1 LAND USE COMMISSION STATE OF HAWAI'I 2 Hearing held on February 24, 2021 Commencing at 9:00 a.m 3 Held via ZOOM by Interactive Conference Technology 4 5 Call to Order I. 6 II. Adoption of Minutes 7 Tentative Meeting Schedule III. 8 ACTION A18-806 BARRY TRUST (HAWAI'I) IV. 9 To Consider Amended Petition To Amend the Land Use District Boundary of Certain Lands Situated 10 At Keaau, Puna, County and State of Hawai'i, Consisting of 0.51 acres from the Conservation 11 District to the Agricultural District Tax Map Key No. (3) 1-5-059:059 12 V. Action - C&C OF HONOLULU IMPORTANT AGRICULTURAL 13 LANDS (IAL) DESIGNATION To Consider City and County of Honolulu 14 Recommendations for the designation of Important Agricultural Lands on the Island of 15 Oahu pursuant to Sections 205-47, 205-48 and 205-49 Hawaii Revised Statutes. The lands 16 recommended for designation are listed on the Attached Appendix H. Meeting materials are 17 also available for public review in advance of the meeting at 18 https://luc.hawaii.gov/city-county-ial/ 19 VI. ADJOURNMENT 20 21 22 23 Before: Jean Marie McManus, Hawaii CSR #156 24 25

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      APPEARANCES:
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      JONATHAN LIKEKE SCHEUER, Chair (Oahu)
      NANCY CABRAL, Vice Chair (Big Island)
 3
      EDMUND ACZON Vice Chair (Oahu)
      GARY OKUDA (Oahu)
 4
      LEE OHIGASHI (Maui)
      ARNOLD WONG (Oahu)
5
      DAWN CHANG (Oahu)
      DAN GIOVANNI (Kauai)
 6
7
      STAFF:
      LAUREN CHUN, ESQ.
8
      Deputy Attorney General
9
      DANIEL ORODENKER, Executive Officer
      RILEY K. HAKODA, Chief Clerk
10
      SCOTT DERRICKSON, Chief Planner
      NATASHA A. QUINONES, Program Specialist
11
12
      BRIAN YEE, ESQ.
      Office of Planning
13
      RODNEY FUNAKOSHI, Planning Program Administrator
      AARON SETOGAWA, Planner
14
      State of Hawaii
15
      JOHN MUKAI, ESQ.
      Corporation Counsel
16
      MAIJA JACKSON, Planner
      ZENDO KERN, Hawaii County Planning Director
17
      County of Hawai'i
18
      DEREK SIMON, ESQ.
19
      ALICIA FUNG, ESQ.
      Carlsmith Ball
20
      Attorneys for Petitioner
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CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Aloha mai kakou.

This is the February 24th, 2021 Land Use Commission meeting, and it's being held using interactive conference technology linking videoconference participants and other interested individuals of the public via the ZOOM internet conferencing program to comply with State and County official operational directives during the COVID-19 pandemic. Members of the public are viewing the meeting via the ZOOM webinar platform.

For all meeting participants, I would like to stress to everyone the importance of speaking slowly, clearly, and directly into your microphone. Before speaking, please state your name and identify yourself for the record.

Also, please be aware that all meeting participants are being recorded on the digital record of this ZOOM meeting. Your continued participation is your implied consent to be part of the public record of this event. If you do not wish to be part of the public record, please exit this meeting now.

The ZOOM conferencing technology allows the Parties and each participating Commissioner individual remote access to the meeting proceedings via their digital devices. Also please note that due

to matters entirely outside of our control, occasional disruptions to connectivity may occur for one or more members of the meeting at any given time. If such disruptions occur, please let us know, and be patient as we try to restore the audio/visual signals to effectively conduct business during the pandemic.

For members of the public participating via telephone, please use the *6 function to "mute" and then *6 to "unmute". Use *9 to virtually raise your hand and then *9 to virtually lower your hand.

My name is Jonathan Likeke Scheuer, and I
have the pleasure and honor of currently serving as
the Land Use Commission Chair. Along with me,
Commissioners Aczon, Chang, Okuda, and Wong, our LUC
Executive Officer Daniel Orodenker, our Chief Planner
Scott Derrickson, our Chief Clerk, Riley Hakoda, our
Deputy Attorney General, Lauren Chun, Program
Specialist Natasha Quinones and our Court Reporter
Jean McManus are all on the Island of Oahu.
Commissioner Cabral is on the Big Island,
Commissioner Ohigashi is on Maui, and Commissioner
Giovanni is on Kaua'i. There are currently eight
seated Commissioners of a possible nine.

I'll announce for everybody though, while it was originally contemplated that we would be

discussing the City and County of Honolulu, the

Important Agricultural Land submittal on this date,
we have had difficulties properly notifying all
affected landowners, and that has resulted in us
having to delay commencement of those proceedings.

We will be rectifying this shortly, and we expect the meetings to be rescheduled for the end of March. We apologize for any confusion this may have caused.

With that, our first order of business is the adoption of the February 10th and 11th minutes.

Mr. Hakoda, Mr. Derrickson, has anyone submitted testimony to comment on approval of the minutes?

CHIEF CLERK: Chair, this is Riley, no public witnesses on the minutes.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Are there any members of the public in the attendee portion of this hearing that wish to testify on the adoption of the minutes?

If so, please raise your hand. Seeing none.

Are there any comments or corrections to the minutes, Commissioners?

Is there a motion to approve?

Nancy Cabral makes a motion to approve the February 10th and 11th minutes. Is there a second?

1	COMMISSIONER WONG: Commissioner Wong,
2	second.
3	CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thank you,
4	Commissioner Wong.
5	A motion has been made by Nancy Cabral and
6	seconded by Commissioner Wong. All in favor please
7	say "aye" and raise your hand.
8	Anybody opposed? The motion carries.
9	Our next agenda item is our tentative
10	meeting schedule. Mr. Orodenker.
11	EXECUTIVE OFFICER: Thank you, Mr. Chair.
12	As the Chair just mentioned, tomorrow's
13	meeting is cancelled.
14	On March 10th we will be meeting once again
15	by ZOOM for the Hokua Place matter.
16	On March 11th we will also be meeting for
17	the Hokua Place matter, if necessary.
18	On March 24th I'm sorry, I have to check
19	this. March 24th meeting to hear the Barry Trust
20	closing arguments.
21	On March 25th, our first meeting on City
22	and County IAL presentation.
23	On April 14th we will be meeting to adopt
24	the order in this matter, the Barry Trust matter

before us today, and also to hear a Declaratory

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Ruling request DR 21-71 from Maui, and hear a status report with regard to A11-790 the Kula Ridge District Boundary Amendment.

On the April 15th we will be hearing the continuation of either one of those matters or both.

On April 28th we will be hearing AO7-772 Kamalani Motion to Extend Time and any further proceedings with regard to the City and County of Honolulu IAL submittal.

On April 29th we also have reserved for the City and County of Honolulu's IAL submittal.

On May 12th, we have the Pohakea Special Permit, and we also have -- which is Maui, as well as on May 13th, and we will be hearing IAL matters, City and County of Honolulu IAL matters at that time as well that may be outstanding.

On May 26th we have tentatively scheduled the AES West Oahu Solar matter and Important Agricultural Land matter continuation as well as on May 27th.

On June 9th we will be hearing the Kula Ridge matter, Maui matter, and we also have June 10th set aside for that.

 $\label{eq:And that takes us through the end of June,} $$\operatorname{Mr. Chair.}$$

1 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thank you.

I'll also note as addendum to your notice of Commission actions, one that will affect three of the Commissioners. On March 3rd Commissioners

Cabral, Giovanni and Okuda are up for reconfirmation in front of the State Senate.

EXECUTIVE OFFICER: Thank you. That was going to be my next statement.

We would appreciate any support with the other Commissioners or members of the public would have for our Commissioners seeking reappointment.

Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioners, are there any questions about our tentative meeting schedule? Seeing none.

We can proceed directly to our main item today.

The next agenda item is an Action item regarding Docket No. A18-806 Barry Trust (Hawaii),

Amended Petition to Amend the Land Use District

Boundary of Certain Lands Situated at Keaau, Puna,

County and State of Hawai'i, Consisting of 0.51 Acres

from the Conservation District to the Agricultural

District Tax Map Key No. (3) 1-5-059:059.

Will the parties please identify themselves

1 for the record, starting with Petitioner?

2 MR. SIMON: Good morning, Chair Scheuer,

3 | Commissioners, Derek Simon on behalf of Petitioners,

4 | Kevin and Monica Barry, Trustees of the Barry Family

5 Trust.

With me today present also from our office is Alicia Fung. She will be helping out with a couple of exhibits. And Mr. and Mrs. Barry are also in the audience and you'll hear testimony from Mrs.

10 Barry later in the morning.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Will that be during the public testimony or are you going to call her as a witness?

MR. SIMON: I'll be calling Mrs. Barry as a witness.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Office of Planning.

MR. YEE: Good morning. Deputy Attorney
General Bryan Yee on behalf of the Office of
Planning. With me is Rodney Funakoshi and Aaron
Setogawa from the Office of Planning.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Hawaii County.

MR. MUKAI: Thank you. Good morning. This is John Mukai, Deputy Corporation Counsel on behalf of County of Hawaii, Department of Planning, and the Planning Director, also present is Ms. Maija Jackson

1 and also Hawaii County Planning Director Zendo Kern.

MR. KERN: Aloha.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Aloha, welcome.

Before we begin, let me update the record.

On June 25th, 2020, the Commission met via ZOOM to consider the Petitioner's motion for issuance of a Finding of No Significant Impacts or FONSI, and unanimously granted the motion.

On June 30th, the LUC transmitted a determination of FONSI and the Final Environmental Assessment with necessary material for the next publication of the Environmental Notice.

Also on that date, the LUC received the Petitioner's OEQC Publication Form, that's the Office of Environmental Quality Control, the Publication Form, the Final EA, the CD and the thumb-drive of the Final EA.

On November 4th, 2020, the Commission received the Petitioner's Amended Petition for the Land Use District Boundary Amendment along with Exhibits 1 through 16.

On November 27th, 2020, the LUC mailed a "Deemed Complete Letter" to the Petitioner.

On February 12th of this year, the LUC mailed out our February 24th to 25th, 2021 Agenda to

Statewide, Oahu and Hawaii mailing lists.

On February 17th the Commission mailed out an Amended Agenda to the same lists. The Meeting Notice and Amended Agenda were also filed with the Lieutenant Governor's office and posted electronically to the Commission's website.

On February 23rd the Commission received the Office of Planning's testimony in support of the Petition; the County of Hawaii's Planning Director's Response to the Amended Petition, as well as the Affidavit of Derek Simon and Exhibits A through E.

Let me briefly describe our procedures for today on this docket.

First, I will give the Petitioner the opportunity to respond to the Commission's policy governing reimbursement of hearing expenses.

I will then call for any public testimony on this matter. To date no written public testimony from the general public has been submitted.

I will offer the opportunity to members of the audience, the opportunity to submit oral testimony.

