haw. 15-15-22(f) and 15-
4	15-98(a). Section 22(f) provides that "whenever
5	subsections A, B, C, D, or E, cannot resolve
6	uncertainty concerning the location of any district
7	line, the commission, upon written application or
8	upon its own motion, shall determine the location of
9	those lines. And of course, section 98 is the basic
10	declaratory relief section. We'll talk about those
11	provisions later in our presentation.
12	As we are set to begin, Chair, I would ask
13	that the commission accept our Exhibits 1-40 into
14	evidence, and additionally, we will provide this
15	PowerPoint presentation to the commission and would
16	label it Exhibit 1. I ask that the commission
17	receive that exhibit into evidence as well.
18	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Mr. Chair, I
19	haven't received Exhibits 39 or 40.
20	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Yes. I was going
21	to bring that up. Some of these were received very
22	late. So it's the commission's pleasure, chair
23	ultimately, but I defer to the commission on whether
24	or not to accept all of these exhibits.
25	What's the commissioner's pleasure?



1	Mr. Ohigashi?
2	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Well, I'm inclined
3	to receive up to 38 which which I can review, but
4	I'd like to review 39 and 40 at least before
5	accepting before formally accepting them.
6	MS. QUINONES: Can you
7	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: I'm not sure if
8	fighting it means
9	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Natasha?
10	MS. QUINONES: Hi. Yeah, Chair. This is
11	Natasha. I think there's some confusion. I do not
12	think we received Exhibit 40. We did receive
13	Exhibit 39 no, 35 to 38, and then also 39
14	separately, but they're so late. And it's a quite
15	large exhibit, so I couldn't load it, and I'm trying
16	to figure that out as we speak. But Exhibit 40 was
17	not received, so maybe there's some confusion there.
18	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Okay. Sorry, are
19	you still speaking to us, Natasha?
20	MS. QUINONES: No, I'm not. I'm done.
21	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Okay. We're
22	picking up your audio, however.
23	Mr. Chipchase, is your arguments today
24	dependent on having all of your exhibits?
25	MR. CHIPCHASE: Chair, if I may make a
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1	correction. Actually, Ms. Olds is correcting me.
2	We staff is correct. It's Exhibits 1 through 39.
3	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Okay. You
4	corrected me earlier that you said you had a 40th.
5	So 1 through 39?
6	MR. CHIPCHASE: My fault entirely, Chair.
7	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Okay.
8	MR. CHIPCHASE: One through 39. Thirty-
9	nine is a copy of that 1969 Commission Review, so it
10	is a state record.
11	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Hold on, counselor.
12	I'm, sorry, looking at my list again.
13	The timely filings that we received were
14	from one moment through Exhibit 34. On
15	December 16th, we received Exhibits 33 through 34.
16	Now, we've received Exhibits 35 through 39. Are you
17	able to stop screensharing on your presentation
18	MR. CHIPCHASE: Yes, Chair.
19	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: and screen share
20	what those exhibits are.
21	MR. CHIPCHASE: Thirty-five through 39,
22	Chair?
23	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Yes, please.
24	MR. CHIPCHASE: Yes. If you'll give us a
25	moment we'll pull those up.

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Hawaii State Land Meeting December 22, 2021 NDT Assgn # 54804 Page 30 1 **COMMISSIONER SCHEUER:** Mr. Chipchase? 2 MR. CHIPCHASE: Mr. Goodman is just about 3 to share it, Chair. All right, Chair. On the screen I've put 4 5 our exhibit list, the supplemental. It lists 35 6 through 38. We can scroll down and view those as 7 well if you'd like, Chair. COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Yes, please. 8 9 So read out the Exhibits 35 through 38. 10 MR. CHIPCHASE: Yes, Chair. 11 Exhibit 35, 1969 Review, Agricultural Uses 12 Map TMK overlay excerpt. 13 Exhibit 36, 1969 Review, Agricultural Uses Map TMK overlay. 14 15 Exhibit 37, 1954 USGS Aerial Excerpt TMK 16 overlay. 17 Exhibit 38, 1954 USGS Aerial TMK overlay. 18 And Chair, if I'm not mistaken, and Ms. 19 Olds can correct me if I am, it happens, these were 20 prepared in response to OP's comments that some of 21 the locations of the property on these larger maps 22 was not sufficiently clear. 23 Chris, if you would scroll down, please. 24 All right. So this is Exhibit 35, Chair, 25 the excerpt that we identified.

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Г	Hawaii State Land Meeting December 22, 2021 NDT Assgn # 54804 Page 31
1	Keep going, Chris. Keep going.
2	Exhibit 36, Chair. Again, from the 1969
3	review.
4	Exhibit 37, Chair.
5	And Exhibit 38, Chair.
6	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Okay. If you'd
7	stop screensharing for a moment, please.
8	So unlike some recent filings, OPSD filed
9	on December 13th. I really believe, at least on
10	appearances, there was more than adequate time to
11	respond to it in a timely way.
12	Do you have some sort of extraordinary or
13	compelling reason, Mr. Chipchase, that these
14	exhibits were filed so late?
15	MR. CHIPCHASE: Ms. Olds informed me that
16	we received we filed them when we received them
17	from the surveyor, Chair.
18	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: So the dilemma
19	so this is to tell the commission my inclination but
20	I want further feedback from them. The very late
21	filings puts us in a very awkward position. If we
22	accept them and say we rule against you, you can
23	always argue that we perhaps didn't fully take into
24	account the information that was provided to us.
25	It's my inclination to not accept them because

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1	honestly, receiving them at the last minute, we
2	don't have a chance to fully review them in light of
3	the record.
4	What is the commissions inclination?
5	Commissioner Ohigashi?
6	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: I support the
7	chair.
8	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Commissioner
9	Giovanni?
10	COMMISSIONER GIOVANNI: I support the
11	chair's inclination.
12	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Commissioner Chang?
13	COMMISSIONER CHANG: I, too, support the
14	chair's inclination. I think if it was dispositive
15	to the petitioner's case, knowing Mr. Chipchase, he
16	would have included it in his original exhibits. So
17	I support the chair.
18	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Okay. I'll allow
19	you another chance to respond, Mr. Chipchase, before
20	I determine acceptance.
21	MR. CHIPCHASE: Very good, Chair. And I
22	appreciate that opportunity.
23	I would say this, Chair. Obviously, we
24	would waive the argument that you hadn't had
25	sufficient time to consider the exhibits if you deny

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1	our petition. I can make that representation on the
2	record and at least resolve that portion of the
3	chair's concerns. As far as the documents
4	themselves, we will review them in the PowerPoint
5	presentation and so there will be an opportunity to
6	see and to study the exhibits which I acknowledge
7	the late filing, but ultimately, the quest here is
8	to determine the facts and to have as much evidence
9	before the commission as possible in determining
10	those facts. We believe those filings are relevant
11	and are responsive to comments that OP made. And we
12	filed them as soon as we were able to after we
13	received them from the surveyor which, of course,
14	would take some time to prepare. So while I
15	completely understand and respect the burden and the
16	position that it puts both the commission and staff
17	in while we file late exhibits, it does happen
18	sometimes. And I believe in this case the reasons
19	are sufficient and the exhibits themselves are
20	material to the commission's determination.
21	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Is Exhibit 37 and
22	38 the same as your Exhibit 9 except with the
23	overlay?
24	MR. CHIPCHASE: Yes, Chair.
25	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: I'm inclined to

NAEGELI (800)528-3335 DEPOSITION & TRIAL 1 accept exhibits through Exhibit 30 -- let me get
2 this right to be really clear -- to not accept the
3 late exhibits but to accept exhibits through Exhibit
4 34.

Commissioner Chang?

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6 COMMISSIONER CHANG: Mr. Chair, if I may, 7 those additional exhibits for the late filing, is it 8 possible to consider them after Mr. Chipchase has 9 presented --

10 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Yeah, I would 11 entertain -- I would entertain a motion after his 12 presentation to include them.

13 **COMMISSIONER CHANG:** Yeah. Because I do want to give him the full opportunity to present his 14 15 case in his best light since he's the petitioner. 16 So that's my thought to you. Thank you, Mr. Chair. 17 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Okay. 18 MR. OHIGASHI: So essentially, you're 19 reserving ruling on those particular exhibits? 20 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: That's correct. 21 Commissioner Cabral? 22 COMMISSIONER CABRAL: Yes. Thank you for 23 -- I think we're resolving this. I find that I'm a 24 very visual person and I find the maps most 25 interesting for me with my experience and

1	background. So I appreciate the ability to be able
2	to look at those and hope that they won't be then
3	if you folks could work it out, you lawyer types, to
4	where they don't become a liability to us for us not
5	having had them earlier because I printed all my
6	little maps in color so I could see all this stuff.
7	So I appreciate that. That's what I like to see, so
8	I want to know all the information I can visually.
9	So I appreciate the ability to work through this.
10	Thank you.
11	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Okay. So I'm
12	accepting through Exhibit 34 and I'll let you bring
13	a motion for the additional ones at the end of your
14	presentation, Mr. Chipchase.
15	MR. CHIPCHASE: Very good, Chair.
16	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Are you ready to
17	continue?
18	MR. CHIPCHASE: I am.
19	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: And we'll go for
20	about how long is your presentation, Mr. Chipchase?
21	MR. CHIPCHASE: The total presentation,
22	Chair, is about two hours.
23	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: I did not notice
24	any inflection of joking in your voice.
25	MR. CHIPCHASE: If only that were true,
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1	Chair. It is about two hours.
2	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Okay.
3	MR. CHIPCHASE: Including the testimony of
4	one witness.
5	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Okay. So why don't
6	you go to why don't you go for about 10-15
7	minutes and then we'll take our first break.
8	MR. CHIPCHASE: Will do, Chair.
9	So as we were running through the rules,
10	15-15-22 and $-98(a)$, I noted that we'll talk about
11	those in a little more detail later in the
12	presentation. Right now we'll start with the
13	location of the property, putting these things into
14	context.
15	Petitioner owns the subject property
16	located at 56-102 Old Coast Guard Road in North
17	Kohala. The property is about 17 acres. And as you
18	can see, the property abuts the shoreline.
19	On the screen we've put up on the left a
20	recent GIS aerial of the property and on the right
21	is an overlay of the conservation district in the
22	larger area. To the north of the property, the
23	conservation district boundary line follows the edge
24	of the road that runs along the coast except in
25	areas of historical, recreational, or other

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significance. Generally, the land mauka of the road
 is in the agricultural district and the land makai
 of the road is in the conservation district.

The boundary line separating the conservation and agricultural districts in this area as I mentioned was first drawn in 1969 and this brings us to the maps. Commissioner Ohigashi had mentioned the maps that we had cited. This brings us to the five maps that we will focus on most through our discussion today.

11 The first map is the 1957 USGS map for the 12 quadrangle. And Commissioner Ohigashi, it is on 13 that map that the road appears. The road obviously existed before the map. It wasn't built in 1957. 14 15 That date on OPSD's Exhibit 4 refers to the date of 16 the map. That 1957 USGS map served as the base map 17 for the 1964 LUC H3 map for the quadrant and that's 18 the second map that we've put up on the screen. 19 This was the map that the commission used, the 1964 20 commission used to draw the agricultural land use 21 district. 22 The 1964 map was then used in the 1969 LUC

23 map to draw the district boundary line separating 24 the conservation and the agricultural districts. 25 And as you can see, this 1969 map was the first time



1 that the boundary line for the conservation district 2 was drawn on our property and in the surrounding 3 area.

Generally, this line, this conservation district line follows roads where they exist within a reasonable proximity to the shoreline. Land mauka of those roads is in the agricultural district. Land makai of those roads is in the conservation district.

The fourth map is the 1974 LUC H3 map for the same quadrangle. This map is a republication of the 1969 map for the lines separating the conservation and ag districts. In other words, the location of the boundary line on the property did not change from 1969 to 1974. The commission just republished the map.

17 And the final map is the 1982 USGS map for 18 the same quadrangle. This map shows the road that 19 we will discuss today in the current location or 20 through the current location of the property. This 21 road to Commissioner Ohigashi's question earlier 22 with respect to OPSD's Exhibit 4 was not built in 23 1982. As we'll explain today, it was built in 1961 24 but it was depicted on the USGS map from 1982. And 25 that's where that date comes from. We've generally

circled here you can see the location of our 1 2 property on the map in relation to that 1961 road. 3 We've put up the current survey of the property on the screen for the commission. 4 The 5 property is about 17 acres and this survey depicts 6 staff's interpretation of the conservation district 7 boundary line. And that's the dash line that we 8 indicate here. That's the current --9 **COMMISSIONER SCHEUER:** So I'm just going 10 to interject here, Cal. 11 MR. CHIPCHASE: Yes. 12 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: If you really are 13 going to use a full two hours, it would greatly 14 benefit at least this commissioner that you lay out 15 what the overview of your presentation is going to 16 be so I know where we are. You will close me. 17 MR. CHIPCHASE: Understood, Chair. And I 18 believe -- is that our next -- two slides from that, 19 Chair, I was just trying to give an overview of the 20 property. 21 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Okay. Why don't we 22 go through your overview of the presentation and 23 then we'll take a break. 24 MR. CHIPCHASE: Very good, Chair. 25 So if I can just finish up with this

1 slide, Chair, and then we'll quickly get to the 2 overview.

3 The survey also shows the road running 4 through the property that we looked at on those 5 other maps. We've indicated that here with the 6 arrow. As I mentioned, this road was developed in 7 1961, eight years before the boundary was established by the LUC. We asked for staff's 8 9 interpretation of the boundary line and staff's 10 first interpretation concluded that the boundary 11 line followed a trail or roadway. Following a trail 12 or roadway as OPSD mentioned today was one of the 13 LUC's guidelines in the 1969 review. Indeed, as we'll see, it was the very first guideline. 14

15 The LUC staff then set the boundary along 16 the roadway following or using the shoreline survey 17 of the property and the district boundaries map for 18 the H3 quadrangle. That 1969-1974 quadrangle that 19 we looked at. We agreed with staff that the 20 commission, the 1969 commission had intended to 21 follow a roadway in setting the boundary. We 22 believe that the commission in 1969 simply used an 23 outdated map. It didn't have a current map locating 24 the roadway in its then-existent location and that 25 if it had the current map since it was following

1 roadways, it would have mapped it along the then2 existing roadway which is shown on the right-hand
3 side of the screen just makai of where staff has
4 drawn the district boundary line. So the line was
5 simply in the wrong place.

6 After we had filed the petition to correct 7 the line to follow the then-existing line, staff reinterpreted the boundary. And when staff 8 reinterpreted the boundary, we put that up on the 9 10 screen, it put the line in exactly the same location as it had in the prior interpretation. The line did 11 not move. Instead, staff just changed the basis for 12 13 the interpretation saying that the boundary line was not actually based on a road but based on a 300-foot 14 15 setback from "the line of wave action."

16 And so although the reasons for the location of the boundary changed from interpretation 17 18 to interpretation, first following a road and second 19 following 300 feet from the shoreline, the location 20 of the boundary didn't move. And we have them both 21 up on the screen so that the commission can compare 22 the two interpretations that we received. The line 23 is exactly in the same place. We believe, and we 24 believe we'll show today, Chair and commissioners, 25 that the LUC staff's first reason, first basis for



the interpretation was correct. That the LUC 1969 1 2 intended to follow a roadway. They simply got the 3 location of the roadway wrong. We believe, and we believe we will show today as well, that staff's 4 5 second basis for the line, the 300 feet from the shoreline basis is incorrect. That that basis is 6 7 not supported by the evidentiary record. And we believe that that record shows the following. 8

9 That the maps do not support a 300-foot 10 setback when we look at where the line is. That the 11 text of the commission's 1969 boundary action does 12 not support a 300-foot setback. And that the scaled 13 overlays that we have prepared and that are part of 14 the record as part of that initial set of exhibits 15 do not support a 300-foot setback.

We believe instead that the record will show that the commission intended to follow the general pattern of roadways running along the coast. That a roadway ran through our property when the commission mapped the conservation district in 1969. And that the boundary should be corrected to follow that roadway.

And my final sort of background
orientation, I believe, Chair -COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Sorry. One moment,

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Mr. Chipchase. 1 Commissioner Giovanni? 2 3 **COMMISSIONER GIOVANNI:** Yeah. When do we 4 get to the overview? I'm confused. These sound 5 like arguments to me. 6 MR. CHIPCHASE: Commissioner, as I said, 7 only trying to orient. 8 Chris, can you jump ahead to the --9 Okay. Commissioners, thank you for your 10 patience. It was my next slide. 11 As we'll see today, the commission should interpret the boundary as running along the road 12 that existed in 1969 and that still exists today. 13 Our presentation will proceed in six parts. 14 15 First, we will explain that the commission 16 did not use 300 feet from the shoreline as the basis 17 for the boundary in 1969. Second, we will review the history of the 18 19 property, including the agricultural use of the 20 property and the construction of the road that 21 exists on the property today. 22 Third, we will review the LUC maps and 23 apply the commission's rules and standards in light 24 of the property and its history. 25 Fourth, we will review the public

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1	testimony that has been submitted in support of this
2	petition by our neighbors.
3	Fifth, we will hear from the applicant
4	about his current and planned uses on the property
5	and his reasons for bringing this petition.
6	Sixth, and finally, we will close by
7	discussing the commission's precedent and the
8	standards in applying that precedent for the facts
9	of this matter. And then, of course, as the chair
10	mentioned, we'll be available for any questions from
11	the commission.
12	That's the order of our presentation
13	today, Chair. Thank you.
14	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Okay. So as you
15	well know, Mr. Chipchase, this is not an evidentiary
16	hearing; right? So I'm a little interested in your
17	idea of bringing in a witness.
18	With that said, we're overdue for a break.
19	I'm going to ask you to bring that slide back up
20	when we reconvene at 10:35 and then I'm going to ask
21	the commissioners to sort of the first chance to
22	sort of ask you some questions about the
23	organization of your presentation before we proceed.
24	It's 10:25. We're going to recess for 10
25	minutes until 10:35.

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(Recess taken from 10:25 a.m. - 10:36 1 2 a.m.) 3 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: It's 10:36. We're 4 back on the record. Mr. Chipchase, would you put up your talk 5 6 out line. And I just want to make a space for the 7 commissioners to ask any questions or seek any clarification at this time. 8 Commissioners? 9 10 Commissioner Wong? 11 COMMISSIONER WONG: Thank you, Chair. 12 Mr. Chipchase, I know you were going over 13 the prestation and all these issues. What is the 14 request -- sorry. I just want to make sure I'm 15 getting it correct because you're going over all 16 these issues and I just want to make sure what --17 try to put it in plain English. 18 MR. CHIPCHASE: I'll do my best, 19 commissioner. 20 The current boundary line, we believe, is 21 mauka of where the line should be set as corrected. 22 We believe that the line should be interpreted as 23 following the makai road that existed in 1969 when 24 the line was mapped and that ran through the 25 property at that time.

1 COMMISSIONER CHANG: Okay. Just want to 2 make sure I got what I was reading on all the 3 exhibits is correct because, yeah, just wanted to make sure I got everything correct, sir. 4 5 MR. CHIPCHASE: I understand, commissioner. 6 7 COMMISSIONER CHANG: Yeah. So I'm just 8 going to ask some questions later, Chair, so I 9 reserve that right. 10 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Of course. 11 MR. CHIPCHASE: Thank you. 12 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Commissioners, 13 anything else? 14 If not, so Mr. Chipchase, I want to be 15 really clear. I want you to have full opportunity 16 to provide all the information that you believe the 17 commission needs in order to rule on this but it's 18 December 22nd. Not all of us have all our shopping 19 done. MR. CHIPCHASE: I totally understand, 20 21 Chair. And I am one of the people who doesn't have 22 their shopping done. I will say that the length of the presentation is in part a reflection of OPSD's 23 24 comments that we hadn't provided sufficient evidence 25 so I wanted to make sure that we walk through what

we believe the evidence does show but I am 1 2 incredibly sensitive to your time and to everybody's 3 time and we will do it as quickly as possible. 4 **COMMISSIONER SCHEUER:** Commissioner 5 Giovanni? 6 COMMISSIONER GIOVANNI: Thank you, Chair. 7 Mr. Chipchase, I'm trying to interpolate 8 from these six points really what is the essence of 9 your petition. I don't think that you're before us 10 today just as a matter to correct errors that might 11 have been made by a former commission 60 years ago. What is the motivation of your client for this 12 13 petition and this declaratory order and where in these six things do we learn of his motivation? 14 15 MR. CHIPCHASE: You will hear directly 16 from Mr. Eggen, a member of the petitioner, as to 17 his motivations. I'll summarize them for you, 18 commissioner. I think it's entirely an appropriate 19 question to ask. 20 There are a couple of things that I'll 21 focus here on. One is that the district regulations 22 are inconsistent between the county and the state 23 land use district boundary. So under the county, 24 his home mauka of the road is within the 25 agricultural district. On the commission's map,

that area as we have outlined is in the state 1 conservation district. That creates an additional 2 3 level of regulation with respect to the home and the surrounding property and he would like to be subject 4 5 to a single set of regulations, the agricultural 6 district regulations at least for the main portion 7 of his property. Makai of the roadway, of course, would remain in conservation. 8

9 The second is that Mr. Eggen wishes to 10 expand the agricultural uses of the property, in 11 particular near the home, to include obtaining 12 income from agricultural activities which he 13 understands, and I believe is correct, is not 14 permitted in the conservation district. Those I 15 would say would be the two principal motivations 16 but, of course, commissioners, I understand and respect that you may have additional questions for 17 18 Mr. Eggen.

