1		STATE OF HAWAI'I
2		LAND USE COMMISSION
3		January 8, 2020
4		Commencing at 9:31 a.m.
5	Natu	ral Energy Laboratory Hawai'i Authority (NELHA) Hale 'Iako Training Room #119
6		73-987 Makako Bay Drive Kailua Kona, Hawai'i 96740
7		Raffaa Rona, nawaf f 50710
8	AGENDA	<u>A</u>
9	I.	CALL TO ORDER
10	II.	ADOPTION OF MINUTES December 17-18, 2019 Minutes
11	TTT.	TENTATIVE MEETING SCHEDULE
12	IV.	
13	- · ·	A90-660 Villages of La'i'opua, North Kona, (HAWAI'I)
14 15	V.	STATUS REPORT AND ACTION (IF NECESSARY) A02-737 U of N BENCORP (HAWAI'I)
16	VI.	ACTION
17		A02-737 U of N BENCORP (HAWAI'I) Consider University of the Nations, Kona,
18		Inc.'s, Motion for Reconsideration of Order to [sic] Granting United Nation [sic] of Kona's Motion to Continue Hearing on
19		Order to Show Cause
20	VII.	RECESS
21		
22		
23		
24	BEFOR	E: Laura Savo, CSR #347
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      APPEARANCES:
2
      COMMISSIONERS:
3
      JONATHAN SCHEUER, Chair
      NANCY CABRAL, Vice Chair
 4
         (Acting Chair - A90-660 only)
      EDMUND ACZON, Vice Chair
      DAWN CHANG
5
      DAN GIOVANNI
6
      LEE OHIGASHI
      GARY OKUDA
7
      ARNOLD WONG
8
      WILLIAM WYNHOFF, ESQ.
      Deputy Attorney General
9
      STAFF:
10
      DANIEL ORODENKER, Executive Officer
      RILEY K. HAKODA, Chief Clerk/Planner
11
      RASMI AGRAHARI, Planner
12
13
      DAWN APUNA, ESQ.
      Deputy Attorney General
      LORENE MAKI, Planner
14
      State of Hawai'i, Office of Planning
15
16
      RONALD KIM, ESQ.
      Deputy Corporation Counsel
17
      City & County of Honolulu
      JEFFREY DARROW, Planning Program Manager
18
19
      JEFFREY FUJIMOTO, DHHL Engineer
      For A90-660
20
21
      DEREK B. SIMON, ESQ.
      KATHERINE A. GARSON, ESQ.
22
      JULIE ANJO, ESQ.
      PAUL CHILDERS, Campus Director
23
      For A02-737
24
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1	INDEX	
2	ACTION ITEM:	PAGE
3	<u>A90-660</u>	
4	Discussion/Deliberation	5-20
5		
6	<u>A02-737</u>	
7	EXAMINATION OF WITNESSES	
8	FOR THE PETITIONER:	
9		
10	JEFFREY OVERTON	
11	Direct Testimony	87
12		
13	JEFFREY DARROW	
14	Direct testimony	162
15		
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		
25		

1	KAILUA KONA, HAWAI'I JANUARY 8, 2020, 9:31 A.M.
2	- 000 -
3	CHAIR SCHEUER: Aloha mai kakou. Good
4	morning. This is the January 8th, 2020, Land Use
5	Commission meeting. Happy New Year.
6	Our first order of business is adoption
7	of the December 17th, 2019, minutes. Are there any
8	corrections or comments? Seeing none, is there a
9	motion to adopt?
10	COMMISSIONER WONG: I move to adopt.
11	VICE CHAIR CABRAL: Second.
12	CHAIR SCHEUER: A motion, sort of, has
13	been made by Commissioner Wong and seconded by
14	Commissioner Cabral. Is there any discussion on the
15	motion? If not, all in favor, say aye.
16	(The board voted.)
17	CHAIR SCHEUER: Anybody opposed?
18	The motion passes unanimously.
19	The next agenda item is the tentative
20	meeting schedule.
21	Mr. Orodenker.
22	EXECUTIVE OFFICER: Thank you, Mr. Chair.
23	Our next meeting will be tomorrow at the Honolulu
24	International Airport for A87-610 Gentry/Waiawa. And
25	we'll have a meeting on January 22nd for the Hawaiian

Memorial Park matter at the Ko'olau Ballroom. That will be -- that was also -- that was originally scheduled for the 23rd, but due to quorum issues, we will not be having a meeting on that date.

February -- we have tentatively scheduled a videoconference meeting at various places around the state. This is on February 5th to -- re become the (indiscernible) authority for the Windward Hotel on Maui. And then we do not have anything on the calendar until April when we will take up the Hawaiian Memorial Park matter.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: Dan, did you have a date for the April meeting?

EXECUTIVE OFFICER: No, we don't.

CHAIR SCHEUER: Thank you, commissioners.

Are there any other questions for Mr. Orodenker?

I guess I could say this privately too,

but after our last videoconference fiasco, I said I never wanted to participate in a videoconference

20 meeting again. What has changed?

EXECUTIVE OFFICER: Well, from a budgetary standpoint, it didn't make a lot of sense to fly all the commissioners to Maui for what is essentially going to be a 10-minute meeting.

CHAIR SCHEUER: Except when it doesn't

1 last 10 minutes. It lasts two hours because we can't 2 get the video to work. EXECUTIVE OFFICER: Well, I can tell you 3 4 that we've made a lot of progress at the state, and the IT department is now using technology that we 5 tried -- we told them they should use five years ago. 6 7 CHAIR SCHEUER: Good. Thank you. The commission will now address the 8 9 status report scheduled on its agenda for Docket 10 No. A90-660 Villages of La'i'opua, North Kona, 11 Hawai'i. 12 Will the parties please identify 13 themselves for the record? 14 MR. FUJIMOTO: Jeffrey Fujimoto, 15 Department of Hawaiian Home Lands, engineer. 16 MR. KIM: Hi. Good morning, commissioner 17 and members of the commission. Deputy Corporation 18 Counsel Ronald Kim appearing on behalf of the County 19 of Hawaii, and along with me is the planning program 20 manager, Jeff Darrow. 21 CHAIR SCHEUER: Thank you. 22 MS. APUNA: Good morning, Chair and 23 Dawn Apuna, Deputy Attorney General for the members. 24 Office of Planning. Here with me is Lorene Maki. 25 CHAIR SCHEUER: Okay. Thank you.

extremely limited jurisdiction over the Department of Hawaiian Home Lands and this is merely an informational matter, they are my client. I help them with water issues around the state. So I'm actually going to hand this portion of the proceedings over to the vice chair and leave the room. And if you want me back, you can call me back.

ACTING CHAIR CABRAL: I'll scream loud.

All right. Thank you. For members of the public, we like to have you reminded that the commission will not be considering the merits of this petition, but, rather, the commission is interested in learning about the current state of activities related to the docket, including compliance with conditions. Let us go over our procedures for this docket.

First, those individuals desiring to provide public testimony for the commission's consideration for each respective docket will be asked to identify themselves and will be called in order to our witness box where they will be sworn in prior to testimony.

Has anyone here presented themselves as wanting to give public testimony? Thank you.

At the conclusion of public testimony, which we won't have, but if someone does come forward, we will recognize them. Okay. The petitioner is to provide their respective presentations so that we can better understand whether compliance with conditions or representations for each decision and order have been met and whether any concerns about the docket's status in the matter have been adequately addressed and if any further meetings on this matter are needed. After that, the chair will call upon the County of Hawaii and the Office of Planning for comments.

The chair would also like to note that the public -- from time to time, that we will be calling for short breaks.

Are there any questions about our procedures at this time? Thank you.

Okay. Let me update the record of this docket.

On June 27th, 2019, the commission received a written status report on the recent activity of Village 9 and the Villages of La'i'opua from the Hawaiian -- Hawaii Housing Finance & Development Corporation which is referred to as HHFDC. Village 9 was excluded from the sale of the

Villages of La'i'opua to the Department of Hawaiian
Home Lands, DHHL, because HHFDC board of directors
approved development of the Kona Community [sic] at
that site. However, the hospital failed its
construction commencement deadlines. So development
of this site has now reverted back to HHFDC.

From June to August 2019, the Land Use Commission exchanged email correspondence with representatives from HHFDC and DHHL regarding status reports for this docket.

On August 29th, 2019, the commission received a written status report on the statuses of Village 9 and lots 7 and 8 of file plan 2128 at the Villages of La'i'opua development from HHFDC development in complying with conditions imposed by the commission.

On December 30th, 2019, the commission mailed and emailed the January 8 and 9, 2020, LUC Land Use meeting agenda notices to the statewide email, Oahu and the Hawaii Island, mailing list. That is the meeting we are now at.

On January 6, though, 2020, HHFDC advised the commission that it would not be appearing at the January 8, 2020, meeting and was standing by its August 19, 2019, annual report.

1 At this point we would be taking public 2 testimony, but as there is no one here from the public to testify, the petitioner, which is 3 Department of Hawaiian Home Lands, would you like to 4 5 please at this time provide us your status report to the commission for us to review and consider? 6 7 MR. FUJIMOTO: Yes. I have actually a 8 PowerPoint presentation to provide an update on our 9 current developments in La'i'opua and then just a 10 little information on a couple of future villages. 11 So if that's okay, if I could present that. 12 ACTING CHAIR CABRAL: Yes, that's fine. 13 MR. FUJIMOTO: And I distributed --14 Arnold Wong distributed our handout of the 15 presentation. 16 ACTING CHAIR CABRAL: Okay. Thank you. 17 Please proceed. 18 (Brief pause in the proceedings to 19 set up for PowerPoint presentation.) 20 MR. FUJIMOTO: Good morning, everyone. 21 Jeffrey Fujimoto with the Land Development Division 22 of Department of Hawaiian Home Lands. Thank you for 23 inviting us here. I did get word that we're kind of 24 behind on our annual report. So I'm going to take 25 that back to our administration to follow up on that. So I want to thank Riley for informing me on that.

So I wanted to give you an update -- status update on our La'i'opua development. So everyone has a handout?

So this is an overall shot of the La'i'opua area. So it includes DHHL properties as well as HHFDC, County of Hawaii -- what else -- Board of Water Supply. So this -- sorry. Yeah, the pointer isn't so good. But, yeah, the next slide will show a blowup of the current development that we're working on. So you have Village 3 -- Village 3, Kaniohale, which is existing 225 lots. The houses are built, occupied.

Village 4, Akau, which is the north half. Village 4, Hema, is the southern half. Village 5 is partially built homes, and we're continuing to develop the homes in that area.

Okay. So here's a breakdown of the residential development that's currently ongoing right now. So, again, Village 3, 225 turnkey lots, and that was completed in 2000. Village 4, Akau, is 118 residential lots that are scheduled for rent with the option to purchase. Yeah, that's RWOTP.

Start of house construction, we're looking at mid-2020 of this year. Next is Village 4,

Hema. That's 125 single-family lots planned for 2021.

Village 5, that's partially completed.

So 45 turnkey lots were completed in 2012. 16

self-help lots -- houses were occupied in 2017. That

was like the Blitz build with Habitat of Humanity.

Village 5, 10 vacant lot awards were done or are

scheduled to be done in 2020. And then 45

single-family lots will be included with that "rent

with option to purchase" program that we're preparing

for.

So what is rent with option to purchase?

So this rent with option to purchase, we're going to use it on Village 4, Akau, and then also on the vacant lots in Village 5. So it provides affordable, single-family rental housing to families earning less than 60 percent of the area median income. So qualified renters are provided an option to purchase the home after a 15-year rental compliance period.

And the buyer would then be awarded a 99 [sic] residential homestead lease.

Okay. Continue. So Ikaika Ohana has been awarded low-income housing tax credits for 60 units. Ikaika Ohana is the house developer that we've selected for the Village 4, Akau, and the

portion of Village 5.

DHHL has committed \$5 million in trust funds. So that's budgeted. House construction and rental start-up subject to the sale of low-income housing tax credits. And then house construction, again, is projected to start somewhere in mid-2020 of this year. And then the rental program would start up the following year. So 2021.

Okay. And then La'i'opua Village 4,
Phase 2, Hema. So this is the next phase. The first
phase was Akau. That was on the northern portion,
the northern half of Village 4, and that we completed
the infrastructure. So if you go out there, you'll
see the roads are in, the street lights, all the
utilities are in. So we're working with the county
to get our final, final approval of the improvements,
and then work for the subdivision approval with the
county, and upon that, the house developer can start
construction.

Phase 2, Hema, which is the southern portion, is planned for 125 residential lots. So I think you saw on the screenshot before, the blowup map, it showed 101. But there's actually 125 lots. We're trying to get more water. So we don't have --we're short 24 water credits that we're trying --

we're trying to get or trying to maybe get a new source of water, work with the county to see if we can get the 24 extra water credits. Then we can bump that number up to 125. But right now we're at 101.

We did receive \$2.76 million in USDA funds for the water, sewer and storm water. We have that. Bid documents are being prepared. So we're more in the prefinal stage of the bid documents. That's the construction plans to put out the bid. And estimated construction right now is 13.4 million, but we still are working on the budget for that.

Okay. So here's future development of La'i'opua. It's Villages 1 and 2. So La'i'opua Village 1 and 2 are approximately 49 acres each, and also current estimated lot counts are approximately 260 residential lots each. These projects could be phased. We say phased because it's going to be dependent on the future funding. So the actual number of lots and the project schedules are still depending on -- would be dependent on us getting the available funding, the budget for the projects.

So I think that's it. Are there any questions?

ACTING CHAIR CABRAL: So yes. Questions right now, we would look to the county. Does the

1 county have any questions of the petitioner? 2 MR. KIM: Not at this time. Thank you. ACTING CHAIR CABRAL: 3 Okay. Office of 4 planning, Ms. Apuna, do you have can questions at 5 this time? No questions. Thank you. 6 MS. APUNA: 7 ACTING CHAIR CABRAL: Okay. Let me ask 8 the commissioners. Do you have any questions at this 9 time? Commissioner Chang. 10 11 COMMISSIONER CHANG: Mr. Fujimoto, it's 12 really not a question. How would I say? 13 Hawaiians, including probably myself, have been 14 critical of Hawaiian Home Lands, but I applaud you 15 and I applaud the department for the work that you 16 are doing on La'i'opua. I'm extremely encouraged by 17 the options that you're offering and the extent of 18 your development. So mahalo for providing us an 19 update and putting more Hawaiians on the land. Thank 20 you. 21 MR. FUJIMOTO: Thank you. 22 ACTING CHAIR CABRAL: Any more comments 23 or questions? 24 Commissioner Giovanni. 25 COMMISSIONER GIOVANNI: Thank you for

1	your presentation. Just a quick question. Can you
2	clarify if the homeowners or those that will be
3	renting will have the option to make the residence
4	available on a short-term rental or will they be
5	prohibited?
6	MR. FUJIMOTO: Yeah. I'm not sure of
7	that, but I can take that question back and I can
8	for sure I can get back to you with an answer on
9	that.
10	COMMISSIONER GIOVANNI: Thank you.
11	MR. FUJIMOTO: Yes.
12	COMMISSIONER CHANG: I don't believe I
13	don't think that is a matter of their policies.
14	Excuse me. But you can double-check.
15	ACTING CHAIR CABRAL: Commissioner Chang.
16	COMMISSIONER CHANG: Yeah, I don't
17	believe the Hawaiian Home Lands I think the
18	requirement is they have to reside in the premises.
19	MR. FUJIMOTO: Yeah, I believe so.
20	COMMISSIONER CHANG: But you can
21	double-check.
22	MR. FUJIMOTO: But I will confirm that
23	before.
24	COMMISSIONER GIOVANNI: Thank you.
25	ACTING CHAIR CABRAL: Commissioner Aczon.