People will be sworn in if they wish to submit testimony. They can offer up to two minutes of testimony on this matter, and they will then be

1 available for questioning by the Petitioner, the 2 County of Hawaii, the Office of Planning and the 3 Commissioners. Following any testimony on this matter, I 4 5 will close it, and then I will give the opportunity 6 if there are any additional exhibits on the record to 7 be offered by any of the Parties. Following that, the Petitioner will present 8 their case. When the Petitioner is finished with 9 10 presenting, they will be followed in turn by the 11 County of Hawaii and the State Office of Planning. 12 After presentations by each of those 13 entities, they will be available for questioning by 14 the Commissioners. I will finally note that from time to time, 15 16 approximately every hour, I will call for breaks as 17 necessary every hour. 18 Do the Parties have any questions on our 19 procedures today starting with the Petitioner? 20 MR. SIMON: None from the Petitioner. 21 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Mr. Mukai?

MR. MUKAI: No, sir.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Mr. Yee?

MR. YEE: No questions, thank you.

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CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Mr. Simon, have you

reviewed HAR 15-15-45.1 with regard to the reimbursement of hearing expenses; and if so, what is your position on this matter?

MR. SIMON: Petitioners are aware of and agree to the Commission's policy on reimbursement.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thank you.

I'm now going to see -- Commissioner

Cabral, do you have a disclosure to make? Please proceed.

VICE CHAIR CABRAL: Yes. I may have made this disclosure, but we have new people involved in this case on the County level at least, and I wanted to disclose that at one point in time, approximately 20 years ago, I was appointed by the Third Circuit Court Judge Nakamura to serve under a temporary Master Receivership and was the property manager for all of Hawaiian Paradise Park for approximately six years, so I'm extremely aware of the subdivision and actually even that location, but I do not believe that that would have any affect on me, because that's just one of 8,835 lots, because I stuffed all those envelopes many times, so I'm okay if everyone else is okay with my situation.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: So you're asserting that you can be fair and impartial on this docket?

1 VICE CHAIR CABRAL: Yes, absolutely. 2 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Any objections to Ms. 3 Cabral's continued participation? MR. SIMON: None from the Petitioners. 4 5 We're happy to have Commissioner Cabral. CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Mr. Mukai? 6 7 MR. MUKAI: None. CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Mr. Yee? 8 9 MR. YEE: No objection. 10 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Are there any other disclosures from the Commission? Seeing none. 11 Just a final confirmation, Mr. Hakoda or 12 Mr. Derrickson, has any written public testimony been 13 14 submitted on this docket? 15 CHIEF CLERK: Mr. Chair, as of this 16 morning, no testimony has been received. 17 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Any members of the public who are in the attendee function of this ZOOM 18 19 meeting who wish to testify on this matter, excluding 20 the Barrys who will be called in as witnesses, 21 anybody who wishes to testify, please use the 22 raise-your-hand function on ZOOM. 23 If you're calling in by phone it's *9 to 24 raise your hand. I will call you in and bring you 25 into the main room. Seeing none, there is no public

1 testimony on this matter, I'm going to go close 2 public testimony on this matter and I'm going to 3 allow Mr. Simon to begin with his presentation. Oh, wait, first are there any exhibits in 4 5 addition to any of the written filings that have been 6 provided already from any of the parties? 7 Mr. Simon? MR. SIMON: Nothing additional from 8 9 Petitioners that wasn't filed as of yesterday. 10 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Hawaii County? 11 MR. MUKAI: No, nothing further. CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Mr. Yee? 12 13 MR. YEE: Nothing further. CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Now you may begin, 14 15 Mr. Simon. 16 MR. SIMON: Thank you, Chair, and good 17 morning once again. 18 Chair and Commissioners, thank you very 19 much for being here today. I want to thank staff as 20 well for all their hard work and help in getting us 21 to where we are right now. 22 And I also want to thank the County and

I want to give a quick overview of the presentation we have planned today. I will start off

Office of Planning for their support.

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with a presentation by myself, give you an overview of the docket, the Hawaiian Paradise Park subdivision where the Petition Area is located, as well as the District Boundary Amendment being requested.

I will then call Monica Barry who is

Co-Trustee of the Barry Trust, and one of the

Petitioners in this docket, and she will provide some

more information on the project and other related

items. Then we will make ourselves available for

questions after that.

Today is a really a big day in what has been a long journey for the Barrys. They purchased the Petition Area back in 2007 while still living in California and still working full-time with really a big dream of hopefully retiring one day to sort of this will rural agricultural lifestyle that the Big Island of Hawai'i offers and is so well-known for.

They're now retired and full-time Hawaii residents, and they're ready to enjoy their retirement here, and they think they've found the place to do it.

This docket was first opened back in

December of 2018 when the Commission agreed to be the approving agency for an environmental assessment, and authorized the Barrys to go ahead and file a Draft

Environmental Assessment. That process culminated in June of this past year, June 2020 when the Commission unanimously voted to issue a finding of No Significant Impact for the project, and authorized publication of the Final EA. That Final EA was published in the July 9th edition of OEQC's Environmental Bulletin, and cleared the way for the filing of the Amended Petition before you today, and then also this hearing.

In our presentation today we are not going to go into a ton of details in the findings of the Final Environmental Assessment, in part because the Commission's FONSI is its own determination that the project won't have any significant environmental impacts, but we, of course, are more than happy to answer any specific questions the Commissioners may have.

Alicia, can you pull up Exhibit 10A for me, please?

Bear with me for just a moment. I don't have a ton of exhibits, but a little shuffling here to get started.

So what we have here is a tax map with a State Land Use District overlay showing Hawaiian Paradise Park subdivision. That's the subdivision

there outlined in the red, and you can see the

Petition Area noted up there sort of in the top

right-hand corner. All the green shading you see is

Agricultural District land, State Agricultural

District land.

And you'll see some small bits of blue along the shoreline, and that's Conservation District land, and I'll talk a little bit about why that land is in the Conservation District here in a minute.

But first I want to provide a little history on sort of the history of Hawaiian Paradise Park, and sort of the land use planning history to it.

So Hawaiian Paradise Park was created in 1957 and includes, as Commissioner Cabral noted, 8,835 parcels, so it's quite large. It's actually the second largest privately-owned subdivision in the country, and it's the second largest population center for County of Hawaii.

Hawaiian Paradise Park is in the Puna

District, which is also the County's fastest growing district for about 30 years due in part to its proximity to Hilo and availability of land.

Interestingly, when Hawaiian Paradise Park was created back in the late '50's, there was no Land

Use Commission. There was no Chapter 205, and in fact, there wasn't even a County zoning code.

When the Commission was formed and Chapter 205 enacted, the Commission placed the entirety of Hawaiian Paradise Park in the Agricultural District.

An overwhelming majority of Hawaiian

Paradise Park has remained in the Agricultural

District ever since. However, in 1969 the Commission

conducted one of its 5-year boundary reviews. At

that time, there was no Chapter 205A, which is the

State's Coastal Zone Management Program, that's our

Special Management Area laws and our shoreline laws.

So during its boundary review, the

Commission determined that it needed to make sure

that the shoreline was adequately protected, and it

actually placed all these shoreline parcels on the

coast here in Paradise Park into the Conservation

District, and again, the stated purpose of that was

to protect the shoreline.

Fast forward about ten years, and a group of homeowners, all these homeowners of these coastal parcels were denied permits to build residential dwellings in this area by the Department of Land and Natural Resources, because its Conservation District land and fell under their jurisdiction,

notwithstanding that several other owners in the area had actually been given permits.

It's a little bit of a flip-flop on the policy for dwellings in this area, and that caused basically all the homeowners of these lots to form the Paradise Hua Hanalike Association. And in 1976 they filed a petition, sort of en masse petition with the Commission to put all these parcels back into the Agricultural District where they were when the Puna District was first formed.

And interestingly, the Petition Area before you today was actually included in that Petition, but ultimately was removed after the owner at that time couldn't be contacted. Obviously, back then communication was a little different and people weren't just an email away. So that's why we're here today.

In August of 1977 the Commission issued a Decision and Order and reclassified the vast majority of these parcels back into the Agricultural District. This is essentially the second time the Commission determined that these coastal parcels satisfied the requirements for that, you know, met the criteria for the Agricultural District more appropriate for the district.

In its Decision and Order the Commission highlights several reasons for its decision. First, it noted the stated purpose of that 1969 boundary amendment that was done by the Commission through its five-year boundary review. The purpose of that was to protect the shoreline.

And now at this point Chapter 205A has been enacted, and so we had a whole layer of regulations physically addressing the coast and coastal resources, so the restricted Conservation District designation was no longer needed.

Second, the Commission noted, as you can see in this map, that virtually all of the lands around these parcels is in the Agricultural District. We're talking thousands and thousands acres of contiguous land all in the Agricultural District.

Third, the Commission noted that the parcels didn't have any special conservation value, not to say that coastal resources don't hold conservation value, but no special value that really required for these parcels to be in the Conservation District.

And finally, the Commission found the situation unjust and inequitable in their own words that these homeowners were essentially very limited

in their ability to use their land, virtually all, unlike their thousands and thousands of neighbors in the Hawaiian Paradise Park subdivision.

Interesting fact about that Decision and Order -- and I'll circle back to this later -- is the decision archly expressly notes that these Petitioners were very up-front with the Commission, said that they actually intended to use their parcels for purely residential purposes, notwithstanding that Chapter 205 then, as it does now, requires dwellings in the Agricultural District to be farm dwellings, and we'll talk more about that later.

But anyway, notwithstanding that representation, the Commission still found it appropriate to place these parcels back into the Agricultural District.

If you walk down Paradise Ala Kai Drive, which is the coastal road there right now, and you walk by these parcels, you see a great significant number of them that have since been developed with single-family dwellings.

So that's really what this Petition is about today. It's really just a request from Petitioners to be put on par and be on the same footing as their neighbor and able to make reasonable

use of their land in the same way that people are able to do so in the thousands and thousands of acres around them.

I want to shift gears a little bit and focus more on the Petition Area and the requested boundary amendment.

Alicia, can you pull up Exhibit 7?

This is a bird's-eye view of the Petition

Area. It says "Barry Property", but that's the

Petition Area outlined in yellow. You can see

Paradise Ala Kai Drive right there, the road I just

mentioned. Then all these existing dwellings built

on these lots that were reclassified by the

Commission back in 1977, including the lot

immediately to the north of the Petition Area.

So as I briefly mentioned, the project proposed, the reason for the boundary amendment being sought is to allow the Barrys to proceed with a farm dwelling and associated agricultural use.

The Barry's intention is to build a modest single-family home in the neighborhood of three bedrooms, two baths to allow them to live, have an office, and maybe a spare bedroom or so for the occasional guest. They're not proposing a McMansion, they're not pushing the building envelope to the

maximum amount allowed on the County. Really it's just a modest simple home for them to enjoy in their retirement.

The dwellings and landscaping style will be consistent with the existing neighborhood. You sometimes hear referred to as sort of contemporary Hawaiian, and I think most people are more or less familiar with what that means.

The Petitioners are hopeful that they'll be able to, you know, inhabit the dwelling mostly off the grid. They're going to utilize solar PV panels, and they're hopeful that will provide all the power needed for their dwelling, but power is also available from the utility overhead lines in the area.

They're going to either drill a well on site or catchment system for water, both of which are very common in this part of the County. And then they will utilize a septic or advanced aerobic individual wastewater treatment system, as there is no municipal sewer service here in the area.

For their agricultural use, the Barrys will be implementing an apiary or a bee colony or bee colonies -- actually Ms. Barry will speak a little bit more in detail on that, and she is really the one

you guys want to hear about that from.