19 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Commissioner Chang? 20 COMMISSIONER CHANG: Thank you. 21 Commissioner Giovanni, have your answers 22 been responded to? Okay. 23 I, too, am struggling, Mr. Chipchase. Ι 24 generally give you extremely great deference as 25 you've always come to us with very credible

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arguments. There's a few things factually that, and 1 2 maybe you're going to cover this, but it will help 3 me as I consider your motion. 4 One, when did your -- because I could not 5 find this or else I missed it in the findings --6 when did your client buy this property? 7 MR. CHIPCHASE: I don't know offhand, commissioner, what the answer to that is. 8 It was 9 several years ago. But certainly not before 1969. 10 COMMISSIONER CHANG: Okay. And he bought 11 the property knowing where the lines were drawn; 12 right? 13 MR. CHIPCHASE: Yes, commissioner. 14 **COMMISSIONER CHANG:** Okay. Could you tell 15 me, what is his current -- it's the Honoipu 16 Hideaway, LLC. Could you please explain what is 17 that? 18 MR. CHIPCHASE: Absolutely. It is a 19 family LLC. Mr. Eggen and his wife and some family 20 members are members of that. As he will explain, 21 the put the property in an LUC -- or an LLC, I'm 22 sorry, for inheritance and transfer purposes among 23 those family members. He is a software engineer and 24 then also owns a small business on the Big Island, a 25 milling -- millwork and cabinetry company.

1	COMMISSIONER CHANG: And this is something
2	that I've not been able to, again, not been able to
3	find. What is the difference can you quantify
4	exactly what is the difference between the
5	conservation and the ag district that you're asking?
6	What exactly is that? If you've got a map that can
7	show me what is the quantification of the difference
8	you're asking.
9	MR. CHIPCHASE: Yes, commissioner. It's
10	1.8 acres. It was actually the slide right before
11	this that I was going to cover. I'll go back to
12	that slide.
13	COMMISSIONER CHANG: Okay.
14	MR. CHIPCHASE: And we'll take a look at
15	it.
16	And if I just may say, commission, I do
17	appreciate the respect and the attention the
18	commission has always show, and I don't regard today
19	any differently. We'll put our evidence before the
20	commission and I understand it's your obligation to
21	make the decision.
22	COMMISSIONER CHANG: Okay. Thank you. I
23	appreciate that.
24	Now, what is he currently using the
25	property for?

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1	MR. CHIPCHASE: So it is currently, the
2	portion that includes his home is used as his home.
3	Surrounding that is an area that he uses for
4	agriculture, for family consumption only. And then
5	mauka of that, a portion of the property is in
6	pasture. He owns about 10 cows.
7	COMMISSIONER CHANG: Ten cows. Okay.
8	And his residence is currently on the area
9	that's zoned conservation; is that right?
10	MR. CHIPCHASE: Yes, that's right, Chair -
11	- or that's right, commissioner.
12	COMMISSIONER CHANG: And you are you
13	are using this administrative procedure rather than
14	doing a district boundary amendment?
15	MR. CHIPCHASE: That is correct. We
16	believe, as we looked at the history, that the
17	commission intended to utilize this process. That
18	the precedent utilize this process and that the
19	rules are set up to utilize this process.
20	COMMISSIONER CHANG: Okay. Does he use
21	this property in any way for a vacation rental?
22	MR. CHIPCHASE: No, commissioner. And as
23	he'll testify, his SMA permit expressly prohibits
24	that use.
25	COMMISSIONER CHANG: All right. And is

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the SMA line drawn through the ag or is it at the 1 2 boundary of the conservation; do you know? 3 MR. CHIPCHASE: I don't know offhand. I'm 4 sure we can get that before the end of my 5 presentation. 6 COMMISSIONER CHANG: Okay. That would be 7 helpful. 8 MR. CHIPCHASE: Very good. 9 COMMISSIONER CHANGE: Thank you. 10 Thank you, Mr. Chair. I appreciate Mr. Chipchase's response to my questions as that helps 11 me sort of get a better grasp on the facts here. 12 13 And I'm hoping we're not going to take two hours, Mr. Chipchase but I appreciate the overview. 14 15 Thank you. 16 MR. CHIPCHASE: You're welcome. 17 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Anything further, 18 commissioners, at this time? 19 I'll just clarify, the petitioner is an 20 LLC, correct, Mr. Chipchase? 21 MR. CHIPCHASE: Yes, Chair. 22 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: So what is the 23 LLC's preferred pronoun? 24 MR. CHIPCHASE: I would say it. 25 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Because we keep

saying he. 1 2 MR. CHIPCHASE: Oh, the "he" I reference 3 is Mr. Eggen. 4 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Okay. When we're referring to the petitioner we should be using "it." 5 6 MR. CHIPCHASE: That would be fine, Chair. 7 **COMMISSIONER SCHEUER:** Okay. Please 8 proceed. MR. CHIPCHASE: Thank you. 9 10 Chris, if you could take us back just to give that comparison of what we're asking here. 11 12 Okay. 13 So commissioners, we've put up on the screen those two maps that I briefly talked about 14 15 with Commissioner Chang. The map on the left shows 16 the road on the 1982 USGS map. That road is shown 17 in green. And we'll circle the property. It's 18 right there. And you can see that the road as it 19 existed in 1969, it was built in 1961, runs through 20 the property. The yellow dash line represents the 21 current boundary interpretation for the conservation 22 district. And Chris is pointing to that there. 23 And so if you look at the blue line next, 24 the blue line that Chris is pointing to represents 25 the road that existed in 1969 and our, what we

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1	believe to be the correct interpretation of the
2	boundary line. And so Commissioner Chang's
3	question, if you look at the difference between the
4	yellow line and the roadway, which is in green and
5	also noted with the blue dashes, that is the
6	difference. That is the request here to interpret
7	the line which we believe is consistent with the
8	commission's intent in 1969, to follow along the
9	roadway rather than the current location.
10	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Commissioner
11	Ohigashi?
12	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Are you referring
13	to an exhibit so I can see it more clearly?
14	MR. CHIPCHASE: Yes, commissioner.
15	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: No, I'm not seeing
16	a blue line.
17	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Yeah.
18	MR. CHIPCHASE: I'll get the exhibit
19	number for you.
20	MR. OHIGASHI: Boundary line.
21	MR. CHIPCHASE: While we're waiting, I'll
22	just explain the map on the right and we'll get the
23	exhibit number for you for that map as well.
24	The map on the right, again, is the survey
25	of the property. I'll point to the existing



1 interpretation here. That's where the line is 2 currently interpreted to be. As you can see, it's 3 mauka of the roadway and the homes. The roadway 4 that existed in 1969 is shown here.

5 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Are you moving a 6 cursor?

7 MR. CHIPCHASE: Chris is moving a cursor 8 on another screen.

9 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: I'm not seeing it.
 10 MR. CHIPCHASE: Do you not see the line
 11 that has come up? We were pointing the arrow
 12 directing to the roadway.

13 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: I see yellow arrow
14 on the two maps.

MR. CHIPCHASE: That's right, Chair. So on the right-hand map, the makai set of arrows point to the roadway that existed in 1969 and that we believe is the correct location of the land use district boundary.

COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Okay.

20

21 MR. CHIPCHASE: I'm sorry, Commissioner 22 Ohigashi, I don't have the exhibit numbers ready 23 right now. Rather than keep you waiting I'll move 24 on and as soon as I have them I'll identify them for 25 you.



Commissioner Ohigashi, the exhibit that you're referring to or that we referred to on the left-hand side is Exhibit 20.

All right. As I mentioned in my outline, 4 5 staff has interpreted the boundary as being set by a 6 metric of 300 feet from the coast. On the left-hand 7 side is the 1964 LUC map on which the 1969 map was 8 based. Roads running from north to south are clearly shown on the map and we've highlighted them 9 10 with the blue arrows. Some roads are marked by a 11 solid line. Other roads are labeled Jeep trail in 12 some locations and marked by dash lines.

13 This is the portion of the 1969 map south of your property. As you can see, the boundary line 14 15 is that thick black line. This boundary line 16 follows roads running north to south. We see the 17 same thing on the portion of that 1969 map showing 18 our property which we've circled down there. And as 19 you can see, the 1969 map follows what the 20 commission believed to be a roadway running just 21 north of our property into our property and then 22 curving mauka. And that's the dashed line that runs 23 along what would be the northern boundary of our 24 property. That roadway previously entered our 25 property on the north side and ran mauka from there.

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The commission in its 1969 mapping followed the
 roadway that it believe existed north of our
 property and then into our property.

The commission followed these roadways 4 5 even when the road was very close to the shoreline. 6 The only exceptions in this portion of the mapping 7 is for areas of historical or cultural significance. And so as we can see in this 1969 map north of our 8 property, the road -- the conservation line is 9 10 nearly touching the shoreline because the road ran 11 very far makai.

Nothing in these maps suggests that the commission in 1969 drew the boundary at any point that was 300 feet from the coast. In many places, the distance is more than 300 feet, and in many places the distance is less than 300 feet.

17 The commission in 1969 recorded its 18 actions and intent in drawing the conservation 19 district line. This 1969 review recorded the 20 specific actions that the commission took for each 21 region. Where the commission intended to follow a 22 300-foot setback and it did so in other portions of Hawaii island, it said so expressly. And we've put 23 24 one of those examples up on the screen. The 25 commission explained from Hilo to Kapoho the shore

is rocky with only occasional beaches such as at 1 2 Haena. It is the unique product of recent lava 3 flows running directly into the sea. The conservation district should include the shoreline 4 5 and it is recommended that it be extended from the 6 high water mark to align which is approximately 300 7 feet mauka of that line. That's the kind of comment that the commission made when it intended to use 300 8 feet from the shoreline as the basis for the 9 10 conservation district line.

When we look at the text from the review 11 12 of the portion of the island that includes our 13 property, we don't find any commentary that even 14 suggests a 300-foot setback was used. As you can 15 see on the map, the property is located in the Aha 16 quaha (phonetic) of Honoipu which is near what the 17 1969 review calls the north point of Hawaii island. The 1969 review describes the action taken by the 18 19 commission in drawing the boundaries in this area 20 and the way that we put up on the screen. The 21 commission said the shoreline from Kawai around 22 north point to Pololu Valley is marked by numerous 23 historic artifacts, such as King Kamehameha, the 24 first birthplace, and a variety of different 25 conditions, such as rocks, steep pali, and

1	occasional beaches. The land should be recognized
2	by inclusion in the conservation district.
3	As you can see for this area, there's no
4	discussion of a 300-foot setback from the line of
5	wave action. Instead, the commission focused on
6	different physical conditions such as those
7	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Mr. Chipchase?
8	MR. CHIPCHASE: Yes. Yes, sir?
9	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Commissioner Chang?
10	COMMISSIONER CHANG: I'm sorry, Mr. Chip -
11	- Mr. Chipchase, you how do I express this. You
12	are you are surmising the LUC's intention and
13	you're using these excerpts from this report. But
14	do you have the specific I guess I would call it
15	like a specific record documenting what the
16	commission did for each of these these are large
17	swaths of area. Kawai to north point of Palolo.
18	So, but there could have been some unique
19	circumstances that we're not aware of at the time
20	the LUC acted but your presentation to us is couched
21	in the way that you are essentially saying that this
22	is what the commission intended. If not, they would
23	have said so. My difficulty is taking your you
24	are interpreting the LUC's intention back in 1969
25	where I don't have the direct testimony of the LUC.

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1	So you're asking me to accept your interpretation of
2	LUC's intention. That's my difficulty I will share
3	with you with your presentation and your argument.
4	MR. CHIPCHASE: Allow me to confess a
5	little bit of confusion. I'm going on or presenting
6	the actual record from the 1969 review. So this is
7	documented in the LUC's 1969 review. And while it
8	didn't review or comment at a parcel level as to its
9	actions and what it did, it commented at a regional
10	level. And at the regional level it described what
11	it did generally in that region.
12	COMMISSIONER CHANG: And that's exactly my
13	point. It generally described what it did. You are
14	
15	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: If I may
16	COMMISSIONER CHANG: I'm sorry. Go ahead.
17	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Mr. Chipchase,
18	would you go back to a couple slides to where you
19	showed the road around the parcel?
20	MR. CHIPCHASE: Yes.
21	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Because I had the
22	same questions as Commissioner Chang.
23	And what I heard you indicate what I
24	heard you say, I don't have the transcript in front
25	of me, of course was that so what the LUC did

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1 was it moved -- it put the line where it believed 2 the road to be. So I took that as a statement of 3 what you believed the commission's intent was in 4 this particular parcel at that time.

5 MR. CHIPCHASE: I would say it's two
6 things, Chair. We can actually physically see what
7 the commission did.

COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Correct.

8

9 MR. CHIPCHASE: We see them following the 10 road that they believe existed. That much is clear.

11 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: You can see where 12 they put the line.

13 MR. CHIPCHASE: Yes. And we can see the road running along the same area. And so it doesn't 14 take a great leap of faith to say since the line 15 16 follows the roadway as we go north and as we look 17 south, the commission followed a roadway except 18 those cutouts that you see such as Kamehameha, the 19 first birthplace. That action, the physical thing 20 that we see on the map is consistent with their 21 description of what they did, intending to follow 22 physical features and to respect areas of 23 recreational, historical, or cultural significance 24 such as Kamehameha's first birthplace. 25 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: But if I may and,



1 you know --

2

3

MR. CHIPCHASE: Of course.

COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: -- I'll let

4 Commissioner Chang go at it, but you expressed you 5 were confused by her statement so I thought I would 6 jump in. I think if you simply said it's consistent 7 with I wouldn't have had the same question. But you said this is what the commission intended and so I 8 was wondering to myself like, hmm, I'm not sure that 9 10 you know exactly what the commissioner intended as 11 to this particular parcel.

12 Commissioner Chang, I will let you13 continue. Thanks for indulging my interruption.

14 COMMISSIONER CHANG: No, no, no. I mean, 15 that is my challenge with this petition, Mr. 16 Chipchase. That line that you have, the roadway, 17 they used a very thick marker. So, I mean, I've 18 done surveys, worked with the surveyor. So, but 19 what I'm hearing you -- the way that you're 20 describing the commission's actions and intentions, 21 you are extrapolating from these descriptions of the 22 report but we don't know how the commission applied 23 that to each particular parcel. That was generally 24 what they did. They followed it along but there 25 could have been some nuances that we're not aware



of. So I have a real difficult time second guessing 1 2 other than to rely upon the map. So that's my real 3 challenge is your whole presentation is based upon 4 you saying that this is what the commission intended 5 when I don't know if that's what these reports show 6 for this particular parcel. But you are making a 7 conclusory statement that this is what the 8 commission intended.

9 MR. CHIPCHASE: If I may, commissioner, I 10 think what I'm doing is piecing together the 11 historical evidence that we have. And I think that's what we do in any historical review, whether 12 13 it's at the legislative level or at the commission 14 level or the socioeconomic or historical level; 15 right? You piece together the different information 16 that you have and look at the patterns that emerge. 17 And if we look at the patterns that emerge from the 18 Land Use Commission's own words, when they intended 19 to follow 300 feet, they said so. When they 20 intended to follow physical areas, they said so. 21 And they certainly said so over wider geographic 22 areas. But they noted what they did in those areas. 23 And we can see from the record, and we could comb 24 the full couple hundred pages of the 1969 review. Ι 25 know the chair is cringing when I say that. But we

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could comb that entire record and we would see that 1 2 where they meant to do or where they did follow 300 3 feet they said so for a region. Where they followed physical boundaries, they said so in a region. And 4 5 in our region they said they followed physical 6 boundaries. That statement of their intent -- in 7 their own words, not mine -- is consistent with the map that they produced. 8

9 **COMMISSIONER SCHEUER:** So I'm going to 10 sort of, you know, at the end of your presentation, after all questions and any further questions for 11 12 the county or OPSD and any further statements from 13 you, we will accord to, you know, everything you presented the weight it deserves so, you know, you 14 15 can take Commissioner Chang's statement as her 16 inclinations at this time and I hope you will 17 proceed with alacrity.

18 COMMISSIONER CHANG: Thank you, Mr. Chair.
19 I think Mr. Chipchase understands my angst here. So
20 I'll let you continue on.

21 MR. CHIPCHASE: I appreciate that, Chair 22 and Commissioner Chang. I certainly do understand 23 your angst and I am trying my best to address it. 24 All right, Chris. Can we go forward? 25 Okay.

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1	So we've seen the commission's expressed
2	intent for the area that includes our property. And
3	the review generally explains that four conditions
4	were used in drawing the conservation district
5	boundary line. And the first condition provides
6	that where a plantation road, farm, accessway, or
7	public road exists at the edge of the agricultural
8	uses within reasonable proximity to the shoreline,
9	it was used as the boundary between the agriculture
10	and conservation districts. That's what the
11	commission followed.
12	Two of the other four conditions were also
13	based on physical boundaries.
14	The fourth condition states, "Where no
15	readily identifiable physical boundary such as any
16	of the above could be determined, a line 300 feet
17	inland of the line of wave action was used." That's
18	the standard that the commission and the standards
19	that the commission followed. And this 300-foot
20	line was only invoked when there was no readily
21	identifiable physical boundary.
22	Unlike physical boundaries, it's
23	arbitrary. It's 300 feet from the coast. And so in
24	the commission's own list is it's last option where
25	it cannot find those physical features that more

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	Hawaii State Land Meeting December 22, 2021 NDT Assgn # 54604
1	easily and better designate shoreline conditions
2	from adjacent agricultural uses in districts.
3	That's what the commission said when it couldn't
4	find those physical features, it more readily divide
5	agriculture from conservation, it used the setback.
6	And as I noted above, when the commission applied it
7	within a region, they said they were applying it.
8	We know from the commission's own words
9	and its own report that in no place for the review
10	of the quadrangle that includes this property did
11	the commission say or suggest that they were using a
12	300-foot setback at any point.
13	And when we overlay what 300 feet from the
14	shoreline would look like, it's clear that that's
15	not the line they drew. So we've put up on the
16	commission's site our survey showing the current
17	conservation district line labeled there and in
18	yellow, and what a 300-foot setback line would look
19	like if that had been the commission's intent or had
20	been the line that the commission used.
21	As you can see, the conservation district

22 line that they drew does not follow 300 feet from 23 the shoreline. Both lines start, the blue and the 24 current line from where the old road was located. 25 On the north side of our property, that yellow line

is exactly where the old road was located. At that 1 2 point, the lines diverge and the blue line, the 300 3 feet from the shoreline cuts a jagged dash through the property at an angle towards the shoreline. 4 We 5 know from the commission's map which is reproduced 6 here that that's not the line the commission drew. 7 The line cuts a steady smooth line through the 8 property.

9 When we look at 300 feet from the 10 shoreline more broadly down the coast in both ways, 11 north and south of our property, we can see that that's not the line the commission drew. On the 12 13 screen is that 1982 USGS map for the larger area. Our property is marked out there in black. We've 14 15 circled it to make it a little easier to see. The 16 currently interpreted boundary line is shown in 17 yellow. The 300-foot setback is marked by the blue 18 dashed line.

As you can see, the 300-foot setback does not align with the currently interpreted boundary on our property, to the north of the property, or to the south of the property. Instead, the currently interpreted line follows what the commission understood at the time to be a location of the roadway. And as you can see from the double solid

line, it is makai of the roadway in places. 1 The 2 road had been realigned before the commission drew 3 its map. And that is the heart of the difference. The commission's map shows that it intended to 4 5 follow the roadway. It simply didn't know where the 6 roadway was.