1	VICE CHAIR ACZON: I'm just kind of
2	curious. This development, how many houses are built
3	already?
4	MR. FUJIMOTO: Okay. So I think
5	VICE CHAIR ACZON: Number of houses.
6	MR. FUJIMOTO: I think we have that on
7	there.
8	VICE CHAIR ACZON: For the entire
9	development. Because I know you have by phase.
10	MR. FUJIMOTO: Oh, I see. Like a total,
11	yeah?
12	VICE CHAIR ACZON: Yeah.
13	MR. FUJIMOTO: A total. Let me see
14	see what we have up there. Okay. Well, for sure on
15	Village 3, there's 225 houses already built. Village
16	5, it shows 116 lots, but my last house count was
17	about 72 houses for Village 5. So
18	VICE CHAIR ACZON: For example, the 225
19	lots, houses are built on that one?
20	MR. FUJIMOTO: Yes, houses are built.
21	VICE CHAIR ACZON: And how many are
22	occupied?
23	MR. FUJIMOTO: I'll have to check on that
24	because sometimes people might sell it or and then
25	the house may be vacant, yeah. So I can check on

1	that too, and I can I can send a report on that.
2	VICE CHAIR ACZON: I just wondered
3	because these are all going to be (indiscernible);
4	right?
5	MR. FUJIMOTO: Yeah.
6	VICE CHAIR ACZON: Do you see any
7	problems on (indiscernible) able to what do you
8	call this? The loans?
9	MR. FUJIMOTO: Getting loans?
10	VICE CHAIR ACZON: Getting loans or
11	getting financing.
12	MR. FUJIMOTO: So we do have programs to,
13	like, help them, yeah, programs to prepare them for
14	the loans and then to help them to get the house
15	loan, yeah. So we work with our beneficiaries on
16	that part.
17	VICE CHAIR ACZON: How's the success on
18	that one?
19	MR. FUJIMOTO: It's been pretty good,
20	pretty good, actually. But I guess it kind of works
21	both ways, yeah. So we have our responsibility, and
22	then the the beneficiary has their responsibility
23	to make it work, yeah.
24	VICE CHAIR ACZON: Okay. Thank you.
25	ACTING CHAIR CABRAL: Any more questions

or comments from commissioners?

Okay. Thank you very much for your presentation.

MR. FUJIMOTO: Thank you.

ACTING CHAIR CABRAL: Let me give him a minute to -- okay. Let me have a five-minute recess so he can take down his technology, and then we will proceed.

(Brief pause in the proceedings.)

acting Chair Cabral: Okay. I'd like to call the meeting back to order, and I apologize for not understanding the agenda. I was told to step in just minutes before I stepped in here. So in regards to this current petition with Department of Hawaiian Home Lands, I wanted to make a comment to the commissioners that this is a status report, and we are not required to take any action at this time. Therefore, no action is required. The requirements of continued status report to the commission, though, will remain in effect.

So at this point in time, I would like to ask the commission, although no action is taken, they still have that option to take action, and if that is their pleasure, I would like to ask them if they'd like to take any action on this situation or have any

motion at this time?

COMMISSIONER CHANG: So I'm sorry. So,
Chair, so we're going to do the status report before
we do the motion? Is that the proposal?

ACTING CHAIR CABRAL: Well, this was his status report to us.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: No. Aren't we on -- oh, I'm sorry.

ACTING CHAIR CABRAL: Right. I'm trying to conclude the Department of Hawaiian Home Lands' petition that we just heard. So we are not required to take any action. So my question is — unless you desire to. So my question to you as commissioners is would you like to take any action at this time? If no action is taken, my understanding then that this — the petitioner is still required, though, to continue to make annual status reports into the future and, apparently, some into the past that they have not made.

So we will then conclude this portion of our meeting, and we'll just take a one-minute break because everybody is ready to move on, and we'll get Commissioner Scheuer back to handle his job. Thank you for your patience. Okay. Ready.

(Brief pause in the proceedings.)

CHAIR SCHEUER: Welcome back. Our next agenda item is an action item on A02-737 University of the Nations Bencorp, Hawai'i, to consider the University of Nations, Kona, Incorporated --Incorporated's, reconsideration of an order to [sic] granting United Nation [sic] of Kona's motion to continue hearing on order to show cause. Will the parties please identify themselves for the record? MR. SIMON: Good morning, Mr. Chair and commissioners. Derek Simon and Katherine Garson appearing for petitioner, University of the Nations, Kona. Today we have Julie Anjo from the Office of General Counsel, Paul Childers, the campus director and chief executive officer, as well as a few other representatives. MR. KIM: Good morning, Chair Scheuer and commissioners. Deputy Corporation Counsel Ronald Kim representing County of Hawai'i, and with me is planning program manager, Jeff Darrow.

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MS. APUNA: Good morning. Dawn Apuna,
deputy attorney general for the Office of Planning.

Here with me is Lorene Maki.

CHAIR SCHEUER: Welcome to everyone. Let
me update the record. On May 22nd, 2019, the

commission met here in Kailua Kona at the NELHA facility and voted to grant U of N Bencorp's motion to continue the order to show cause hearing on this matter.

On October 7th, the commission mailed out the order granting the U of N Bencorp's motion to continue the order to show cause hearing to the petitioners on the party -- to the petitioner and parties.

On October 14th, the commission received the University of Nations, Kona, Incorporated's, motion for reconsideration of an order granting the United Nation [sic] of Kona's motion to continue hearing on order to show cause.

On October 15th, the commission received the petitioner's CD containing the files of the previous day's filing.

On November 13th, the commission received a status report from the commissioner [sic].

On November 14th, the commission received a request to accept a joint stipulation for protective order regarding confidential financial information for the petitioner, the Office of Planning and Hawaii County.

On December 11th, the commission mailed

correspondence to the parties denying the request to accept a joint stipulation for protective order.

On December 23rd, the commission received a status report for the January 8th, 2020, meeting pursuant to the order granting the motion to continue the hearing on the order to show cause.

Now, let me briefly run over our procedures for today. First, I will call anybody desiring to give public testimony for this motion for reconsideration to identify themselves where such individuals will be called, in turn, to our witness box where they'll be sworn in.

At this point any public testimony will need to be limited to the University of the Nations' motion for reconsideration of the order to [sic] granting United Nation [sic] of Kona's motion to continue the hearing on the order to show cause.

Following that, and I will retain the right to limit testimony in terms of its time, the commission will then begin proceedings on the motion for the reconsideration starting with the petitioner presenting its case followed by the County Planning Department followed by the Office of Planning.

The petitioner may reserve a portion of their time to respond to comments made by the County

and the Office of Planning. And from time to time, we will be taking breaks.

Are there any questions for the parties on our procedures for today?

MR. SIMON: None from petitioner.

MR. KIM: None from the County.

MS. APUNA: No questions.

CHAIR SCHEUER: Thank you.

Are there any individuals desiring to give public testimony today? Is there anybody in the audience desiring to give public testimony on this matter?

Seeing none, the petitioner can proceed with their case.

MR. SIMON: Good morning again. Once again, Derek Simon representing petitioner,
University of the Nations. First and foremost, we would like to express our sincere gratitude to the commission for granting the motion to continue. We tried to make clear in this motion for reconsideration that we weren't expressing any, you know, dissatisfaction with that or in disagreement with being given a year. And generally with the terms of the year that were given, we did however feel there were a couple items that we thought could

be addressed and cleaned up in the order. We did

list a number of items we thought we -- we sought

reconsideration on, but with the exception of one or

two, we're primarily going to rest on our actual

motion -- on our papers that we did file.

You know, the big issue from the university's perspective was the third paragraph of the actual order portion of the order granting the motion and, specifically, the first clause that says "substantial commencement has not occurred." You know, it's essentially the university's position that that is — that's a finding or conclusion that goes to the heart of the OSC process, and that that is really an issue that shouldn't be reached until a hearing has been held on the order to show cause.

You know, I've heard the process for an OSC describes a two- or three-step process whether or not you're talking about the status report as the first step, but in either event, once you get to the OSC hearing, there's really two major findings the commission makes in deciding — in resolving the OSC. And the first and perhaps the more significant finding is substantial commencement.

And so, you know, under 15-15-93, Section C, of the commission's rule, the commission is

1	required to hold a hearing on the order to show
2	cause, and, you know, under Hawaii Supreme Court
3	precedent, that is a contested case hearing at which
4	time witnesses can be called and so on and so forth.
5	So, again, it's the university's position
6	that that that the finding of no substantial
7	commencement in that order was simply premature, and
8	the university should be afforded an opportunity for
9	a hearing on that issue before the commission makes a
10	finding on that.
11	CHAIR SCHEUER: Will you be reserving any
12	of your time?
13	MR. SIMON: Yeah, just a few moments if
14	any issue comes up.
15	CHAIR SCHEUER: Thank you.
16	Are there any questions for the
17	petitioner? Commissioners?
18	COMMISSIONER CHANG: I have some
19	questions.
20	CHAIR SCHEUER: Commissioner Chang.
21	COMMISSIONER CHANG: Thank you.
22	Mr. Simon, would you agree that the
23	applicable rule for reconsideration is 15-15-84?
24	MR. SIMON: Commissioner Chang, I believe
25	that's correct. I can confirm what we cited in that

motion. Yeah, we cited 15-15-70, which is the general motion rule, I believe, and subsection 84 as well.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: And in reading 15-15-84, subparagraph B, "The motion for reconsideration shall state specifically the grounds on which the movant considers the decision and order unreasonable, unlawful or erroneous." Okay?

So in going through your motion, one, I didn't see the motion used any of those terms. So I'm wanting -- and I don't want to go through the exercise of going through every single paragraph, but the tenor I get from your motion is that you just kind of disagree with the implications or it -- it's not in a light maybe most favorable to your client. But other than factual disputes, for example, the date may be wrong, that I don't have an issue with. But what in here is unreasonable, unlawful or erroneous?

MR. SIMON: Thank you, Commissioner

Chang. And I would note, you know, there are

certainly items listed in the motion that wouldn't

have warranted in and of themselves standing alone a

motion for reconsideration, but I, again, come back

to the third paragraph of the order portion of the

order, and we do believe that that's erroneous. We do believe that that's -- that's not consistent with the applicable -- with the commission's own rules and the Hawaii Supreme Court precedent both in Aina Lea and other decisions.

We think a finding of no substantial commencement is essentially a penultimate conclusion the commission must make before it can order a reversion under Aina Lea, under 205-4(g). And, again, our position and our reading of the order is that the commission reached that conclusion without holding a contested case hearing. So they've announced their decision on one of the primary issues in resolving an OSC in granting a continuance on the hearing that may be held, but hopefully not be held, on the OSC.

So, again, it's our position that that finding can't be made under the rules or under case law until petitioner, you know, gets a Chapter 91 contested case hearing on the OSC.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: But you would agree that we have not had the hearing on the OSC?

MR. SIMON: That's correct.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: And at that point in time, you would be free to present your case to us?

MR. SIMON: Well, I think that is partially one of the concerns raised by this order is that the commission, in the record and through the order, has found no substantial commencement. So the implication, that was not entirely clear. But, you know, the Hawaii Supreme Court said it's not proper to announce a decision that's to be made during a contested case hearing, announce that, and then hold a contested case hearing afterwards. That's sort of our concern is that that should be an undecided issue going into the Chapter 91 hearing on the OSC.

request is to delete the phrase that says "and to determine whether petitioner was in compliance with conditions of the 2003 decision and order"? That's specifically your complaint? I mean, in your mind, is that a conclusion that we're going to be -- does that go to the heart of whether you're in compliance?

It seems to just say that  $\mbox{--}$  I guess I'm just having a really difficult time making the leap that you're making.

MR. SIMON: Okay. Maybe I can help. So that is -- that was the -- the item you're referring to is not --

COMMISSIONER CHANG: Am I reading the

wrong one? Proceed. You said item C.

MR. SIMON: Sorry. Item 3 on the order -- portion of the order. So it goes, "hereby orders the motion to continue. Hearing's granted subject to the following," and there's 1 through 5. It's at the very end.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: So which paragraph are you referring to in your motion?

MR. SIMON: The third paragraph beginning "substantial commencement has not occurred." And it's the last item discussed in our motion.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: And it's your contention that that's -- that that would preclude you from submitting -- are you saying you would be bound by that at an order to show cause hearing, that you would not be permitted to provide additional information or evidence at the hearing to contradict that?

MR. SIMON: That's certainly part of the concern. I think the concern is two parts. I think, first, the implications of that statement were not clear. It's a finding and order, and if that order went without us filing a motion for reconsideration, that would presumably be a binding order of the commission in this docket. So the implications of

that being included in this order, how that would play out in an OSC hearing if it's unclear. So that was part of our concern. But, again, second part of our concern is under the law, under the commission's own rules under case law, it appears that that's a finding that can't be resolved until, you know, a contested case hearing has been held on the OSC.

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COMMISSIONER CHANG: But didn't you have an opportunity at that hearing also to provide any additional contrary evidence to what was presented?

Well, so the way that -- I MR. SIMON: believe you're referring to the May 22nd hearing of last year. So the way that hearing was agendized was we had several preliminary motions that were agendized before the order to show cause. The first motion was our motion to rescind the OSC. Our client subsequently withdrew that, at which point we moved on to two different motions, one of which sought just additional time to prepare for the OSC. The second sought the year the continuance that was ultimately granted. So the issue of substantial commencement really wasn't teed up in that hearing. You know, review of the transcripts is special, and we got to the motion was ultimately granted. It was really focused on, A, the stipulation that we -- that the

joint stipulation that we submitted, and in discussions surrounding additional conditions that the commissioners wanted to see imposed in order to be comfortable in granting that continuance.

You know, no witnesses were called. We filed a position statement, but, again, you know, we -- we do believe that there's a requirement to hold an actual hearing on the OSC. I think that's clear from the commission's own rules.

in this motion or the order that precludes -- I mean, we understand that that is the next step. It's the order to show cause hearing, and we cannot take any action on this motion to continue. It's not the next step of the order to show cause. So at that time you are free to present whatever evidence you had, but the motion to continue was based upon the evidence that was presented and the arguments that were presented. So you're just saying that this is factually incorrect; that the order is erroneous?

MR. SIMON: I don't know if it's -- I think it's really more of a procedural or legal issue as far as ensuring we follow proper process and compartmentalize the positions and the steps that must be taken to resolve an OSC. So the history goes

back to the March status hearing. That's a Chapter 92 status report. That's not a contested case hearing. You know, the OSC hadn't been issued at this time, but there's obviously exhibits and information in the docket from that.