But before we hear from Ms. Barry, I just want to go over the criteria for Agricultural District. That standard is set forth in Hawaii Administrative Rules 15-15-19, and there's a couple subsections. We're focusing on Subsection 3 which says the Agricultural District can include lands that are surrounded by or contiguous to other agricultural land or lands that are not suited for agriculture or ancillary purposes, for reasons of topography soils and other similar characteristics.

We do think that the Petition Area falls squarely within these requirements.

First, as I discussed earlier, the Petition

Area is surrounded by thousands of acres by other

agricultural land and has been for a long, long time.

Second, the soils are very poor at the Petition Area. We will talk more with Mrs. Barry about that, but the two most important rating systems for purposes of this request are Agricultural Lands of Importance to the State of Hawaii or ALISH rating system, and the Land Survey Bureau rating system or LSB system.

Under the ALISH system there is a number of different designations from prime at the very top,

the best agricultural lands, all the way down to unclassified lands that are determined to not be important agricultural lands for the State.

So the entirety of the Petition Area is unclassified under the ALISH system.

Under the LSB or Land Survey Bureau system, that's an A to E rating system, A being the highest most productive land, and E being very poor land for agricultural purposes. And the Petition Area is rated E under the LSB rating system.

And third, the proximity of the parcel to the ocean does present additional challenges for agricultural activities, including because of the salt spray that comes off there, and I think most of us know, there's lots of plants that don't like salt spray.

That includes my initial part of the presentation. At this time I would ask that Ms.

Monica Barry be let into the hearing so we can do a little Q and A session with her and have her provide some more information for you.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Okay.

Monica Barry or Kevin Barry, raise your hand. Well, I have a 50/50 chance, right? I did the wrong one. They raised their hand right after I --

they're both going to come in for now. If you would unmute and turn your camera on. If you're having any problem with doing it, controls are often visible at the bottom of your screen if you use your cursor, depending on the device you're on.

I see you're unmuted, and I see a camera going up. There you are. We can see you. We cannot hear you yet. However, nobody has a cat filter so far.

I don't know if Alicia or Derek is working with the Barrys.

MR. SIMON: No, I'm here in Honolulu and the Barrys are on the Big Island.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Can you say something at least so that we might hear you. You're unmuted, so it might be the volume control on your device.

I'll give it a few seconds more. If not, Mr. Simon,

I'm going to ask you to continue while they try to get themselves visible and audible.

In the interest of time, Mr. Simon, I'm going to ask you to continue and hopefully your witness will be available. I believe there is -- if nothing else fails, there is instructions to the ZOOM, the ability to call in connecting to audio.

Can you wave if you hear me? Okay, great,

1 partially there. 2 MS. BARRY: My apologies. 3 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: It's okay. This is 4 not the first time since the pandemic started that 5 somebody has had this problem. 6 Do you swear or affirm the testimony you're 7 about to give is the truth? 8 THE WITNESS: I do. 9 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Now, you will be 10 questioned and give testimony in response to your 11 attorney, Mr. Simon. After that you'll be available for cross-examination by the Parties and 12 13 Commissioners, if any. Mr. Simon. 14 MR. SIMON: Thank you, Chair. 15 MONICA BARRY 16 Was called as a witness by and on behalf of the 17 Petitioner, was sworn to tell the truth, was examined and testified as follows: 18 19 DIRECT EXAMINATION 20 BY MR. SIMON: 21 Good morning, Monica. How are you? 22 My heart is pounding a little bit, but I'm 23 good. 24 Let's dial it down a little bit. You're 25 here and we're really glad to have you.

- 1 A Glad to be here.
- 2 Q Monica -- I'm going to call you Monica, if
- 3 that's okay.
- A Absolutely, yeah.
- 5 Q All right.
- 6 You are one of the trustees of the Barry
- 7 Family Trust, is that correct?
- 8 A I am.
- 9 Q Who is the other trustee?
- 10 A My husband, Kevin.
- 11 Q Is Kevin there with you today?
- 12 A He is.
- Q He's in another room. He's not feeding you
- 14 answers or anything like that?
- 15 A No.
- 16 Q And the Barry Family Trust is the
- 17 Petitioner for this docket, is that correct?
- 18 A It is, yes.
- 19 Q Do you recall when we filed this Amended
- 20 Petition you signed what is called a Verification,
- 21 and in that Verification you attested to the truth
- 22 and accuracy of the contents of the Petition to the
- 23 best of your knowledge?
- 24 A I did.
- 25 Q And you signed that docket, correct?

1 A Yes.

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- 2 Q Is that still true to this date?
- 3 A Yes. No Changes.
- 4 Q Monica, are you and Kevin full-time Hawaii 5 residents?
 - A We are, yes.
 - Q How long have you lived in Hawaii for?
- 8 A Since 2017.
 - Q What prompted your move to Hawaii?
 - We started visiting Hawaii in 2001. We were raised in San Diego, California. And we took our first vacation to Hawaii and we kind of immediately fell in love. So shortly thereafter, we started visiting every year. And around 2006, when we started thinking about our retirement options and how we didn't want to work any more, we decided that we would plan on moving to Hawaii to retire.
 - Q What did you and Kevin do before retiring?
 - A Kevin was a design engineer, and I was -- I worked for the San Diego County Superior Court as staff attorney.
 - Q And where in Hawaii are you guys currently living?
 - A We live in HPP on 28th Avenue.
- 25 Q By HPP, you mean Hawaiian Paradise Park?

1 A Yes.

Q I just want to clarify for some of the Commissioners that may not be familiar, that you and/or I may sometimes say HPP and we're referring to the larger subdivision?

A Yes.

Q When did you and Kevin purchase the Petition Area?

A In 2007.

Q And when you purchased the Petition Area, you understood that it was in the Conservation District?

A We did. Originally it was something we discovered through escrow. Even the owner at the time didn't know it was in Conservation land, but we did, and during the escrow period and our due diligence, we talked to the County and several other people who told us that we could build a house there, we would have to go through special permitting process, but that it shouldn't be a big deal.

Q So you understood that there was additional permitting requirements and that's why we're here today?

A That's right.

Q And so you and Kevin chose to pursue a

district boundary amendment instead of a conservation use permit from the DLNR.

Do you be want to provide an explanation as to why you guys went the route we are currently on?

A Well, from our research and everybody we talked to, we understood that if we went through a use permit through the DLNR, it would take a considerably longer period of time to build a house. Everything would have to go through State permissions and so forth.

And we were looking to retire, we didn't want to take a whole lot of time, and we decided that we also wanted to be treated like the rest of our neighbors in Hawaiian Paradise Park, and primarily Paradise Ala Kai, without the oversight and the extra burden of going through DLNR for everything.

So we opted to take the boundary amendment course.

Q So the boundary amendment seemed like the most appropriate avenue for you guys?

A Yes. Everything we knew -- the more we learned about the history of the lot and how it became to be in Conservation, we realized it was kind of like a mistake that it was there but for the fact that the then owner wasn't able to participate for

- some reason, the land was left in Conservation 1 2 District. 3 So we thought that just trying to rectify 4 that in someway, then the land can be treated just 5 like everyone else in that area. 6 Q How often do you guys visit the Petition 7 Area? 8 A We go -- we're only four miles, so we go 9 down every two or three days and sit out there and 10 remind ourselves why we're here. 11 When was the last time you were at the 12 Petition Area? 13 Α We went Sunday. 14 How was it? 15 It was beautiful. We didn't see any 16 whales, but we have been. But it was gorgeous. 17 Is the Petition Area being used for 18 anything right now? 19 No, it's vacant. 20 By vacant, you mean no improvements? 21 No. There is lots of weeds growing, cane Α
 - Q Are you aware of the Petition Area ever being used for any purpose, agricultural, residential, anything like that?

grass and stuff, nothing else.

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A No. As long as we had it -- I think even before -- there was never anything done there.

Q I wanted you to kind of provide some layman testimony, what it's like on the ground, the conditions on the ground in the Petition Area. We've got these technical studies, including Final EA.

Can you tell us about some of the conditions -- a moment ago I talked about soils and couple of rating systems that really have these soils listed very poor for agricultural purposes, but can you explain in layman's terms what the soil looks like out there on the property?

A When we go out there, we can't actually access the interior of the lot, but it's mostly all volcanic, you know, lumps, I mean, crevices and stuff. And I suppose, if you dug around each of -- around the actual vegetation, there would be just decomposed organic material. There is no soil, per se. I wouldn't call it dirt or soil or anything. It's just mostly like maturated leaves and little piddly things. It's mostly all volcanic rock and the weeds that grow.

- Q You mean, like exposed rock where you can put your hand on the lava?
 - A Yeah, exposed rocky bits.

Q And then it sounds like it's weeds and plants grown on top of old decomposed -- it's not much there?

A No, no.

Q While we are talking about soils and sort of agricultural productivity, if you walk up and down Paradise Ala Kai Drive or even sort of mauka a block or two, is there much agricultural activity going on in this part of Hawaiian Paradise Park?

A Well, I mean, people might have fruit trees on their lot, but mostly everything is landscaped, but I would say no.

Q You know, I mentioned earlier that you guys are seeking the boundary amendment so you can build a farm dwelling and implement an agricultural use. Is that correct?

A Yes.

Q And do you guys intend to use this as your full-time personal residence?

A Yes.

Q What about your neighbors, are most of your neighbors in that area, are they full-time residents based on the time you spend down there?

A I can say that most that we know of and are aware of are not full-time residents. Most people

live part-time there. Some people we don't even know yet.

Q But not a ton of full-time residents that you're aware of?

A No.

Q I note this is sort of the first big major hurdle sort of in the permitting and planning in this project, and I know it's taken some time, but can you kind of give the Commissioners a little more information on your preliminary plans for this dwelling that you guys are proposing?

A Well, we want just a simple modest home, maybe two bedrooms and office, two baths. And we're look forward to lots of outdoor space, lanai space and so forth.

We are retired, so we don't want a lot of maintenance, don't want to clean a big house. And we're just wanting to be comfortable and be able to enjoy that area.

Q Now, the Petition does mention a pool. Do you guys have any immediate plans on building a pool?

A No. Kind of on our wish list. It's a matter of ability. At this point we're just focused on the house.

Q But you wanted the Commission to be aware

1 | that that's something you may consider down the road?

A If we can do that, yes, we would probably like to have a pool.

Q Now, as you're aware, this is a farm dwelling and it requires to be used in connection with an agricultural use. And I mentioned earlier very briefly you're planning on an apiary, which is a fancy term for a bee colony.

Can you provide more information on what you guys are planning?

A Well, I'm a master gardener out of
University of Hawaii-Hilo, and that was where I was
first exposed to beekeeping. About a year ago,
unfortunately, they let go of the apiary that was
onsite there, but I learned in that process -- I was
sort of fascinated by the bee community and how they
structure their hives and everything.

So anyway, something I never thought I would be interested in, but I actually did get very interested. And when it came down to selecting an agricultural purpose for our lot, we realized we were restrained in a lot of different areas because of the small size, and the lack of good soil, bunch of other stuff, salt air, wind and all that.

So I looked into doing beekeeping, and it

turns out that it's actually a possibility. So we're going to go that way. And we're going to create a bee yard on the side of the house with mostly native salt tolerant plants that bees like for their purposes, and then maybe do an herb garden and some other plants.

I also understand that bees travel, so they will go to other places to get their pollen and so forth. But we thought that would be a great idea, so we will be dedicating that area to the bees.

We're going to start out with two colonies.

We have been told two are good to have together

because you can kind of compare the health of one

colony to another to see if everything is going well,

that they're both doing good. If something fails,

they get bugs or mites, you can get a head's up. But

that's what we're looking for.