7 And if we look towards the south, towards 8 the bottom arrow, we see that 300 feet is considerably makai of the current boundary line. 9 10 That is because the commission was following 11 roadways, physical features, and not 300 feet. Ιf we look all the way down to what Chris has now 12 13 circled, that area actually did not have a roadway 14 running through it at the time. Instead, there's a 15 roadway just south of that area just as the roadway, 16 the old road stopped just inside our property and 17 turned mauka. All the commission did is connect 18 those two points. But as you can see from the blue 19 line, the commission did not connect them using 300 20 feet. If it did, the line would have been in most 21 places considerably mauka of where it was. Instead, 22 the commission connected these two then, as the 23 commission believed, two existing roadways using 24 clean, smooth lines. 25

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Go ahead, Chris.

ī	Hawaii State Land Meeting December 22, 2021 NDT Assgn # 54804
1	This map shows the current boundary line
2	again in yellow. It also shows the roads that the
3	commission believed existed at the time in blue. So
4	that blue dashed line and that yellow line where the
5	commission actually drew the boundary are co-
6	extensive, except at the top around to the north,
7	Kamehameha, the first birthplace, and then when the
8	line turns the roadway I should say turns mauka
9	into our property, the commission simply continued
10	that line, the yellow line from the end point of
11	what it believed to be the location of the roadway
12	south and connected it with another roadway that
13	existed at the time to the south of the property.
14	And so coming back to Commissioner Chang's
15	questions, we don't have to guess at what the
16	commission intended to do. We can see that it
17	followed what it believed to be the roadway that
18	existed at the time all the way into our property.
19	So, this record of the commission's
20	actions shows that the commission that the
21	current boundary line follows the roads where they
22	are mapped. The review that the commission
23	conducted and prepared expressly states every
24	example that we can find where it intended to use
25	300 feet from the coastline as the metric. Nothing

in the description of the action for our region 1 2 indicates that the commission used 300 feet for any 3 portion of the region. We know from the 4 commission's own words in its report that it favored 5 physical conditions and that a 300-foot setback was 6 not a favored condition. And we know that a 300-7 foot setback when scaled through our property or over the broader area to the north and the south 8 9 does not follow 300 feet from the shoreline.

So, if the commission did not use a 300-10 11 foot setback as its metric, what metric did it use? 12 We believe that the evidence shows that the 13 commission followed a road where a road was mapped 14 within a reasonable proximity of the shoreline. And 15 that is consistent with the commission's order of 16 conditions and its preference for mapping the line 17 between conservation and agriculture.

18 As we can see from this map, if you look 19 to the north, the commission follows the roadway. 20 If you look to the south, the commission follows the 21 roadway. In between, the commission simply connects 22 those two points following the general contour of 23 the shoreline. The commission connected these two 24 roadways even where the line closely abutted the 25 shoreline. We see this on the 1969 map. And if we



look at all of the mapping for the entire quadrant,
 this is the consistent pattern.

3 Going back to the commission standards, 4 the boundary followed a roadway at the edge of an 5 agricultural use within a reasonable proximity to the shoreline. That's the commission's first 6 7 condition. When the roadway ended or turned mauka as it did at the north portion of our property, the 8 commission simply continued the approximate line of 9 10 the roadway. As we can see from the mapping, the 11 line at the north portion of our property, the 12 boundary line at the north portion of our property 13 is exactly where the commission believed the roadway 14 to be.

15 On the screen is an aerial of the Mahukona 16 area in 1954. Even from this vantage we can see the 17 property that we have had outlined with the TMK 18 number in black. Zoomed in we can see the property as it existed in 1954. The records for this 19 20 property indicate that it was in agricultural use. 21 These two documents, and they're Exhibits 22 33 and 34, show the property and the land -- show 23 that the property and the land and its vicinity was 24 being used for ag in 1959. Exhibit 34 is a Coast 25 Guard speed letter discussing the purchase of the

land in which its station was to be located. The
 letter explains that authority had been granted to
 cut pathways in sugar cane if necessary to mark out
 the boundaries for the Coast Guard station property.

5 Exhibit 33 is an office memorandum 6 regarding land valuations based on tax assessments 7 for this area dated March 17, 1959. Paragraph two discusses the land valuation for this parcel, the 8 parcel that we're discussing, which was owned by 9 10 Bishop Estate at the time and where the Coast Guard 11 station was eventually located. With respect to 12 this very parcel, the author of this memorandum 13 notes, "Our land seems to fall within the medium pastureland category." 14

15 Those records, the Coast Guard's own 16 internal records of the property are consistent with 17 the 1969 review. That review confirmed that the 18 property was used for pastureland at the time the 19 boundary lines were drawn. A map of Kauai Island is 20 included in the 1969 review and it records the ag 21 uses occurring at the time. As shown on this 22 screen, the property is located in North Kohala. 23 And the lands in dark green are labeled cultivated 24 lands. Lands in lighter green are labeled lands 25 presently used for grazing. Our surveyor has marked



1 the approximate location of the property on the 2 right.

As you can see, the property falls in the lighter green area. This is what the Coast Guard's own internal memo characterized as medium grazing lands and the 1969 review records show as being actively used for grazing.

8 The recordation of ag uses on the parcel 9 and throughout the area supports the conclusion that 10 the commission would have applied the same rule 11 based on ag uses throughout the area and that's the 12 rule that we've discussed. We follow a roadway 13 where a roadway exists.

And that's what the -- coming back to Commissioner Chang's points, that's what the LUC tells us was its intent, to follow roads where they existed at the edge of the agricultural uses within reasonable proximity to the shoreline.

19 So, based on this record, or these 20 records, we know that the area was used for ag and 21 we know that a road existed on the property, both 22 before 1961 and after 1961. The critical point is 23 the location of the road. And we know from the 24 historical record that prior to 1969 when the LUC 25 first mapped the conservation district line that the



1	road moved. Prior to 1969 there was a dirt road in
2	the area. That dirt road rounded out towards the
3	shoreline and turned mauka at a 90 degree angle just
4	inside the boundary of the property. The road ran
5	along the northern boundary of the property as shown
6	in the photo and we've outlined that, right there.
7	That's the location of the road prior to 1961. And
8	you can see it entering the property. If we think
9	back to the earlier maps we know that that line is
10	co-extensive with the land use district boundary
11	that the commission drew.
12	This is the old road that was mapped on
13	the 1957 USGS.
14	Chris, would you
15	If we look up there toward the north, the
16	top of the map, we see where our property is and we
17	see again that road.
18	Zoomed in we can more clearly see the old
19	road that curved toward the shoreline before turning
20	mauka. And again, that road entered our property.
21	Go ahead, Chris.
22	So then shown on the screen is a
23	comparison of the 1954 aerial and the 1957 USGS map.
24	As you can see, the curvatures of the roadway
25	entering our property match on both maps and are

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1 consistent with the conservation district line.

While that roadway was accurately mapped in 1957, it no longer reflected the actual physical conditions when the map was ultimately adopted by the commission in 1964 or when the conservation district line was drawn in 1969. Between 1957 and 1964, a new road was built to the north of the property and through the property.

9

Go ahead, Chris.

10 On the left-hand side is an aerial of the 11 property in 1954. As you can see, the road does not 12 curve along the property or hug the shoreline. On 13 the right is an aerial photograph of the property 14 from 1965. And as you can clearly see in that 15 photograph the road cuts through the property and 16 hugs the shoreline.

This road was built in 1961. We put up on the screen a newspaper article that documents when the road was constructed. As the article explains, this new road took the place of the old road that ran not only through our property but to the north and it was mapped on the 1957 USGS.

We have up on the screen actual Coast Guard photographs of this road that was built in 1961, and they depict it here as a newly graded

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1 road.

2 On the left we have the 1964 map with that 3 90 degree turn at the edge of our property. On the 4 right we have the 1965 aerial. And you can see that 5 the road has been moved, extended south. It's 6 changed to the north as well. And now has a rounded 7 turn. Our property is now completely within this 8 rounded area.

9 So the result is that while the commission 10 believed it was following roadways when it drew its 11 maps, the roadway was not in the right location 12 through our property or to the north of our 13 property. And the result is simply a mistake that 14 places buildings and roadways that existed at the 15 time within the conservation district.

16 On the right is the 1982 USGS map that 17 does correctly depict the roadway. And this 18 petition simply asks the commission to interpret the 19 location of the district boundary line along the 20 actual location of the roadway that existed in 1969. 21 This is the road then and this is the road

22 today. It's the same exact road in the same 23 location through time.

As we know that the commission intended to 5 follow roadways and that it did so to the north of

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1	our property and into our property as far as it
2	believed the road went, we can conclude that if the
3	commission had the correct map of the property it
4	would have done what it said it was doing and what
5	its mapping indicates it was doing and that's follow
6	the roadway. On the right is a corrected survey of
7	our property. On our property, the interpretation
8	is represented by the black dashed line that runs
9	along the contour of the roadway. That we believe
10	is the correct interpretation of the conservation
11	district boundary. It results in a small, but
12	important correction, 1.813 acres mauka of the
13	roadway as being interpreted as falling within the
14	agricultural district.

15 Although not at issue in this petition 16 because it only concerns the property, we wanted to show the commission the effect of the interpretation 17 18 on other properties in the area. And as you can 19 see, to the south of our property, the correct 20 interpretation meets up with the current 21 interpretation at the southern boundary. The 22 current interpretation is in dash yellow. The 23 correct interpretation we believe following the road 24 that existed at the time is shown in green. They 25 meet up at the southern portion of the property.

To the north of our property, we can see 1 that the commission believed it was following the 2 3 roadway that existed at the time. And we see that 4 up towards the top third of the map where the road 5 that did exist, and does exist, is entirely co-6 extensive with the conservation district boundary. 7 The problem is just south of that, approximately where the sea is, where the roadway previously 8 9 existed exactly where the commission mapped it but 10 before the commission drew its line had been moved 11 mauka and its alignment changed. Even if other 12 petitioners were to come in and seek clarification, 13 the changes are not significant. It's simply 14 following the road that existed at the time only in 15 those locations where the roadway, where the commission in 1969, simply didn't have current 16 17 information about the physical conditions in those 18 properties. 19 To the north of our property is a DHHL

20 parcel. That is the bulk of the area to the north 21 of our property. DHHL has been advised of this and 22 has not expressed any opposition to the petition.

Go ahead, Chris.

I'd like to at this point allow the petitioner's member to speak with the commission,



Г	Hawaii State Land Meeting December 22, 2021 NDT Assgn # 54804 Page 79
1	and I believe that will enable the commission to ask
2	questions. It might be best put to the applicant
3	rather than the attorney.
4	Chair, I believe you're on mute.
5	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Why don't you stop
6	screen sharing.
7	MR. CHIPCHASE: Very good.
8	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: I'm sorry, you
9	know, and I apologize if this is something I missed
10	in the written materials. So DHHL is a client of
11	mine. I did not know until this moment that they
12	were the adjacent boundary member. I've never
13	discussed this matter with them but I just want to
14	disclose that and give you the opportunity to object
15	to my continued participation in this hearing.
16	MR. CHIPCHASE: No objection, Chair.
17	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Okay.
18	Commissioners, we're fine from hearing
19	from Mr. Eggen?
20	Okay. Let me swear him in.
21	Oh, he has to be admitted; right? His
22	hand is up. I'm going to promote you to be a
23	panelist. You can now enable your audio and video.
24	MR. EGGEN: Thank you.
25	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: So I'm going to

swear you in because our quasi-judicial proceedings, 1 2 in general we do this. 3 Do you swear or affirm the testimony 4 you're about to give is the truth? 5 MR. EGGEN: Yes, I do. 6 **COMMISSIONER SCHEUER:** Okay. 7 Now, Cal, had you fashioned this as having some direct examination with him? 8 9 MR. CHIPCHASE: Very brief direct, Chair. 10 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Please proceed. 11 MR. CHIPCHASE: Mr. Eggen, would you 12 please just introduce yourself to the commission? 13 MR. EGGEN: Sure. My name is Nathan Eggen. And I just wanted to say thank you all for 14 15 taking the time to hear this petition and speak with 16 me today. 17 MR. CHIPCHASE: And Mr. Eggen, what kind 18 of work do you do? 19 MR. EGGEN: I'm a software developer and 20 then I also am a part owner of a small business here 21 on the Big Island that we make cabinets and millwork 22 and that sort of thing. 23 MR. CHIPCHASE: And are you a member of 24 the petitioner? 25 MR. EGGEN: Yes. I'm a member of the LLC

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that owns the property. 1 2 MR. CHIPCHASE: Are there other 3 members? 4 MR. EGGEN: Yes. So my wife is another 5 member and then some of our other family also are 6 members. 7 MR. CHIPCHASE: And why is your ownership structured as an LLC? 8 9 MR. EGGEN: So it makes basically shared 10 ownership easier as well as inheritance. You know, 11 some of them are older. They're going to be doing, 12 you know, doing estate planning, passing it on to 13 their children. So it's kind of a family event. MR. CHIPCHASE: And as we've discussed 14 15 today, the property that we've looked at is in both 16 the agriculture and the conservation districts. Do 17 you know what the county zoning for the property is? 18 MR. EGGEN: It's A20 zoning. 19 MR. CHIPCHASE: And the current boundary 20 interpretation puts the conservation district line 21 mauka of your home in an area that I know you use 22 for some agriculture. Could you describe for us the 23 impact that that designation has and why you're 24 asking the commission to interpret the boundary as 25 running along the Coast Guard road?

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1	MR. EGGEN: Sure. Yeah, so, you know,
2	right now the current boundary interpretation, it
3	has the conservation line kind of up the hill from
4	our backyard. And, you know, as I've kind of lived
5	and learned more about all the rules and regulations
6	for conservation zoned property, having, you know,
7	the part of the property I actually live in, my yard
8	and my house incorrectly in the conservation zone
9	has created a lot of problems and just extra work
10	and processes. You know, it makes it hard to do
11	things as simply as landscaping or planting trees.
12	You know, installing an irrigation system, trying to
13	get solar panels, you know, to reduce my energy
14	costs. Things like repaving my driveway. All those
15	things, you know, they can be done in conservation
16	but they take, you know, a significant amount of
17	extra procedure. Some of them take years to go
18	through the process. Require, you know, lots of
19	permits and approvals. And that's in addition to
20	just normal things that we all do with our county
21	government, getting building permits and that sort
22	of thing. So, you know, the way that it's regulated
23	right now, my wife and I, we're not supposed to dig
24	a hole with a shove, disturb the soil, cut a branch
25	over one inch in diameter without sending a letter

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to the OCCL in the mail and then waiting for, you 1 know, up to 30 business days for them to send us a 2 3 letter back approving our action. And they're all really nice people. You know, I know the OCCL 4 5 I've worked with them. It's not about that people. 6 being, you know, good or bad but it's just a very 7 burdensome process for just living and using my home. And I think that correcting this issue would 8 really simplify our lives. 9

MR. CHIPCHASE: Would you describe for us just briefly just some of the ag uses that you currently engage in on the property?

13 MR. EGGEN: Yeah, we have a few things. So, you know, our immediate yard area is planted 14 15 with trees and fruits that have been -- they were 16 all kind of put in when the Coast Guard was here for 17 the people that lived there. So we've got things 18 like avocados, bananas, coconuts, mangos. And then 19 in the upper portion of the property that's more 20 exposed and not as protected from the wind, the 21 lower area with the trees is more like kind of a 22 goalie. The upper area is more like a pasture and 23 that area we have cows in for part of the year for 24 fire control, you know, and just managing that 25 pastureland a bit better than letting it go wild.

MR. CHIPCHASE: And with respect to the produce that you grow, do you sell any of that commercially currently?

4 MR. EGGEN: No. You know, right now 5 because all of our produce is grown in conservation 6 zone land, we're not allowed to sell that product. 7 I mean, you can't have any commercial activity 8 originating from conservation zoned -- the subzone 9 that we're in prohibits that without -- I could go 10 and get a permit I think, maybe, to do it but again, 11 that's a board level permit. It takes a year and several public hearings just to be able to sell an 12 13 So it's a bit burdensome. avocado.

MR. CHIPCHASE: And if that land were in agriculture, what would be your intent with respect to your growing operations?

17 MR. EGGEN: Yeah, there's a lot more land 18 available in that area. You know, 1.8 acres of sort 19 of prime land that's protected and hopefully would 20 be irrigated. We can grow a lot more trees. My 21 wife and I, you know, we both come from agricultural 22 backgrounds. Our parents all grew up on farms, ranching, and we both moved to, you know, a rural 23 24 place with land to grow because that's one of our 25 main reasons to be here. So, you know, we'd like to



1 plant more trees. There's a wonderful farmer's 2 market up in our town, Hawi, and we'd like to be 3 able to sell our produce there and really share that 4 with the community.

5 MR. CHIPCHASE: And if the boundary line 6 were corrected as we've proposed, do you have any 7 plans to develop the property?

That's a good question. 8 MR. EGGEN: Ι 9 So, I mean, the property is already don't. 10 developed. The property was developed in 1961. The 11 house I live in is from 1961. Nothing about the 12 property has changed. And I think it's really 13 important, you know, I've learned a lot about all 14 these rules and going through this process that, you kwon, with the shoreline portion, the makai portion 15 16 of the property remaining in conservation, there's 17 no potential land use action that could be done by 18 me or anyone ever that wouldn't go through the most 19 rigorous form of regulation from the State of 20 Hawaii; right? You can't subdivide it. Can't build 21 anything. You can't get a permit to do anything 22 because of that conservation presence.

And I think the other piece is, and this was asked by one of the commissioners, I believe Commissioner Chang, the entire property, you know,

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shoreline to top of it is in the special management
 area and is already regulated through the special
 management area permitting process.

MR. CHIPCHASE: Nathan, for the portion of the property that you've described as being better for growing produce and other forms of agriculture, do you have an understanding of how that property, that area was used when the Coast Guard owned it and had its station there?

10 I had an opportunity to MR. EGGEN: Yeah. speak with the former facility manager for the Coast 11 Guard who operated the property before it was shut 12 13 His name was Arthur Greiner. down. He, 14 unfortunately, has passed away during this COVID 15 pandemic but, you know, he shared with me how they 16 had planted the entire property with fruit for each 17 of the homes and the people that lived there to give 18 them, you know, extra, basically sources of food 19 because especially back in 1960, this was extremely 20 remote. There was very little choice for like fresh 21 goods and produce. And so they did a lot to make it 22 really hospitable for them. And that area that they 23 chose to situate homes is, you know, as I said, it's 24 like sunken down and protected because if any of you 25 have ever been to Kohala or if you, you know, look



around the area, there's a gigantic windfarm. 1 It's a very windy place and so it's quite hard to grow in 2 3 the majority of this area, you know, unless you have some sort of natural benefit. 4 5 **COMMISSIONER SCHEUER:** Mr. Chipchase, you 6 said brief. How much longer do you have? We're 7 ready for a break. 8 MR. CHIPCHASE: I just have two more questions, Chair. 9 10 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Proceed. 11 MR. CHIPCHASE: Thank you. 12 The first was just in response to a 13 question that Commissioner Chang had asked and I 14 thought better to hear from the applicant. 15 Mr. Eggen, do you intend to operate an 16 STDR on your property? 17 MR. EGGEN: No, we don't. You know, the 18 property is the place that we live and it's our 19 normal life here. And then, you know, the other 20 thing is that the special management area permits 21 specifically for our property. Prevents any STDR 22 operations as a condition of it. And those permits 23 are revocable if anyone was to ever violate that 24 precedent. 25 MR. CHIPCHASE: My last question, Nathan.



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1 Did you have an opportunity to talk to your 2 neighbors about your petition and the request to 3 correct the boundary line?

4 MR. EGGEN: Yeah. You know, it's not a 5 requirement of this process but I wanted to tell all 6 of them what's going on. So I spoke to each of my 7 adjacent landowners. You know, all of them support 8 the petition. Several of them sent in supportive comments as public testimony. Took the effort to do 9 10 that. And then I also spoke to DHHL who is my 11 adjacent neighbor. You know, they're obviously 12 impacted by this same error. They and I have a 13 really good working relationship. We support each 14 other in all sorts of ways on an ongoing basis and 15 have for years. And so, you know, I think across 16 the board there's strong support and no negative 17 feedback from any of them.