The next hearing that was held was held on the preliminary motions, again, not reaching the order to show cause. So I think absent that item being called, you know, witnesses and testimonies and petitioner being allowed to present its case, we think that — again, our position is simply that that order or that finding or conclusion is premature at that time.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: Is that one of the bases upon which we can reconsider; it's premature; it's not unreasonable; it's not unlawful; it's not erroneous; it's based upon the information that was provided to the commission at that time?

MR. SIMON: Well, I do think -- premature was -- I wasn't using it in a legal sense. I just meant as far as how the process works. But we do think it's essentially unlawful. We think it's contrary to the commission's rules. Again, there's really -- when the commission holds a hearing on the OSC, there's two primary dispositive findings the

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commission must make, and one of those is substantial
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      commencement. So -- and I was simplifying that.
      It's the petitioner's position that that finding,
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      that conclusion, which is really one of the
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      ultimately conclusions, can't be made before the
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      hearing is even held.
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                  COMMISSIONER CHANG: In my view, I don't
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      see anything in this order that's precluding us or
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      the petitioner from raising those issues at the order
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      to show cause hearing.
                  MR. SIMON:
                              Understood.
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                  COMMISSIONER CHANG: All right.
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      Thank you.
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                  CHAIR SCHEUER: Is that it for now,
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      Commission Chang?
                  COMMISSIONER CHANG:
16
                                       Yes.
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                  CHAIR SCHEUER: Commissioners?
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                  Commissioner Okuda.
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                  COMMISSIONER OKUDA:
                                        Thank you,
      Mr. Chair.
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                  Mr. Simon, if we can take a step back.
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      What is the standard that the Land Use Commission
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      must apply to determine whether or not a finding of
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      fact is proper or not proper? What is the standard
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      that we are to apply?
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MR. SIMON: I believe it's clearly erroneous.

commissioner okuda: And specifically with respect to "clearly erroneous," how do we determine or what has the court told us as far as the standard or elements that must be applied to the determine whether or not a finding is clearly erroneous or not clearly erroneous?

MR. SIMON: I believe it's the substantial evidence standard, but I do think that this is -- this is not a pure factual finding, I don't think. I think there's a legal conclusion in there as well, substantial commencement being a term defined in the commission's own rules and also a requirement under the status in Aina Lea.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Okay. Well, would you agree that if the issue or the finding regarding substantial commencement is -- is not considered a mixed law and factual finding, that the standard is whether or not the decision was clearly erroneous in view of reliable, probative and substantial evidence on the whole record?

MR. SIMON: I believe that's the correct standard, but I think -- I don't think the issue's an evidentiary one. I think it's procedural. I think

it's whether or not the proper process was followed in reaching that finding. You know, again, it's a situation where a finding is being made before the process set forth to present evidence on that finding has even begun for the most part on the hearing portion.

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COMMISSIONER OKUDA: I'm just trying to focus in simply on the standard. We can have a discussion -- there needs to be a discussion probably about application and method of applying the standard, but first I want to make sure we're talking about the standard. So let me ask you this just so that the record is clear. And I'll represent to you and everybody else that I'm reading from the Hawaii Supreme Court case in re Water Use Permit Applications, 94 Hawaii 97, found at page 119-9 Pacific 3rd 409 at page 431. And let me read this and tell me whether -- and please tell me, after I finish reading the statement, whether what I have read is an accurate statement of the law.

Okay. "FOFs are reviewable under the clearly erroneous standard to determine if the agency decision was clearly erroneous in view of reliable, probative and substantial evidence on the whole record."

Did I accurately state the law to the best of your knowledge?

MR. SIMON: Yes, Commissioner. That's consistent with my understanding.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Okay. Now, if we look at -- and not from my recollection because I went back and read the transcript from the prior hearings and looked at the record in this case. The whole record in this case, if we use the term as used in this Hawaii Supreme Court, includes whatever was filed in the case; is that correct?

MR. SIMON: That's correct.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: And it includes things that are filed in the case even if there's an attempt -- maybe a successful attempt to withdraw the filing. Would you agree?

MR. SIMON: That sounds correct. I'm not sure I know specifically the authority, but I don't dispute what you're saying.

and I know your firm probably wasn't involved at this time, but on February 4, 2019, your client filed a pleading titled "Motion to Substitute Petitioner and Withdraw Land Use Commission Approvals and Revert Land Use District Boundary Classification to

Agriculture; " semicolon, "Memorandum in Support of 1 2 Motion; "semicolon, "Affidavit of Paul, "P-A-U-L, "Childers," C-H-I-L-D-E-R-S; semicolon, "Certificate 3 of Service." 4 5 Do you recall that your client filed that 6 pleading? 7 MR. SIMON: T do. 8 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: And later on, your 9 client sought and did withdraw the pleading; correct? 10 MR. SIMON: That's correct. 11 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: But that pleading is 12 still part of the record; you would agree? 13 MR. SIMON: I mean, it's not an issue I'm 14 overly familiar with, but I don't -- I don't dispute 15 your characterization of the law. 16 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: I'm sorry? 17 MR. SIMON: It's not an issue I've ever 18 researched or, frankly, ever dealt with directly. So 19 I can't speak to it directly. COMMISSIONER OKUDA: And the affidavit of 20 21 Mr. Childers, you know, I would characterize it, and 22 you can disagree, it seems to be like one of these 23 blanket verification declarations that we, as 24 lawyers, sometimes put in saying "I, the client, 25 swear under oath that everything my lawyer said in

1 the pleading is true and accurate." Would that be 2 kind of like a fair characterization of what the 3 affidavit stated? MR. SIMON: I don't have the affidavit in 4 5 front of me, but I'll certainly take your word for it. 6 7 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Okay. Whether it's 8 one of these blanket verifications or not, the bottom 9 line here is by filing this pleading, your client 10 made certain representations, in fact, 11 representations of fact to the commission seeking to 12 get certain relief, which, in the end, your client 13 decided not to seek, but the bottom line is 14 representations were made; correct? 15 MR. SIMON: That's correct. COMMISSIONER OKUDA: And so whether or 16 17 not this pleading was withdrawn or not, if it's part 18 of the record, the Land Use Commission is entitled to 19 rely on representations that a party makes even if 20 the party attempts to take back those representations 21 letter -- later. Would you agree that's a fair 22 statement? 23 Yes, I would. MR. SIMON: 24 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: And would you agree 25 that in this document, the "Motion to Substitute

Petitioner and Withdraw Land Use Commission Approvals and Revert Land Use District Boundary Classification to Agricultural," that, in fact, representations -- representations of fact were being made by your client regarding whether or not there was, in fact, substantial commencement of use of the land as that term -- as that term is used in the -- in the Bridge Aina Lea case?

MR. SIMON: Well, I would believe the intent of the letter -- I don't know if I want to speak specifically to the representations made in that letter to the extent we weren't involved in that, but I understand that there are representations that go to the issues that you're speaking of.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Okay. And I'll just tell you so there's no hidden agenda here. You know, would you agree that there's this doctrine in the law called doctrine of judicial estoppel? In other words, if a party says one thing in the same proceeding, usually that party oftentimes or sometimes or many times may not be allowed to contradict itself. I think the Supreme Court said you're not allowed to blow hot and cold in litigation.

MR. SIMON: That sounds like a good,

accurate summary of that. I would say judicial estoppel requires acceptance or reliance of the position by the court or, you know, the decision-maker, whether we apply it in an administrative context. I don't think we reached that point because it was withdrawn. You know, the commission didn't take action or otherwise rely on it. I'm just saying for the purposes of judicial estoppel. I understand your concerns about past representations that were made and withdrawn.

me, and I'm only speaking for myself regarding evidence and representations that are presented to the commission, you know, whether a party attempts to withdraw representations later on, if somebody tells us something, you know, I rely on the fact that they're telling us that. That if a party is going to represent something, especially representations that would appear to be representations of factual situations, then, you know, I think it's reasonable for decision-makers like us to rely on it.

But let me ask this because, you know,

I'd like to evaluate what is being presented to us

and whether you can comment on this. Did you have a

chance to review the Office of Planning's filing,

which was submitted to us October 22, 2018? 1 2 MR. SIMON: I did, Commissioner Okuda. COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Okay. Let me ask 3 4 you this because I'm not asking you to go through 5 each of the points that they made, but just so that I 6 can try to determine whether there's agreement on 7 what the Office of Planning is saying or you dispute 8 any of that. 9 I just want to ask you regarding certain 10 specific points that the Office of Planning was 11 raising. For example, on their -- their position 12 regarding paragraph C which is found -- I'm sorry. 13 It's paragraph 13. It's their paragraph in the 14 Office of Planning's filing labeled paragraph C. 15 That's on pages 2 through 4. 16 Do you dispute any of the statements of 17 fact which the Office of Planning is stating in that 18 paragraph C which deals with paragraph 13 of the 19 procedural background? 20 MR. SIMON: Just a moment. Let me get 21 the right page. 22 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Sure. 23 I apologize. MR. SIMON: 24 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: In other words, I'm 25 trying to find out do you dispute the factual

statements or the statements which the Office of Planning contend are the facts, or do you not dispute them?

MR. SIMON: I'm not sure what specific facts you're referring to. They do generally cite from the transcript and exhibits. I don't dispute any citations to those.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Yeah, I'm just -- I don't mean to be blunt about it. I'm not saying anybody's accusing anybody of being a liar or anything like that. I'm just asking do you see anything in what they stated in their paragraph C which is factually incorrect?

MR. SIMON: No. And let me -- if I could perhaps just explain why we included paragraph 13 in the motion. Again, I think this is probably an item that falls into a bucket that really wouldn't warrant a motion for reconsideration on its own or even with some of these others. I think our simple position was that at a status hearing, the purpose under the rules and under the statute 205-4(g) is to determine whether there's reason to believe there's been a failure to comply with conditions. We think the actual phase where there's a determination of whether there's been a failure to comply is really the OSC

phase. That's the only distinction we're trying to make here.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Well, I'm just trying to determine whether or not the findings of fact that we adopted or which are stated in the order have support in the record under the standard that the Hawaii Supreme Court has laid out or whether it doesn't have support.

Similar question to the Office of
Planning's paragraph G, which is found at page 6 of
their memorandum, which is their commentary regarding
finding of fact No. 40. Do you see any factual
statement made by the Office of Planning or statement
by the Office of Planning about facts in that
section, paragraph G, page 6, which you believe is
not an accurate statement of fact by the Office of
Planning?

MR. SIMON: Well, I think the Office of Planning -- and I don't think this is intentional. I think they were referring to -- when they were citing the transcript, I think they were referring to the March 31st status hearing, and this is specifically talking about the May 22nd hearing. I think that's really what we're trying to point out here is some of these are maybe a little nitpicky, but, you know, to

the extent we were filing a motion, we thought we would make an effort to try to address some of the other issues we saw.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Yes, I understand that. But my question is a little bit more pointed in the sense that do you see any statement of fact by the Office of Planning in their paragraph G which you contend is not a correct statement of fact?

MR. SIMON: Again, I think our only response to Office of Planning, I mean, they quote it straight from portions — straight from the transcript. So we don't dispute that that transcript says what it says. Again, our point is they're pointing to a transcript from a different hearing; whereas, this paragraph dealt with the May hearing, not the March hearing. That's our only response to what Office of Planning is saying. So we're not disputing necessarily —

I mean, again, they're quoting portions of a transcript. We're not disputing what the transcript says. We're just saying for the purposes of this paragraph of the order. They're referring to different transcripts. That's our singular point on that.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Okay. I understand

that. And similar or same question regarding paragraph H of the Office of Planning's filing, which is found on page 7 of their memorandum which deals with finding of fact No. 42, do you or your client contend that the Office of Planning made any misstatements about the facts which they discuss or state or list in paragraph H of their memorandum at page 7?

MR. SIMON: Not -- not for the most part.

We would disagree with the last part that say,

"However, there's nothing in the record to support

this assertion," and this assertion being -- the

correction we want is to reflect that we acknowledge

that not only was it not the commission's fact, but

we certainly weren't trying to assign fault for that

motion not going forward. And so we didn't think

finding of fact 42 was wrong. We just thought it was

somewhat incomplete. Again, that's the only basis

for that item.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Okay. Now, the

Office of Planning in paragraph K has a discussion

regarding conclusion of law No. 4, and that

discussion is found at pages 7 through 9 of the

Office of Planning's filing. Is it your client's or

your position that the Office of Planning has

misstated the law anywhere in the memorandum, pages 7 through 9?

MR. SIMON: No. I generally believe

Office of Planning has essentially quoted the law,
and our objection was not that that was an inaccurate
statement of the law. I believe our objection is
primarily based on necessity and the fact that, you
know, there's --

One of the issues raised in our position statement, and that would have been or will be or hopefully not be argued at an OSC hearing, is the issue of the timing for completion of the project.

That's an argument raised in our statement position. It wasn't, you know, addressed, you know, directly with the commission, I don't believe, and so that's essentially the basis for us. It's a correct statement of the law. It's from commission's own rules, but we do think that's an issue that would probably more appropriately be resolved in the OSC stage.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Okay. And similar question regarding paragraph L of the Office of Planning's filing found at page 9 of their memorandum. Is it your or your client's contention that there is any misstatement of the law made by the

1	Office of Planning in their discussion regarding
2	conclusion of law No. 5, which is their paragraph L
3	found at page 9 of their memorandum?
4	MR. SIMON: Just one moment, please.
5	COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Sure.
6	MR. SIMON: Again, I think this sort of
7	goes to ultimate issues that are appropriately
8	decided through the OSC and not through a hearing on
9	the motion to continue. That's as succinctly as I
10	can put our position is that, that that's an issue
11	University of Nations should be able to argue at the
12	OSC hearing.
13	COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Okay. Thank you
14	very much.
15	Thank you, Mr. Chair. I have no further
16	questions.
17	CHAIR SCHEUER: Thank you, Commissioner
18	Okuda.
19	Are there any questions right now from
20	the commissioners? Commissioner Wong.
21	COMMISSIONER WONG: Thank you. Okay.
22	All this legal stuff was a little over my head.
23	So
24	MR. SIMON: Me too.
25	COMMISSIONER WONG: So the question I

1 have is two things. The first thing is the 2 statements, that was done -- withdrawn as Commissioner Okuda stated; right? 3 That was withdrawn, the motion? 4 5 MR. SIMON: Absolutely. COMMISSIONER WONG: So that one, I was 6 7 taught once you rung the bell, you cannot unring the So those statements are out there somewhere. 8 9 MR. SIMON: And I don't necessarily 10 disagree with that. Again, this is not an issue, you 11 know, we've worked up or researched or briefed on, 12 but I don't want to misrepresent the law that I don't 13 understand. But that's evidence -- that's record 14 evidence. 15 Again, the simple point is I think the University of Nations is still entitled to a hearing 16 17 to argue what the evidence says or does not say. 18

COMMISSIONER WONG: So the gist of this, one of your portions, if I heard correctly, was saying about substantial commencement --

MR. SIMON: That's correct.

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COMMISSIONER WONG: -- right? And in the order to show cause about substantial commencement.