Q You mentioned the salt spray and the air down that area presents problems, but you've also discussed with people knowledgeable in apiaries that bees can do well in this environment; is that correct?

A Yes. It can be tricky. Wind is a factor, salt air, but we thought if we build a fence or some sort of a break or something like that, we will pay

attention to that closely. We've actually been told it's just a little bit of extra work, but we're okay with that.

- Q And so presumably these bees -- the purpose of having bees is for them -- I mean, I understand that they become somewhat like pets, like people with more domesticated pets, but the purpose of the bees is to produce honey and other sort of byproducts?
- A Yes, honeycomb, pollen. You can extrapolate the wax and make candles, lip balm, all kinds of stuff.
- Q You guys will then sell those products; is that correct?
- A Yes. Hopefully, you know, either on a roadside thing at the house, or farmers market if we have enough to pass on, yeah.
- Q As you mentioned, roadside stand. Is that fairly common in Hawaiian Paradise Park?
- A Yes. Around the corner from us there is a person that sells eggs. When they have got them available, they have a sign out.
- Q And as we have discussed before, further mauka there is a little more agricultural activity, a bit more --
- A Yeah. There are signs where people sell

plants. I guess they grow plants in pots, then sell pots. Then we have also seen --

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Mr. Simon, about how much longer do you think for this witness?

MR. SIMON: My first and only witness probably has another five to ten minutes.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: We will do that, and then if there is (indecipherable).

MR. SIMON: Okay, thank you, Chair.

Q Monica, because this farm dwelling requires you guys to maintain an agricultural use, what happens if, for whatever reason, the apiary bees aren't happy, they don't produce well or whatnot, what then?

A Well, we will get another agricultural purpose. We have to get an appropriate purpose that will work for us, obviously, but we hope the bees would work, but there are other things we could do.

Q So you guys are committed to working agricultural use?

A Yes, yes.

Q Shift gears a little bit.

So the Amended Petition states that, you know, assuming you get -- we get a favorable decision from this Commission and then you go to the County to

get permits, the Petition says you guys would anticipate that the dwelling and agriculture use may take about 18 to 24 months to build.

Does that still sound right?

A Yeah. That's the outside window. We're hoping it would be quicker, but if we have learned anything in the past few years, you never know what's going to happen, so, yes, that is our outside --

- Q But you're hopeful you may be able to do it sooner?
 - A Very hopeful we can do it sooner.
- Q The Amended Petition also includes a pre-approval letter from your local Hawaii-based federal credit union, and it states you're pre-qualified for the loan sufficient for the amount you guys believe to develop the project; is that correct?
 - A Yes.

- Q And in the Petition, you guys represent that you have the financial ability to build the project; correct?
 - A Yes.
 - Q And that's still the case today?
- A Oh, yes, uh-huh.
- 25 Q As we saw the picture a moment ago and you

- 1 kind of touched on it. This is the shoreline parcel.
- 2 Is that correct?

- A Yes, it is.
- Q Can you describe for the Commission what the shoreline looks like in the area of the Petition Area?
 - A It's lava rock and cliff. It's got some shrubbery growing along the edge, but it's mostly lava rock. That's where we only go now. When we go now, we only go and sit out there. It's got a cliff about 20, 25 feet down, and it's pretty deep water.
 - Q So you can't really access the ocean on this part of the coast?
 - A Okay, well, what we like to say is you can get into the water, but you probably can't get out.
 - Q Probably get in by accident too, huh?
 - A Yeah, on accident. Very rocky, like I said, deep water, and there's no access, there's no ocean access.
 - Q And in our Petition we note that this area -- you guys are aware that this area is used by local fishermen and cultural practitioners for gathering purposes; is that correct?
 - A Yes.
- 25 Q And do people use the shoreline area there

for anything else?

A Well, we go down, there's other people who sit out there, not a whole lot. It depends on when you go. Watching the sunrise or catching the sunset reflected in the clouds from Kona, but there is always someone else down there looking at the water or fishing or walking. They walk the coast there.

Q Monica, are you aware that, you know, under Hawaii law, shoreline access, lateral -- including lateral along the shoreline, is protected for both the public and cultural practitioners?

A Yes.

Q And I note it's your Petition -- can you confirm again for the Commission whether this project will in any way interfere with public access to or use of that shoreline area?

A It will not, no.

Q That's about all we have.

Before we end, is there anything else you would like the Commission to know?

A Well, I do -- we do appreciate the Commission's consideration of our Petition. It has been a long haul. We're certainly hoping that things go our way. We just want to have the property in our names and in the designation that will allow us to be

treated like all the other neighbors in our area. 1 2 And that's what we're hoping. 3 Q Thank you, Monica. MR. SIMON: Chair, that's all I have for 4 5 Ms. Barry. 6 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Great, thank you. 7 Let me get a sense first before we take a 8 break. Are there any questions for the witness from the County? 9 10 MR. MUKAI: None, Chair. 11 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Mr. Yee from Office 12 of Planning? 13 MR. YEE: No questions, thank you. 14 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioners? 15 Commissioner Chang and Commissioner Okuda. Let's do it, then we will take a break. 16 17 Commissioner Chang. 18 COMMISSIONER CHANG: Thank you. 19 Thank you so much, Mrs. Barry, for being 20 here. Appreciate your patience. 21 I just wanted to follow up on some 22 questions regarding, one, access. 23 So when you mention that when you go down

there, occasionally you'll see people maybe fishing.

Are they fishing on your property or is there other

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properties that they're fishing on?

THE WITNESS: I can tell you that we have, over the years, seen people fishing on our property, but as the houses have been developed along those lots and there's no more direct access in front of ours, there are fewer people who actually do fish.

Mostly they go to the end of the road or to the two County lots that are about a half mile south, then they will go out there.

Sometimes they will walk along to get to a different spot. But the other reason why I know they do fish, is because they put in like a PVC hole to hold. So I know that they leave those there, so I think that they are.

We don't see them as often as we used to, but they do, yes.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: And you mentioned there's two County at the end of the road. Are those public access or are those --

THE WITNESS: Yes, those are two county lots, they're not at the end of the road, they're actually in the middle of Paradise Ala Kea, but they are considered county parks in a way. They're not developed at all, but you frequently see cars parked there, people go out. That's where they mainly do.

Closer to our lot is, there is a dead-end road, Paradise Ala Kai dead ends and people will park down there and traverse over. Tell you the truth, it's probably private property, but it's Shipman land, but the people will go out to the cliff that way.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: Have you had the opportunity to talk to any of these fishermen that may have been on your property?

THE WITNESS: We have over the years, not lately, but we have over the years.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: Is it your understanding that these fishermen have fished there all the time, or they fish there because your lot's been vacant and it seems to be an easy access to the shoreline?

THE WITNESS: Gosh, that I don't really know. They're always friendly. And we always talk, they get big fish, they say, and they enjoy the area. It's quiet and peaceful, and sometimes they bring their kids, but I don't know why they pick that area.

I imagine it's because it is deep water and there's not a lot of people there, so they probably have a better opportunity to catch some.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: You said you

understood that people have the right of access. So is it your understanding that assuming you are able to build your home there, would it then -- would you be putting up a fence? Would you continue to permit people to go through your property to fish?

THE WITNESS: Well, they actually don't go through our property. But even when we develop the property -- we rescue greyhounds. We have dogs, so we do need a fenced area. We would not prohibit people from fishing in front of -- and I'm saying front, but I mean ocean side, makai side. If they happen to go down there, we -- the lot will be fenced. We can't not do that. But they're welcome to come in the public area there and on our ocean side lot.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: One final question.

Do you know whether the certified shoreline is at the end of your lot, that it falls into the cliff, or is the certified shoreline further mauka, so that there is an access, lateral access?

THE WITNESS: My limited experience with that is that there is a buffer that's State land. I think it's 20 feet, maybe 30, that is considered the certified shoreline. I'm not real sure.

But back from that 20, 30 feet, then there

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is another 40 feet that I think the County requires
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     has to be open as well, so it's a good portion.
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                COMMISSIONER CHANG: That's really helpful.
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      It wasn't clear in my mind when I looked at the map.
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                So your property is not adjacent to the
 6
      cliff that goes into the ocean, there's at least a
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      20, 40 feet buffer from the cliff. Okay.
                THE WITNESS: Yes.
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                COMMISSIONER CHANG: And you would not
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     prohibit anybody from accessing the public area?
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                THE WITNESS: No, not at all.
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                COMMISSIONER CHANG: Thank you very much.
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     I appreciate your testimony.
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                THE WITNESS: Thank you very much,
15
     appreciate it.
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                CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thank you,
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     Commissioner Chang.
                Commissioner Okuda, then we will take a
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19
     break.
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                COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Chair, since we have
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     been going about an hour, do you want to take a break
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     now?
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                CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: How long do you have,
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     Commissioner Okuda?
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                COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Ten minutes.
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CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Let' take a break. 1 2 It's 9:59. We will go into recess and reconvene at 3 10:10. 4 (Recess taken.) 5 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: We're back on the 6 record, and we're continuing with the 7 cross-examination of the witness, Ms. Monica Barry, questions from Commissioner Okuda. Please proceed. 8 9 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Thank you very much. 10 Thank you for taking time to testify today. 11 THE WITNESS: My pleasure. Good morning to 12 you too. 13 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: I want to ask a few 14 follow-up questions. One is, your attorney, Mr. 15 Simon, mentioned that you were with the courts out in San Diego. 16 17 THE WITNESS: I was a staff attorney for 18 San Diego County Superior Court, yes. 19 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: And can I ask about 20 how many years have you been an attorney? 21 THE WITNESS: Since 1996. 22 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Before you and your 23 husband purchased the property, you gave us some 24 testimony about some due diligence, or your attorney 25 was describing some due diligence that had taken

place.

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So before you purchased the property, you understood that the property was in the Conservation District; is that correct?

THE WITNESS: We did. As I mentioned before, we learned that through escrow proceedings. It wasn't initially known that it was Conservation land, so it was through that process that we learned it was Conservation land.

So then we went into full gear, like what does that mean? What's Conservation land? Of course, that's different than anything we were used to in California. So we did lots of research and talked to people.

In 2007, which seems like an eternity from now, things were different. We opted to start the process once we moved over as full-time residents. So that's what we did.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: You know, frankly speaking, I went to law school at UC Davis and left in 1981, so I have no recollection of the law in California, so please don't ask me about that.

If I can ask you about your due diligence process. When you were purchasing the property, were you represented by a Hawaii real estate agent?

1 THE WITNESS: We were, yes.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: And what was your intention and/or your husband's intention in purchasing the property? Was it to engage in any type of business activity on the site, or was it simply for retirement purposes?

THE WITNESS: We only wanted retirement.

As I kind of alluded to, we were at that point
looking to quit working, and we made a full-on pledge
and plan to sock away as much money as we could so
that we could retire as soon as we could.

So we had, and continue to have no interest in doing anything business-wise. We just wanted to retire.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: I understand that.

You mentioned that you wanted to be treated just like your neighbors. Can I ask about that?

You know, with whatever distance to the left or right of your property, are any of your neighbors, based on your personal observation, using their properties for agricultural activities? Or does it appear to be, frankly speaking, like a single-family residential subdivision?

THE WITNESS: It is, for all intents and purposes, and as you say speaking frankly, it's a

single-family residential subdivision, particularly down in our area, because of the half-acre parcels.