18 MR. CHIPCHASE: Thank you, Nathan.
19 Chair, I have no further questions.
20 appreciate the opportunity.

21 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Okay. It is 11:41.
22 We're going to take a 10-minute break. Reconvene at
23 11:51 for questions of this witness and then we'll
24 assess our proceedings.
25 Ten-minute break.

(Recess taken from 11:41 a.m. - 11:51 1 2 a.m.) 3 **COMMISSIONER SCHEUER:** Okay. It's 11:51. 4 Let's go back on the record. 5 I'm going to recognize Commissioner Chang 6 followed by Commissioner Giovanni. 7 MR. ORODENKER: Giovanni doesn't have his 8 hand up. 9 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Excuse me. 10 Ohigashi. 11 Commissioner Chang? 12 COMMISSIONER CHANG: Thank you, Mr. Chair. 13 Oh, good morning, Mr. Eggen. Thank you 14 for being here this morning with us. I have several 15 questions I'd like to ask you. 16 The first one is, what does -- how do you 17 pronounce the name of your LLC? 18 MR. EGGEN: It's Honoipu Hideaway. 19 COMMISSIONER CHANG: Can you tell me what 20 does that mean? 21 MR. EGGEN: Sure. Yeah. So it's a name 22 that we came up with as a family and, you know, we 23 wanted something historical. This is a really 24 important area and an important piece of land. 25 Honoipu is the name of the Ahupua'a that our



1	property is located on. And so we like that. You
2	know, it's also, the ipu is the gourd, right, and it
3	would be like something you would bring to like a
4	family gathering with food in it, so it's like a
5	place that we all gather together. So we kind of
6	thought that was a good tie in. And then hideaway,
7	you know, if you look at the map of this, it's
8	basically at the end of the island. You know,
9	there's thousands of acres of land around it. You
10	really feel like you go down this long road and
11	you're all by yourself. So it feels like you're
12	hidden away from, you know, the end of the earth.
13	So we thought it was fitting.
14	COMMISSIONER CHANG: Okay. And I'm sure
15	you met Ahupua'a.
16	MR. EGGEN: I'm sorry, yes.
17	COMMISSIONER CHANG: No, that's okay.
18	That's we all have a hard time with that word as
19	well.
20	MR. EGGEN: It's a hard one. Yeah.
21	COMMISSIONER CHANG: I appreciate the
22	explanation for the name.
23	In Hawaiian, you're right. Hawaiians give
24	names and it's a very important it's very
25	important because a name becomes a place. So I

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1	appreciate you explaining to me your intention.
2	Could you tell me, when did you buy the
3	property?
4	MR. EGGEN: Sure. I bought it in March of
5	2018.
6	COMMISSIONER CHANG: 2018. And when you
7	bought the property, did you know that a portion of
8	it was in conservation land?
9	MR. EGGEN: Yes.
10	COMMISSIONER CHANG: Okay. Let me just
11	your counsel has described the intention of the LUC
12	Commission when they drew the boundary line and
13	essentially he indicated that it was the intent of
14	the commission to follow the roadway. Let me ask
15	you this. Do you think another plausible
16	explanation could be that because the Coast Guard
17	had changed the location of the roadway, the
18	uncertainty the placement of the roadway, that the
19	roadway was no longer a monument that should be
20	followed because who knows, the Coast Guard could
21	change it again. And that based upon the intention
22	of conservation district lands, 205-2(e), to
23	preserve scenic and historic areas, preserve water
24	resources, but do you think another plausible
25	interpretation of the commission's intent when they

1 drew that line, that it wasn't a mistake, it was 2 intentional to draw the line where it did?

3 MR. EGGEN: That's a good question. I've considered that myself. You know. I try to be 4 5 objective about it. I think that, you know, it 6 looks pretty clear to me that somebody that's in the 7 business of mapping and providing accurate records wouldn't certify a map that had an obvious like 8 missing or mistake on it. You know, the base that's 9 10 depicted truly did not exist in any way. In fact, 11 in 1959, they demolished the entire base that's 12 depicted on the Land Use Commission map. It was 13 actually graded and taken down to the ground. And 14 the base was enlarged from 20 acres, the size that 15 you see on the Land Use Commission map, to 100 16 acres. So it was made five times larger at that 17 time. And so I think that although they may have 18 wanted to do or specify one intention or another, 19 again, maybe it's not my place to say what their 20 intention was but I don't think someone who is a 21 surveyor or a mapper would purposefully record an 22 incorrect map that doesn't reflect the actual like 23 structures, roads, and land.

24 COMMISSIONER CHANG: You are assuming that 25 it's intentional incorrect. And I understand the

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argument. But I'll just propose an alternative 1 2 interpretation that given that the roadway had been 3 changed recently, that the Land Use Commission, rather than using that as a monument because it was 4 5 not necessarily a fixed roadway anymore -- it had 6 been newly put in -- that the line that they drew 7 for the conservation land in particular on the property that you currently own was intentionally 8 9 drawn at that location. Wouldn't you agree that 10 that's a possible interpretation of the LUC's 11 intention?

12 MR. EGGEN: I don't see any other evidence 13 where they've done similar things. I looked at the 14 conservation boundaries for the entire state of 15 Hawaii in my own research and I can't find any 16 evidence where similar types of mapping issues have 17 been resolved in the way that you're describing 18 them. But I mean, ultimately I think that's part of 19 what you as commissioners are here to decide. So I 20 really feel like my opinion is minor in the grand 21 scheme of it.

22 COMMISSIONER CHANG: I'm very impressed 23 that you've looked at all of the conservation 24 district. I was a former deputy attorney general 25 with DNLR advising conservation, advising OCCL.

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1	MR. EGGEN: Okay.
2	COMMISSIONER CHANG: I don't even know if
3	I looked at all of the conservation map. So I
4	applaud you. But nonetheless, I think my point is
5	that I think that we are all surmising what's the
6	intention of the Land Use Commission and I think it
7	is fair to conclude that there might have been other
8	intentions other than to say that the line was drawn
9	intentionally along the roadway. And I guess that's
10	my only point.
11	Let me move on from that. My other
12	question is, you said you went and talked to
13	well, let me ask you, did you talk to OCCL regarding
14	the regulations that were applicable to conservation
15	lands?
16	MR. EGGEN: Yes. They visited the
17	property with me and then we've also talked on a
18	number of occasions.
19	COMMISSIONER CHANG: So when you knew you
20	bought conservation land, you spoke to OCCL
21	regarding the regulations. At what point in time
22	did you decide to pursue this boundary
23	interpretation? Because you bought the land in
24	2018. When did you talk to OCCL?
25	MR. EGGEN: Also in 2018. They were the

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organization that told me that they didn't -- they 1 2 weren't in the boundary business and directed me to the Land Use Commission to seek a boundary 3 4 interpretation, so. 5 **COMMISSIONER CHANG:** Did they ask you to 6 see a boundary interpretation or a boundary 7 amendment? 8 A boundary interpretation. MR. EGGEN: 9 COMMISSIONER CHANG: Okay. And you've 10 chosen to do a boundary interpretation versus a 11 boundary amendment; is that correct? 12 That's right. That's correct. MR. EGGEN: 13 COMMISSIONER CHANG: And can I ask you Why did you choose a boundary interpretation 14 why? 15 rather than the amendment? 16 MR. EGGEN: Yeah, that's a good question. 17 So there's a couple of reasons for it. When I 18 initially started this process I was working on my 19 own, working with the Land Use Commission staff, 20 kind of learning how all this pretty complicated 21 process works to be completely honest. At that 22 time, a staff planner told me that based on the 23 information that I had shared with them that I 24 should pursue a boundary interpretation and if there 25 was a problem with it to seek a declaratory order.

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1	You know, the problem with the amendment is that
2	it's, like I'm a normal person and an amendment
3	takes it looks like several years at best to be
4	carried out. You have to do an environmental impact
5	statement that costs \$100,000. Like, this has
6	already been really expensive and time consuming and
7	I just I think that it would be burdensome.

8 COMMISSIONER CHANG: I appreciate that. Ι 9 mean, you do have -- your counsel has been before us 10 many times. He's extremely competent. You do 11 appear to have the resources. But I do also, you 12 know, I appreciate that you also spoke to the 13 adjoining landowners but if there may be other -- an 14 interpretation based upon what you're arguing or 15 your purporting may have broad implications just 16 beyond your adjoining landowners. There may be 17 other properties all along both the State of Hawaii, 18 as well as the island of Hawaii where people may 19 come in with similar arguments that the line is not 20 -- that there's a mistake. Have you spoken to 21 anybody else besides just your adjoining landowners? 22 MR. EGGEN: I have not talked to anybody 23 I did, you know, just try to see if I could else. 24 find other evidence of that, and at least in my 25 review I didn't. I mean, I think one aspect of this

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1	is that the military base when it was originally
2	constructed was top secret and so there was very
3	little like public communication of what was
4	happening about it until 1961 when it was like
5	opened up and put in the newspaper and whatnot. But
6	I don't think that, you know, people necessarily
7	would have the same situation where a federal agency
8	built the roads of their own accord; right? Like,
9	usually any other action would have permits and
10	records and activities that would have been
11	regulated by the state and county in which they
12	occurred. This one was basically a unilateral
13	federal action that kind of like went outside the
14	bounds of the normal state processes.

15 **COMMISSIONER CHANG:** That's an excellent 16 point and that may have been a consideration by the 17 Land Use Commission knowing that it had previously 18 been used by the military and so things could have 19 changed. But, you know, I've appreciated your 20 responses and Mr. Chair, I think at this point in 21 time I don't have any other questions, further 22 questions.

23 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Thank you,
24 Commissioner Chang.
25 COMMISSIONER CHANG: Thank you.

COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Commissioner 1 Ohigashi? 2 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Mr. Eggen, is that 3 4 how you pronounce it? 5 MR. EGGEN: It's Eggen but that's fine. 6 No problem. 7 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Eggen. Mr. Eggen. 8 I'm sorry. 9 I was looking at your Exhibit 19. I'm not 10 sure if you have it in front of you or if you know 11 about it. 12 MR. EGGEN: I can grab it while we're 13 speaking definitely. 14 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: I was looking that 15 your proposal appears to place the new boundary that 16 you're requesting or the corrected boundary on the 17 road fronting two structures on the property. And 18 there are two structures on the property. Are those 19 residences on the property? 20 MR. EGGEN: They are. Yep. 21 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: One is outside the 22 property boundary line according to Exhibit 19. Is 23 that a residence or are people living there? 24 MR. EGGEN: Yeah, it's a residence. And 25 the boundary issue is something that was created

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1	when the federal government owned both parcels and
2	they basically developed it as one large facility.
3	And they didn't really pay very close attention to
4	the locations of lot lines. So DHHL and myself have
5	basically a boundary agreement about the issue, like
6	an easement to address it.

COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: So DHHL has -- you
8 have an easement from DHHL to occupy that structure?

9 MR. EGGEN: Yeah. It has a different 10 I'm trying to think of the exact legal name. document but that's an example of like, you know, 11 12 like we provide them an access easement to their 13 property which is landlocked and they address this 14 lot line issue which is, again, kind of like this 15 problem. It's nobody living's fault. It happened 16 60 years ago but it's an issue, nonetheless.

17 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Can you tell me
18 who's living in the two residences?

MR. EGGEN: My wife and I live in one and the other one is used by our family when they visit. Some of them come for the winter. If it isn't COVID, it's a bit more often.

23 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Is the one outside 24 the boundary line your residence or is that the one 25 that is being used by your family?



MR. EGGEN: The one that is outside the boundary line is used by the rest of my family. We live closest to the road to kind of keep an eye on things.

5 **COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI:** I'm not familiar 6 with an LLC but is that -- is that -- are you the 7 managing member or are you -- is that your title?

8 MR. EGGEN: I mean, we all technically are 9 owner managers so there's no subsidiary level of 10 members.

11 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Your proposal 12 would place you, these two structures outside of the 13 conservation zone; is that right?

14 MR. EGGEN: That is correct.

15 **COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI:** However, the 16 portion that exists outside of your property line

17 would be subject to conservation district

18 requirements; is that right?

19 MR. EGGEN: I don't know the technical 20 answer to that. I mean, I'm not sure if you were to 21 make this correction, if you would or would not also 22 correct the basically related issue on the DHHL 23 parcel. It's not part of this request. 24 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: No, no. Your 25 declaratory ruling -- your declaratory request is

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only for your parcel. 1 2 MR. EGGEN: That's my assumption. Yeah. 3 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: So it does not 4 address that problem; is that right? 5 MR. EGGEN: Yeah. It's a complicated 6 property. 7 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: When I started --8 when the Office of Planning gave their opening -- or 9 their statement, I asked them about their Exhibit 4. 10 And according to their Exhibit 4, they placed a 1982 11 paved road based on, I quess, their GIS survey above 12 the existing residences. 13 And if we were to follow the Office of Planning, which is the state arm of planning and 14 15 their GIS, then we could relatively assume that the residences would remain within the conservation 16 17 district; is that right? 18 MR. EGGEN: I disagree on that one. Ι 19 think if you look at that document you'll see that 20 it says it's not to be used for boundary 21 interpretations down in the corner of it because the 22 GIS data isn't accurate. And it's actually when you 23 _ _ 24 Go ahead. 25 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: I see something



1	Hawaii State Land Meeting December 22, 2021 NDT Assgn # 54804 Page 102
1	signed by the executive officer on 10-26-2020 of the
2	Land Use Commission, that the boundary
3	MR. EGGEN: That's not on mine.
4	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: and been
5	delineated is
6	hereby certified as the actual land use district
7	boundary.
8	So what my question is, is that given the
9	two different maps, we seem to have a fuzzy type of
10	figuring out where exactly the boundary line is that
11	you are requesting to be moved. Are you is there
12	any historical record of the 1982 paved road being
13	above your home?
14	MR. EGGEN: There's not. There's an
15	aerial photograph that we've shared with you from
16	1965 produced by the U.S. Department of Agriculture
17	that shows the road in its current location in front
18	of my home. It's always been
19	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Was a survey of
20	the 1982 paved road done? Or the 1982 I'm trying
21	to be correct.
22	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Sorry. I just need
23	to instruct the witness to not interrupt because it
24	makes the transcription from this recording nearly
25	impossible.

1	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: I'm sorry; maybe
2	I'm proceeding questions too quickly, too. I'm
3	going to try I'm just trying to it's the 1982
4	topographical map that they used this line to say
5	the 1982 paved road. Are you aware as an owner and
6	person that has done research on it and I guess as
7	an architect, are you aware of any surveys done of
8	that particular road?
9	MR. EGGEN: That's a good question. So
10	the road is not from 1982. That map
11	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: No, I'm referring
12	to the map.
13	MR. EGGEN: Okay.
14	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: I think we would
15	agree that the road was created before 1961.
16	MR. EGGEN: Right. I agree. So, the
17	Office of Planning's exhibit is a base map that my
18	surveyors created and was certified by the boundary
19	interpretation process that the Land Use Commission
20	uses. And then the Office of Planning used GIS data
21	and overlaid that on top of our map. The GIS data
22	is not used by the Land Use Commission for its own
23	boundary interpretations for my understanding and
24	it's not accurate within a reasonable like for the
25	scale that we're looking at, it's not an accurate

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1	representation of location. The road itself is very
2	clearly in the aerial photographs that predate that
3	map in the same location that it's in in current
4	aerial photographs, so I do not believe and none of
5	the surveys that we have or aerial evidence show
6	that it was ever behind the homes. The homes
7	obviously have not moved.
8	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: When were the

8 **COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI:** When were the 9 homes built?

10

MR. EGGEN: 1961.

11 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: So there could 12 have been a road prior to 1961 that was modified in 13 1961 after -- to be moved further down for the -- by 14 the Navy; is that right? I mean, for all we know 15 the paved road in this map was moved lower prior to 16 1961 because they wanted to develop those two 17 particular properties?

18 MR. EGGEN: I think the evidence that 19 we've provided shows that they expanded the base and 20 put the road from going around the base through the 21 middle of the base. In 1960 and '61, they completed 22 construction on June 2nd, and the road as it's 23 depicted in the aerial photographs from 1965 is an 24 accurate representation of that. And those same 25 aerial photos from current present day match the

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1	1965 aerial photos. So I think the location of the
2	road as certified in the shoreline survey, the
3	boundary interpretations is very accurate. And that
4	is equivalent or is the road depicted as the 1982
5	USGS road as shown on that map. Unfortunately, the
6	OP map is basically inaccurate and wasn't done by a
7	surveyor using data that has a margin of error or
8	specificity that's much too inaccurate to be like
9	used for this type of determination.
10	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: And I presume that
11	that is your argument and not your testimony?
12	Because are you a surveyor?
13	MR. EGGEN: I'm not a surveyor but the
14	maps that we have provided
15	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Do you have
16	expertise do you have expertise in determining
17	whether or not the GIS map is accurate or not?
18	MR. EGGEN: I am not a surveyor and I do
19	not have expertise in determining if their map is
20	accurate.
21	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Okay. So that's
22	all the questions I have.
23	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Commissioners,
24	further questions for Mr. Eggen?
25	Commissioner Giovanni followed by

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1	Commissioner Cabral.
2	COMMISSIONER GIOVANNI: Thank you, Chair.
3	Thank you, Mr. Eggen.
4	I'd like to go back and follow on to some
5	of Commissioner Chang's questions and answers that
6	you provided.
7	So when you purchased the land in the
8	property in 2018, you had a you acknowledge that
9	you understood that part of that land was zoned in
10	conservation; correct?
11	MR. EGGEN: That's correct.
12	COMMISSIONER GIOVANNI: What did that mean
13	to you at the time?
14	MR. EGGEN: Well, at the initial time I
15	didn't have a full understanding of what all those
16	rules and regulations were. And I tried to work,
17	you know, collaboratively and carefully with both
18	OCCL as well as Hawaii County and all sorts of other
19	agencies to make sure that I did understand them and
20	followed those rules and regulations.
21	COMMISSIONER GIOVANNI: So when you was
22	that before or after you purchased the land?
23	MR. EGGEN: Well, it actually started
24	before the transaction closed so that I, you know,
25	part of it I realized I would need to do special



1 management area permitting and potentially the 2 conservation district use, CUDL permits. So I 3 started learning about both of those processes 4 before the purchase closed and after the purchased 5 closed continued.

6 **COMMISSIONER GIOVANNI:** So it would have 7 been possible for you to not close on the property 8 based on the learnings that you developed in the 9 process at that time; is that correct?

MR. EGGEN: I think that's true but I 11 liked the property.

12 COMMISSIONER GIOVANNI: So strategically, 13 you strike me as a person with both tactical and 14 strategic thinking and critical thinking. Was it 15 your intention -- your intention at the time to 16 pursue changes to the -- either through a district 17 boundary amendment or some other process now, this 18 interpretation process, to rectify this for some 19 reason? Did you see it as a problem you had to get 20 corrected? I mean, what motivated you at the time, 21 at that point in time and what's your motivation 22 today? 23 MR. EGGEN: That's a good question,

24 commissioner.

25

So, I didn't know that there was a mapping



1	error when I bought it. It wasn't apparent to me.
2	I mean, to be quite frank, it takes a lot of staring
3	at these maps. I mean, I live here and I had to
4	stare at it for a long time to even like get an
5	inkling that there was something wrong. It's not
6	blindingly apparent unless you're a surveyor. So at
7	first I didn't realize that there was an issue. I
8	think what has really driven us to try to correct
9	this error is that it feels I mean, I don't know
10	if any of you live in conservation zoned property
11	but if you are trying to be a good person and follow
12	the rules they are quite burdensome. And the more
13	duration that we've experienced that, the more I
14	think that it's just become clear that we'd like to
15	have a simplified life. I mean, for us, you know,
16	and someday for the people in our family that
17	inherit it from us and live here, too, we just don't
18	want them to be having to kind of have it's
19	almost like having two masters. You know, there's
20	always this sort of convoluted process of who has
21	jurisdiction. Who's going to approve your request
22	shuffling paperwork back and forth. It's a little
23	bit complicated.
24	COMMISSIONER GIOVANNI: All of that is

25 necessitated because of your intention to make

Is that not correct? And you're trying to 1 changes. 2 make changes on conservation land. And the purpose 3 of conservation land is to not -- is to conserve it, not make change. So it goes with the -- it kind of 4 5 goes with the bargain, if you will. You buy 6 conservation land. You have to deal with the 7 bureaucracy, and I'll put a word in from my point of view, it might be viewed by some landowners as even 8 a hardship to try to exist on conservation land. 9 10 Isn't that something that you realized at the time that you purchased it or realized it at a point in 11 time where you were learning about it and still 12 13 could extract yourself from the transaction?