So if we say we're going to do a motion to order to show cause, we cannot say why or, you know, I mean --

MR. SIMON: And I understand. I think the standard for issuing an order to show cause is whether or not there's a reason to believe there's been a failure to comply with the conditions or representations. And, again, that's not a determination. That's like a probable cause. Order to show cause, is there a reason to believe that something's happened? I don't think that's the same as finding something that's happened. And, again, going back to the commission's own rules and 205-4(q), the statute, it provides for a hearing to make these determinations. That's our simple point that the evidence that's in the record is what's in the record. But to come to ultimate conclusions on what the evidence says, you know, a chapter 91 contested case hearing is required. That's simply our point.

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I haven't made a decision yet on anything. So even that, you know, substantial commencement issue, I haven't made a decision. So, you know, it's just a statement to me right now. I mean, it's not -- it's just a statement out there without any backing, any facts or anything.

MR. SIMON: Right. I'm sorry. I didn't

mean to cut you off. Again, I tried to highlight 1 2 that earlier. I think the implication is what's not clear, in part, to us is that that's -- it's not just 3 a statement. It's in an order of the commission. 4 5 It's a finding of the commission and, generally 6 speaking, when the commission orders to find 7 something, unless that's challenged, whether through 8 a motion for reconsideration or otherwise, it 9 becomes, you know, binding on the docket, you know, and other things happen. So once that's in there, we 10 think there's implications to that, and we think that 11 12 the --13 Again, it's announcing the decision 14 before a hearing to take and consider evidence on 15 that issue that has been made --16 COMMISSIONER WONG: Right. MR. SIMON: -- been held. 17 18 COMMISSIONER WONG: So if we say, "Oh, 19 we're going to have an order to show cause," and we 20 say "just because," I mean, without any backup, how 21 would that look? 22 Again, I don't think -- I MR. SIMON: 23 don't think this paragraph goes to whether or not, 24 you know, the reasoning for issuing an order to show 25 cause. I think that determination was made at the

status hearing in March that there was reason to believe there was a failure to comply with the conditions and representations.

This goes to -- this essentially goes to our reading of the order, and, again, that's one of the reasons why we brought it up is we're unclear on the implications, is that this goes -- this order -- paragraph 3 of the order goes to really the central issue to be resolved at the hearing on the order to show cause. So it's not the reasoning for having the order to show cause or for issuing the order to show cause. It's almost resolution -- there's partial resolution of the order to show cause. That's our concern.

COMMISSIONER WONG: I guess I differ on that because, to me, it's just a statement out there and because I haven't made a decision yet on anything.

MR. SIMON: Right. And, again, I think we're probably in agreement on that. Again, it's the implications of this being within the body of an order.

COMMISSIONER WONG: Okay. Thank you.

CHAIR SCHEUER: Commissioners?

Commissioner Cabral.

VICE CHAIR CABRAL: I am not an attorney, and so I am on the side of fellow Commissioner Wong, which is truly a scary statement. I think I have -
CHAIR SCHEUER: No offense, Commissioner, certainly.

COMMISSIONER WONG: None taken.

VICE CHAIR CABRAL: I think I have an even more simple question. I'm a very simple person, and I deal with properties and management of properties.

Commencement: Has anything been built or anything been done on the land?

MR. SIMON: The university's position is stuff has happened. We set it forth in our statement of position. We have -- there would be witnesses to testify. A hearing was held on it.

While -- again, I don't know -- the point of our motion was not per se challenging the merits of the finding, which we do disagree with, but, again, that wasn't our point. Our point is we're entitled to a hearing to find out for the commission to make that determination.

VICE CHAIR CABRAL: Wow, I think that was lawyer talk. Has anything -- is there a house or road, water or pipes coming into it? Has anything

actually -- you know, I'm in property management. 1 2 Anything I can go touch? 3 MR. SIMON: We noted in our statement of 4 position -- I don't have a cite. I can get one for 5 you, though. There is educational facilities that 6 have been put up since the reclassification on the 7 petition area, agricultural education. So it's 8 aquaponics. There are activities that are going on 9 on the petition area. They've done substantial 10 archaeological preservation and documentation work. 11 They have a number of SHPD-approved documents that 12 have been obtained. Since the petition was granted, 13 they have an AIS approved in 2003, a preservation 14 plan approved in 2013, a burial treatment plan 15 approved in 2013. I mean, things have gone on on the 16 petition area. So, again, our position is there is 17 evidence of substantial commencement. 18 VICE CHAIR CABRAL: Okay. Thank you very 19 much. 20 CHAIR SCHEUER: Commissioners, anything 21 further for the petitioner at this time? 22 Mr. Simon, have you ever served cake at a 23 kid's birthday party? 24 MR. SIMON: Served cake at a kid's 25 birthday party?

CHAIR SCHEUER: Yeah.

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MR. SIMON: I have.

MR. SIMON:

CHAIR SCHEUER: Did you ever get that one kid who says you gave him the wrong piece that didn't have quite enough frosting on it?

CHAIR SCHEUER: That's kind of what this feels like.

I have two of those at home.

And I understand. MR. SIMON: Again, I think we tried to leave off in our motion and, again, this morning, we absolutely are not intending to express any dissatisfaction with being granted the year. I think the commission will see this afternoon a great presentation. We've taken full advantage of the opportunities we've been given. A lot of progress has been made, and we're excited to present that all to you. We do think us, as attorneys, have an obligation to our client to make sure to highlight issues that have come up that we perceive and to make sure that things are done properly and in a clean and orderly manner.

Again, this is in no way expressing dissatisfaction. Again, I think part of it goes to the nature of the continuance that was granted. The continuance that was granted was in the stipulation

and modified by additional conditions, but petitioner reserved the right to make arguments about substantial commencement. That was in the stipulation. That was agreed to at the hearing. We agreed not to argue that. Anything that's taken place in this last year or so or shy of a year would count towards that. But the concern is what does that mean if the commission's already made up its mind?

CHAIR SCHEUER: Well, I think part of the thing is I disagree with your characterization of the process of an OSC hearing, having been through a few of them now. That the first question, to paraphrase my understanding of it, is have the conditions put down by the LUC been met? If some — one or more of the conditions have not been met, then we ask our question, like, "Well, has anything been done meaningfully if there's substantial commencement?"

But even those two can be answered in a way that is negative to the petitioner, and you can then still show good cause as to why the land should not be converted.

So, to me, whether or not you've had some indications from previous discussions on the record of whether -- how you would answer the first two

questions still leaves, in a completely unprejudiced way, whether or not there's good cause.

I think what's frustrating to me is -- to go to the cake example, right, I mean, what goes through my mind when the kid's like, "No. I wanted one with more frosting on it," right, it's like one option is, "Well, you get none. That's how much cake you now get"; right? You know, or you say, "Well, you know what, you're going to be happy with this, and maybe you can come back for more later if you finish that and you still want more and everybody else has been served."

What we're trying to get to, what you just alluded to in your last response, is, like, listen, basically, however you want to call it in the legal phrasing, nothing meaningful has happened here in relationship to the order in the last decade. We know this community needs things. We know your client needs things to happen. Why are we spending our time spinning our wheels around talking about how much frosting and, rather, spending our time -- our valuable and collective time focusing on are we going to move forward in a serious way? I would much rather be spending our time productively like that.

MR. SIMON: And I understand your

concerns, and I think we're actually in complete agreement on the steps to an OSC. I was merely highlighting the fact that the turning point when you get to an OSC is substantial commencement. If there is substantial commencement, 205-4 has to be followed. If there isn't, then a reversion can be ordered.

And, again, our simple position and, again, we're not trying to be petty or ask for more than we -- you know, come back and say we weren't given enough. Again, it's just to point out what we believe to be incorrect in our reading. But, again, I think we're trying to make clear we're unclear on the implications of the order finding that there hasn't been substantial commencement when, again, we believe under the law that if we're to reach that issue, that a hearing should be held on that before the commission makes a decision. That's all we're trying to express through that portion of the motion.

CHAIR SCHEUER: Thank you.

Is there anything further? No?
Okay. County ready to go?

MR. KIM: Yes. The county, as the commission probably noted, did not file any position on this matter. The county did not have a real

substantive position one way or the other on the motion for reconsideration.

Just a note: You know, the county does understand the petitioner's argument as to findings on substantial commencement because the recollection from the last hearing was that there was still back and forth as to whether or not an order to show cause proceeding was appropriate. The county didn't have a position on that, but petitioner was contesting that. So to make a finding on substantial commencement would — the county does understand the petitioner's concern that it could be kind of paving a road towards an order to show cause.

CHAIR SCHEUER: Thank you.

Commissioners, are there questions for the county? Commissioner Chang.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: Thank you, Mr. Kim.

So are you saying that the Land Use Commission, based upon all of the record before it at the time of the motion to continue, that the commission could not make, based upon that record, a finding that was consistent with the statement that there was --

Order No. 3 that says "Substantial commencement has not occurred," are you saying that the commission, based upon the record that was before

it --

We haven't moved into an order to show cause, and assuming at that point in time, there will be other evidence. But are you saying at that point in time in the record, the commission could not make a finding based upon the record before it?

MR. KIM: That clear and definitive of a finding that might preclude further consideration of the issue, yes, essentially we would say that.

Now, again, you could find that there's good cause to believe that there's not substantial commencement to go forth in order to show cause. But we just don't believe that we got to that stage of the proceeding necessarily because of the granting of the motion to continue.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: And what evidence in the record up until that time is contrary to that finding? Did you find any commencement of use of the land?

MR. KIM: Well, we just wouldn't think that it's appropriate to make the finding until there's been legal conclusions made which wouldn't really be appropriate to make until you get into the meat of the order to show cause.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: But isn't that

1 burden of the petitioner that, at the time of the 2 order to show cause, to submit evidence to show substantial compliance; that at this point in time 3 but based upon the record before it, that the 4 5 commission could make such a finding, relying upon 6 the testimony, the previous motions, the motions that 7 were made, the affidavits, the questioning? 8 MR. KIM: Yes. If we had gone forward with the order to show cause, I believe so. 9 10 But I believe we continued that, actually. 11 COMMISSIONER CHANG: But -- so you're 12 saying that there was not sufficient evidence before 13 to make just that factual finding? 14 MR. KIM: Or I would look at it as a 15 mixed conclusion of law and fact. And just with all 16 due respect, the way I would view things is kind of 17 really simply where the motion to continue would be 18 just simply a motion to continue and state the 19 conditions which the commission had imposed on the 20 petitioner with the granting of motion to continue. 21 COMMISSIONER CHANG: All right. 22 you. 23 CHAIR SCHEUER: Thank you, Commissioner 24 Chang. 25 Are there further questions for the

county?

After we're done with questions for the county, I'm going to have a 10-minute recess.

Anything further for the county at this time? If not, it's 10:55. We will reconvene at 11:05 promptly.

(Whereupon, a recess was taken from 10:55 a.m. until 11:05 a.m.)

CHAIR SCHEUER: We are back on the record. Office of Planning.

MS. APUNA: Thank you, Chair. Office of Planning will rest on our pleadings, and I would only add that we understand that the -- if this were to go forward to the OSC, then petitioner would have the opportunity as well as the other parties to provide more information and evidence for a determination of no substantial commencement or that there is substantial commencement. And that finding would be different than what is -- we believe is written in this current order.

I think based on the evidence that has been presented thus far, that is a factual determination that was made, but it's not -- doesn't go straight to the order to show cause or for reason for reversion. So I think that OP would advocate

1 that if it were continue -- to continue to the OSC, 2 that they would have the opportunity to build the record. So we don't feel that the language in the 3 order currently is problematic or that it somehow 4 5 determines the outcome of an order to show cause. CHAIR SCHEUER: 6 Thank you. 7 Commissioners, are there questions for 8 the Office of Planning? 9 If I can clarify your statement, you 10 believe that the factual record to this point supports a conclusion that there has been no 11 12 substantial commencement, but that going into it, 13 that -- that and the statement in the current order 14 does not, to this point, waive the commission's 15 ability to make a different conclusion in an actual 16 OSC hearing? 17 Exactly. I mean, it could be MS. APUNA: 18 a different conclusion. It could be the same. 19 you need to have the process allow for that if you 20 were to move forward with the order to show cause. 21 CHAIR SCHEUER: Okay. Anything further 22 for the Office of Planning? 23 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Yeah, Chair. 24 CHAIR SCHEUER: Commissioner Okuda. 25 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Thank you,

1 Ms. Apuna. If I could ask you this question. Would 2 the Office of Planning have an objection if the order was just revised to be a simple order continuing 3 whatever matters were being continued without having 4 5 all these factual findings? MS. APUNA: I think that the order -- it 6 7 could -- there could be some editing of the order, 8 but I am concerned that, you know, there were some --9 these were conditions to allow for the motion to --10 the continuance. You know, that they would not argue substantial commencement. And I think this is part 11 12 of --13 I quess petitioner's concern is the 14 phrase "substantial commencement has not occurred," 15 but it's part of the larger condition regarding what 16 will or won't be argued for the certain amount -- a 17 certain portion of the proceedings. So, I mean, I 18 think it can be edited, but I think it would have to 19 be based on what specifically -- how things would be 20 taken out or it would depend. 21 COMMISSIONER CHANG: Chair, can I just 22 ask --

CHAIR SCHEUER:

Commissioner Chang.

Thank you, Commissioner

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Okuda.

1 COMMISSIONER CHANG: So, Ms. Apuna, can 2 you identify specifically based upon their motion 3 what are -- because I'm looking at the rule, what's unreasonable and unlawful or erroneous. But are 4 5 there specific provisions of the order that you have 6 no objections to there being -- maybe, for example, 7 the date was wrong or the -- like, in the caption, I 8 mean, can you specifically identify which points of 9 clarification you would have no objections with? 10 MS. APUNA: Okay. Yes. I think in our 11 pleading, there were portions that we do agree with 12 the petitioner as far as -- yeah. So sorry. Let me 13 find it. 14 COMMISSIONER CHANG: I think it was, 15 like, the caption. Right, the caption. 16 MS. APUNA: 17 COMMISSIONER CHANG: So that was the 18 first one. The second one dealt with the correction 19 of the name change? 20 MS. APUNA: Right. The corporate name change and then -- and then the paragraph No. 35, OP 21 22 did not object to language, including language 23 directly from the party's stipulation. I think that 24 they wanted to include the specific language of the 25 stipulation into the --

1	And then paragraph No. 36, OP did not
2	object to revision of procedural background to
3	reflect that the May 22nd, 2019, hearing was held on
4	petitioner's motion to rescind order to show cause
5	rather than an order to show cause.
6	COMMISSIONER CHANG: Okay. So it was a
7	factual clarification?
8	MS. APUNA: Uh-huh. And let's see.
9	Finding of fact No. 47, OP did not object to
10	petitioner's revision of this paragraph regarding its
11	provision of affordable housing.
12	Finding of fact No. 49, regarding
13	petitioner's ability to argue what periods of time
14	substantial commencement took place. I believe
15	that's it.
16	COMMISSIONER CHANG: Okay. Thank you
17	very much.
18	CHAIR SCHEUER: Is there anything further
19	for OP, commissioners?
20	Commissioner Wong.
21	COMMISSIONER WONG: Not for
22	CHAIR SCHEUER: Okay.
23	COMMISSIONER WONG: It's for something
24	else.
25	CHAIR SCHEUER: Go ahead.