In the area of HPP where they have the single-acre parcels, there may be more actual agricultural purpose. But you don't see rows of planting, or you don't see any of that sort of stuff. It's a very casual application, in my opinion, of the agriculture purpose use. But that's basically how the neighborhood is set up.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Now, you also mentioned or testified about doing your intended development, and you gave us reasons why you did not want to go through a Conservation District Use Permit with the Department of Land and Natural Resources.

Without getting too technical here, can you tell me in plain English, if you can, what you saw as the impediment or problem with going through the permitting process through the Department of Land and Natural Resources?

THE WITNESS: I can tell you anecdotally.

Over the years, once we bought the land, it became a great distraction for us to plan like what the house would look like, what we would do when we got there and so forth.

So we visited it regularly, probably once a

year at least, and when we would come, we would attempt to talk to professionals, you know, home drafters, architects, planning people. I kid you not, as soon as we mentioned we're going to eventually plan on building after we retire, but we have to go through some permitting process because it's Conservation land, everything stopped. Nobody talked to us. We are on Conservation land. They literally would say, oh, well, come back to me when you have this squared away, because they -- you know, everything takes longer. You have a little bit more scrutiny, a little bit more oversight, a little bit more burden in everything you do.

In fact, at one point early on in our process, I called the DLNR and they told me -- the word stands out in my brain -- you cannot cut a blade of grass on your lot without a permit from the DLNR. And I thought, what?

So we thought we don't want that. We understand what it meant to be in Conservation

District, but we didn't -- and based on the 1977

order, we realized that that parcel wasn't really appropriately in Conservation land. So we didn't want to have the -- always looking over our shoulder or landscaping purposes or any little thing where we

were going to worry about having a permit or having permission.

So we wanted to be in -- on par and in parity with our neighbor so that we knew how we could use our land, we knew without worry that we would be overstepping or something.

So that's why we really wanted to go with boundary amendment.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: I'm not asking the next question for any communications you or your husband had with your attorneys. Because as an attorney you understand --

THE WITNESS: Yes.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: And even though we are quasi-judicial, we cannot invade that privilege.

So without asking you to divulge anything your attorneys have ever told you, has anyone ever told you that it would be impossible for you to get a Conservation District Use Permit to build a house, this retirement house as you planned from the DLNR, the Department of Land and Natural Resources? Anyone give you advice saying it's just not going to be possible at all to get such an approval?

THE WITNESS: Quite honestly, it was to the opposite. We actually had people say why don't you

just go through the permitting process, the

Conservation District permitting process, that's what

everyone else does.

But we were looking at the length of time that it would probably take, and the fact that we didn't want to use that time. We're seniors now, and we want to kind of expedite that whole process.

So it worried us to have to rely on that.

We actually -- I can't recall anyone ever telling us that it was impossible.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: And two final questions.

One is: Did you ever form an opinion that the reality in Hawaii is, frankly, no government agency is really enforcing restrictions on agricultural land, that's why, for example, you see your neighbors with single-family residences and no agricultural activity taking place, that once you get an agricultural designation, hey, nobody is going to really enforce the rules? Did you form at any time that impression or opinion?

THE WITNESS: I suppose one could say there's very little enforcement, but considering my background, there's always a possibility of enforcement. So that's always a concern of mine.

I'm a structured person, and I like to live within the structure. So I understand that, yeah, there may not be a great deal of enforcement, but there's always a possibility.

The other thing I would like to say in that regard is that I also find fascinating the conundrum between the County and the State, right? Because the County considers that lot Agriculture, but the State considers it Conservation. And there is a tension, right, between public use and custom, and what's evolved into -- because originally like Derek was saying in 1957 there was none of that, so it's evolved. So you never know.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: And this might not be really the place to go into a lot of it, but I think one of the reasons why the legislature passed the Land Use law was because of -- it might be this particular subdivision, that there where these people named Hirotoshi Yamamoto or Yamamoto and a bunch of other people, Manoa Finance Company that developed these subdivisions, and policymakers decided there had to be regulation. But that's maybe neither nor there.

One final point, whatever we do here, you probably understand that we are quasi-judicial,

meaning when you talk about your structured people,
we are required by the structure to take the laws
that the legislature has passed and look at the
evidence.

The strict rules of evidence don't apply,

The strict rules of evidence don't apply, but there are rules of evidence that apply here, and we basically have to make what amounts to a judicial determination, or quasi-judicial determination.

So as far as structure goes, we are constrained about what we can do and we cannot do.

But anyway, Ms. Barry, thank you very much for participating in your testimony. Very much appreciated.

Thank you, Mr. Chair. No further questions.

THE WITNESS: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thank you very much.

Commissioners, any more questions for the

witness? If not, very briefly, Ms. Barry.

Did you ever consider doing this pro se?

THE WITNESS: No.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Why not?

THE WITNESS: Working as long as I did for almost 19 years with the court, I realized the old adage that it's a fool who uses himself as his own

attorney. And I understand that there's a 1 2 significant amount of law that I don't understand 3 coming from California that's here in Hawaii, 4 especially land use topics and so forth. 5 So, no, we never did. 6 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thank you very much. 7 That was my only question for you. Anything else, Commissioners? If not, 8 9 thank you very much. 10 Mr. Simon, you can continue on your 11 presentation. 12 MR. SIMON: Can I ask follow-up questions? 13 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Of course. 14 REDIRECT EXAMINATION 15 BY MR. SIMON: 16 Q A couple quick points, and I did a poor job 17 on my direct of you. Let's talk about access real quick. 18 19 Commissioner Chang asked you some questions about 20 access. 21 Are you guys able to access the shoreline 22 area right now through your lot? 23 A Not through the lot, but around the lot, 24 yes. 25 How do you guys get to the shoreline? Q

We go to the end of the road, to the end of 1 2 Paradise Ala Kai, and traverse over that property. 3 Q Which may or may not be trespassing? 4 Yeah. 5 But there's no public access through your 6 lot, there's not even private access through your 7 lot. 8 Actually physically you cannot walk through It's debris and, you know, it's overgrown. 9 10 Yeah, you can't. 11 Q Thank you. 12 And I also did a poor job of describing 13 what this area looks like that the public sometimes 14 uses to fish and to gather for cultural purposes. 15 I think it came out, what essentially we have is sort of a lava shelf; is that correct? 16 17 Yes, lava shelf, yes, uh-huh. 18 And you guys haven't certified your 19 shoreline; is that correct? 20 Α Not yet. 21 It's an empty lot. 22 But you can kind of tell where the 23 vegetation stops and it's bare --24 Α Yes. 25 How wide is that area?

- 1 A I would say 20, 25 feet or more.
- Q And the public has free use of that whole area; is that correct?
- 4 A Yes.
- Q And you guys will in no way interfere with the public's use of that area?
- 7 A No, uh-uh.
 - Q And not access that area?
- 9 A Pardon?

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- 10 Q You won't interfere with their access to 11 that area?
- 12 A Oh, no, not at all. We kind of enjoy that.
 - Q Commissioner Okuda asked you some questions about ag activity in that area and your intentions.
 - And you mentioned that you didn't buy the Petition Area with the idea of starting a brand new business; is that correct?
- 18 A Correct.
 - Q But you guys intend on conducting business using your agricultural activity to conduct business, is that correct?
 - A Absolutely, yeah. I understand that I should distinguish that in saying that because it's an agricultural purpose, we understand that we had to since commit to some sort of business activity in

order to sell the honey and the bee products that we get from our bee colonies.

Q Do you understand that under the Commission's rules and also -- (indecipherable) -- 205, that you are -- if the Commission grants you the requested boundary amendment, you're bound by these commitments and representations that you're making to the Commission, both in our filings as well as your testimony today; is that correct?

A Absolutely, yes.

Q And you guys remain firmly committed to pursuing this agricultural activity; is that correct?

A Yes.

Q And kind of unrelated, you kind of mentioned how you kind of like to stay within the rules and work with what is provided.

And so -- and there was talk about a lack of enforcement in that area, and I think what your point was that notwithstanding the lack of perhaps active enforcement, that that won't in any way affect how you guys conduct your own use of the parcel; is that correct?

A Correct.

I should clarify that in saying that we understand that on some level we will be treated

differently than our neighbors. The part that we 1 2 want to be on parity with is we want to go through 3 the County, we want go to through -- try to avoid 4 DLNR in the building process. But we do understand 5 that we are promising and we are committing to doing 6 an agricultural purpose. For the purpose of this 7 process, we do know that we will be treated 8 differently that way. 9 MR. SIMON: I don't have anything further, 10 Chair. Thank you very much. 11 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thank you, Ms. Barry. I'll put you back into being an attendee, and Mr. 12 13 Simon can continue with his presentation. 14 MR. SIMON: Chair, that includes the chief 15 part of my presentation. I would like to reserve time to respond to 16 17 anything from the other parties as well as provide some closing statements. 18 19 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: You certainly can. 20

Okay, with that, I'm going to call on Hawaii County.

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MR. MUKAI: Thank you, Chair.

For the record, this is John Mukai, Deputy Corporation Counsel.

Just for clarification of something

1 regarding the Barry property, I would like to have 2 Hawaii County Planning Director Zendo Kern address an 3 issue. CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Mr. Kern, I'm going 4 5 to swear you in. I think the last time I saw you, 6 you swore me in. So it's fair play. 7 Do you swear or affirm the testimony you're about to give is the truth? 8 9 THE WITNESS: I do. 10 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Please proceed. 11 ZENDO KERN 12 Was called as a witness by and on behalf of the 13 County of Hawaii, was sworn to tell the truth, was 14 examined and testified as follows: 15 DIRECT EXAMINATION 16 THE WITNESS: Thank you, Mr. Chair. 17 Yeah, so, Zendo Kern, Planning Director. 18 I actually grew up in this area and 19 actually grew up fishing along this coast, as well as diving along this coast. 20 21 I just wanted to make a slight point of 22 clarification. 23 Their TMK, this property actually does abut 24 the coast, actually does abut the water. Where the

certified shoreline survey will end up being might be

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at the top of the pali or the top of the cliff. I
1
2
     just wanted to make sure that that was clear. We
 3
     will have a 40-foot shoreline setback in that area.
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                Our SMA rules will not allow any fencing up
      in there. So the lateral movement along the coast
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 6
     would remain open.
7
                I'm sure the Petitioner is fully aware of
     that, but wanted to clarify this property is
8
9
     technically oceanfront.
10
                Happy to answer any questions. More of a
     clarification.
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12
                CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Mr. Mukai, was that
13
     it from Mr. Kern?
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               MR. MUKAI: Yes.
                CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: You're making Mr.
15
16
     Kern available for questions.
17
                Mr. Simon, any followup?
                MR. SIMON: Any followup for Director Kern?
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19
                CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Correct.
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                MR. SIMON: Not at this time.
21
                CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: OP?
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                MR. YEE: No questions, thank you.
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                CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioners?
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                Commissioner Okuda, followed by
25
      Commissioner Chang.
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COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Thank you very much,
Mr. Chair.

Can I ask you this question, Mr. Kern?

Thank you, Mr. Kern.

I'll tell you what my concern is, and I don't know whether you can address it. The concern is that when applicants -- and I'm not indicating a decision one way or the other regarding this Barry Petition -- but, you know, sometimes I get the feeling that people will tell us what we want to hear to get a petition granted or a permit issued, and then, you know, we know from the case law, that once there's substantial commencement of the use of the property, the Land Use Commission loses the ability to simply revert the property as a result of noncompliance.