14 MR. EGGEN: I don't think that I really 15 realized the full implications until after we closed on the property because we weren't able to really 16 17 proceed very far with the process until we actually 18 had ownership of the property. Like, they wouldn't 19 really engage with us or allow us to submit any kind 20 of requests or permits until we owned or had title 21 Right? So the most I could do was basically to it. 22 read and learn but not really engage in a 23 significant way to find out what the limitations 24 were going to be specifically for this property. 25 But I hear where you're coming from and I think

that, you know, it's definitely something that's 1 2 easier to see in hindsight than in the moment. 3 COMMISSIONER GIOVANNI: Fair enough. 4 So in the three years that you've owned 5 the property and have had to deal with the 6 regulations involving the conservation land and 7 submitting requests and inquiries about it, have you ever gotten a refusal or turned down on any request? 8 9 MR. EGGEN: Well, I would say that 10 generally when faced with the process that we would 11 have to do we haven't proceeded with any of the more complicated things that I'd like to do. For 12 13 example, getting solar panels requires a department level permit, a D-level permit with a public hearing 14 15 and a 12-month lead time. And I can't find a solar 16 installer who will even start the process of doing 17 it on my behalf. Right? So I'm basically blocked 18 from -- I can't install a solar system. I need 19 someone to do it for me and no one will deal with 20 the state to carry out that process. So those are 21 the kinds of things that are --22 COMMISSIONER GIOVANNI: Have you 23 considered installing a ground mounted solar system 24 on the agricultural land instead of putting it on 25 the conservation land that you own?

	Hawall State Land Meeting December 22, 2021 NDT Assgn # 54804 Page 11
1	MR. EGGEN: I have considered that. The
2	problem for that for me is that I don't particularly
3	want to look at a ground mount solar system as my
4	view and I have a big roof with nothing on it. It
5	seems like the logical place to put a solar system.
6	But it's a point. You know, there's always lots of
7	ways to solve a problem.
8	COMMISSIONER GIOVANNI: Thank you. I
9	don't have any further questions.
10	Thank you, Chair.
11	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Thank you,
12	Commissioner Giovanni.
13	Commissioner Cabral? Commissioner Cabral,
14	if you're trying to talk, you're muted.
15	Commissioner Cabral? No?
16	Commissioner Wong, you're winding a flag?
17	COMMISSIONER WONG: Yeah. I got it from
18	staff so you could see me, Chair. Thank you, Chair.
19	I have several questions regarding your
20	property, sir.
21	MR. EGGEN: Okay.
22	COMMISSIONER WONG: So I'm going back to,
23	again, you know your property before 2018, was it
24	owned by only one person or prior to that someone
25	else bought it or do you know the history of the

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2 MR. EGGEN: Yes, I do, commissioner. I 3 bought the property from the Parker Ranch Land Trust. They were the original owners of the 4 5 property before the federal government owned it. 6 They had a reversal clause in the deed, and so when 7 the federal government stopped using the property it was returned to them in the year 2000. They held it 8 9 from the year 2000 until we purchased it in 2018. 10 COMMISSIONER WONG: So, and before that, as you said, before Parker Ranch, the federal 11 government owned it a little while. That's correct? 12 13 I just want to make sure I'm following the --14 MR. EGGEN: Sorry. My headset is just 15 running out of batteries. One moment. 16 COMMISSIONER WONG: Okay. 17 MR. EGGEN: Well, I think you can still 18 hear me; is that correct? 19 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Yes. 20 MR. EGGEN: Okay. So the federal 21 government owned it from 1959 until the year 2000, 22 roughly. 23 COMMISSIONER WONG: Okay. So I guess I've 24 got to go to Parker Ranch then. So, do you have any 25 evidence on the record that the owner, which is



Parker Ranch, objected to the LUC's boundary? You
 know, the boundary map about the conservation
 boundary?

4 In their ownership until 1959 or their 5 ownership from the year 2000 and later?

6 **COMMISSIONER WONG:** Yeah. Well, so the 7 assumption is they owned it, you know, they owned 8 the property before the federal government. I'm 9 assuming that's the case; right?

10

MR. EGGEN: They did.

11 COMMISSIONER WONG: So, you know, when the 12 LUC or the state made this conservation boundary map 13 which we're talking about right now, do you know if 14 they had any problems? Was there anything on their 15 record that you know of that said, hey, you know 16 what? I don't like where you're putting the line. 17 So change it.

18 MR. EGGEN: Well, when the conservation 19 line was created, the federal government owned the 20 property, so I don't think Parker Ranch would have 21 been aware of it. But I don't know beyond that.

22 **COMMISSIONER WONG:** Okay. So I just want 23 to make sure I understand because, you know, Parker 24 Ranch is a big landowner and I would assume that 25 when you bought the property from Parker Ranch you



1 kind of understood, you know, the escrow or whoever 2 did the background checks that, hey, there is a 3 conservation land. There were issues on this but I 4 guess didn't say anything about that issue; right?

5 MR. EGGEN: They disclosed that it was 6 partially in conservation and they disclosed that 7 they discovered the lot line issue that we discussed earlier with one of the other commissioners when 8 9 they had a survey of the property done. They didn't 10 resolve the issue with DHHL. They didn't ever seek 11 to do so and so it wasn't until we purchased it that 12 that issue was resolved.

13

15

COMMISSIONER WONG: In 2018,

14 approximately?

MR. EGGEN: Yes.

DEPOSITION & TRIAL

16 **COMMISSIONER WONG:** So the other questions I have is we're going through a statutory ruling. 17 I 18 understand that we're dealing with the land, the 19 property, the changes of whatever we want to do on 20 it. So how come you didn't come and do a DBA 21 instead? 22 MR. EGGEN: Is that the district boundary 23 amendment, commissioner? 24 COMMISSIONER WONG: I (indiscernible). 25 MR. EGGEN: So the reason that I didn't do

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1	a DBA is that when I spoke to the Land Use
2	Commission staff initially in this process and we
3	determined that there was this sort of inconsistency
4	in question, one of the staff planners told me that
5	this was the process that I should follow. And I
6	started down that process on my own and felt like it
7	was pretty difficult and confusing to do a
8	declaratory order. And at that point I retained my
9	counsel from Cal and team to help with that process
10	because I didn't know if I would be able to complete
11	it on my own.
12	COMMISSIONER WONG: Can has been in front
13	of us a lot of times so he knows our process.
14	So not taking any position at this point
15	because I want to hear everything, let's say we deny
16	this. Would you come back for a DBA?
17	MR. EGGEN: I don't know definitively what
18	I would do yet. I mean, it would a significant
19	burden on me to do an environmental impact
20	statement. I mean, I honestly, I think I mentioned,
21	I mean I've spent exponentially more money on this
22	than I ever dreamed that I would have to and, I
23	mean, that's like the price of a college education
24	to do a district boundary amendment for a child so I
25	would have to evaluate it. I don't know.

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1 COMMISSIONER WONG: Okay. Thank you. 2 Thank you, sir. 3 Chair, I reserve the right to talk to counsel after this after he finishes his 4 5 presentation. 6 **COMMISSIONER SCHEUER:** Thank you, 7 Commissioner Wong. Commissioner Cabral? 8 9 COMMISSIONER CABRAL: My apologies. Ι think the battery in my mouse died that little bit 10 11 It's the weather over here. aqo. 12 Okay. Yes, thank you very much for 13 meeting with us, and I can only imagine how 14 expensive this whole process is and how irritating 15 and cumbersome it is. And we understand 16 conservation districts are very protective, which of course is their intent. 17 18 My questions are I think a practical 19 matter. Okay. So your house, because it's in this 20 low-lying area where it's best protected from the 21 winds, and I am on the Big Island so I've been in 22 that area at least if not on that roadway in the 23 past and used to fish a lot up there. You're in 24 conservation. How many -- approximately how many 25 feet away is it that your agriculture land is going

Hawaii State Land Meeting

December 22, 2021 NDT Assgn # 54804

Page 116



to be? 1 2 MR. EGGEN: Do you mean if it were to be 3 changed or --4 COMMISSIONER CABRAL: No, no. Right now. Right now. If you wanted to walk over to your 5 6 agricultural land, about how far from your house is 7 that? It's about maybe 350 feet. 8 MR. EGGEN: Ι 9 mean, it kind of slopes along the curve of the 10 property but it's above the depression area an 11 additional probably 150 feet beyond that. So like, my house, my backyard, there's like a land berm and 12 13 then you continue walking up the hill and there's a 14 stake from the surveyors for where the conservation location is currently located. 15 16 COMMISSIONER CABRAL: Okay. And then on 17 your -- I know that it's very windy so, of course, a 18 lot of things are hard to grow in that. But also, 19 have you looked into, I mean, on that agricultural 20 land then, you would be allowed on that land to have 21 like a vacation rental or additional properties, 22 develop additional houses that could be used either 23 as -- you could live in them. You could have them 24 as long-term residentials or you could petition to 25 have them as vacation rentals; is that correct?

1	MR. EGGEN: I don't think that's correct
2	from my understanding of the rules. I mean, I don't
3	think I can actually build any other structures with
4	the amount of so I'm in the special management
5	area and there's a square footage limit for
6	structures. And while I'm in conservation there's
7	an even more restrictive square footage limit. So I
8	don't believe I could build any other structures and
9	I don't have any intention of doing that. I don't
10	want to do that.
11	COMMISSIONER CABRAL: Okay. Okay. And I
12	also I understand up in that area there's a lot
13	of people and historically a lot of windbreaks were
14	planted with large trees that could create
15	windbreaks for protection for plantings and for
16	housing and everything else. Do you have any
17	windbreaks along your property that could help
18	protect your land?
19	MR. EGGEN: We don't right now. I mean,
20	the tower, right, it was basically like they kept
21	the land grazed down really short around the tower
22	so that they could serve all of the outriggers that
23	basically supported it. So the outriggers are like
24	in all the backyards as well as around the whole
25	circle of that tower that you see in the aerial

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1	photo. They didn't really have a lot of trees for
2	interference with those support structures.
3	COMMISSIONER CABRAL: Okay. All right.
4	Thank you very much.
5	MR. EGGEN: Yep.
6	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Okay, Commissioner
7	Cabral.
8	Commissioner Chang?
9	COMMISSIONER CHANG: Thank you, Mr. Chair.
10	I just have two final questions.
11	Mr. Eggen, again, thank you.
12	This is based upon your responses. And
13	you considered that the conservation regulations to
14	be quite burdensome.
15	Was your price when you purchased the
16	property commensurate with conservation lands?
17	MR. EGGEN: I mean, I think that we paid,
18	at least for me, a lot of money for the property. I
19	mean, it wasn't a cheap purchase or something like
20	that. We didn't, I don't think, got a discount
21	because it was partially in conservation.
22	COMMISSIONER CHANG: How do you know that?
23	How do you know that it wasn't discounted because it
24	was conservation?
25	MR. EGGEN: I looked at many other

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shoreline properties for sale. I considered 1 2 purchasing several of them, so. 3 COMMISSIONER CHANG: Okay. Would you --4 and again you do appear to be a very savvy 5 businessperson. But would you agree that normally, 6 a sales price will be different based upon its 7 zoning, that you might pay more for agricultural land where you have greater, you have less 8 9 restrictions than for conservation lands? 10 I think that's fair. Yeah. MR. EGGEN: 11 COMMISSIONER CHANG: And it does appear 12 that you've read the regulations. But what is your 13 understanding on the purpose of conservation lands? 14 MR. EGGEN: That's a great question, 15 commissioner. 16 So, you know, I fully support the goals 17 and initiatives of the conservation zone. They're 18 there to protect and provide, you know, protection 19 in perpetuity for important lands. The front 20 shoreline portion of our parcel is in conservation. 21 It, you know, has been improved. We worked with 22 Hawaii County in the State of Hawaii, the National 23 Park Service to align the Ala Kahakai, as well as an 24 Aha Ula trail system, create a 10-foot wide 25 pedestrian easement beyond the actual shoreline area

so that it's easier and safer for everyone to walk 1 2 on like nice, you know, grass instead of lava rocks 3 and things like that. So I'm a big fan. My wife is a big fan of public access of Hawaii's public 4 5 shorelines and beaches and strongly support those 6 things. You know, and with what we're talking 7 about, none of that would change. It's really just about making the part of our property that we live 8 in and use just a clear, like simple process to live 9 10 in and to use our property.

11 COMMISSIONER CHANG: No, I understand and 12 appreciate it. But it would change. You would be -13 - by changing it to agriculture, you would not have 14 the protections of conservation, or the public would 15 not have the protections of a conservation zone 16 land. Isn't that correct?

17 MR. EGGEN: Well, the makai portion from the road would still be in conservation, so I think 18 19 the public shoreline access, the things that 20 conservation is there for, would remain the same. 21 **COMMISSIONER CHANG:** And using that same 22 argument, if the Land Use Commission when it made its designation looked at this property or looked at 23 24 the swath of land around you and determined that 25 they wanted a greater area to be protected,

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1	shouldn't we also honor and respect that
2	designation?
3	MR. EGGEN: I think that's a good
4	question. I can only say what evidence I see of how
5	they put the boundary around where my parcel is
6	located to infer that kind of question.
7	COMMISSIONER CHANG: Okay. No, and I
8	appreciate that candor.
9	You raised something that I was not aware
10	of. Is there a Na Ala Hele trail on the makai side
11	of the property?
12	MR. EGGEN: There is a it's kind of a
13	combined trail. So it's the Na Ala Hele, not like
14	Kings Trail. The Na Ala Hele trail system has a
15	different name which is escaping me but they
16	basically run on the same pathway through this area.
17	And it's both north and south. You know, DHHL
18	doesn't like actively address those kinds of things
19	so I don't know if they've gone through the process
20	to basically record it or certify it for their part
21	of the parcel but it is practically used in that way
22	as well. And then to the south there's different,
23	Na Ala Hele name as well as an Ala Kahakai
24	alignment.
25	COMMISSIONER CHANG: Is it called Ala Loa,

1 the Ala Loa Trail?

2 MR. EGGEN: I believe the Ala Loa is 3 actually above my property. It follows an old 4 railway alignment that is actually the access road 5 to the Mo'okini Heiau and other sites.

6 COMMISSIONER CHANG: Because it would make 7 sense that there would be a makai trail that ran 8 along the perimeter following the Ala Loa and the Na 9 Ala Haki. So is that trail that's in front of your 10 property, is that a public, is that owned by the --11 is that owned by the state?

12 MR. EGGEN: It's not owned by the state. 13 There's an easement with Hawaii County for a 10-foot 14 wide pedestrian access trail. It's kind of their 15 standard way that they -- anytime that you request, 16 like when I requested my SMA permit, that was one of 17 the conditions is that we did that which we greatly 18 support and, you know, we maintain it, mow it, make 19 it really nice so that people can walk their dogs 20 and go fishing. But it's not owned by them 21 officially.

22 **COMMISSIONER CHANG:** I'm wondering why it 23 isn't owned by the state. If it's a public trail 24 that pre-existed, was pursuant to the Highways Act 25 of 1892, it would be a public trail like the other

1	Ala Loa and Ala Kahakai Trail that goes around
2	Hawaii island. It is owned by the state of Hawaii
3	as a public trail. So I am wondering why this in
4	front of your particular property it is not a
5	publicly owned trail and if indeed there was a
6	public trade there, that may have also been the
7	basis upon which the Land Use Commission wanted a
8	particular boundary, a buffer to protect that. I
9	mean, we are only surmising what the LUC had
10	intended. But that Ala Kaha Kai, or if it's an Ala
11	Loa or Ala Kaha Kai, all of the other properties
12	along the Kona Coast, that trail is owned by the
13	state of Hawaii. So I am I do find it somewhat
14	curious why this isn't. And that's not the issue
15	before us today but there is sufficient case law.
16	There's sufficient positions taken by the state of
17	Hawaii, specifically DNLR. If there is a public
18	trail in front of their property, especially one
19	that is being used. It is owned in fee simple by
20	the state of Hawaii. So again, that's not currently
21	before us but I think that that is a that's an
22	important issue in my mind when the Land Use
23	Commission might have designated this. And it might
24	be an issue in the future because the state has, you
25	know, they have somewhat aggressively gone out and

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г	Hawaii State Land Meeting December 22, 2021 NDT Assyn # 54604 Page 125
1	claimed property where the trails existed.
2	So with that being said, I have no further
3	questions. But thank you very much.
4	MR. EGGEN: Thank you, commissioner.
5	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Commissioners?
6	Okay. I have some questions for the
7	witness. I'll just remind you, you did take an
8	oath; yeah.
9	MR. EGGEN: Yes.
10	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Sorry. To start
11	from one of the most recent things you said, you
12	obtained a special management area permit from the
13	county?
14	MR. EGGEN: That's correct.
15	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Can you explain to
16	me and the rest of the commissioners what that
17	permit was for?
18	MR. EGGEN: Sure. The special management
19	area permit was to be able to basically take the
20	homes and repair them so that I could live here.
21	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: And when did you
22	obtain that permit?
23	MR. EGGEN: We started the process in 2018
24	and I believe it was like June of 2018 that it was
25	granted.
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December 22, 2021

NDT Assgn # 54804

Page 125

Hawaii State Land Meeting

Hawaii State Land Meeting December 22, 2021 NDT Assgn # 54804 Page 126 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: And did you 1 2 represent in the SMA permit at that time that you 3 were going to be seeking a boundary re-4 interpretation? 5 MR. EGGEN: I wasn't aware of the issue at 6 that time. 7 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: So the answer is 8 no? 9 MR. EGGEN: That's correct. 10 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Okay. Did I understand the representations, and I'm not sure if 11 12 it was you or your counsel earlier, that one of your 13 wishes is to move this line into the agricultural district so that you can sell some of the produce 14 15 from your property as is required for residents in 16 the agricultural district. 17 MR. EGGEN: Yes, that's true. 18 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Okay. What kind of 19 water service do you have to your property? 20 MR. EGGEN: I have an agricultural meter, 21 a County of Hawaii water meter. 22 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: You have an aq 23 meter on your property? 24 MR. EGGEN: Yeah, it's very expensive. 25 The size -- it's an inch and a half instead of the

normal like city-size meter so it's very expensive 1 2 month to month. 3 **COMMISSIONER SCHEUER:** How many avocados would you have to sell for instance to cover one of 4 5 Cal Chipchase's hours? 6 MR. EGGEN: I mean, it would take quite a 7 few avocados to pay for that type of fee. COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: So may I surmise 8 9 that you would pursue the agriculture not primarily 10 for its financial returns but rather because of the 11 legal requirements involved as well as any other sort of values that you might get from growing 12 13 produce? 14 Well, I mean, we do have like MR. EGGEN: 15 that history. It's really what my life loves to do. 16 If you saw our lanai right now, I mean, she's got 17 the entire thing covered in potted pots that she 18 would love to put in the ground. 19 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: If I may. If I 20 may. So, yes. You like to farm. I get that. 21 MR. EGGEN: Yeah. 22 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Yeah. But the 23 motivation is not necessarily solely that you like 24 to farm. It's that you would be required to farm to 25 validly have a house in the agricultural district;

1 is that correct? 2 MR. EGGEN: I feel like you are maybe testifying for me but --3 4 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Excuse me? 5 MR. EGGEN: It feels like you're --6 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: I'm asking you a 7 question. You may feel free to answer or not answer it. Or your counsel can step in if he thinks it's 8 9 inappropriate. 10 Okay. Well, I recognize that MR. EGGEN: I can't sell my produce right now because of how the 11 area in which hit's grown is zoned. And so I 12 13 wouldn't be able to pursue earning money that way 14 that it stands. 15 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: That is not my 16 question. My question is, if we move -- if we 17 granted this and you were now in the agricultural 18 district and therefore required to produce, you're 19 not going to be able to realize enough money from 20 your agricultural pursuits to make it worthwhile in 21 and of itself; is that correct? 22 MR. EGGEN: That's probably true. Like 23 most parcels of land in the state of Hawaii that are 24 ag zoned, they all suffer from very similar issues. 25 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: So you haven't

December 22, 2021 NDT Assgn # 54804

Page 128

Hawaii State Land Meeting

1 done, for instance, a business plan for producing 2 agricultural income from this property?

3 MR. EGGEN: I actually have looked at it, 4 including use of the pasture area for different 5 types of crops. I mean, we looked at pineapples. 6 We thought about doing olives. We've looked at mac 7 nuts but the wind is too high and they're very 8 shallow rooted. I mean, I've really looked at all 9 sorts of different ways to generate a reasonable 10 income from the land. It bothers me to have 17 11 acres and not be able to do all that much with it. 12 So this is one that we feel like is practical and 13 satisfying for what we want to kind of produce.