1	COMMISSIONER WONG: Chair, I would like
2	to move to executive session to consult with the
3	board's attorney on questions and issues pertaining
4	to the board's powers, duties, privileges, immunities
5	and liabilities on this motion in front of us.
6	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: I'll second it.
7	CHAIR SCHEUER: Okay. A motion has been
8	made by Commissioner Wong and seconded by
9	Commissioner Ohigashi to go into executive session to
10	consult with the board's counsel regarding the motion
11	in front of us. Is there any deliberation on this
12	motion? If not, all in favor, say aye.
13	(The board voted.)
14	CHAIR SCHEUER: Is anybody opposed? The
15	motion carries. The commission will go into
16	executive session.
17	(The board met in executive
18	session from 11:13 a.m. until
19	11:29 a.m.)
20	CHAIR SCHEUER: Okay. Mr. Simon, you
21	reserved a portion of your time.
22	MR. SIMON: Nothing further.
23	CHAIR SCHEUER: Okay.
24	MR. SIMON: Nothing further from the
25	petitioner.

1 CHAIR SCHEUER: Are there any questions 2 from the commissioners for any of the parties? Ιf 3 not, commissioners, what is your pleasure? It shouldn't be a surprise at this point 4 5 in the hearing. Commissioner Wong. 6 Thank you. 7 COMMISSIONER WONG: Okay. 8 CHAIR SCHEUER: Let's get a motion out 9 there so we can deliberate. COMMISSIONER WONG: Yeah. So I want 10 11 to -- my motion is to approve in part and -- well, 12 deny the petitioner's motion to reconsider in part 13 and approve only the minor typographical errors, such 14 as the name change, the dates, you know, all those 15 things. 16 CHAIR SCHEUER: Okay. So there's a 17 motion before us to grant in part and deny in part 18 the petitioner's motion, and the granting in part 19 would be on only factual matters and the 20 nonsubstantive matters that we spent most of the time 21 discussing? 22 COMMISSIONER WONG: Correct. 23 CHAIR SCHEUER: Is that clear, 24 commissioners? Is there a second to the motion? 25 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Second.

CHAIR SCHEUER: Commissioner Ohigashi has seconded the motion. We have a motion in front of us.

Commissioner Okuda.

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COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Chair, thank you. would suggest that the motion, whether it's termed granting in part or granting in part and denying in part, just make clear that as far as this order regarding this motion we're considering, that it's very clear that notwithstanding any statements in the prior order which has already been entered, that there is no preclusive effect on the issue of whether or not there has or has not been substantial commencement of the use of the land in accordance with the petitioner's representations. In other words, whether -- however this motion is titled, it makes clear that except for, you know, the stipulations about the petitioner agreeing not to argue about conduct or actions that have taken place after the entry of the initial notice with respect to the order to show cause, that there is no -- there's nothing that would preclude the petitioner or any other party from offering evidence which shows substantial commencement of the use of the land or doesn't show substantial commencement of the use of

the land. In other words, the order makes clear that we're not entering any type of judgment one way or the other on that issue until and unless there are further proceedings.

CHAIR SCHEUER: Thank you.

VICE CHAIR CABRAL: I'd like to second that motion if my esteemed colleague could put it in the form of a motion -- an amendment to the motion.

CHAIR SCHEUER: If I understood correctly, and correct me if I'm wrong, Commissioner Okuda, you're not -- are you asking for an amendment to the motion, or were you simply asking that the order that would be issued in furtherance of the motion would reflect that this commission has neither made a determination on whether or not substantial commencement occurred prior to the order to show cause being issued as well as we have not prohibited the petitioner from arguing that in an order to show cause hearing?

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Yes, that is correct with one additional clarification, and this clarification doesn't have to be in the order. I don't want my statement taken to be any type of concession that the evidence with respect to substantial commencement or lack of substantial

1 commencement somehow did not play a part in the 2 decision to agree to continue the pending proceeding 3 with the conditions that were agreed to. In other words, at least in my view, I voted in favor of the 4 5 continuance with the conditions attached based in part on the evidence that was presented in the record 6 7 about or on the factual issue of whether or not there was substantial commencement of use of the land in 8 9 accordance with representations made on the petition. 10 I don't mean to confuse the issue so much, but I want to make that clear. 11 12 CHAIR SCHEUER: So thank you for that 13 clarification. And just procedurally, Commissioner 14 Cabral, there's not actually an amendment to the 15 motion to second, but I think the spirit of your 16 comment is that you're in agreement with what 17 Commissioner Okuda has said is there? 18 VICE CHAIR CABRAL: Yes, I am in 19 agreement. Thank you. 20 CHAIR SCHEUER: Commissioner Wong. 21 COMMISSIONER WONG: So I'm going to speak 22 on behalf of the motion. 23 CHAIR SCHEUER: Please. 24 COMMISSIONER WONG: I totally agree with

Commissioner Okuda. You know, to me, I haven't made

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a decision yet. So you're going to get that time, like they say, in court to show — to prove to us yes or no you did or didn't do whatever, substantial commencement and everything else. So you're going to have that day. To me, this is just a statement — you know, just a statement to me right now, that substantial commencement. So that's why I made the motion. There is some issues, you know, the time, the change of names and all that that has to be done. So that's the reason. So that's why I made the motion. So that's why I'm speaking on behalf of the motion.

CHAIR SCHEUER: Thank you.

Commissioner Ohigashi.

Support the motion because the way I view it is that the order that was issued related only to the issue of continuing this -- continuing this matter. It has no relationship to any indication of whether or not substantial compliance has occurred in an order to show cause hearing. So I think that -- I think that based upon --

I believe that the order was limited to just the question of the continuance.

CHAIR SCHEUER: Thank you, Commissioner

Ohigashi.

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Any further discussion of the motion?

Commissioner Chang. Oh, Commissioner Okuda followed by Commissioner Chang.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Yeah. And thank you, Mr. Chair. I'd like to add too, also, the fact that I believe it's public policy to have cases determined on the merits. And even if the state of evidence might seem to suggest certain things, especially based on statements made under oath by parties, there still should be a full and complete Because we're all humans; right? sometimes we might really think the record is a certain way, and there might be reasonable explanations about why my personal view of the record is not correct. And I'm always willing to consider the entire record. So I think this allows -- it makes it very clear that it's the preference of the commission to have a complete record and not prejudge anything. So for those reasons and what I stated earlier, I'll be voting for this motion.

CHAIR SCHEUER: Commissioner Chang.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: Thank you very much,
Mr. Chair. I too am inclined to vote in favor of the
motion because looking at the standard for the

reconsideration, those points of clarification that were clearly erroneous, I have no objections to those being modified. But I like, I think, what you already heard from the other commissioners, the intention — at least my intention was not to be predecisional. It is to hear the evidence. It is in the proper forum. The order to show cause should, one, be heard. At that point in time, we will weigh all the evidence that's heard at that time.

But I felt very comfortable that up until that point to the motion to continue, that the order was accurate, except for those provisions that were erroneous, whether they be the date or the name change. But I do want to be very clear. I think this commission has really tried very hard to provide all the parties that come before it an opportunity to present its best case. And we have -- we will listen, and we will weigh everything.

So, again, for me, it is not my intention to be predecisional, but it was to be just very -- in compliance with the standards for the reconsideration. Thank you.

CHAIR SCHEUER: Thank you, Commissioner Chang.

Anything further, commissioners?

1 Commissioner Giovanni.

COMMISSIONER GIOVANNI: Thank you, Chair.

I have been educated and convinced by my fellow
commissioners on this matter, and I will vote in the
affirmative.

CHAIR SCHEUER: Thank you.

Commissioner Aczon, do you want to speak to it? I don't want you to feel left out.

VICE CHAIR ACZON: Yeah. I agree with my fellow commissioners. I'm really looking forward to the upcoming hearings to hear all the evidence, but for this motion, I tend to support it because, in my mind, that during the deliberations, during the time that we come out with this decision, it is based purely on the evidence and the records that we have at that time. So from that time, we decided that that is the best decision we have because of the records. So I'm really looking forward to hearing all those evidence, and I can tell you I'm not sure where -- you know, my position on this one.

CHAIR SCHEUER: Thank you, Commissioner Aczon.

Commissioner Cabral.

VICE CHAIR CABRAL: I clearly don't want to be left out. But I want to support what my

commissioners have said in general. Clearly, I'll support this motion. Everybody better. I mean, really here. But in terms of the spirit of this group, over and over and over again we have been amazingly supportive of trying to let people, communities, groups, developers, whatever name you want to come under, be able to move forward with projects, absolutely with housing, because we really see the need of our community and our various islands. And this has been over and over again on every single island, the massive need for housing and for support, and almost every single item includes some type of requirement for affordable housing. I'm going to definitely let you know we're really in favor of you successfully moving forward. Everything we do has been trying to work with people and groups and petitioners and whatever name you are to move forward in a successful manner, and our job is to make sure that we represent the overall larger community, that it's done properly in that successful manner. So we definitely look forward to you folks getting it together, figuring it out, getting your money and getting things built. So bring it on. Thank you.

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CHAIR SCHEUER: Thank you, Commissioner

Cabral. 1 2 Anything further, commissioners? 3 Commission Ohigashi. COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Just a question, 4 5 Mr. Chair. Do we have -- do we have to enter into the record --6 7 I realize I wasn't here on the May -- I'm 8 trying to remember what day -- May 22nd, 2019, 9 hearing. Should we enter into the record that I've 10 reviewed the transcripts, et cetera, in order to make a decision today? Is that necessary? Which I have 11 12 anyway. 13 Thank you for confirming CHAIR SCHEUER: 14 that on the record. I can certainly ask each of the 15 commissioners to affirm on the record that they've 16 either attended or reviewed the transcripts from each 17 of the hearings. I believe we will absolutely do 18 such a determination on the next matter, which is a 19 continuation of the previous matters rather than this 20 matter which is a somewhat stand-alone motion. 21 you affirm that you are familiar with the record and 22 preparing to deliberate on this matter? 23 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Yes. 24 CHAIR SCHEUER: Commissioner Wong?

COMMISSIONER WONG: Yes.

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CHAIR SCHEUER: Commissioner Cabral? 1 2 VICE CHAIR CABRAL: Yes. CHAIR SCHEUER: Commissioner Chang? 3 COMMISSIONER CHANG: 4 Yes. 5 CHAIR SCHEUER: Commissioner Giovanni? COMMISSIONER GIOVANNI: Yes. 6 7 CHAIR SCHEUER: Commissioner Okuda? 8 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Yes. 9 CHAIR SCHEUER: Commissioner Aczon? VICE CHAIR ACZON: 10 Yes. CHAIR SCHEUER: The chair has also 11 12 reviewed the record and is prepared to deliberate on 13 this matter. 14 I will speak to the record or speak to the motion. I'm in favor of the motion as well. I 15 16 think my general feelings about where we are now --17 well, not many people say I wonder what Jonathan 18 feels about an issue. I tend to be a little clear on 19 that. So I appreciate that everybody who appears in 20 front of us has the right to counsel and has the 21 right to argue very legalistic arguments about 22 procedure, but the feeling of it again is, like, 23 "Yeah, we want to move forward with you. We want to 24 go shoulder and shoulder, but you know what, we're

going to keep this one foot over here just in case."

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And it's feeling like, right, you succeed at what you
focus on, and it seems like we're not spending all of
our focus on what, presumably, our goal is.
With that, do we need to do a roll call
vote? Yeah. Okay. Mr. Orodenker, please poll the
commission.
EXECUTIVE OFFICER: Thank you, Mr. Chair.
The motion is to grant in part and approve in part
the motion
CHAIR SCHEUER: Deny in part.
EXECUTIVE OFFICER: Deny in part. Excuse
me. That was double.
to allow typographical changes and
factual corrections and with the order on this motion
reflecting that the commission has not predetermined
the issue of substantial commencement.
Commissioner Wong.
COMMISSIONER WONG: Aye.
EXECUTIVE OFFICER: Commissioner
Ohigashi.
COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Aye.
EXECUTIVE OFFICER: Commissioner Okuda.
COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Yes.
COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Yes.  EXECUTIVE OFFICER: Commissioner Cabral.

1	EXECUTIVE OFFICER: Commissioner Chang.
2	COMMISSIONER CHANG: Yes.
3	EXECUTIVE OFFICER: Commissioner
4	Giovanni.
5	COMMISSIONER GIOVANNI: Aye.
6	EXECUTIVE OFFICER: Commissioner Aczon.
7	VICE CHAIR ACZON: Yes.
8	EXECUTIVE OFFICER: Chair Scheuer.
9	CHAIR SCHEUER: Aye.
10	EXECUTIVE OFFICER: Thank you, Mr. Chair.
11	The motion carries with eight affirmative votes.
12	CHAIR SCHEUER: Thank you. It is now
13	11:46 a.m. Our next agenda item is action on or
14	the status report and action on order to show cause
15	issued March 29, 2019, if necessary. What I'd like
16	to do is adjourn for lunch for one hour,
17	commissioners, to reconvene at 12:45 p.m. to take up
18	the next agenda item. Is that okay with the parties?
19	Okay. One hour for lunch and we will
20	reconvene.
21	(Whereupon, a lunch recess was
22	taken from 11:46 a.m. until
23	12:45 p.m.)
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## KAILUA KONA, HAWAI'I 1 2 WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 8, 2020 3 12:45 P.M. -000 -4 5 CHAIR SCHEUER: Good afternoon. Our next agenda item is a status report on the action meeting 6 7 on the order to show cause, if necessary, on Docket 8 No. A02-737, the petition of the University of 9 Nations Bencorp. 10 Will the parties please identify themselves for the record. 11 12 MS. ANJO: Julie Anjo for the petitioner, 13 University of the Nations, Kona. And Kathy and Derek 14 will still be sitting with me, and also Jeff Overton 15 will be with us in the beginning. MR. KIM: Good afternoon, Chair, members 16 17 of the commission. Deputy Corporation Counsel Ronald 18 Kim representing County of Hawaii, and along with me 19 is the planning program manager, Jeff Darrow. 20 MS. APUNA: Good afternoon. Dawn Apuna, 21 deputy attorney general, on behalf of the Office of 22 Planning. Here with me is Lorene Maki. 23 CHAIR SCHEUER: Okay. Are there any 24 individuals in the room who are intending to give

public testimony on this matter? I see none. So I

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1 won't go over our procedures for public testimony. 2 I'm going to make -- start with a brief disclosure. I only realized today in the airport in 3 Honolulu that Jeff Overton was assisting with this 4 project. My wife is an employee of Group 70 5 6 International and works with Jeff. She's not worked 7 on this project. She has no financial benefit from 8 doing so, but I want to make that disclosure and 9 offer the opportunity to the parties to object to my 10 continued participation on this matter. MS. ANJO: I have no objection. 11 12 MR. KIM: No objection from the county. 13 MS. APUNA: No objections. 14 CHAIR SCHEUER: Any other disclosures, 15 commissioners? VICE CHAIR CABRAL: 16 Me. 17 CHAIR SCHEUER: Commissioner Cabral. 18 VICE CHAIR CABRAL: I don't know Kathy 19 Garson too well, but I do know her mother and father 20 quite well. Thank you very much. I don't have any 21 problems or any conflict in this matter. 22 CHAIR SCHEUER: I don't think any further 23 waiver is necessary. 24 VICE CHAIR CABRAL: Okay. 25 CHAIR SCHEUER: So here is our

procedures. First, the petitioner will provide their status report, and I will call on the County of Hawaii and OP for their comments regarding the status The petitioner will be allowed to respond to any comments made by the County and the Office of Planning, and then the commission will consider whether or not there is good cause to further continue these proceedings or whether to reconvene the evidentiary hearing and action meeting on Docket No. A02-737 U of N Bencorp to consider an order to show cause as to why approximately 62 acres, TMK Nos. 37-5-10:85 and 7-5-17:06, situated at Waiaha 1, North Kona, island and county -- island, county and state of Hawaii should not revert to its former land use designation or be changed to a more appropriate classification.