And we don't see the County enforcing the requirements, for example, that actual agriculture, or commercial agriculture takes place, you know, on the land.

I mean, do you have any comments about that, because, you know, I get the feeling that if we're not going to see County enforcement of some of these requirements, it's almost like people are forcing the Land Use Commission to have to take a

really strict view of applications.

THE WITNESS: You know this probably better than I. This is a very complicated subject matter.

And I'm sure some folks do say what they want to hear. In this case, I'm not saying that. I think they have -- their intention is to do what they want to do.

I think the land use conversation in general around agriculture use and the State Land Use Ag on the Big Island is complicated, especially for an area like Paradise Park, where it's much more of a rural-type setting, and probably be actually more effective to be rural as far as State Land Use goes, and actually focusing the agriculture component into the areas like on the Hamakua Coast where we have actually higher, greater potential there.

We're challenged as the County as far as bandwidth goes. I mean, just keeping up with processing permits and whatnot is something that we are working on streamlining and working through, so greater enforcement across-the-board is challenged. It's something that we're discussing and bringing up on the general land use policies and how we can actually create some more cohesion in that regard, because it's challenged.

We don't have any immediate plans for that 1 2 as we're still kind of working through General Plan, 3 inner gov, and taking on this position with the new 4 administration. We're buried with some of these other 5 6 issues. And then this would be probably phase two of 7 my conversation with the team. COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Thank you very much, 8 9 Planning Director. Appreciate your answer. 10 Thank you, Mr. Chair. 11 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thank you, Commissioner Okuda. 12 13 Commissioner Chang. 14 COMMISSIONER CHANG: Thank you, Mr. Kern. I appreciate the clarification. 15 So I want to talk about the shoreline. 16 17 your testimony is that the Barry's TMK actually goes 18 all the way up to the edge of the cliff; is that 19 correct? 20 THE WITNESS: Correct. 21 COMMISSIONER CHANG: But the County has a 22 40-foot setback requirement; is that correct? 23 THE WITNESS: That's correct, yeah. Ιn 24 certain cases 20-foot, depending on the depth of the

lot, but Act 15 that was passed last year now

basically creates a 40-foot shoreline setback in all cases. So that would be from the certified shoreline survey.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: And are you aware whether this property has a certified shoreline?

THE WITNESS: I'm not.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: And so notwithstanding the testimony about the vegetation, in this case, the TMK shows that the property goes to the edge of the cliff and the County has a 40-foot setback, and within that setback, they cannot build any structures?

THE WITNESS: That's correct, no structures, no fencing. The only way they would be able to do that is come through with a shoreline setback variance, which would require an environmental assessment, and it would be a discretionary application that be approved by the Planning Commission.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: With the shoreline setback, is there an implied public easement that they can cross over?

THE WITNESS: That's my understanding.

Mr. Mukai can maybe expand on that. But, yeah, as far as the lateral movement along the coast,

it's pretty much open to the public to traverse, and that whole area is pretty maintained that way. No one has tried to block it. So fishermen can walk up and down the coast. People picking opii, et cetera. I mean, I've walked that entire coast many times, and that lateral movement is basically never questioned.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: So currently by practice it's unobstructed lateral movement, that's been your experience of the properties along the shoreline. However, under --

THE WITNESS: Uh-huh.

commissioner chang: -- if they did come in, and I'm not saying that they will, but if any landowner came in requesting a permit to build a fence, you would still go through the process of determining whether a fence is appropriate or not?

THE WITNESS: Yeah. There would be a process. We have to go through the process, the application review and how that -- you know, whether conflicted or complied with, you know, SMA requirements. They'd have to do an EA. They'd have to get a FONSI on that.

And from our standpoint, even if it kind of worked for the most part, we would not allow restriction, we would maintain lateral access along

the coast. That would be our recommendation. The Planning Department doesn't get the final say. We're a recommending body for that, so it would be the Commission that would have the final say on that. And my experience with the commissions, shoreline access and movement is something that is looked at with great detail and honor.

Question to you. To ensure -- and I believe Mrs.

Barry is extremely genuine when she says she has no intention, but to ensure that access continues to run with this land, public access, would you find it appropriate for LUC to include a condition in the approval that there be at least a required public access fronting the property 40 feet or 20 feet?

THE WITNESS: I don't think that that's necessary. I think with the practices that we have and all the conditions and requirements that we have, I don't feel that that would be necessary.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: Are you aware of any of the other properties having such a condition on their properties?

THE WITNESS: I'm not, but I wouldn't say that I'm extremely knowledgeable in that department either.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: Thank you, very much.

2 I appreciate your testimony.

THE WITNESS: My pleasure.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioner Cabral.

VICE CHAIR CABRAL: Thank you, Chair.

I wanted to kind of comment and actually support the comments that Petitioner Barry gave and Director Kern gave.

In one of my former lives I used to be a fisherman, and I fished along that coastline, alua fishing, of course, because we went for the big game, of course.

And that area, because I'm kind of draw that picture, this is not one of these beautiful little beaches you walk out to. And in some areas, the lava is so horrible that even walking along that coastline you're going to need that 40 feet, because sometimes there's drop-off and big pukas. This is not where you would take the children to go play in the sand location.

And this particular lot, Parcel 59, is very close to the end of the entire Paradise Park subdivision. And like Mrs. Barry said, about two more lots down is the end of the roadway. And I am familiar with people that do stop there, they park

there, and they go into the WH Shipman property a lot, and they'll go along that coastline for most of that.

I've been there. And that same kind of terrain, and it just drops off. And the surf, when its high surf, it's pounding up against you. You know, so --

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioner Cabral, if I may. Do you have a question for Mr. Kern?

WICE CHAIR CABRAL: No. Well, yeah but I wanted to also support Mr. Kern's suggestion to Commissioner Chang that we probably don't want to have to require that the 40-foot setback be enforced as part of our LUC, because the people who do use that and go along their, trust me, if someone's blocks them, the County will hear about it. It will not be tolerated because a of people do terrain across there for fishing and camping and what have you.

So I think we can let the County and their enforcement -- and the County does -- is very responsive to complaints. It doesn't go out looking for problems, but if somebody complains, they're pretty good at coming out.

So this is not a beach scene that I think

some people are picturing this pretty beach that we need to protect. That's not it. So I would encourage that we move along.

4 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thank you,
5 Commissioner Cabral.

Commissioner Ohigashi.

COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Yeah, well, Nancy's comments made me realize that -- or seem to get the picture that it's not rubber-slipper friendly over there. But besides that, I have a question for Mr. Kern.

Mr. Kern, there is testimony from the Petitioner saying that they have certain types of stands to sell agriculture products.

Is that area governed by -- are those type of activities governed by the Special Use Permit, or is that area do-what-you-like area?

THE WITNESS: Well, I wouldn't say totally do what-you-like area, but they're not governed by special permits. We have provision in the code that if you're on ag land, you can have your fruit stand out in front, so it's not like a store or anything, usually on the honor system where you put out two dozen avocados and some papayas and whatnot and, you know, someone leaves a couple bucks and grabs them.

Or kids kind of doing their own little fruit stand.

And usually that's from small scale, you know, kind of personal little orchards or got extra fruit on their property.

COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: How much of that subdivision, the actual lots and the buildings they're on, sort of grandfathered in? Because it was mentioned by Mr. Simon that subdivision occurred even before 205A or 205. I'm just curious. Is there a percentage that you can give me?

THE WITNESS: To my knowledge -- and I could be not 100 percent accurate here -- but pretty much the entirety of Hawaiian Paradise Park subdivision was pre 205.

Again, there could be a couple on the fringe that maybe have been subdivided, but I don't even think that would be the case. I don't think anything's really happened in that sense.

COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: So what I was just curious that is will the Petitioners be subject to regulations that were implemented, will not be able to avail themselves of any grandfathered-in-rights that the other residents have?

THE WITNESS: Unless you folks make some other decision, we would treat them the same as

1 everybody else as far as zoning goes.

COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: So they would have some grandfather-type of rights, because your zoning is Agriculture.

THE WITNESS: The zoning is Ag, yes.

Yeah, I would have to double check with our corp counsel, but I don't see any reason that we would treat them any different based on this Petition, because they're basically conforming with the surrounding areas. Right?

COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: I was just curious.

Thank you.

THE WITNESS: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thank you,

Commissioner Ohigashi.

Any other questions, Commissioners?

Thank you very much, Director Kern, for your clarification on the TMK boundary.

Can I ask you one very quick question following up on Commissioner Okuda's question?

If you know, can you describe at all at what point, if somebody is coming in for a permit, will the Planning staff on Hawaii County check against the LUC records for any conditions that might exist on the property?

THE WITNESS: Pretty much immediately. So the permit would be generated at the Building Department. It would come to the Planning Department. We would immediately see that it's an SMA and we would followup. Any time there's especially a shoreline area, we would look through the record to see anything from the LUC, SMA, anything else from SHPD.

In this case there would be an SMA assessment. And it could be an SMA major, depending on what the -- Act 16 changed those exemptions, so immediately we would get that. We would look at all of those.

All of those issues would have to be addressed prior to it moving forward to getting the Building Permit.

So we are very detailed, especially with the shoreline properties like this.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: That's very helpful. Thank you.

I notice Commissioner Okuda has some follow up questions.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Thank you very much, Mr. Chair.

Director Kern, following up to the Chair's

question, will your permitting people look to determine whether or not there is business or commercial agricultural activity going on on the property?

Your predecessor in a prior administration,

I believe, a representative when the short-term

vacation rental issue came up before the Commission

said that the department would not check whether or

not there is bona fide agricultural activity taking

place before any type of permit would be issued.

Is that still the policy of the County that there's going to be no check of whether or not there's bona fide agricultural activity? And when I use the term "bona fide agricultural activity", I'm using that term consistent with the Land Use Commission Declaratory Ruling in Docket DR83-8, which states that the agricultural activity cannot be simply for personal or household use, it has to be for commercial purposes.

Is that issue going to be checked or not checked when the permit application comes in?

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Mr. Kern, please, respond, but I also just want, since you're not in the same physical location, Mr. Mukai can jump in.

THE WITNESS: To be quite frank, that

policy hasn't changed yet. We have been in this position for maybe about three months, and we have been focused on a lot of other policies as far as process and flow goes right now that we've been dealing with.

So as of right now, it hasn't. Again, it's something that we are going to be having a conversation about. We do have them fill out the document that you're aware of that was brought up during that previous LUC hearing, but as of right now, it's the same as expressed before.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Anything further for Director Kern, Commissioners?

If not, Mr. Mukai --

Thank you very much, Director.

Mr. Mukai, you may continue.

MR. MUKAI: Nothing further, Chair.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Any other general questions from the Commissioners for the County?

If not, we will go to the Office of Planning.

MR. YEE: First, have to apologize. The Office of Planning submitted its written testimony, and you will notice on the caption it references Exhibit 1, which was intended to be attached to our

testimony.

During the hearing I was informed that unfortunately we did not include Exhibit 1 in our filing. It consisted of comments from DLNR to the Office of Planning and is referenced in our testimony that was filed.

I was wondering if I could beg the indulgence of both the Commission and parties? I only sent it to the parties during the hearing, so admittedly they've had, frankly, little time to view it.

We were wondering if we could amend our written testimony to include those Exhibits to make it complete?

 $\label{eq:CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER:} Thank \ you \ for \ that \\$ disclosure, Mr. Yee.