14 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: So what is the 15 agricultural use to which you would put the land?

16 MR. EGGEN: We want to plant the current 17 area that grows fruit with new trees. A lot of them 18 are very old and like, you know, they produce but 19 they aren't producing enough to really be lush. And 20 so we want to have a lot more varieties of citrus, 21 mangos, and avocados so we can sell those. Those 22 are the popular things at our farmer's market. I'm 23 not sure about elsewhere but those are the main 24 things that people buy here.

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COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Okay. When you



ī	Hawaii State Land Meeting December 22, 2021 NDT Assgn # 54804 Page 130
1	testify on things as being your intention, you are
2	one member and not even the managing member of the
3	LLC; is that correct?
4	MR. EGGEN: I am a managing member of the
5	LLC.
6	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Okay. So is your
7	intention identical to the LLC's intention?
8	MR. EGGEN: Yes. My wife is the other
9	managing member who I'm describing in my
10	conversations about what we want to do.
11	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: But as an LLC, the
12	LLC could be owned by somebody else with the asset
13	and its intention could change?
14	MR. EGGEN: I own the LLC with my wife and
15	the rest of my family.
16	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: But if the LLC were
17	sold, the LLC's intention would change; is that
18	correct?
19	MR. EGGEN: Yes. If the property was
20	transferred to someone else it could change. I
21	think the good news is that the presence of
22	conservation land on the shoreline means that any
23	kind of meaningful actual attempt at anything would
24	be super regulated.
25	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: So I want to go

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1	back to one other thing that came out during
2	Commissioner Chang's question of you. She asked
3	you, and I'm paraphrasing, whether or not there was
4	any discount on the property because it was in a
5	conservation district and you said you did not
6	believe so.
7	MR. EGGEN: That's correct.
8	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: So there was
9	nothing in any of the marketing of the property that
10	suggested that this property was being sold at a
11	discount because of its condition?
12	MR. EGGEN: It was marketed as a property
13	to redevelop into a luxury family compound. That's
14	how it was presented. There are other properties
15	that were basically at the same price for about the
16	same acreage within three miles of this property at
17	the time I purchased it.
18	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: What was that
19	acquisition price?
20	MR. EGGEN: It's public record. It was
21	\$905,000.
22	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: For 17 acres of
23	coastal land?
24	MR. EGGEN: Yes.
25	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: With housing?
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1	MR. EGGEN: Mm-hmm. There was another one
2	for sale for \$1 million with more acreage as well as
3	structures on it so, I mean, it's not, like, I
4	negotiated the price of \$905,000. It was listed for
5	\$1 million, so.
6	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: And last question
7	from me, at least for now.
8	MR. EGGEN: Sure.
9	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Have you estimated
10	what the new value of this property would be should
11	you be successful in convincing the Land Use
12	Commission to take your position on the boundary
13	reinterpretation?
14	MR. EGGEN: I have not.
15	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Not even back of
16	the envelope daydreaming on your front porch
17	estimate?
18	MR. EGGEN: I don't really think that, I
19	mean, the property is more valuable since I improved
20	it.
21	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: It's a yes or no
22	question.
23	MR. EGGEN: Well, okay. I would say no,
24	not specifically from this action but definitely
25	because I have fixed it up.

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1 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Okay. Thank you 2 very much. 3 MR. EGGEN: Sure. 4 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Mr. Chipchase, do 5 you have any redirect? 6 MR. CHIPCHASE: I do not, Chair. 7 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Okay. Would you 8 walk us through how you wanted to spend the 9 remainder of your time? 10 MR. CHIPCHASE: Yes, Chair. 11 With the conclusion of Mr. Eggen's 12 testimony, the only other evidence to review is the 13 testimony that was submitted in support of the petition. From there I will discuss the standards 14 15 that the commission applies, look at OPSD's Exhibit 16 4 that had come up early in the discussion that 17 Commissioner Ohigashi had mentioned, and make my 18 closing arguments. And I think all of that is 19 probably 20 minutes or so of time. 20 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: We've obviously run 21 through lunch hour. I don't think anybody on the 22 commission anticipated the length of your presentation today. Let me assess with my fellow 23 24 commissioners how you wish to proceed. Do you want 25 to take a lunch break or do you want to just try and



1	plow on through?
2	COMMISSIONER WONG: I need a break
3	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Commissioner Wong,
4	we can either take a 10-minute break or like a 30-
5	minute break. I know where your stomach votes,
6	Commissioner Wong.
7	COMMISSIONER WONG: Okay, thank you.
8	COMMISSIONER CHANG: Mr. Chair, I'm good
9	with a 10 minute but if we take no more than a 30
10	that's fine, too.
11	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Okay.
12	COMMISSIONER CABRAL: Yeah. I thought the
13	last one was our lunch break so I ate while you were
14	talking. Thank you.
15	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Commissioner
16	Giovanni?
17	COMMISSIONER GIOVANNI: No more than 30.
18	Thank you.
19	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Okay. Let's
20	reconvene at 1:20 exactly.
21	(Recess taken from 12:51 p.m 1:21 p.m.)
22	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: It is 1:21. We are
23	back on the record.
24	I recognize Commissioner Ohigashi.
25	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Yeah, I just

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i	Hawali State Land Meeting December 22, 2021 NDT Assgn # 54804 Page 135
1	wanted to apologize to Mr. Eggen. I didn't mean to
2	get so testy about it. It's just I have some other
3	issues going on right now but, and I want to express
4	my concern about the exhibit, the Exhibit 4. I did
5	it wrongly to Mr. Eggen rather than to the
6	Department of Planning, Office of Planning. I
7	apologize. That is for you, Mr. Chipchase.
8	MR. EGGEN: I appreciate that,
9	Commissioner.
10	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Thank you,
11	Commissioner Ohigashi.
12	Anything further, commissioners? If not,
13	Mr. Chipchase can continue.
14	MR. CHIPCHASE: Very good, Chair.
15	Commissioners, as Mr. Eggen mentioned, he
16	did have an opportunity to talk to his neighbors and
17	uniformly they supported the petition and the
18	correction. Some went so far as to submit public
19	testimony in support and it's part of the record.
20	And we put some of that up on the screen. I won't
21	read them or go through them but I think it is
22	important to note that to the folks most directly
23	affected by this, they support the petition and
24	support the correction.
25	In terms of why we're here, coming back to



what makes this the procedure that we follow, we 1 2 went through -- Mr. Eggen, as he testified, first on 3 his own and then with counsel, through all of the steps that the rules direct one should take before 4 5 coming to the Land Use Commission on a petition for 6 declaratory ruling to correct an issue with a 7 boundary interpretation. Those rules are set out 8 principally in section 22.

9 If you go down, Chris. No, next slide. 10 But they don't start there. They don't start with subsection F which is the end of our 11 12 journey when we come to the commission. They start 13 with the other subsections. And these are the steps 14 that he went through, both on his own and then with 15 counsel before we presented to you on this declaratory ruling. And if you recall --16

Keep going, Chris.

17

18 We, when we finally got through all of 19 these steps, through all of these subsections, we 20 presented a petition that was based on staff's 21 interpretation that the Land Use Commission had 22 followed the old road. That that was the Land Use 23 Commission's intention in 1969. And so we prepared 24 a petition explaining that we agree with that 25 intention. That it's correct. It's supported by

the record. But they simply relied on the wrong 1 2 road. They just had an old map. 3 Keep going, Chris. 4 When staff's interpretation changed and 5 they said, well, now we think the commission meant 6 to align the 300 foot, we reworked all of the 7 papers. We came back to reviewing historical evidence to say is there anything that we can find 8 in the maps, in the 1969 review, in any other public 9 10 record, and we made public records requests that 11 could support an interpretation along the 300-foot line and we found nothing. We reworked our papers 12 13 to address that issue. Reworked our mapping. Had new surveys done, new overlays prepared. And it's 14 15 as a result of all the effort that Mr. Eggen put 16 into those steps, to the steps that we just breezed 17 through on the screen and in response to a changing 18 basis that was expressed by staff, and nobody's 19 fault; right? People's rationale may change. I 20 don't blame anyone for that. But it's as a result 21 of that long process that we come, or after that 22 long process that we finally come before you and 23 present everything that we've learned. And that's 24 why our petition -- our presentation has run the 25 length that it's run, so we can walk you through all

of this to show you that we have done our homework. 1 2 That we've reviewed all of the maps, historical 3 evidence. That we've had surveyors survey the 4 property, prepare overlays not only of the property 5 but of the broader area. And based on all of that 6 we can see no evidence that the commission intended 7 to do anything other than follow a road. Or did anything other than simply put the road in the wrong 8 9 location because it didn't have an updated map.

10 And that really brings us back to this 11 And I understand that it's not a favored process. 12 process. I understand that. And I think you guys 13 know we well enough that I take cases that I find interesting and I think that my outcome is right and 14 15 I'm arguing for the correct result. That's how I 16 feel about this case. And when I look at the 17 precedent that supports using this process in a case 18 like this, I come to that same conclusion. And you 19 guys do have precedent. And the Hawaii Supreme 20 Court as we put up on the screen recognizes that 21 even agencies in adjudicatory proceedings like this 22 one have precedent and that that precedent should 23 guide them in future cases.

The precedent you have is only just north of 20 years old. It's the Robert E. and Christine



1	M. Stengel case. And we presented a copy of the
2	entire decision as Exhibit 22. And in that case,
3	the commission amended the conservation district
4	boundary line on the 1974 LUC map for the H59
5	quadrant to reflect what it determined in that
6	proceeding was the actual intent of the commission
7	in its 1969 review. In that case, the official LUC
8	map showed the conservation district line as
9	following a 200-foot contour line noted as the top
10	of the pali. Petitioner, after going through the
11	steps that Mr. Eggen has gone through, came before
12	the commission and pointed out to the commission
13	that the conservation district boundary line as
14	represented in the official map was incorrect
15	because the 200-foot contour line on the map did not
16	reflect the actual location of the pali. The
17	commission noted that the petitioners had purchased
18	the property with the intent of building a home on
19	it.
20	But this fact did not prevent the
21	commission from correcting the mapping error. The
22	fact that they bought the property with knowledge of

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24 correcting the error. The fact that it might make

the error did not prevent the commission from

25 the property more valuable to move the line because



then less land is in conservation did not prevent 1 2 the commission from correcting the error. The 3 commission corrected the error because the error 4 existed. And that's really as we looked at the very 5 beginning of our presentation today, that's really what the 1969 commission intended. These aren't 6 7 going to be perfect, that there will be mistakes, but there needs to be a process for fixing them. 8 That's the process in Stengel. That's the process 9 10 today.

11 So in Stengel, after submitting two boundary requests and the topographical survey 12 13 depicting the accurate location of the pali, the 14 petitioners finally sought a declaratory order under section 22(F), the same section we're here today 15 16 requesting that the commission correct the location 17 of the boundary. And the commission granted the 18 request in part. And in doing so, the commission 19 relied on the intent and the action of the drafters 20 of the 1965 review. And interpreted the 21 conservation district boundary line as being along 22 the actual location of the top of the pali, rather 23 than along the 200-foot contour line as was drawn on 24 the LUC map. It was a mistake and they corrected 25 it.

In this case, all we ask is that the 1 commission take similar action. As in Stengel, the 2 3 conservation district boundary line does not follow the actual location of the physical boundary which 4 5 is the only boundary of any evidence the commission 6 intended to follow in 1969. It simply doesn't 7 follow the road because they didn't know it was in 8 that location. Instead, they started the 9 conservation district boundary line through our 10 property at exactly the point where they believed 11 the old road existed.

12 It simply did not exist in that location 13 at that time, and we know that they followed that 14 road because to the north of the property they 15 followed what they believed to be the road as it existed in that location at the time. It did not 16 17 exist in that location, not only on our property but 18 to the north. They still followed it. They simply 19 got the physical boundary, that physical marker that 20 they were looking for wrong. And having started 21 from the wrong point, they simply continued the 22 wrong line through our property. It's exactly like 23 Stengel and we can see that on the overlay, the 24 overlay with the 1982 USGS. We can see the points, 25 the intersections, what they meant to do and where

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1 they went wrong. We know that road existed. We 2 know that it existed in its current location.

And go ahead, Chris.

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We know that they followed roads. We know that the property was in agriculture. So all those data points that we have line up, property and agriculture, intended to follow roads, thought they were following the road. The road simply didn't exist where they thought it was.

10 And so we also know that the standards the 11 commission set out for its review in 1969, accord with the standards for the agricultural district and 12 13 the conservation district and that placing the line, the boundary line along an existing roadway was both 14 15 their intent and consistent with what the 16 conservation district and the agricultural district 17 are supposed to do and are supposed to represent.

Go ahead, Chris.

We also know that that is consistent with the county zoning and the county's designation of the property.

And so then we come then to the last document we've discussed so far today, Exhibit 4 that Commissioner Ohigashi had mentioned. When we look at this document, we can clearly see the



1	location of the road actually surveyed as Mr. Eggen
2	explained. We know from the aerial photographs and
3	the USGS maps that no road has ever existed in the
4	location of what is marked as the 1982 paved road.
5	Never has in the history of the property. Nothing
6	has ever looked like that. That is simply a mistake
7	because of the limitations of the GIS software that
8	is meant to track the existing road as it is today.
9	What we have that is reliable is actual survey maps
10	of our property mapping that road, mapping the
11	currently interpreted conservation district line,
12	showing where 300 feet from the shoreline would be,
13	demonstrating that 300 feet is no the metric that
14	they used because it doesn't intersection in any
15	material way with the existing line. So the actual
16	evidence, the actual surveyed evidence we know where
17	the road is. We know where it was. And we know
18	where the line should be.

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I talked a little bit about the process.
And what we've done is what the commission
contemplated in 1969. It's what the rules direct us
to do. It's what your precedent directs us and
directs you to do. And it's what staff advised Mr.
Eggen to pursue. Those are the reasons that we're
here. And that decision is based on your decision,

1	Hawaii State Land Meeting December 22, 2021 NDT Assgn # 54804 P
1	ultimately. It's based on evidence. The evidence
2	is the information that we have presented to you
З	over the course of this morning and now into this
4	afternoon. That evidence shows only that the
5	commission intended to follow a road and it just got
6	the location of the road wrong. It shows that none
7	of the other considerations that we've discussed
8	purchase prices when acquired, all those things
9	have ever been relevant to your decision. The one
10	precedent that we have. None of them are reflected
11	in the rules. None of those considerations are
12	reflected in the 1969 review. It's simply a matter
13	of correcting a mistake.
14	And I'll close with this and I appreciate
15	your time greatly. That mistake is important. It
16	may not seem like it should be. It may seem that
17	there should be other reasons or other solutions. I
18	don't know. But it's important to an individual.
19	It's important to a family. And I think that that's
20	why they've invested so much in this. And I think
21	that getting it right is important, too.
22	Thank you very much.
23	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Thank you.
24	Commissioners, any further questions for
25	Mr. Chipchase at this time? When we review our

1	procedures we're going to have some questions from
2	him. I'll then allow you to ask any further
3	questions if you want to of the county or OPSD.
4	I'll give Mr. Chipchase a chance to rebut and then
5	we'll move into deliberation.
6	COMMISSIONER: Very good.
7	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Commissioner
8	Ohigashi?
9	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Mr. Chipchase,
10	when I read the Stengel decision it said something
11	about it dealt with a situation where there was a
12	clear delineation that it should be on the top of
13	the pali. However, the topographical survey showed
14	that the approximate boundary drawn was inconsistent
15	with the top of the pali. In this case, we're
16	dealing with an existing dirt road that was
17	specifically identified on the map shown on
18	everybody's map and utilized by the commission to
19	draw that particular boundary. Is my interpretation
20	wrong or can you expand on what you think where am I
21	going wrong with that?
22	MR. CHIPCHASE: I'll do my best. I think
23	you're not wrong on the Stengel decision. I think
24	that your interpretation of the Stengel decision is
25	the same as mine. Where I think we might differ is

1	really only as to the evidence here. The evidence
2	shows I think as you correctly said that they
3	intended to follow this road, this road depicted on
4	the 1957 map. The difference is between you and I
5	on that is that the road did not actually exist in
6	these locations, not only on our property but north
7	of it when it was mapped. So in that way it's
8	exactly like the Stengel decision. We know in
9	Stengel they intended to follow the top of the pali.
10	They just drew the line in the wrong place. We know
11	in our case they intended to follow an actual
12	roadway. They just drew the roadway in the wrong
13	place because they didn't have updated information.
14	And so in the same way as in Stengel there was a
15	mistake made. There was a mistake made here when
16	they drew the line.
17	MR. OHIGASHI: Did the dirt way road exist
18	in 1957?
19	MR. CHIPCHASE: It existed in 1957. It
20	did not exist in 1964 in its current in the
21	location that the LUC placed it.
22	MR. OHIGASHI: So the dirt road that was
23	depicted on this particular map, even though it was
24	wrong, wasn't there in 1964, it still existed in
25	1957?

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	Hawaii State Land Meeting December 22, 2021 NDT Assgir # 54004
1	MR. CHIPCHASE: It did exist in 1957.
2	MR. OHIGASHI: So, assuming that they
3	intended to follow that particular road that was
4	listed in 1957, wouldn't it make sense that the line
5	be drawn as it is now?
6	MR. CHIPCHASE: Actually not for two
7	reasons, commissioner. One is that there's no
8	indication in any record from 1969 or in any of the
9	mapping that they intended to follow roads that had
10	at one time existed and were no longer in place.
11	The second is we have the opposite indication, that
12	they intended to follow existing roads at the time
13	they were mapping. And so there's no indication in
14	any document or map or any other thing that this
15	commission has done suggesting we know the road
16	isn't there. We're going to follow it anyway. We
17	have exactly the opposite indication.
18	MR. OHIGASHI: And is there an explanation
19	that can be fashioned that because the military
20	controlled that particular area that they
21	intentionally drew the conservation district line
22	above the military's particular facilities which
23	included these particular developments and
24	therefore, adhere to the 1957 line? So that when it
25	returned under state control it would remain in the



1 conservation district?

2 MR. CHIPCHASE: No, commissioner. With 3 respect, there's no indication that that is what they intended to do. And again, there is the 4 5 opposite indication. We can look at that, or we can 6 see that opposite indication in a couple of ways. 7 The first is that when they deviated from the roadway, we can clearly see the deviation on the 8 map, say for Kamehameha, the first birthplace. 9 There's a clear deviation from where they perceived 10 11 the roadway to be. The second is historically we know that 12

12 The second is historically we know that 13 when they deviate from physical features, like 14 roads, they have said so for an area and they don't 15 say that here.

16 And the third reason that we know, and I 17 think is the most critical to understand really, is 18 that north of our property, so north of where we are 19 today, the road had disappeared, had been changed. 20 But they continued to follow that approximate 21 location into our road. And then as you see where 22 the road turned mauka in 1957, they drew a line that 23 simply connected it to the next point that we see on 24 the roadway. So there's nothing to suggest any 25 other conclusion beyond that they were following

1 roadways and they just didn't know where the roadway
2 was.

3 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: What effect -- I'm
4 moving onto a different topic.

5 MR. CHIPCHASE: Sure.
6 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: What effect does
7 the fact that this particular request would only
8 apply to petitioner's property and not apply to that
9 portion of the residence that is outside of this
10 particular property?

11 It has no effect on the MR. CHIPCHASE: 12 decision. As a practical matter that area would 13 remain in conservation unless the landowner sought to change it. Now, it is DHHL, which is typically 14 15 not bound by the conservation district line anyway, 16 so I don't even think practically it necessary has 17 an effect but it certainly doesn't have a legal 18 effect on the decision today.

19 **COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI:** And I should have 20 asked Mr. Eggen, but is there any agriculture going 21 on on the other 14 somewhat, or the 12.28 acres I 22 think or 14-point something acres that are in 23 agricultural land right now?