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action on the order to show cause, a date will be set for such hearings at which time the petitioner will be given the opportunity to conclude its arguments on the matter. From time to time, I will also remind you that I will call for short breaks. Are there any questions from any of the parties in our procedures?

MS. ANJO: No questions.

MR. KIM: No questions.

MS. APUNA: No questions.

CHAIR SCHEUER: Okay. Thank you. The record in this docket was updated earlier on our previous agenda item.

Last check, there's no public witnesses.

Testifiers on this matter? If not, then, Ms. Anjo,
you can proceed with your presentation.

MS. ANJO: Thank you, Chair. Thank you, commissioners and staff. First off, we wanted -- we want to just say thank you from our deepest hearts and sincerely for the work that you have committed for us, for the State of Hawaii. And in reference to a statement that the chair has stated earlier, just to recognize that we -- we do really appreciate and we do want to work with the commission in every way.

So I want to give you an update as to what's happened since we left in May in our last hearing so that you can see what we have accomplished in this really short window of time, and then also I will let you hear how we're ready to move forward and are excited to move forward with this project.

First, I wanted to just give you a little background because we're still a unique entity.

Since we began in 1977, the University of the Nations, Kona, has had over 63,000 students from 142

countries trained in Kona. We've sent students out for field assignments to every country in the world, and we are currently working off 45 acres of land that's adjacent to the reclassified property.

As you might guess, with that growth, we really want to expand and grow and develop the 62 acres to meet that need and continue serving Hawaii and continue serving the world, which is why we are here.

So what have we been doing since May?

Well, beginning in May, Tony Ching led us through

some design charrettes to confirm the program and the

vision for UNK moving forward.

On July 22nd, 2019, we hired G70 to help us develop a better master plan and to meet the program needs and move forward with the project with the professionalism that they provide.

In August, we contracted with a consultant to complete the various surveys and commence seeking out the data needed to file the motion to amend.

In August, we also formalized Waiaha

Advisory Committee which is chaired by Leina'ala

Fruean, who is a lineal descendant of the

reclassified area, the family from the reclassified

area. And she is close by if we need any input from her.

The written status report was submitted to the commission on November 13, 2019, and since that, we have met with the Office of Planning and the Department of Planning to apprise them of the status update and solicit any questions or concerns that they might have.

At this time I'd like to invite Jeff
Overton, principal planner with G70, to update the
commission on the progress that we have made since
our May meeting. After Mr. Overton's presentation,
we will provide a brief overview of the budgeting and
financing since we've have already submitted that to
the record for your review. That demonstrates our
ability and readiness to move forward with this
project.

CHAIR SCHEUER: Jeff Overton, I'm going to swear you in. Do you swear or affirm the testimony you're about to give is the truth?

THE WITNESS: I do.

CHAIR SCHEUER: Okay. So if you'll just state your name and business address for the record, and then you can proceed with the questioning from your counsel.

## JEFFREY OVERTON,

having been called as a witness by Petitioner, was duly sworn and testified as follows:

THE WITNESS: Good afternoon, Chair and commissioners. Jeff Overton. I'm a principal planner with G70, and our new address -- boy, I gotta make sure I get this right -- 170 South King Street [sic], and that's Honolulu 96813. I should know that, but we were at another address for about 20-something years.

So thank you for this opportunity to go through status report briefing. I've also prepared some exhibits that have rightly, I believe, been circulated to you. It's about 15 slides, and then I'll project them on the screen if my button works. It does. That's great. So thanks. And, Julie, thank you for the overview.

I'll just touch on that, once again, that University of the Nations, Kona, is a Hawaii 501(c)(3) nonprofit organization, and it is a mission-based educational institution. We are located here about one mile southeast of the town center of Kailua Kona, and we're in the North Kona District, island of Hawaii.

I've got kind of a location exhibit here

that shows us in reference to Kailua town.

2 Founded --

You said '77. I have '78. Sorry.

-- on a 45-acre existing campus site.

Now, this really serves as a training center to prepare followers for Christian service throughout Hawaii and the world and specifically for Asia and the Pacific from this location. It's a very unique college institution here in that it's unique in the field of higher education, nontraditional in that it's a globally networked learning center offering learning opportunities for emerging Christian leaders with branches in 1,200 locations in over 100 languages around the world. And that's reflected here in the program that we'll talk about later on.

Now, the location of the campus, there's an aerial photograph, and the TMKs of the petition area are outlined in yellow here. So you'll see the existing campus. And I'm sorry. The laser pointer doesn't pick up well on the LCD screen. So I won't try to blind Riley again on this. But you can see the outline, and we have Queen Kaahumanu Highway and Hualalai Road on kind of the mauka side in there, Kuakini Highway and the ocean on the makai side of the property.

We are bounded by the -- also the Kona Hillcrest subdivision adjacent to the property. There's a piece of land owned by University of Nations at Kona to the north, which is the Kama'aina Hale apartments which fronts along Kuakini on the side. And this petition area has a modest slope to it. It runs from an elevation of roughly 100 feet above sea level along Kuakini to the upper edge of the property about 325 feet above sea level just below Hualalai Road.

Commission process which you're all familiar with from the record. In 2003, with the urban reclassification of the 62-acre petition area, going back to 2000, University of Nations, Kona, purchased the 62-acre petition area adjacent to their existing site, and they planned what was called the Hualalai Village Development Project. Okay. And this is a different property --

Sorry. I left off one more exhibit in here which shows -- just kind of paints the land -- the landownership. I should have had this up. I thought -- I was talking there before.

So you see the lightest yellow area is the petition. We've now got a mauka-makai

orientation to this horizontal slide, and that gives you a good feeling of the property setting: The existing campus to the left, the apartments along Kuakini, and then the existing development on the south side.

So let's go to the 2003 master plan that went through a process, and here's a copy that came out of the files. And Group 70 -- we're known as the G70 now -- was fortunate to have been supporting University of the Nations Bencorp, as it was called at that time. Going through quite a different project at that time. There was a big focus on a condominium complex that was a very important part of the financial model for this project with 400 units on the upper section of the property in higher elevations there. And then a 26-acre for-profit cultural center, Pacific Island Cultural Center along with a 5-acre educational facility for U of N along their kind of center boundary there.

And in 2003, U of N Bencorp was fortunate to be granted the state land use district boundary amendment to reclassify from the state agricultural district to urban.

Flash forwarding to 2006, and here's an updated master plan. Soon after the reclassification

of the 62-acre petition area was granted in the following year or so, University of Nations at Kona realized a need to realign itself better with its mission's original faith-based value system and a system that's really focused on service rather than financial gain. And so this plan eliminated the large condominium complex that was planned within the petition area, and it eliminated the 26-acre Pacific islands cultural center. These were both dropped out of the project to realign with the mission goals. And during this time, U of N Kona filed a motion to amend in 2006, but it was not concluded and no action was taken at that time.

So now I'm going to put on the screen what is kind of a -- the current master plan that we're working on. As was stated by Julie, there was a charrette process that Tony Ching had helped with earlier last year to help shape things prior to our engagement or at the outset of it to really shape -- reshape the program. And there are several early planning principles and concepts that, again, are grounded in the mission's faith-based value system, and I'm going to walk you through this.

It's going to take a little while, and I left my water in the bag there. So I'm going to grab

that. Thank you, sir.

Dr. Bob recommends it's very good with water.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Best water boy in the room.

MR. OVERTON: Off the record, I guess.

So here we are with really the beginning. Again, on the left-hand side of the slide, you can see the existing -- 45-acre existing campus area and, in gray or shaded, the existing buildings on the campus. You'll see outlines of the pieces of the new master plan and, really, the focus is on the red-dashed area, the 65-acre petition area and the different uses in there. And I've got a series of slides that we'll go through to show the progression of the campus building.

To start with, the focus of this -- and it's really anticipated to have a 20- to 30-year build-out timetable here; yet, a significant downsizing from the original project. The original project had anticipated roughly 1,100 visitors per day in the cultural center that was going to have regular daytime performances. It had a very large outdoor water feature, a museum complex, restaurants, shops. It was basically a visitor attraction center

that was part of the old economic model. That's no longer any part of this process here.

We, of course, don't have any condominium project in here as well. It's strictly an educational campus that is set up to further the mission here, complement the existing facilities and, as Julie had mentioned, support for the growth of the program organically as elements are funded and brought together with time.

This existing campus to the north of the shaded buildings include administration, academic buildings, resource center, cafeteria, bookstore, lounge, student dorms, some faculty housing, conference center, healthcare and early childhood ed. And the goal in the current master plan now for the 62 acres is to reflect on these current and upcoming priorities in conjunction with the expansion of some of the facilities on the existing campus site. And we're taking a fresh approach to this campus expansion, tying together functional elements of the existing campus, new academic programs, training and student living program areas.

One thing you'll notice because you can see as we go through the slides, there's topography shaded in the background. This plan works much, much

better with the land than any of the original plans in respecting the existing topography of this sloped site, to minimize earthwork and grading requirements as well as to preserve the four major cultural sites that exist on the petition area.

Also, approximately 40 percent of the 62 acres will remain in open space as well as roughly an acre for the archaeological sites.

So just to reiterate, this master plan is really emphasizing respect for the slope and better integration for the core campus academic and living components and then introducing sustainable features such as renewable energy, water conservation, material design and systems, connectivity, multimodal transportation, and employing low-impact development principles.

The campus will connect the existing site to the petition area with the expansion improvement of a central spine road that goes mauka-makai and branching off into distinct areas to serve in the lower section of the makai section, which would be the lower school, middle school and high school. And I wish I could -- planners need to point at things. So, you know, I'm sorry. I can't use my laser here, but in the more makai section would be that school

complex there. The expansion of instructional buildings for the discipleship learning center, which is in the more centralized part of the petition area, and then an athletic complex and training area, and, finally, at the upper section, agricultural/exhibit storage and a maintenance yard and vocational training in there.

So we have a whole series of programs that are set to complement what is the existing physical plan of the campus, and I could spend a lot of time. Francis Oda from our office is really the visionary behind the revision of this master plan and brought together a lot of the pieces of this that really are reflected in a new vision for the campus that is more environmentally sensitive, culturally sensitive in terms of tying together the cultural sites and also ties in the sustainability elements that we'll talk about here later.

We are for prioritizing in the petition area, excuse me, the expansion of the existing primary education facilities of the lower school, the replacement of what are now 30-year-old dormitory buildings with new student dormitories, and plans to accommodate up to 3,400 students, faculty and staff on a 30-year timeline, and, really, expansion of what

is a growing discipleship learning center with new instruction buildings, this significant athletic complex and training area and then the support of storage, maintenance and vocational elements in that upper section.

And critically important would be the archaeological sites' preservation and working with SHPD on their preservation plan, the burial treatment plan. Restoration of the sites is already going forward now with the plan under the approved SHPD preservation plan, and the implementation of permanent rock wall buffers around each of the identified burial sites with the restoration plan also for the Great Wall of Kuakini that would be implemented in coordination with SHPD.

I'm going to walk us through a few slides here that, as I had mentioned, are going to show the build program. So shaded in yellow on this first phase would be the 5- to 10-year program of build-out. As I mentioned, we have a central spine road that extends up through the center of the property. It needs to be improved, widened, connected, kind of brought up to speed for what is this growing campus.

The enrollment on this 10-year horizon is

roughly 1,500 students. And new projects, as identified on the 62-acre petition area --

I want to mention that as I talk about projects in here, you're well aware that private schools that have donation-based funding, sometimes you'll have a donor that has a very special interest and wants to proceed with a project, and that means you're kind of jumping out of order a little bit with projects. A good example might be a new cafeteria that was built for roughly \$9 million, and the donor covered roughly half of it. It's just an example of projects as they pop up. So we're doing our best to depict what's a logical series of projects here, but we know some may come out of order with time.

But let's just walk through briefly what is in this first phase, which would be a real focus in the center of the slope there where we're talking about discipleship, learning center, chapel, instruction building, student-resident dormitory buildings, an athletic training complex, the beginnings of it, with gymnasium and locker rooms and a practice field. And then the lower school being the elementary school component there and instruction building, playground and field.

The preservation sites, as mentioned, is

already underway, but the restoration of the identified burial sites, rock walls, permanent preservation buffers as well as the Kuakini Wall restoration plan.

Up at the top would be the agricultural exhibit. As folks are out on mission and the different efforts that are made in the world, agricultural knowledge and the ability to actually project this, implement it in the field is critical. So we need to be able to work with agricultural examples here to work with this as part of the instruction.

We also have food supplies, storage warehouse, maintenance shops up at the top, a garage storage, and then as I mentioned, the center spine road improvements, driveways, ADA pathways, a lot of open space and xeriscape, kind of less thirsty landscaping to complement this. And then the bones of it, the wastewater drainage, roadways, electrical supplies, things like that.

The next phase of development is really beyond 10 years, sort of 10 years and beyond. It's anticipated that additions will be made to each of these elements with another 500 to 1,000 students.

Again, the discipleship learning center is really the

core of the instructional setting here. A student resource center is planned with more instructional buildings and added dorms to help support the growing on-site student population. Further improvements at the athletic training complex, the soccer field, gymnasium, locker rooms, courts, athletic buildings, and then the beginnings of an aquatic center in here. You may have a donor who wants to really jump-start the pool. So that would be great if that could happen here. It would be perfect.

An entry exhibit building down along the Kuakini side, which is the entry exhibit building of the Discovery Center, and I'll talk more about that downstream here. More work on the lower and middle schools with additional instruction buildings, courts and a field, and the beginnings of the high school in here with some instructional buildings, courts and support elements.

There's also a youth camp element in the mid-elevation. You can see it kind of stretches over to the south boundary, and that it would have cabins in it. That is a very specific instructional program tied to it, a youth camp, and then the supporting infrastructure, pathways, et cetera.

And then the final kind of element of

campus development is this nice light blue that comes in. Subsequently, the future facilities requirement to support the overall campus build-out of the discipleship learning center, some supporting elements of outdoor space in gathering places, additional dormitories, as you can see, to support the growing student population, build-out of the athletic complex, build-out of the lower, middle and high school elements, more with the youth camp. And then this Discovery Center which is really an expansive language library, informational resource center that will function as both instructional and research facility, admin and staff. And that's along the Kuakini frontage there on that side.