Mr. Orodenker or Mr. Hakoda, has that been provided, at least via email, to the Commissioners?

CHIEF CLERK: This is Riley. The email was

received. I'll forward it to the Commissioners once
I'm able to get it on my phone.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thank you. Are there any objections to the amendment of the exhibit, amendment of the testimony to include the exhibit?

Petitioner?

MR. SIMON: Chair, just speaking purely for 1 2 purposes of the record, Petitioners have no objection 3 to inclusion of the letter as part of Office of 4 Planning's testimony in support of the Petition. 5 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Mr. Mukai? 6 MR. MUKAI: No objection. 7 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioners? We let you go off on your own for a few 8 9 years, Bryan, you get sloppy when you came back in 10 front of us. 11 Commissioner Wong. 12 COMMISSIONER WONG: Chair, for my 13 indulgence, can I get like, when we receive it, can I 14 have like five minutes to review it so I can complete 15 the record? 16 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: I think that's 17 appropriate. So given the time we're at, we will go about ten more minutes and take a break. What I'd 18 19 like to do -- Mr. Orodenker. 20 COMMISSIONER WONG: They're going to send 21 it right now, Chair. 22 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Mr. Orodenker, do you 23 wish to say something? 24 EXECUTIVE OFFICER: I'm good. 25 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: What I was going to

- 1 | suggest -- but feel free to interrupt, Mr.
- 2 Orodenker -- was that let's do the formal acceptance
- 3 of the exhibit after our next break when
- 4 Commissioners have had a chance to look at it.
- 5 Can we proceed with your presentation
- 6 before that, Mr. Yee?
- 7 MR. YEE: Yes.
- I think for Mr. Funakoshi's benefit, given
- 9 that, I think we will not need -- the alternative was
- 10 for Mr. Funakoshi to talk about it during his
- 11 testimony, if the Commission was not inclined to so
- 12 accept.
- But given that, I think it would not be
- 14 necessary to go into the level of detail regarding
- 15 | the exhibit.
- So with that, we have just one witness. I
- 17 | believe we can waive our opening statements. Request
- 18 | a few minutes to provide final argument at some
- 19 point.
- 20 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: But you're going to
- 21 | call Mr. Funakoshi?
- MR. YEE: Yes.
- 23 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Do you swear or
- 24 affirm the testimony you're about to give is the
- 25 | truth?

1 MR. FUNAKOSHI: I do. 2 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Please proceed. 3 RODNEY FUNAKOSHI 4 Was called as a witness by and on behalf of the State 5 Office of Planning, was sworn to tell the truth, was examined and testified as follows: 6 7 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Mr. Funakoshi, can you give us your name and title and then just proceed 8 summarizing the Office of Planning's testimony at 9 10 this time? 11 THE WITNESS: Thank you. Good morning, 12 Chair and Commissioners. 13 Rodney Funakoshi. I'm with the State of 14 Hawaii Office of Planning. I'm the Land Use Division 15 Administrator. 16 DIRECT EXAMINATION 17 BY MR. YEE: What is the Office of Planning's testimony 18 Q. 19 in this case? 20 Α This will be fairly brief. 21 The Office of Planning recommends approval 22 subject to conditions. And so we have basically two 23 conditions, and these are already represented and 24 committed to by the Petitioner, and so I'm going to 25 read them into the record.

Petitioner has committed to a condition first of all that construction will reframe from activities that disturb or remove the woody vegetation within 15 feet between June 1st and September 15 when the Hawaiian Hoary bats may be sensitive to disturbance.

Secondly, all exterior lighting will be shielded from shining upward in conformance with Hawaii County Code 14-15 in sequence to minimize the potential for disorientation of seabirds.

So the DLNR Division of Forestry and Wildlife letter that you should be getting or looking at during the break basically covered more than that, but we thought that these two conditions are fine in adjusting the DLNR memo to the Office of Planning.

Beyond that, Petitioner's Final EA has addressed archeological and Ka Pa'akai analysis, and there are no other issues of concern around the State resources, and so we recommend that the Petition be approved with the conditions, as represented by the Petitioner, that we feel will address the concerns raised.

The boundary amendment does not conflict with HRS Chapter 205, and generally meets the Commission's decisionmaking criteria in 205 and

1 Administrative Rules Chapter 15-15. 2 So that concludes my testimony. 3 MR. YEE: Thank you. No other questions. He's available for cross-examination. 4 5 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thank you very much, 6 Mr. Yee. 7 Mr. Simon, questions for the witness? MR. SIMON: Good morning, Mr. Funakoshi. 8 9 Thank you very much. I just want, on behalf of 10 Petitioner, I just want to thank you, Director Evans, 11 and the Office's support on this Petition. THE WITNESS: You're welcome. 12 13 CHAIRPERSON1 SCHEUER: Mr. Mukai? MR. MUKAI: No questions, Chair. 14 15 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioners? 16 Commissioner Okuda. 17 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Thank you very much, Mr. Chair. 18 19 Mr. Yee or Mr. Funakoshi, can you respond 20 to this question? 21 In the other prior dockets that the Office 22 of Planning brought to our attention, a ruling that 23 the Land Use Commission made in Docket DR 83-8, the 24 ruling is rather short, so I would like to just read

it very quickly and ask you whether or not it's the

25

Office of Planning's position that that ruling is still in effect and is good law? And let me read it from the last page of the DR order. And I quote:

"Based on the above, the Land Use
Commission rules that a single-family dwelling can be
defined as a farm dwelling only if the dwelling is
used in connection with a farm where agricultural
activity provides income to the family occupying the
dwelling, and that a single-family dwelling, which
use is accessory to an agricultural activity for
personal consumption and use only is not permissible
within the Land Use Agricultural District. This
ruling is applicable to all lands located within the
State Land Use Agricultural District."

Is that a correct statement of law, number one?

And number two, if it's a correct statement of law, is it the Office of Planning's position that that statement of law binds the Land Use Commission as of today?

MR. YEE: Mr. Funakoshi, would you like to answer that, or would you like me to answer that?

MR. FUNAKOSHI: Yeah. I would say " yes"

and "yes".

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Thank you. No further

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     questions.
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                CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: That's the shortest
 3
     answer Mr. Funakoshi has ever given to the Land Use
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     Commission. I'm taken aback.
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                Any other questions, Commissioners?
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                Seeing none, Mr. Yee, that's it; right?
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                MR. YEE: I have no further questions,
     thank you.
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                CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Okay. It's 10:57.
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     What I'm going to suggest is that we take a break and
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     then I'll allow for closing arguments by each of the
     parties, final questions from the Commissioners, and
12
13
     then we can go into deliberations.
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                Does that sound acceptable to the parties?
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                Mr. Simon?
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               MR. SIMON: Yes. Thank you, Chair.
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               CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Mr. Mukai?
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               MR. MUKAI: That's fine, Chair.
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                CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Mr. Yee?
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                COMMISSIONER GIOVANNI: Yes, thank you.
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                CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: It's 10:57, let's
22
      reconvene at 11:07 A.M.
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                (Recess taken.)
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                CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: It's 11:07 A.M.
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                We're back on the record. And just to
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1 clarify, before we go into final arguments,

2 | Commissioners, I'm assuming you've had a chance to

3 review your email and see the attachment to the

4 Office of Planning's testimony, the letter from the

5 Division of Forestry and Wildlife, which was

6 inadvertently admitted.

Are there any objections to entering that as a corrected exhibit? Seeing none, and hearing no objections from any of the parties or the Commissioners, Mr. Yee, that's been corrected.

MR. YEE: Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: With that, we will proceed with Mr. Simon to do closing argument with questions from the Commissioners, followed by Mr. Mukai, if any, followed by Mr. Yee, if any, following which we don't do deliberation today, but we will close the evidentiary portion of the proceedings, and I'll give instructions to the Parties.

Mr. Simon.

MR. SIMON: Thank you. In keeping with today's theme, I'll try to keep it brief, but I'd like to begin first by thanking the Commission. I know you guys all work on a voluntary basis, and the Petitioners, the Barrys and myself, really appreciate all the time you spend to help process these

1 petitions.

Also want to thank staff, especially Scott Derrickson and Riley Hakoda and Executive Officer Orodenker for all their help along the way.

Based on the extensive record before the Commission, including the very firm representations made by the Petitioners, the Final EA and the FONSI, we ask that the Commission find, grant the amended Petition to reclassify the Petition Area from the Conservation District to Agricultural District by finding by a clear preponderance of the evidence that the proposed boundary amendment meets the standard for the Agricultural District under Hawaii Administrative Rule 15-15-19 is reasonable, is not violative of HRS Section 205-2, and is consistent to the policies and criteria established by HRS 205-16, 205-17 and 205A-2.

Thank you very much.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thank you, Mr. Simon, and thank you for the brevity.

Commissioners are there any questions?

Commissioner Wong.

COMMISSIONER WONG: Mr. Simon, I read OP's exhibit during our break, and following Mr.

Funakoshi's statements, do you agree with those two

1 | conditions that's in the exhibit?

MR. SIMON: I haven't had -- sorry, I'm unmuted, sorry about that.

I haven't had a chance to read that super thoroughly, but my understanding is that the conditions are not just in the exhibit, they're actually in the testimony that they filed yesterday, and those relate to shielding lighting, which is actually requirement under the Hawaii County Code, and also refraining from, you know, falling trees of 15 feet or taller, which the Petitioners' have already committed to doing in the Petition as well as the Final EA.

So we have no objection to those two conditions as expressed in Office of Planning's testimony.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thank you.

Commissioner Okuda.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Thank you very much,
Mr. Chair.

Mr. Simon, maybe you can help me in this little conflict I have in my mind.

You know, I find your client, Mrs. Barry, to be a very credible person, and if that was the only thing, then that would make the decisionmaking a

lot easier. But the other stuff -- and help me out with this -- that is kind weighing in my mind is number one, the fact that the stated intentions of the Barrys were to retire and, you know, and there's nothing in, for example, your Final EA where there was any discussion of commercial agricultural activity. So that seems to conflict with, you know, representation that there would be commercial agricultural activity.

And I think the overriding concern I have, and maybe you can help address or answer this, is that we seem to see, across the State, you know, people giving a wink and nod to the requirements, which were the requirement that in an Agriculturally Districted property you have to have commercial agricultural activity.

In other words, agriculture simply for home or personal use is not sufficient. But we have people representing yeah, yeah, don't worry, don't worry, we're going to comply with the law, and we start seeing just residential use without agriculture.

And that seems to take away from the protections that I thought we were supposed to perform in the Land Use Commission to protect

1 agricultural land from bona fide agricultural use.

How do I resolve these conflicting points? How can you help me with that?

MR. SIMON: Thank you, Commissioner.

You know, I understand your concerns, and I would say in part, I don't know if I can resolve all of your concerns, because I can only speak on behalf of the Petitioners, Monica and Kevin Barry.

I will say they've made very firm representations to this Commission and they've been advised repeatedly, and are well aware that they will be held to those representations.

I understand that there appears to be some disconnect between what the law says and the application and the reality on the ground, especially in places like the Big Island where you have thousands and thousands of acres like Hawaiian Paradise Park where agricultural and sort of rural uses begin to co-ed.

But for the purposes of decisionmaking on the docket before you, on the Petition before you, I agree that Ms. Barry is extremely credible and she's sincere and she's very honest. She's a licensed attorney. You know, she understands representations and legal ramifications for failing to follow through

with her representations.