24 **MR. CHIPCHASE:** What we presented and I 25 think Mr. Eggen testified is that that property,

DEPOSITION & TRIAL

1	that area of the property is used for grazing.
2	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: And I'm not sure
3	if he answered the question or anything like that,
4	or if you can answer the question, you mentioned
5	there were like 10 cows or something on there. Is
6	that his cows?
7	MR. CHIPCHASE: I mentioned yes,
8	commissioner. I'm sorry to speak over here. Yeah,
9	I think that was me. And when I've spoken with Mr.
10	Eggen I've asked him who owns the cows and he
11	advised me that they are his cows. I'm sure he's
12	still on and could answer that question if it's not
13	clear.
14	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: No, I just was
15	curious about that.
16	And besides, ahs there been any attempt to
17	do additional farm on that particular area?
18	MR. CHIPCHASE: Yeah. Mr. Eggen did
19	testify a little bit about that today. I believe in
20	colloquy with the chair though I might be mistaken
21	about the other kinds of ag that he has looked at
22	for that mauka upslope portion of his property.
23	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Why don't you
24	refresh me? Why don't you tell me has there been
25	any other ag done besides for that particular area?



1	MR. CHIPCHASE: Not done. And so if I
2	said "done," then I made a mistake. I said looked
3	at. He contemplated doing other ag. And as I
4	recall one of them was macadamia nuts. Another one
5	was olives. I think he looked at some other type of
6	produce or growing operation up there and for one
7	reason or another determined that it wasn't
8	immediately feasible.
9	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: And so the only
10	area feasible would be this 1.8 acres?
11	MR. CHIPCHASE: That is Mr. Eggen's
12	testimony and that is my understanding is that this
13	area of the property is uniquely protected from the
14	wind in the area and so that it is better suited
15	from growing fruits and vegetables than the other
16	portions of the property. And that's consistent
17	with the historical use of the property which
18	historically, based on the records we've shown,
19	wasn't grazing. And then when it was owned by the
20	Coast Guard they grew fruits and vegetables in that
21	same area that Mr. Eggen would like to use for a
22	more commercial agricultural operation.
23	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: I don't have any
24	more questions.
25	MR. CHIPCHASE: Thank you, commissioner.



1 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Thank you, 2 Commissioner Ohigashi. 3 Commissioner Chang followed by Giovanni. 4 COMMISSIONER CHANG: Thank you, Mr. Chair. 5 Mr. Chipchase, you would agree that under 6 15-15-22, it is within the sole discretion or 7 authority that the interpretation of district boundaries is by the Land Use Commission? 8 9 MR. CHIPCHASE: I would agree that the 10 Land Use Commission is the ultimate interpreting 11 authority. I would say that its interpretation is not really a matter of discretion but is based on 12 13 the evidence presented to it. 14 **COMMISSIONER CHANG:** But you would agree 15 that weighing the evidence, determining its 16 credibility, that's really within the authority of the commission? 17 18 MR. CHIPCHASE: I'm not sure I would get 19 that far, Commissioner Chang, on a declaratory 20 petitioner, petition for declaratory ruling. The 21 facts are undisputed because there is no opposing 22 party so the facts that we've presented in the form 23 of the testimony, the presentation, and the 24 exhibits. And I haven't forgotten, chair, to move 25 in my other exhibits -- I'm just waiting until we're



1 done with questioning -- is the evidence before you. 2 And so those facts, for purposes of a declaratory 3 ruling, are not in dispute.

4 COMMISSIONER CHANG: But you cannot, I
5 mean, you wouldn't dispute the fact that OPSD has
6 taken a different interpretation than the
7 petitioner?

8 MR. CHIPCHASE: With respect to how I have 9 understood OPSD's position is that they've simply 10 concluded there wasn't sufficient evidence to show 11 that a mistake was made. That's not in itself 12 evidence. They're not a party to the proceeding. 13 They've just offered their comment on the evidence 14 that has been introduced. The map that they 15 provided is Exhibit 4, which with respect I think 16 we've demonstrated is not correct but because OP is 17 not a party to the proceedings, that map itself is 18 simply OP's commentary, not evidence before the 19 commission.

20 **COMMISSIONER CHANG:** But you didn't object 21 to Office of -- OPSD's, either their testimony or I 22 don't know if we -- we may not have entered their 23 exhibit. But you are -- you have not opposed the 24 procedural instructions provided by the chair that 25 OPSD, like the county, would have the opportunity to



1	present their own arguments; right?
2	MR. CHIPCHASE: Up to your last sentence I
3	was completely with you. I didn't and I don't.
4	They have absolutely the same right as the county to
5	comment on the petition.
6	COMMISSIONER CHANG: Okay. Okay.
7	And it is so the kuleana (phonetic)
8	within the parameters of the commission to weigh all
9	of those all of the evidence and the arguments by
10	the various I know it's just the petitioner but
11	so also take into consideration OPSD and the county.
12	MR. CHIPCHASE: Oh, I think you definitely
13	consider OPSD and the county's comments. You don't
14	consider them as evidence.
15	COMMISSIONER CHANG: Okay. Fair enough.
16	All right. Thank you so much. I don't
17	have any other questions, Mr. Chair. Thank you.
18	MR. CHIPCHASE: Thank you.
19	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Thank you,
20	Commissioner Chang.
21	Commissioner Giovanni?
22	COMMISSIONER GIOVANNI: Thank you, Chair.
23	I just have a couple of logical questions to clear
24	up and maybe Mr. Chipchase can help me.
25	MR. CHIPCHASE: I'll try.

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COMMISSIONER GIOVANNI: So what was the 1 2 year that you suggested that the mistake was made by 3 the commission? MR. CHIPCHASE: 1969. 4 5 COMMISSIONER GIOVANNI: What year were the 6 houses that the petitioner now occupies, when were 7 they built? 8 MR. CHIPCHASE: 19691. 9 COMMISSIONER GIOVANNI: So when the 10 commission made their mistake, they were aware that 11 -- surely aware that the houses were there; is that 12 correct? 13 MR. CHIPCHASE: It does not appear so. I have no basis to believe they were. 14 15 COMMISSIONER GIOVANNI: Say that again. 16 MR. CHIPCHASE: Well, I have no basis to 17 believe that the commission was aware of the homes. 18 It may have been. I'm not denying that that's 19 possible. But as I look at the record in the 1969 20 review and the map that they used as a base, there's 21 no discussion of those homes and there's no 22 indication on the map that they used that those 23 homes existed even though they did. 24 COMMISSIONER GIOVANNI: Well, I'm not 25 going to enter into the war of conjecture about what

DEPOSITION & TRIAL

You're welcome.

1 their intent was or what they may or may not have
2 known at the time. I'm going to try to rely on the
3 evidence to make my decision, so thank you very
4 much.

6 **COMMISSIONER SCHEUER:** Thank you very 7 much, Commissioner Giovanni.

8 Commissioners, anything further?

MR. CHIPCHASE:

9 Mr. Chipchase?

10 MR. CHIPCHASE: I would be disappointed if 11 you didn't have questions, Chair.

12 **COMMISSIONER SCHEUER:** You've had the 13 opportunity to observe me in action for a few years 14 now.

15

5

MR. CHIPCHASE: Indeed.

16 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: You might guess one 17 of the things that's disturbing me. I understand 18 that a lot of this hinges on, you know, whether or 19 not an error was committed. Bu the discussion is 20 strangely absent from the actual practical 21 implications of a ruling one way or another. I have 22 not visited this property. I am unaware and the 23 record is kind of silent as to whether there are --24 there is -- whether it is view plains or below 25 ground resources or other way sin which the land



1	which is currently in the conservation district
2	doesn't actually like meaningfully contain some
3	values that we would want to protect in the
4	conservation district and whether or not there would
5	be harm that would occur to the state and to the
6	public trust as a result of this interpretation,
7	even if we took the position embracing your argument
8	saying, yeah, you know, they've got it wrong but
9	even if they got it wrong, it's possible that they
10	should have done it differently to actually protect
11	meaningful things.
12	Are you suggesting by narrowly focusing
13	your argument merely on the way the maps were drawn
14	that those considerations are completely outside of
15	what we need to consider in our deliberations?
16	MR. CHIPCHASE: It's
17	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: If I haven't been -
18	- if I haven't been clear, please ask for a
19	clarification.
20	MR. CHIPCHASE: Oh, no, you're clear,
21	Chair. And I understand where you're coming from as
22	well. And If you'll indulge me in my answer I would
23	say I partly would say that those are not
24	considerations for the issue that is before you.
25	They might be considerations indeed, they are

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considerations on a district boundary amendment. 1 2 But when we're looking at an existing line and 3 simply determining whether that line was drawn in the wrong location and others were interpreting the 4 5 line was meant to be drawn, those are not considerations that are reflected in the 1969 6 7 review, in the rules, or your precedent. And so I would say that they are not a proper basis for an 8 9 interpretive decision as opposed to a relocation of 10 a boundary.

11 But as to your premise, chair, I would say 12 with respect that there is evidence of the actual 13 use of that property including its topography in the 14 The actual use of the property we know is a record. 15 roadway. We know that that roadway services not 16 only our property but at least DHHLs property as 17 well. We know that there are homes located on the 18 property and we know that those homes have been 19 there since 1969, before the conservation district 20 was met. We know how the property mauka of used. 21 It's cultivated for personal consumption and use. 22 And we know the general topography of the property. 23 That the area behind the homes, there is a dip in 24 the land and that it slows up and then it's 25 generally more exposed to the wind.

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1	We also know that all the agencies had an
2	opportunity to comment on this. That's attached to
3	OPSD's submission. And with the exception of OPS,
4	no agency took a position on the petition, including
5	DLNR. And so we know form the evidence that is
6	before, that there' no indication there are any
7	resources in this 1.8 acres that included an
8	improved road and two homes. There are no resources
9	or other values hat reflect what the conservation
10	district is and is meant to prospect.
11	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Thank you for your
12	response.
13	Commissioners, anything further?
14	If not, I want to make, as I indicated,
15	commissioners, do you have any questions for the
16	county first?
17	Seeing none, questions for OPSD?
18	Commissioner Ohigashi?
19	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Yeah. I'm kind of
20	disturbed about Exhibit your Exhibit 4. Could
21	you explain what the purpose of Exhibit 4 was?
22	MS. KATO: The purpose of Exhibit 4 was to
23	show the 1959 dirt road and the approximate location
24	on the property.
25	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: 1959 or is it

MS. KATO: The green line. That was the main purposes of Exhibit 4. And then other lines are just generally to show where those other things are in relation.

5 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: So the 1982 paved 6 road is not located where it's located. Are you 7 stipulating that it's In accordance with what the 8 petitioner had done?

9 MS. KATO: This overlay was done just by a 10 GIS on just under best efforts to make it match. 11 But the purpose of it was to where the 1957 dirt 12 road ran on the property. It was not to say that 13 the paved road is not where the petitioner says it 14 is.

15 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: So are you saying 16 that the 1957 dirt road is accurately portrayed on 17 your Exhibit 4?

18 MS. KATO: As far as I'm able to tell, 19 yes. Again, this was prepared by GIS. I am not an 20 expert on this but the purpose of this exhibit is to 21 locate where approximately that road is because we 22 weren't sure if it actually went through the 23 property or if it just, as you can see, just goes 24 through a corner of it. We are not suggesting that 25 the paved road is in a different location. They



weren't show on the survey. That was not the point 1 2 of this exhibit. 3 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Is a blue line 4 accurate? 5 MS. KATO: Yeah, it looks like it's 6 exactly on the same line as the boundary 7 interpretation and survey. 8 **COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI:** So what I meant to 9 take away from this exhibit is the only line that 10 appears to be inaccurate is a 1982 paved road line; 11 is that right? 12 MS. KATO: I cannot say whether it's accurate or inaccurate. This is what we received 13 14 from GIS. This was their best efforts to show us 15 where things are located. 16 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: It seems like --17 MS. KATO: These are the topographic maps. 18 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Okay. It caused 19 more confusion than anything. 20 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Mahalo, 21 Commissioner Ohigashi. 22 Commissioner Chang? 23 COMMISSIONER CHANG: Thank you. 24 Ms. Kato, Mr. Chipchase just said that 25 DLNR did not object but in looking at your exhibit,

DEPOSITION & TRIAL

1	Division of State Parks under which Na Ala Hele
2	presides, I do not see them as being checked off.
3	Do you know whether the division of state parks had
4	any comments to this petition o this action.

5 MS. KATO: I am not aware of any 6 additional comments, just that they did not -- the 7 ones that are checked off had no comments at all.

8 **COMMISSIONER CHANG:** The petitioner did 9 admit that there is -- well, there is a Na Ala Hele, 10 there's a trail system that goes in effect. 11 Wouldn't you agree that that is a cultural or a 12 natural resource?

13 MS. KATO: I'm not familiar with this 14 trail but it would have been something that would 15 have been good to know. I don't know where this 16 trail is located. I've not heard of it before. Ι 17 think that is possibly another consideration as 18 something that may have been another unusual 19 explanation for the location of the boundary. As 20 you mentioned, if there's a trail, maybe there was a 21 butter. They could have considered that at the 22 time. But, you know, there are multiple reasonable 23 explanations other than a roadway. And I'm actually 24 _ _ 25

There is one point that I wanted to



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1	mention. Mr. Chipchase stated that the first LUC
2	boundary interpretation stated that the boundary was
3	based on roadways but in the October 2020 letter I
4	did not see anything that mentioned that it was
5	based on roadways. So that's just something I
6	wanted to know. I'm not sure where that is coming
7	from. And OPS is not seeing any actual support for
8	the assertion that the boundary was intended to
9	follow the roadway.
10	Well, I just wanted your clarification
11	that the Division of State Parks did not respond to
12	your request.
13	MS. KATO: They did not.
14	COMMISSIONER CHANG: So we don't know
15	their position. Okay.
16	MS. KATO: That's correct. They did not
17	respond. And we did not know about this trail
18	before the hearing.
19	COMMISSIONER CHANG: All right. Very
20	good. Thank you so much. I have no other
21	questions.
22	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Okay.
23	Commissioners, further questions for OPSD?
24	So if I may, Ms. Kato, if I and if I
25	misheard you please correct me, but your last



1 statement was you have not heard any evidence that 2 LUC's original placement of the boundary was based 3 on the roadway so you're disputing what Mr. 4 Chipchase has offered?

5 MS. KATO: That's correct. I mean, I 6 don't know that there's any -- we have not seen any 7 actual cert that the boundary was intended to follow a roadway other than look at this map. The roadway 8 looks kind of in the same area as the boundary line 9 10 in certain places. There is no roadway south of the 11 property. So when you look at the property, there's 12 no roadway south of the property and the old dirt 13 road didn't even cut across through the property.

14 **COMMISSIONER SCHEUER:** What -- help me. 15 What kind of evidence do you think the petitioner 16 could have provided that you would have been like, 17 ah, yeah, clearly?

MS. KATO: Well, for example, the Stengel case was mentioned, and the Stengel case, I think, had a specific note saying that it was meant to be atop of pali and it's just -- they misunderstood --COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Rather than the bond guidance in here there wasn't a specific mention.

MS. KATO:

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Yeah. And the bond guidance

didn't even state that it's supposed to be on the 1 2 roadway. It just stated that that area was full of, 3 you know, historic areas that should be preserved in the conservation area. Also, you know, he's also 4 5 relying on the condition one of those four 6 conditions that are listed in the report, the 1969 7 report. And the 1969 report we understand was not 8 actually adopted by the LUC. The map was the 9 official adopted document, not the report. The 10 report just provides a record of what happened and 11 background information. And also, we don't think 12 that it has been shown that condition one has been 13 met. Because condition one, of course, is a road at 14 the edge of agricultural use, meaning it separates 15 agricultural use and nonagricultural use. There's 16 just been kind of general maps showing the area in 17 general was used for pasture, for grazing, but that paved road actually divided agricultural use and 18 19 non-agricultural use.

And also, the constructed buildings were Coast Guard buildings. They were for crew housing for I think residential housing for married crew members. And those buildings existed in 1969 mauka of the road. So it kind of doesn't make sense to say that the Coast Guard buildings constituted

agricultural use. 1 2 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Thank you. 3 Anything further, commissioners? If not, I'll give Mr. Chipchase a final chance to say 4 5 anything and any other questions. Commissioner Cabral, is this for Mr. 6 7 Chipchase or for OPSD? 8 COMMISSIONER CABRAL: No, actually, I'd 9 like to go back to Ms. Campbell with Hawaii County. 10 And am I understanding it that Hawaii County 11 Planning Department corporation counsel is not 12 taking any kind of position on this? 13 MS. CAMPBELL: That's correct. 14 COMMISSIONER CABRAL: You know, it's our It'd be nice to have input. So that's just 15 island. 16 my opinion. Thank you. 17 MS. CAMPBELL: Okay. If you want me to 18 clarify a little bit, as the petitioner and Mr. 19 Eggen have both stated, the entire zoning of the 20 property is currently Ag 20. And so moving this 21 line either further mauka or makai doesn't really 22 change the Hawaii county zoning, and we do defer to 23 the authority of the Land Use Commission to make 24 state boundary changes. That's really the kuleana 25 of the LUC, not of the county.



COMMISSIONER CABRAL: Okay. Well, I
definitely appreciate the opinion, I mean, the
information. Thank you.

MS. CAMPBELL: Thanks.

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5 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: It does make me 6 want to ask Ms. Campbell, if the parcel is less than 7 20 acres and if it's Ag 20 and there was not an 8 existing house on it, say the entire thing was in 9 the ag district and it was 17 acres in Ag 20 zoning, 10 what would be the rights of the landowner to develop 11 an agricultural-related unit?

12 MS. CAMPBELL: You know, I would have to 13 look into that. I don't know off the top of my 14 Obviously, it would be a nonconforming lot. head. 15 I am unaware of how these lots were formed. It does not seem to be consistent with the use of the 16 17 property. I think either Mr. Chipchase or Mr. Eggen 18 noted that at some point in the past obviously the 19 Coast Guard did not pay attention to their own lot 20 lines when they were making use of the property and 21 they dropped a home right across a lot line. So I 22 don't know how these lots came into existence. This 23 one clearly as 17 acres in an Ag 20 zoning is a 24 nonconforming lot.

COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Thank you, Ms.



Campbell. 1 2 Anything further then before we go to Mr. 3 Chipchase? And I can do this before or after, Mr. 4 5 Chipchase, but I did recall a question I had for you 6 that was a minor one. 7 MR. CHIPCHASE: Please go ahead, Chair. 8 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: I need some 9 clarification on. You know, you had the news 10 article that talked about the open house for the rebuilt Coast Guard station and cookies and cake and 11 12 ice cream was served afterwards. In that article, 13 and I don't have your exhibit number in front of me, 14 but it actually described that the new road was 15 built from the Upolu airport to the property. 16 That's to the north of the property. So I'm not 17 understanding the argument that you're trying to make that somehow that would affect the road on the 18 19 southern end of the Coast Guard property. 20 MR. CHIPCHASE: Yeah. It's actually a 21 great question, Chair, because it's clear that I 22 haven't been clear in what I've been trying to 23 explain and that is that the new road extended 24 beyond our property to the north. It went farther 25 north than our property. And so yet we know that



the LUC in 1969 used the location of the old road, 1 2 alignment of the old road north of our property when 3 it mapped its boundary. And so we know that not only with respect to our property but with respect 4 5 to the other properties in the area it intended to 6 follow a road. It's just that the road was not in 7 the same location either on our property or to the 8 north.

9 As for the chair's question about the 10 southern portion of our property, and I'll pull up 11 an exhibit in a moment that I think illustrates this more clearly when we're done with the questions, but 12 13 the road curves through the property as realigned and goes along the southern edge of it. So as 14 15 realigned, it did go from that area up north all the 16 way through the property before curving mauka.

17 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: So I guess just 18 Exhibit 14 states, "A new road leads to the station 19 taking the place of the former drive by the Upolu 20 Point Airport." So I just -- I don't understand how 21 this exhibit makes your case because it's discussing 22 a road from the north to your property, not through 23 your property.