We put together -- so you can see the logic of how we've built out over time the 62-acre piece in here. It can't all be tucked in one corner of the site and just built, you know, up the hill, up the hill or the reverse. It's meant to be complementary with the core of the campus, the flow of it and how it works with the land, and really, functionally, you need private spaces for dormitories. Ultimately, there will be some faculty staff housing on the existing campus side. Those pieces of it kind of progress through.

I've got a summary development tabulation that I won't bore you with a read-through on, but it gives you very specific design development tabulation because we need to be able to calculate all the supporting elements and requirements for infrastructure.

over the last six to eight months with our team. And I know we've kind of hustled pieces of it together here. We'd like to be further along with it at this point, but this is where we're at right now. There is quite a bit of work on the technical side and an environmental report that we're working on. So I'm going to bridge to that if we could give you a progress --

Again, as mentioned, G70 is providing
University of the Nations, Kona, with master planning
and conceptual, architectural work, preliminary civil
engineering and planning for environmental analysis
and land use entitlement support. We're also
coordinating a variety of technical studies that will
be supporting this environmental planning report that
you'll see in your package for the March date.

So I was cute and I just showed covers here today, but there's more than covers. We've made

quite a bit of progress.

You know, and what's nice is we do have a lot of resource from the 2003 information; that it actually went all the way up through a project district or rezoning application at that time in 2006. So we have quite a bit of, what we say, information that's readily available that needs to be updated and then made current to this project. It was for a much different project at the time.

Archaeology, Dr. Bob Rechtman is here.

His group has been consistently working on this

project through its lifespan here. So we just

snapped in one letter from State Historic

Preservation. These are gold. If you can get

letters from State Historic Preservation, it's really

great, and Bob and his group are good at that. So

they've been working through the process.

You know, we did have a long time ago a vote by Hawaii Island Burial Council which supported the plan for burial treatment plan. It took until 2019 to actually get the letter that confirmed that. So that's a good thing to have. And then there's preservation plans and archaeological monitoring plans such that, you know, Bob's group has been very good at working with. So in consultation with them,

we are working on the restoration -- dismantling and restoration plan for a portion of Kuakini Wall.

We'll be submitting that to SHPD. We do have that acceptance letter from August. The date of recovery for 10 sites was submitted to SHPD in '07 and resubmitted again this past August.

Regarding implementation of the BTP and the archaeological preservation plan, University of Nations, Kona, is hiring rock masons to complete rock walls around the permanent preservation buffers of the four sites that are significant in the center of the property. Once that's verified as completed, that will satisfy the implementation of the BTP and the archaeological preservation plan. So Dr. Rechtman's group has been making good progress on those pieces. As well, they've been helping with the update with a cultural impact assessment.

So back in '03, actually Kawika McCabe from Group 70 helped prepare this cultural impact assessment for U of N Bencorp. And, again, a lot of the information, the background, history, was very useful. Matt Clark, from ASM Affiliates, working with Bob are updating this CIA, and a draft of that will be included in the package that you'll be receiving in March. So I'm sure you'll be interested

in reviewing that. It will include the Ka Pa'akai analysis in there.

Our flora/fauna we thought important for us to take a good look at what's there now. Even though we had a 15-year-old botany study, we wanted to make sure things were current. So we engaged ECOS, Rick Guenther (phonetic) and their group, Reggie David, supporting them to update that study. They did field studies in November, detailed plant and bird and mammal survey. No species currently proposed for listing or listed under federal or state as endangered species occur on the property. So that was good news, and we'll have a draft of their study available for you to review as part of the package coming up.

One of the really important pieces on the technical side is traffic, and we're in an area that, you know, folks recognize traffic in the Kona region is an issue. And what we've done is engage Fehr & Peers --

They're excellent, Sohrab Rashid and his group.

-- to help us with traffic conditions analysis, and here what they're calling a fancy name for traffic sites, "mobility analysis report." And

so, you know, we do more than cars these days; right? Bikes, TEDS (phonetic) and everything else that happens in there. So they're preparing this report. We should have a draft late this month. And they had conducted their counts in September and October. So the baseline information and existing conditions has already been completed. And they're also in contact with county DPW and the Hawaii DOT Highways Division to consult with them on the roadway conditions.

They'll also be reviewing the report to have them put on it. So that will be part of your package in March.

Finally, our group, our civil engineering group at G70, Paul Matsuda leads the civil engineering group. And they're going through the work through on updating with this master plan, and, again, it's a scaled-down master plan in terms of demands on a lot of the infrastructure components from the earlier 2003 or even 2006 plans. Paul Matsuda's group is looking at water supply, wastewater, drainage, roadways, power and communications. They've done their existing conditions assessment in the fall and now preliminary engineering studies of the access roadways, earthwork, grading, drainage, water, wastewater as

well as touching base with both the county and the state agencies to address systems and service capacity.

So that's pretty much the highlight of our update. I just want to conclude saying the petitioner and our technical consultant team, G70 and the group I just presented, have made significant progress over the past almost three quarters of a year master planning and then the various supporting studies, and we're moving ahead, really accelerating, because we know we'll need a great level of information to satisfy the county's project district zoning application that we're targeting, roughly, by midyear should we stay on the current pace. And I'd be glad to respond to questions. Thank you.

CHAIR SCHEUER: Commissioners?

Commissioner Cabral.

VICE CHAIR CABRAL: How long has Group 70 been contracted to work on this project?

THE WITNESS: I'd have to review the proposal. So Francis Oda, our chairman, was probably helping with the master planning back nearly a year ago, I think, and was talking with Loren Cunningham and Paul Childers and Tom Watling (phonetic), the team at University of the Nations, on preparation for

1 this revised master plan. So I don't have the exact 2 date. 3 Our contract work started probably in the 4 spring of last year where we started pulling the 5 pieces together. The hearing that happened roughly a 6 year ago, I think, helped to really accelerate the 7 pace of all this, and so I said, "We gotta step on 8 the gas, guys, because we've got less than a year to 9 get all this together." So that's why I'm saying 10 roughly three quarters of a year we've been working on it. 11 12 VICE CHAIR CABRAL: Thank you. 13 want to thank you for all of the nice drawings. I 14 really like maps and drawings. CHAIR SCHEUER: Commissioners, questions 15 for Mr. Overton? 16 17 Commissioner Wong. 18 Okay. I have a COMMISSIONER WONG: 19 question, Mr. Overton. On the diagram of the phase, 20 the next phase --21 THE WITNESS: I can go back to it if 22 you'd like. 23 COMMISSIONER WONG: Yes. Okay. 24 THE WITNESS: That's the full build-out 25 one.

COMMISSIONER WONG: So let's leave it on this one.

THE WITNESS: Okay.

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COMMISSIONER WONG: When, I'm going to say, University of Kona came to us or Bencorp, they said they were going to do some affordable housing.

I don't see any affordable housing on there anymore.

What happened?

THE WITNESS: Sure. Okav. Well, as I mentioned earlier in the presentation, they are operating Kama'aina Hale, which is the land to the north just off-site of, say, to the left of the image along Kuakini Highway. And that project, when they took it over from the state, as I understand it, and there's people that have much greater knowledge than I do, they had to go through kind of a cleanup of hazardous materials, and then it had to be made available to the broader community so that it's, roughly, I think half-half or one-third, two-thirds occupied by University of the Nations' affiliated faculty and staff and the rest of the broader community. So they essentially had predone an affordable housing project at the outset even though we've eliminated any for-sale housing element in this project.

So I would think, ultimately, as we clean things up in terms of conditions and all, the need to fulfill an affordable housing requirement downstream may not apply to what's currently being proposed in the petition area, if that makes sense. I hope I answered your question.

COMMISSIONER WONG: Yeah, it does. It's just, I guess -- I'm sorry. It's just my concern --

I guess Commissioner Cabral can answer this better than it or state this better than I.

-- that, you know, this island, like all islands, need affordable housing. So we're -- I'm just wondering, you know, will that suffice what you just stated, you know, that mauka portion for the needs that was stated before? That's all.

THE WITNESS: At this time I probably can't answer that. I might defer that back to Julie or the rest the team.

MS. ANJO: Yeah. So with Kama'aina Hale, that project, we actually brought the director for Kama'aina Hale today if you had any specific questions for him on the nuances of that. That affordable housing project is already well in progress, and it's -- the whole development continues to be occupied at, I think, 50 percent or less of the

line required. They have minimum requirements. So if you would like more questions, we can definitely bring him up and you can get some very specific details from him.

and if time permits. The other thing I want to ask is, you said about the funding issues. Now, you said you're going to get funders, and you may move around what's being built because of funders. Say I'm a funder and I want to build the auditorium instead of the high school or something like that. How set in stone is this?

(Reporter clarification.)

COMMISSIONER WONG: How set in stone is this? Because, you know, sometimes I'll bet on the stock market as a funder, and stock markets plunge.

So you know, then they say, "Oh, you know what, sorry, but I cannot fund you anymore." So, you know, I mean, do you have -- is it in bond or is it, like, in escrow, the monies, or how is it being done?

MS. ANJO: I was going to do a financial presentation after.

COMMISSIONER WONG: Okay. I'll hold on.

Thank you, Mr. Overton. That's all.

THE WITNESS: If you have a stock market

1 tip, I'm open. 2 COMMISSIONER WONG: That's it. Thank 3 you. 4 CHAIR SCHEUER: Commissioner Chang. 5 COMMISSIONER CHANG: Thank vou. Mr. Overton. I really appreciate the presentation. 6 7 Very ambitious. Obviously, you guys have done a lot 8 of work since the last time you were here before us. 9 I think you heard the commission about what are you 10 going to -- what are you doing. So I appreciate the 11 work that's been done. Obviously, a lot of work. 12 sounds like you also did some charrettes. I'm hoping 13 you met with the community. 14 So I just have a few questions. Clearly, 15 this is a very different project than what was 16 approved in 2003. Is it your intention procedurally 17 to come back to the Land Use Commission with a motion 18 to amend? How are you going to handle the 19 different -- you know, the fact that it's a totally 20 different project and those conditions were tied to 21 that particular project? 22 MS. ANJO: No. We've been -- we're going 23 to bring the motion to amend to request an amendment 24 of the conditions that's very similar to the previous

motion to amend that we brought in 2006. So we're

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still asking the same thing. We're still at the same place that we were in 2006 wanting to do a development as we previously represented at that hearing.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: So all of the infrastructure requirements that were part of the conditions in 2003, you're going to still be able to comply with those for this particular development?

THE WITNESS: So, obviously, with a change in the development program, we're reassessing what are the requirements on each of those areas.

And as we meet with the county and state agencies and look at what's going to be required to fulfill those, we would more than likely tailor things in comparison to what the 2003 conditions were set.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: So I guess that leads me to the next question about was there an EIS prepared at the time the original project came to the commission?

THE WITNESS: There was not.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: Will you be doing an -- will the development that you're proposing trigger an environmental impact statement?

THE WITNESS: We don't see a trigger at this point. Now, the project -- that's a great

question because, as a team, we're having to ask that of ourselves. We want to make sure we comply with 343 if required here. So the types of things that might trigger that would be off-site infrastructure improvements.

Right now, and I walked through the phasing with you of the project and the build-out, as we go through and analyze each of the individual pieces of it, whether it's wastewater satisfaction or roadways and things like that, for instance, if you go back -- I'll just click back to the 2000- -- I'm sorry. I went the wrong way.

Okay. Along the makai edge, there were two driveway connections with Kuakini Highway in there. In the new plan, we have a single driveway connection there. So in some ways, that's good in that we have, you know, less penetrations of the state or the highway system in that area, which a lot of times the public works and highway folks like that, but it also concentrates the traffic at one location. So the question really is will the traffic flows warrant any kind of improvements in the public right-of-way that would either potentially be exempt

from 343, because they fit within the exemption list of allowable improvements, or they exceed that, and then it would potentially trigger 343.

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We're going to know better as this new traffic study comes out. Really, it's just weeks ahead that we'll have some answers to this. So right now, we've done sort of a gut check of projected traffic flows. In the 10 year, even up to the 20 year in terms of the build-out scenario, it's not really looking like it. And in some cases, you can have turnout lanes of your own property. You just slow down when you pull into the driveway, and that wouldn't necessarily trigger it. But if we had to do some kind of widening or signalization, none of this seems to be warranted at this time. Then I think you're starting to push the edge of that. would want to meet with the county and the state as it applies, most cases, the county here, and look at whether we hit a 343 trigger here. If we had to upsize the sewer line, for example, that, again, exceeded what is the exemption threshold for that agency, that would potentially trigger it.

So I don't have a firm yes or no answer for you here today. I will in March, I think, have a better answer for you on that. I hope that hits your

question.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: Yeah. At least what I'm hearing is it depends. So you haven't necessarily ruled it out. It depends upon your consultation with the regulatory agencies and I guess the requirements of your project, whether any of those project components would trigger a 343-5?

THE WITNESS: Yeah, that's really the one. Public land -- use of public lands that is not meeting the exemption threshold. The only other one would be an on-site wastewater treatment facility. I think that's the only other trigger that could potentially hit here. And, again, we're looking at using the county's available capacity, and their system is an 18-inch sewer line that runs along Kuakini. So our initial indications are that there's going to be adequate capacity, but we need to go through a confirmation of that process.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: Okay. So for purposes of my question, I think, again, in my view, it — in my view, it just depends. Because, I mean, this is a substantial project even though it's phased. It is 62 acres, mauka-makai. I don't know what the erosion — and I appreciate the fact that you are phasing it. So it may not be as open space.

1 But, nonetheless, there still remains an issue 2 whether a 343 would be triggered. 3 THE WITNESS: Yeah. 4 COMMISSIONER CHANG: You're not using any 5 state funds, no federal funds? THE WITNESS: That's correct. 6 7 COMMISSIONER CHANG: All of this is just 8 private funding. Okay. And I know Bob Rechtman just 9 left, but are your archaeological sites those that 10 are marked in A? 11 THE WITNESS: Correct. Those are the 12 major ones, the preservation sites. 13 COMMISSIONER CHANG: So I notice that you 14 have a burial -- you have a burial treatment plan. 15 So these were found -- were these burials previously 16 identified found during an archaeological inventory 17 survey? 18 THE WITNESS: So we're testing the limits 19 here of my edge, but that, of course, they had to go 20 through all that when they identified things going 21 through that. Again, the property was acquired in 22 2000. Then they went through the studies that 23 supported the 2003 process. 24 I've got the old -- so they all got the

site numbers attached to them, and it's all been

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coordinated with SHPD in terms of establishing -- and 1 2 Hawaii Island Burial Council. 3 COMMISSIONER CHANG: Do you know if there 4 were any recognized cultural descendants or lineal 5 descendants identified during this process? I'm going to have to defer. 6 THE WITNESS: 7 COMMISSIONER CHANG: And I would like to 8 know whether, and if you can check with Bob, whether 9 those, one, have there been any cultural or lineal 10 descendants identified for these burials, and, two, 11 if so, have they been consulted with respect to the 12 project? If you can just kind of confirm that for 13 me. 14 THE WITNESS: Okay. 15 COMMISSIONER CHANG: And I think it was 16 during -- there was a mention about do you have a --17 you said a lineal descendant Leina'ala? What was her name -- her last name? 18 19 MS. ANJO: Fruean. 20 COMMISSIONER CHANG: And she is a lineal 21 descendant? 22 MS. ANJO: F-R-E-U-E-N [sic]. 23 COMMISSIONER CHANG: And she is a 24 recognized lineal descendant? 25 MS. ANJO: Yes. She is a recognized

lineal descendant of the Gomes property. So the reclassified area, we had comped the Gomes property. She's a Gomes descendant. So she's been actually involved with us for many years as we've walked through the process.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: And only because it's kind of a term of art being a recognized lineal descendant, so do you know is she a descendant because burials were found on that adjacent property? Who is she a lineal descendant too?