So I can't offer you much beyond the Petitioners, because I can't speak for them beyond what they've said for themselves, but I do think you have a sufficient basis to act on the current Petition, and approve it based on the representations of the Petitioners that they will satisfy the requirements of the farm dwelling under both Chapter 205 and County Zoning requirements.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Well, Mr. Simon, can I also ask an additional question?

If it's possible to have their development approved through the Department of Land and Natural Resources under a Conservation District Use Permit, why not just go through that, you know, that route, because then, if for some reason, you know, commercial beekeeping or other commercial agricultural activities can't take place, then, you know, there's not going to be a potential violation there?

MR. SIMON: Well, again, my

(indecipherable) -- not disclose privileged

conversations, but I think Monica Barry summed it up

her reasoning, her and Kevin's reasoning for going

this route. I think it's good reasoning. I think

1 | they had a justifiable basis to go down this route.

You know, even in the past hearings, Chair Scheuer committed us for not going the Conservation District Use Permit route, and I think that there are critics of the Conservation District Use Permit, the idea that single-family dwellings belong on Conservation land.

So I think there's tension regardless of which direction they head in, and I think the direction that they have chosen is appropriate and able for -- ready for approval for the Commission.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Thank you very much for that explanation.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Commissioners, any further questions?

Commissioner Cabral.

VICE CHAIR CABRAL: This again is not necessarily a statement -- I mean a question, more of a statement, particularly to Planning Director Kern, who mentioned this is a huge problem.

And I can absolutely appreciate my fellow

Commissioner Okuda's conflict here, because not only

are probably most of the houses around them

residential, they're probably short-term vacation

rentals, and how many of those are even paying the

proper taxes? God only knows. It's another large problem over here.

And the land is absolutely not suitable for anything agriculture. I was impressed that they figured out beekeeping, because I was thinking what can you even do on that? I mean, find a lava tube and grow mushrooms or something?

So it's a monster problem. And I'm going to defend the Barrys' right or ability to make use of their land in the most appropriate manner possible on a half acre of land in that oceanfront setting that I would hate to see that a mistake of the past be something to restrict them from their ability to have, you know, private use of their land in a manner to which all their neighbors have.

And it's something I would absolutely want to encourage the new administration and our County to clean up.

As a realtor, how many of my agents have taken our client down there, and say, oh, yes, just sign this paper that it's going to be a farm dwelling and on a half acre or one acre of lava land. There's not a lot you're going to do.

So I really want to defend the Barrys for their attempt and their decision to try and do --

1 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: You muted yourself. 2 It wasn't me, I promise. You're still muted, 3 Commissioner. 4 VICE CHAIR CABRAL: Sorry, I did it. 5 Anyway, Commissioner Okuda, I agree with 6 you, it's a horrible conflict, but I'm not quite sure 7 the Barrys should be the only one on the lynching pad there, you know. There's a lot of people that -- and 8 9 I would say our government leaders need to clean this 10 up in a really big way. Thank you. 11 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Further questions for Mr. Simon? 12 13 Mr. Simon, I'm going to ask you whether you advised your client, Mrs. Barry, that the one product 14 15 or trademark that she probably would not be able to sell is cookies? 16 17 MR. SIMON: You know, I'm not an 18 intellectual property attorney, but now that issue 19 has been flagged for us, and we will look into that. 20 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Only the people who 21 know Mrs. Barry's Cookies in Kona get that. 22 MR. SIMON: Can I make one final note? 23 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: You may. 24 MR. SIMON: The comment that Commissioner

Okuda made earlier with respect to the declaratory

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ruling from back in 1983, 83-8. And there's nothing
we need to parse out here amongst all of us, but I
want to make sure it's on the record that there has
been some verbiage change to the definition of "farm
dwelling" since then. It's similar in a lot of
respects, but just wanted to clarify that for the
record.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Anything further for Mr. Simon, Commissioners?

If not, Mr. Mukai.

MR. MUKAI: Nothing further, Mr. Chair, other than our submission.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Any questions for the County, Commissioners?

Closing, Mr. Yee?

MR. YEE: Thank you very much, briefly.

The Office of Planning supports the reclassification. We note that in 1977 all the 57 acres, I think, were reclassified of surrounding property from Conservation to Agriculture. This property would have been included in that 1977 decision except the owners couldn't be found.

So for the Office of Planning, one of the factors we looked at is we had to weigh both the importance of recognizing the value in the finality

of decisionmaking, as well as recognizing and respecting prior decisions. And also, as well, to make sure that any decision is consistent with the LUC's constitutional legal obligations.

So in the 1977 decision, all of these surrounding properties were moved from Conservation into Agriculture. No conditions were imposed. That was just the decision was make back then.

You know, that might not be the decision we would have made today, but we have to respect, I think, the decision that was made and accept the choices that were done by a prior Commission.

so when we apply it to this case, respecting and understanding that the case does need to comply with the old constitutional obligations, the Office of Planning is only recommending two relatively small conditions consistent with their finding that impact our representations, and as well as, of course, as the LUC standard conditions.

I believe that that would be satisfactory to meet the LUC's constitutional legal obligations.

We understand and share some of the concerns that were raised by the Commissioners. The Office of Planning certainly stands behind and supports DR 83-8's determination as to the definition

of "farm dwelling" and recognize the larger questions that exist in the State on this question.

We don't think though that this case is where the problem needs to be solved. It is one parcel in a much larger area which has already been reclassified. As I said, reclassified without conditions.

So in light of these facts, we think in this particular case, we think only these two conditions plus standard LUC conditions should be imposed, and that we should rely upon the County to ensure that the property complies with Chapter 205 as well as any other legal and constitutional obligations that may arise.

We accept and appreciate the comments that are raised about farm dwellings, and if there is (indecipherable) -- any future cases, we welcome it. In this particular case, we support the Petition. It should be approved.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Just because of the extensive final argument -- well, not extensive, but final argument from Mr. Yee, I'm going to give Mr. Simon any opportunity to rebut if he wishes to.

MR. SIMON: Nothing to rebut. I want to -I think Mr. Yee kind of echoed -- my comment was that

while there might be problems elsewhere, I don't think that should be used against the Petitioners here who have made fairly firm representations to comply with the law that sits here today as it may be in the future.

Nothing further. Thank you very much.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thank you very much.

With that -- sorry, any questions for Mr.

Yee from the Commissioners? Anyone?

With that, and given that the Parties have completed representations and final arguments before the Land Use Commission, I will declare the evidentiary portion of this proceeding to have been completed, subject to the receipt of any follow-up reports or answers that may have been requested.

I direct that the parties to draft their individual proposed findings of fact, conclusions of law and decision and order based upon the record in this docket and serve the same upon each other and the Commission.

The proposed findings or fact must reference the witness as well as the date, page and line numbers of the transcripts to identify your facts. In addition to the transcript, the exhibits in evidence should also be referenced. Please

1 contact our court reporter to arrange for copies of 2 today's transcript.

I will note for the parties that the Commission --

Mr. Yee? You're muted, Mr. Yee.

MR. YEE: You can finish, but I wanted to ask for permission to not file findings of facts, conclusions of law, and decision and order. We are in agreement with the proposed reclassification (indecipherable) and allow the parties to submit comments.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: You can certainly waive.

MR. MUKAI: Same thing with the County of Hawaii, Department of Planning. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thank you. To continue.

In addition to the transcript, the exhibits in evidence should also be referenced. You can obtain the transcript from our court reporter.

The parties should all note the Commission has standard conditions. We would like the parties to include these in preparing the proposed orders, include, agree that the parties have prepared and proposed orders. A copy of the standard conditions

may be obtained from the Commission staff. I recommend that the parties, particularly the Petitioner, consult with the Commission staff early in the process to ensure that technical and non-substantive formatting protocols observed by the Commission are adhered to.

As I was suggesting if any -- as Mr. Yee anticipated -- if any of the parties wish to stipulate to any of the proposed portions of findings of fact, conclusions of law and decision and order, they are encouraged to do so.

Deadlines. If you are filing partially or full stipulations or your own orders, you should serve these no later than March 8th on the Commission, any comments, stipulations or objections to the party's respective proposals should be filed with the Commission and served upon the other parties no later than close of business on March 12th.

The deadline for any rebuttals would be March 17th.

Are there any questions from the parties with respect to our procedures, starting with Mr. Simon?

MR. SIMON: None from Petitioner. Thank you, Chair.

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                CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Mr. Mukai?
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               MR. MUKAI: Nothing further, Chair.
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                CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Anything further, Mr.
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     Yee?
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               MR. YEE: Would it be possible to have --
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     well, to get a few more days on the review of their
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     proposed findings?
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                CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: I'm trying to
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     expedite this so that we can take this up again on
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     March 24th. So this is really the schedule that we
     need to adhere to.
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               MR. YEE: All right. Then I we will ask if
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     we can get a courtesy copy of a draft, which might
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     not be the final from Petitioner as early as
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     possible. Thank you.
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               CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Can we work with
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     that, Mr. Simon?
               MR. SIMON: Yes, Chair. I will work to get
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     a draft as soon as possible. I can't make any
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     promises on time, but I'll certainly work with the
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     Office of Planning and their counsel to get them
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      something as soon as we can.
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               MR. MUKAI: Mr. Simon, same request from
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     County of Hawaii.
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               MR. SIMON: Yeah, as well as Planning and
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Corp Counsel as well. 1 2 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thank you, Mr. Mukai. 3 Thank you to everyone for your efficiency and due diligence of my fellow volunteer 4 5 Commissioners in your questioning. 6 Mr. Orodenker, is there anything further 7 regarding procedures? EXECUTIVE OFFICER: Mr. Chair, that 8 9 concludes the business for the day, I believe. 10 CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Is there any further 11 business or comments from any of the parties? 12 I would like to extend my thanks to the 13 Petitioner, to the Barrys, and we look forward to it. 14 Mr. Kern? 15 MR. KERN: Mr. Chair, thank you. 16 Just briefly, I just want to make sure the 17 Barrys are covered. 18 When, if this goes through, make sure that 19 they come talk to the Planning Department to cover 20 any SMA issues prior to any ground disturbance or

Oftentimes folks will think they got an approval and it's okay, and they go down there inadvertently and next we know we're getting a complaint, we're having to issue and NOV on it.

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anything like that.

1	So just want to throw that out there so
2	everyone's above-board on that. Thank you.
3	CHAIRPERSON SCHEUER: Thank you, Director
4	Kern.
5	Any further business, Commissioners?
6	Seeing none, I wish you well and declare
7	this meeting adjourned.
8	(The proceedings adjourned at 11:28 P.M.)
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1	CERTIFICATE. STATE OF HAWAII)
2) SS. COUNTY OF HONOLULU)
3	,
4	I, JEAN MARIE McMANUS, do hereby certify:
5	That on February 24, 2021 at 9:00 a.m.,
6	the proceedings contained herein was taken down by me
7	in machine shorthand and was thereafter reduced to
8	typewriting under my supervision; that the foregoing
9	represents, to the best of my ability, a true and
10	correct copy of the proceedings had in the foregoing
11	matter.
12	I further certify that I am not of counsel for
13	any of the parties hereto, nor in any way interested
14	in the outcome of the cause named in this caption.
15	Dated this 24th day of February, 2021, in
16	Honolulu, Hawaii.
17	
18	
19	<u>/s/ Jean Marie McManus</u> JEAN MARIE McMANUS, CSR #156
20	JEAN MARIE MCMANUS, CSR #130
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