24 MR. CHIPCHASE: And we have other evidence 25 in the record, Chair, that I didn't -- Exhibit 13?

DEPOSITION & TRIAL

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1	Exhibit 13 Ms. Olds points out to me discusses the
2	road through our property in 1969. Would that be
3	right, Ms. Olds?
4	MS. OLDS: Yes.
5	MR. CHIPCHASE: Yes, in 1961. So it was
6	all the same road realignment. And when it was
7	realigned and these units were constructed as Mr.
8	Eggen testified in 1961, the road ran in front of
9	them, just makai, and then up the southern boundary.
10	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Mr. Eggen, you've
11	been spared appearing in front of the LUC for all
12	the previous portions of your life so this isn't
13	just right now we're just working with your
14	counsel, so.
15	Mr. Chipchase, why don't you continue?
16	MR. CHIPCHASE: Very good, Chair.
17	I think I'll start with a point that Ms.
18	Kato made and that is the basis of the LUC's
19	original the staff's original interpretation. I
20	spoke with staff extensively about the basis for the
21	interpretation and the actual location of the
22	roadway and it was represented to me that it was
23	based on the location of a roadway. And if you look
24	at our first petition as I know Ms. Kato has and has
25	possession of, it's entirely based on that

1	interpretation because that was the interpretation
2	we were told served as the basis for the line that
3	was drawn through our property. And if you look at
4	the docketing history you can see that that petition
5	was set for hearing some time ago but the hearing
6	was continued because staff issued an errata
7	changing the basis of its interpretation from a
8	roadway to 300 feet, yet the line did not move. The
9	only reason to issue the errata is because the basis
10	for the interpretation changed. And I spoke with
11	staff after that. I totally understand. People
12	look at things differently. They come to different
13	conclusions. We took it into account and refiled a
14	supplemental petition to address that change. But
15	absolutely, the initial basis was that it had been
16	located all along a road. That's the only reason
17	that an errata was later filed.
18	The next thing that I want to talk a
19	little bit about is the Stengel case. And in doing
20	so I'll have Chris put up one of the overlays. And
21	this is Molly, what exhibit is this? She'll look
22	it up real quick. There we go.

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23 So this is Exhibit 20. No, she's 24 correcting herself. This document is an overlay 25 prepared by a surveyor. We're entirely confident in



1	the location of the lines to Commissioner Ohigashi's
2	point. And as you can see, the district boundary
3	that the commission drew to our property and north
4	of it is entirely co-terminus with where they
5	believed the road to be except when you get up to
6	Kamehameha's first birthplace. It doesn't casually
7	intersect. It doesn't maybe kind of closely align.
8	It entirely aligns; right? This is Exhibit 8. And
9	so just as in Stengel, we know directly from the map
10	what the commission thought it was following in 1969
11	a roadway. Because the line they drew is
12	entirely co-terminus with the roadway, all the way
13	into our property. And then once they get to our
14	property they just generally continue that direction
15	through the property and south. And if we looked at
16	the map, and it's been earlier up on the screen, it
17	connects with another roadway to the south. That is
18	everything and more that Stengel had. And we know
19	that when they drew this they just used the wrong
20	map because we can see from the baseline, the 1982
21	USGS, that's not where the roadway was for the bulk
22	of that length. It had been realigned to the north
23	into our property, through our property, before
24	turning mauka. Exactly the same textural basis that
25	Stengel had, a clear indication on the map of what

Г	Hawaii State Land Meeting December 22, 2021 NDT Assgn # 54804 Page 173
1	the commission was doing and intended to do and a
2	clear indication that the road they thought they
3	were following simply didn't exist in that location
4	at that time.
5	As Ms. Kato mentioned, too you can take
6	it down, Chris.
7	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Excuse me, is that
8	Exhibit 20?
9	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Exhibit 8,
10	commissioner.
11	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: All right. I
12	thought he said Exhibit 20, that's why.
13	MR. CHIPCHASE: I did. I was wrong.
14	Molly fixed it. It's Exhibit 8.
15	The record, and if you will, the
16	legislative history for lack of a better
17	description, is not limited to the general
18	statements of what the commission did in this
19	district. Those absolutely indicate that the
20	commission was following physical boundaries and not
21	a mathematical computation from the coast. That is
22	true. But they also had their expressed conditions
23	which included that roadways were the most favored
24	condition under the circumstances set out in the
25	condition and there was a progression making 300

1 feet from the shoreline the least favored of those
2 conditions.

3 In terms of the use of the property, we not only have the maps showing agricultural use, 4 5 pasture use. We not only have those Coast Guard 6 records that showed they were buying agricultural 7 property. We not only have the commission's 8 statement that the land was agriculture. We have the fact as Mr. Eggen testified, that the Coast 9 10 Guard also used this area up to the mauka edge of 11 the homes for agriculture. So it meets all of those conditions that the commission would have followed 12 13 in condition one. Its primary motivating condition.

And you stack up all of that on one side 14 of a ledger as evidence for what the commission 15 intended to do and the mistake that was made. And 16 17 on the other side of the ledger there's nothing but 18 conjecture. Maybe they meant this. Maybe they 19 meant that. But there's not a single document, not 20 a single record, not a single map that supports any 21 of that conjecture.

And so when faced with a record that clearly shows that a mistake was made, and it's not even clearly. It's just more likely than not if you were to apply any sort of standard to this. It's

DEPOSITION & TRIAL

1	just more likely than not a mistake was made. The
2	only thing to do is to correct that mistake. And to
3	Commissioner Ohigashi's point, we recognize it only
4	corrects it for this area but we wanted to show you
5	for this particular property. We wanted to show you
6	the potential effect more broadly so that you
7	understand this is not a significant matter. This
8	is not something it's significant to Mr. Eggen
9	and his family for sure but not significant in terms
10	of the impact or potential impact to the balance of
11	the conservation districts. You heard Mr. Eggen
12	testify he's looked at all of the districts and
13	hasn't seen an error like this before. And frankly,
14	I haven't either.
15	And so based on the record that is before

And so based on the record that is before the commission, we respectfully submit that the right course, the best course is to follow the process that's been laid out, follow the precedent that you have, and correct this mistake.

20 Thank you very much for your time today.
21 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Anything final for
22 Mr. Chipchase, commissioners? If not, we're going
23 to move on to deliberation.

Okay. So I'll remind everyone who'slistening that this is a hearing on a request for a

1 declaratory ruling. As such, the decision of the 2 commission will be made on the written briefs on 3 file posted to our website.

Hold on. You lied to me, Mr. Chipchase.
You said you were going to actually ask for that
exhibit to be admitted into the record prior to the
end of our proceedings.

8 MR. CHIPCHASE: Chair, you and I are 9 scarily on the same wavelength because it occurred 10 to me at the moment it occurred to you. And that 11 makes me really nervous. But I will pass on that and simply ask the commission to receive into 12 13 evidence Exhibits 35 through 39, plus this PowerPoint presentation to be submitted following 14 15 the proceeding as is my normal practice.

16 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: There are no
17 concerns at this point entering them in despite the
18 sort of larger concerns the last minute entry of
19 them but I think we've spent enough time on them to
20 be familiar with them.

21

Anybody concerned?

Seeing none, I'm going to enter those into evidence. And so I will remind Mr. Chipchase that while great minds think alike, my father-in-law reminds me that also the not so great minds think



1 alike as well. (Laughter)

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MR. CHIPCHASE: Noted.

3 **COMMISSIONER SCHEUER:** With that said, the decision of the commission will be made on the 4 5 written briefs and filed and posted to our website. 6 This is not an evidentiary hearing. Any oral 7 presentation made today and any public testimony will be considered in our decision-making process 8 according to the commission's administrative rule, 9 10 section 15-15-100. Within 90 days after receipt of a petition for a declaratory order, the commission 11 shall either deny the petition in writing stating 12 13 the reasons for denial, issue a declaratory order, or set the matter for hearing as provided in section 14 15 15-15-103 of the commission's rules.

In addition, section 15-15-102 provides 16 17 that the commission for good cause may refuse to 18 issue a declaratory order by giving specific 19 reasons. The commission may so refuse where, (1) 20 the question is speculative or purely hypothetical 21 and does not involve existing facts or facts that 22 can be expected to exist in the near future; (2) the 23 petitioner's interest is not of the type that would 24 give the petitioner standing to maintain an action 25 if the petitioner were to seek judicial relief; (3)



1 the issuance of the declaratory order may affect the 2 interest of the commission in a litigation that is 3 pending or may reasonably be expected to arise; or 4 (4) the matter is not within the jurisdiction of the 5 commission.

6 So during our deliberations, I will not 7 entertain any additional input from the parties or 8 the public unless those individuals or entities are 9 specifically requested to do so by the chair. If 10 you are requested to do so by me, you will limit 11 your answers solely to the questions asked.

Commissioners, let me confirm that each of you are prepared to deliberate on the subject docket having reviewed the record at hand.

After I call your name, please signify with either an aye or a nay that you are prepared to deliberate on this matter.

- 18 Commissioner Cabral?
- 19 Commissioner Cabral?

20 COMMISSIONER CABRAL: Hello? Yes, I'm 21 sorry.

22 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: No problem.
23 Are you prepared to deliberate on this
24 matter?
25 COMMISSIONER CABRAL: Yes. Yes, I am. I



1	have a new hearing aid, too.
2	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Commissioner Chang?
3	COMMISSIONER CHANG: Yes. Aye.
4	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Commissioner
5	Giovanni?
6	COMMISSIONER GIOVANNI: Aye.
7	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Commissioner
8	Ohigashi?
9	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Yes.
10	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Commissioner Wong?
11	COMMISSIONER WONG: Aye.
12	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: The chair is also
13	prepared to deliberate on this matter.
14	Commissioners, what is your pleasure?
15	Commissioner Wong?
16	COMMISSIONER WONG: Yes, Chair. Thank
17	you.
18	I would like to make a motion to sorry,
19	I don't know how to say it properly as everyone
20	knows, to say no to the request to move the line,
21	you know, to change the lines. I'm sorry. You have
22	to say it more eloquently than me, Chair, but it's
23	like
24	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: A motion to deny
25	the petition.

NAEGELI

Hawaii State Land Meeting December 22, 2021 NDT Assgn # 54804 Page 179

1 **COMMISSIONER WONG:** Yeah, correct. Thank 2 you, Chair. 3 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Would you -- if there's -- let's see if there's a second, and if 4 5 there's a second I'll ask you to speak to your 6 motion. 7 Is there a second? 8 Commissioner Chang? Sorry, I'm going to 9 ask you to go orally on the record. 10 COMMISSIONER CHANG: Yes. I'm sorry. Ι second Commissioner Wong's motion that was 11 eloquently stated by you. 12 13 **COMMISSIONER SCHEUER:** So I'm going to ask the movant and the seconder to speak to their 14 15 reasons for making the motion. 16 COMMISSIONER WONG: Yeah, Chair. Thank 17 you. I heard all of the information from Mr. 18 Chipchase and his client, plus hearing OP's 19 20 statement and looking at all the records and 21 exhibits and I feel that, you know, looking at all 22 the exhibits and everyone's motions, I believe the 23 statement that OP stated, which is very rare that, 24 you know, that there was not enough evidence to me 25 at this point in time to, you know, support Mr.

DEPOSITION & TRIAL

Chipchase's motion. 1 2 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Thank you, 3 Commissioner Wong. Commissioner Chang? 4 5 **COMMISSIONER CHANG:** Yes, thank you. I am 6 going to support this motion for several reasons. 7 One, I am concerned about we do have an existing -we have had a similar petition that came before us. 8 9 It was the church declaratory request for 10 declaratory interpretation of a district boundary 11 amendment -- a boundary amendment. So I am 12 concerned about: (1) we have an existing potential 13 litigation; (2) notwithstanding the petitioner's argument that this really wouldn't affect anybody, I 14 15 don't believe that's necessarily the case. We don't know whether Department of Hawaiian Homelands or any 16 17 of the other adjoining landowners or other similarly 18 situated properties may raise similar issues related 19 to an interpretation of a previously determined 20 boundary amendment. 21 And I disagree with the petitioner that a 22 mistake has been made. I think the record speaks 23 for itself. I think the map is -- I think the map 24 that was file that has been in existence does -- is 25 the guiding document. I also believe that the

DEPOSITION & TRIAL

i	Hawali State Land Meeting December 22, 2021 NDT Assgn # 54804 Page 18
1	petitioner bought the property knowing that it was
2	conservation. And when it became a little more
3	difficult, the regulations I don't know at what
4	point in time he realized there was a mistake but
5	apparently up until his meeting with OCCL he
6	understood the property to be conservation.
7	So for all of these reasons and the
8	testimony that's been provided, I believe that there
9	has not been a mistake and I support the motion to
10	deny the petition. Thank you.
11	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Thank you,
12	Commissioner Chang.
13	Commissioners, we are in deliberation.
14	There is a motion before us to deny the petition.
15	Commissioner Ohigashi?
16	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: I thought about
17	this a lot. I kept looking at the exhibits and I
18	was kind of concerned. But in the end when I took a
19	look at Exhibit 8 as Mr. Chipchase showed, I looked
20	at the fact that this road that went through the
21	property, actually went through the property that
22	they are claiming which appeared to be built by
23	the United States Government, there was a divergence
24	that occurred far from it. In other words, it
25	seemed the old road became the new road but the old

1	road was followed. I don't think that I can I
2	think it's reasonable to conclude that the
3	commission at that time indicated that there was
4	that to use the old road as a standard in this case.
5	And what appeared to me, that we have a case that is
6	not like Stengel where there was a specific
7	reference, a landmark, a landmark that could be
8	that was supported by leaps and bounds that could be
9	surveyed, in this case, it seems to me that there
10	was an intentional intent to follow the existing old
11	road as it was listed. What supports this more than
12	anything else was the fact that these structures
13	were built in 1961 and would not be considered
14	agricultural use under any definition. So I think
15	that the commission I think it's reasonable to
16	conclude that there was not a mistake made and that
17	based upon the existing evidence, it appears that
18	the old road was followed for a reason. Therefore,
19	I cannot support granting a petition in this case.
20	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Thank you,
21	Commissioner Ohigashi.
22	Commissioner Giovanni?
23	COMMISSIONER GIOVANNI: Thank you, Chair.
24	You know, for me, I have a very high bar
25	when it comes to the LUC making a change of a

1	district boundary from conservation to agriculture
2	or other. And I always look to a DBA as being the
3	proper course of action. In this case, they're
4	looking for a simple declaratory ruling that would
5	remedy the situation from the perspective of the
6	landowner. I get it. I understand it. It is a
7	simpler course of action. But for me, the case
8	would have to be overwhelmingly compelling because I
9	have such a high bar when it comes to conservation
10	land. I think that Mr. Chipchase put forth a
11	reasonable explanation. I think that it would be
12	possible to put forward contrary reasonable
13	explanations and I think the OP has done that to
14	some extent. I really believe that this matter
15	would be if the landowner is so inclined to
16	pursue it, would be better and more appropriately
17	addressed by the LUC in a DBA. I know that's more
18	complicated, more expensive, but that's the risk you
19	take when you buy conservation land. I will be
20	supporting the motion. Thank you.
21	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Thank you,
22	Commissioner Giovanni.
23	Commissioner Cabral?
24	COMMISSIONER CABRAL: I am truly confused.
25	I absolutely understand their desire, and they as

individuals, as the current homeowners, God bless 1 2 all of their reasonings and their wants and their 3 desires and their respect for what they're doing with the land. And I got it and it's wonderful. 4 5 And that's what they're going to do. And I can 6 appreciate that Mr. Chipchase has done this 7 unbelievably good job of showing us so many roads 8 and so many ways that a decision or mistake could have been made. He's got me confused. But on the 9 10 other side, I'm really concerned that, you know, 11 this was a long time ago that this designation was made and now somebody buys it and now we don't like 12 13 the hassle that it is to be in conservation. We've 14 had several of these come up to us, you know? And 15 man, if every time somebody buys it in conservation 16 and then they want to have us change it we're never 17 going to have -- we'll be seven days a week doing 18 these hearings. So I'm just concerned about it on 19 both sides and I'm still a little conflicted. But 20 at this time I'm probably going to support the 21 Okay, thank you. motion.

22 **COMMISSIONER SCHEUER:** If I've learned one 23 thing over the years it's the things you think are 24 going to be simple are complicated and the things 25 you think might be complicated, they're simpler.

1	You know, Mr. Chipchase has put on a very
2	good description of things. And I don't doubt for
3	one second his sincerity that he believes in his
4	argument that an error was made. You know, I like
5	the petitioner. I like their plans. I think that's
6	not relevant at all to our deliberations at all. I
7	don't think I instinctively believe that public
8	trust considerations have to be incorporated into
9	all of our deliberations but I'm not exactly sure
10	here on this one how it is and so really, I put
11	those aside and really do focus on the issues at
12	hand. And the one part where I feel the
13	petitioner's argument sort of fatally falls apart is
14	that while indeed I'm sure in some historic period
15	before the Coast Guard station was there some of
16	these lands were used for grazing, at the time the
17	petition or the boundary determination was made,
18	it's undisputed from the record that there was
19	housing in the area. And for the roadway to be used
20	as the boundary line I think OPSD stated it
21	correctly, that it was when that was a distinctive
22	boundary between agricultural and nonagricultural
23	uses. And so I don't think that you can sort of
24	rely on that first guide in this case, even if some
25	of the land around the houses by secondhand

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2grew some stuff around there, that's not a high3enough sort of evidentiary bar that this road as4existed in 1961 was truly the line between ag and5nonagricultural uses.6So I look at the ledger as beautifully7described by commissioner not commissioner, by8Mr. Chipchase, as slightly different. There is,9indeed, some things on one side of the ledger10indicating this might have been a mistake but11there's also things that indicate it might not have12been a mistake. So that said, it's not an easy one.13Anything further, commissioners?14If not, Mr. Orodenker, would you please15poll the commission?16MR. ORODENKER: Mr. Chair, and if you'll17indulge me a little bit, I want to clarify18Commissioner Wong's motion. The motion is to deny19the petition such that the LUC's original boundary20determination is deemed correct. If there are any21commissioners that have a problem with that, please22let me know.23COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Let me check.24COMMISSIONER WONG: No problem, Chair.	1	testimony from the petitioner states, oh, yeah, we
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23 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Let me check.	21	commissioners that have a problem with that, please
	22	let me know.
24 COMMISSIONER WONG: No problem, Chair.	23	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Let me check.
	24	COMMISSIONER WONG: No problem, Chair.
25 COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Movant.	25	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Movant.

	Hawaii State Land Meeting December 22, 2021 NDT Assgn # 34604 Page 166
1	Seconder? Ms. Chang?
2	COMMISSIONER CHANG: No. I concur with
3	the clarification.
4	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Okay. Anybody who
5	spoke to the motion disagree with the clarification
6	of the motion?
7	Please proceed, Mr. Orodenker.
8	MR. ORODENKER: Thank you, Mr. Chair.
9	Commissioner Wong?
10	COMMISSIONER WONG: Aye.
11	MR. ORODENKER: Commissioner Chang?
12	COMMISSIONER CHANG: Aye.
13	MR. ORODENKER: Commissioner Giovanni?
14	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: You're muted.
15	COMMISSIONER ORODENKER: My apologies.
16	I vote aye.
17	MR. ORODENKER: Commissioner Ohigashi?
18	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Aye.
19	MR. ORODENKER: Commissioner Cabral?
20	COMMISSIONER CABRAL: I'm agonizingly
21	going to vote aye because I'd like to see this be a
22	nice outcome for the petitioner and their desires
23	but I think in principle I have to vote in favor of
24	the motion. Thank you.
25	MR. ORODENKER: Chair Scheuer?
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Hawaii State Land Meeting

December 22, 2021 NDT Assgn # 54804

Page 188

ſ	Hawaii State Land Meeting December 22, 2021 NDT Assgn # 54804 Page 189
1	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Aye.
2	MR. ORODENKER: Thank you, Mr. Chair. The
3	motion passes unanimously with six affirmatives.
4	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Well, there being -
5	- well, thank you to the parties.
6	MR. CHIPCHASE: And if I may, Chair,
7	commissioners, just real quick before you sign us
8	off, I appreciate your time and attention today.
9	Obviously, I'm disappointed in the outcome but I
10	thank you all for your thought and the time that you
11	spent with me. And I wish everyone a Happy
12	holidays.
13	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Thank you, Mr.
14	Chipchase. Happy holidays to you and your client as
15	well. And I hope you do feel that we gave you all
16	the time that you needed.
17	MR. CHIPCHASE: I do feel that way.
18	COMMISSIONER SCHEUER: Okay. There being
19	no further business for today, we will recess until
20	9:00 a.m. for the continuation of our agenda.
21	Good evening.
22	(Meeting adjourned at 2:38 p.m.)
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1	CERTIFICATE
2	
3	I, Valerie J. Morrison, do hereby certify
4	that the proceeding named herein was professionally
5	transcribed on the date set forth in the certificate
6	herein; that I transcribed all testimony adduced and other
7	oral proceedings had in the foregoing matter; and that the
8	foregoing transcript pages constitute a full, true, and
9	correct record of such testimony adduced and oral
10	proceeding had and of the whole thereof.
11	
12	IN WITNESS HEREOF, I have hereunto set my
13	hand this 12th day of January, 2022.
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17	Valuigmorrian
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19	Valerie J. Morrison
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