MS. ANJO: The ownership. The past ownership of the land as it's passed down.

Question you can ask Bob? Because recognized lineal descendants are a term of art under Chapter 6E.

Usually you recognize a particular burial. You can be an ancestral -- you can have an ancestral connection to the land; you're from there. But if you can just confirm what is she a lineal descendant to? Because they have a particular status under the law. So if you can just confirm that.

And the project that's adjacent to your property where your existing site is, campus, what's the zoning of that property? Is that urban too where your existing campus is? The 45 acres.

1	THE WITNESS: Yes, that's urban.
2	COMMISSIONER CHANG: It's urban. Okay.
3	And I know
4	Jeff, have you been on the land?
5	THE WITNESS: Just on the edges. I have
6	not done a thorough tour of the property.
7	COMMISSIONER CHANG: And we're not at an
8	order to show cause here, I understand. But has
9	there been, based upon your personal observation of
10	the land, any existing uses of this of the 65
11	acres, 62 acres?
12	THE WITNESS: Yes. There is some modest
13	aquaponics/agricultural elements that's tied to the
14	campus there. So there's some
15	COMMISSIONER CHANG: Was that part of the
16	original LUC approval, the aquaponics, or is that
17	just an overflow from the existing campus?
18	THE WITNESS: There was always going to
19	be a university component in there, and agriculture
20	has been one element of the education group.
21	COMMISSIONER CHANG: But was that
22	particular component one of what was being proposed
23	in the original was that represented to LUC that
24	that was part of the original project?
25	THE WITNESS: Here's the original that

1 was in the -- and I'm pointing to the exhibit of the 2 2003 master plan. So if you see on the left-hand side and handwritten, it says "Future U of N 3 educational pavilion." That area is actually where 4 5 we have some of the existing agricultural functions 6 that -- sort of modest improvement of the petition 7 area in there. This doesn't say "farm." 8 COMMISSIONER CHANG: But beyond that, are 9 there any roadways that have been constructed or any 10 other existing -- and I'm not making a judgment call. I'm just wanting to know as someone who's actually 11 12 been on the property, whether you saw any actual uses 13 of the land other than some modest aquaponic uses. 14 THE WITNESS: So I'm going to defer to 15 some of the U of N team for more of the details on 16 that. 17 COMMISSIONER CHANG: All right. Thank 18 you. 19 CHAIR SCHEUER: Commissioner Aczon. 20 VICE CHAIR ACZON: Like Commissioner 21 Chang, I kind of -- this is a substantial change from 22 the original project. Out of that 19 conditions 23 attached to the 2003 decision and order, do you have 24 any idea how many of these were complied to?

THE WITNESS: I don't. I didn't come

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1 prepared to go through a conditions compliance 2 analysis. I just want to know if 3 VICE CHAIR ACZON: 4 you have some idea because this is a status report. 5 I just want to kind of see --THE WITNESS: 6 Right. 7 VICE CHAIR ACZON: -- the status. 8 THE WITNESS: So I'm going to defer to 9 the applicant or their counsel to respond to that 10 issue because we've just been in the kitchen working 11 on the master plan and pushing forward really. I 12 know the archaeological conditions have been the one 13 I'm aware of in terms of pretty high level of 14 compliance really on the archaeological requirements. 15 VICE CHAIR ACZON: Because I notice 16 there's a lot of progress on papers --17 THE WITNESS: Yeah. 18 VICE CHAIR ACZON: -- on design and 19 everything, but wondering if there's any kind of --20 THE WITNESS: I know there's a condition 21 on education in there because they were building a 22 residential component before, that there was 23 affordable housing in there, and, of course, those 24 conditions just don't apply the same to the current

development program in there. Even though they have

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gone ahead with their affordable piece, and Julie said most of it's 50 percent AMI qualified by the residents in there. So it's serving a purpose quite well already on affordability. They are a school. So I don't know if they need to build a school. But they are building a school, actually. Sorry.

VICE CHAIR ACZON: Yeah, maybe the U of N

people can answer those questions. You mentioned about the affordable housing. Hale -- the Kama'aina Hale is outside of the petition area?

THE WITNESS: Correct.

VICE CHAIR ACZON: So the original proposal of the housing project, was it in the petition area?

THE WITNESS: As far as I know, it was going to be intermixed with the development proposal. But I don't have details on how the specifics of the affordable housing was going to be provided and implemented.

VICE CHAIR ACZON: I'm just kind of wondering how the county thinks about the issues.

MS. ANJO: Yeah. According to the D & O, the original conditions, it just says "provide affordable housing opportunities for residents in the State of Hawaii in accordance with applicable housing

requirements. The location and distribution shall be under the terms as agreeable." So it doesn't specify that it was to be on the reclassified area, specifically.

VICE CHAIR ACZON: Okay. Thank you. I might want to ask that later.

CHAIR SCHEUER: Thank you, Commissioner Aczon.

Further questions for Mr. Overton? Commissioner Ohigashi.

COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Obviously, you're proposing to do it in two phases, this project. The question that I have is has there been any kind of determination what initial groundwork or putting down water lines or putting down roads, what areas would that go in initially and what would be the time frame for those?

answer that. I'll advance us to the slide on here that is the first colored -- that's the existing ones in gray, and now this is the first -- what we're calling a 5- to 10-year initial phase or first steps in development in here. So, again, in the core area, you see the disciple -- it's like sort of the instruction training area in the center there, some

1 of the athletic complex pieces in there. In the 2 upper section of the property with the agricultural 3 and the storage and the maintenance facility and then the beginnings of the lower school at the far makai 4 5 edge, those are the pieces that are intended to come 6 in as well as the archaeological restoration and 7 protection. 8 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Have there been 9 any planning with regard to infrastructure 10 requirements for those particular areas? 11 THE WITNESS: That's what we're working 12 on right now. 13 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: And will those 14 infrastructure be phased into the phase? In other 15 words, will there be phases of infrastructure 16 improvements ongoing into the area? 17 THE WITNESS: Exactly. We would not 18 necessarily --19 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Would you be 20 providing a timetable for those infrastructural 21 phases to go into it? 22 Right now, we just have a THE WITNESS: 23 macro-level timetable of a 5- to 10-year build-out of 24 what's depicted here and the table that responds to 25 this.

1	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: So are you going
2	to prepare more specific plans?
3	THE WITNESS: Absolutely.
4	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: And when would
5	that be available?
6	THE WITNESS: So for the March
7	presentation, the information going there, I think
8	will spell out the different elements, as you say,
9	requirements to support these different levels of
10	campus build-out.
11	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: And the cost for
12	those different elements, will those be included in
13	your projections?
14	THE WITNESS: We need to prepare
15	preliminary cost projections.
16	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Would there be
17	also financing of those costs for those preliminary
18	items?
19	THE WITNESS: Well, I'm going to let
20	Julie speak to finance pieces.
21	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: So I'm going to
22	assume that they're going to have to provide that?
23	THE WITNESS: Yeah. It's going to be
24	hard to build it otherwise.
25	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Right.

1 Otherwise, we won't know whether or not it's even 2 possible to build. Because here we have a situation where we have everything approved way back when; 3 right? I'm assuming there was a different financing 4 5 plan based upon the amount of housing that they were going to provide, a different model, and that was, 6 7 you know -- and now that the housing market has 8 revived, that model may work; however, we're faced 9 with a model that is preliminarily described as if 10 you can find the donor, then we'll build it. THE WITNESS: I don't --11 12 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: At this point in 13 time, are you aware of any reserves that the church 14 has dedicated to the -- to the initial infrastructure 15 requirements that are not required on a donor basis? MS. ANJO: Yes, Commissioner. Do you 16 17 want me to --18 CHAIR SCHEUER: If I understand, 19 Ms. Anjo, you have a presentation planned later --20 MS. ANJO: Yeah. 21 CHAIR SCHEUER: -- as far as financial. 22 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Perhaps you can 23 remember my question then. MS. ANJO: Well, hopefully, the 24 25 presentation, that will address your concern, and

1	then if you have additional questions.
2	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Going back to
3	that affordable housing provision, the first the
4	master plan that you have shows that particular
5	housing within the project area?
6	THE WITNESS: You gotta go backwards.
7	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: This Lalali [sic]
8	Village something; right?
9	THE WITNESS: Yeah.
10	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: So was that part
11	of the project area at that time?
12	THE WITNESS: You're talking about kind
13	of the central mauka
14	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Yes, up there.
15	THE WITNESS: piece in there?
16	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Or is the
17	VICE CHAIR CABRAL: Hualalai Village.
18	THE WITNESS: That was actually built
19	independent of the campus plan.
20	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: This original
21	document, that portion is not part of the petition
22	area
23	THE WITNESS: Correct.
24	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: right? It
25	seems to me that it was designed to be the same type

of housing throughout the --

THE WITNESS: That's the way --

COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: They sold it off or they reacquired it, or what was the reason for that, if you know?

not part of -- well, it's not in the petition area, first of all, because the 62 acres excludes that area. But as you mentioned, the style of development, it's complementary to that, basically mimics that. I don't have enough familiarity to talk about whether there was a connection with that prior development.

COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: And your statement is that you believe that this development that is not part of it originally, that may satisfy the housing -- low-cost housing development within the -- within the project area requirement?

THE WITNESS: Go ahead.

MS. ANJO: So the top part -- just to add some clarification, so the affordable housing element is Kama'aina Hale, and it's on the other side of the 45 acres at the bottom portion towards Kuakini. So it's a different development. That's the affordable housing -- yes, there you go. You see, it's the

purple piece. And then the mint green color or the green-colored one is the one that you're questioning which is called Hualalai Village.

my confusion comes from is the original map that you provided that has this piece -- additional piece of property appears to have -- do we know -- I'm just curious, was it one whole development at one time or was it -- because there seems to be integrated roads and --

THE WITNESS: I think the confusion is that the master planner in the graphic that you're looking at there included that to show sort of adjacency in there even though it wasn't part of the petition area. As I look in the records, it actually is whited out elsewhere, but this was an original graphic that was in the file. So I can understand the possible confusion here that that may have been a development increment of it. It was never part of the 62-acre petition area.

MS. ANJO: It is -- it was -
Commissioner, it was also -- it was phase 1 of the project, but it was outside, as he said, the reclassified area. So, originally, the vision, they did that portion first, but it did not require any

1 change of classification. 2 THE WITNESS: It was urban. MS. ANJO: It was already urban. 3 So this other section did require change of classification to 4 5 the urban classification. And it was to be all 6 luxury condos. So the project was initially 7 submitted to be luxury condos. It was not submitted 8 to be affordable housing. 9 I think perhaps if I may CHAIR SCHEUER: 10 briefly step in, is the clarification that's being 11 sought that this map of the original 2003 master plan 12 is beyond the scope of the petition area that we are 13 focused on? 14 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: That portion. 15 MS. ANJO: It is beyond the scope of the petition area. 16 17 CHAIR SCHEUER: But includes other lands 18 that are not in the petition area? 19 MS. ANJO: It does. Yes, it does. 20 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: So may I follow 21 up on one more question about that? How many 22 affordable housing units were planned on the property 23 itself? 24 MS. ANJO: This property, it's not --25 this is for luxury condos, and so they were going to

1 be building the affordable housing condition was --2 so I think that's why it was brought in and to be at other locations according to the actual condition of 3 4 the D & O, condition No. 1. 5 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: So your testimony is there has never been on-property low cost or 6 7 housing plans for this? 8 MS. ANJO: As it happens, it is a 9 community -- they subsequently made this into a 10 community land trust. But I believe the original 11 vision and the original plan, which is before we 12 actually came onto the scene, but the original plan 13 was for high luxury condos to be sold off to finance 14 other projects. So that was what was granted, but we 15 changed vision a lot and we're not seeking --COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: I'm just asking 16 17 under the D & O, was there any on-site low-cost 18 housing? 19 MS. ANJO: Based on the condition itself, 20 it does not say that. 21 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: That's what I 22 wanted to know. 23 Thank you, Commissioner CHAIR SCHEUER: 24 Ohigashi. Where are we at in terms of questions for

Mr. Overton? We've been going a little bit over an

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hour. Commissioners, are there further questions for Mr. Overton at this time? Are there further questions that you want to ask after a break? I have a couple, but I can wait. We've been going one hour. So let's take a break. And just for everybody's benefit, it's 1:53. Commissioner -- commissioners are on a 5:10 flight to Oahu. So we can probably go to about 4:00 o'clock. Hopefully, we can reach some kind of decision by then. Let's take a break till 2:05. (Whereupon, a recess was taken from 1:53 p.m. until 2:08 p.m.) CHAIR SCHEUER: We're back in session. Were there other questions from the commissioners for Mr. Overton? I have a couple questions. Where are you in the process of -- I'll ask my question, and I'll explain why I'm asking the question before you Where are you in terms of developing respond. analysis of compliance of the new master plan for this property with the Kona Community Development

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I ask the question, and I think this is perhaps resonant with some of the questions of some of my fellow commissioners is that the new plan is so

Plan and the Hawaii County General Plan?

Commission originally considered, that while we are currently simply in a status hearing, there's this pendent OSC hearing, and there is the consideration of what would be happening here in the future, and in some ways, I think it is at least useful to think about it as if we were considering this sort as a de novo district boundary amendment, one criteria which is are these proposals in compliance with regional and county general plans. So where are you at in terms of that analysis?

THE WITNESS: We will address compliance with --

CHAIR SCHEUER: I think your microphone might not be on.

THE WITNESS: Thanks. Jeff Overton, G70.

So to respond to that question, I'd say at a high level, we need to address compliance with existing county and then proposed amended plans, such as Kona Community Development Plan or the general plan, how we would be in compliance with those.

Right now they view the site under its existing urban reclassified position, and I guess -- I haven't gone and reviewed what is new drafts of those, but it was based on what was on the books as of the 2003

urbanized land there. So alongside the existing campus. And so I have not heard -- it's not been brought to my attention that there's interest from the planning department to change things based on that, but I'm kind of taking that at a high level. We'd like to speak with the county on this if there's concerns about that.

CHAIR SCHEUER: And thank you. Just to be clear, I wasn't suggesting that because there have been revisions — there is a pendent revision of the Hawaii County General Plan, I wasn't suggesting that the general plan was now going to suggest this is a nonurban area, but I believe compliance goes beyond "is the zoning complementary?"

I mean, certainly, the Kona Community

Development Plan is a document I actually read from cover to cover. It has very clear visions about the kinds of uses beyond just what the specific zoning is. So that's the -- you know, what's being proposed is very different than what's envisioned. The Kona Community Development Plan was developed after a very exhaustive process of looking at what's already on the landscape and what people were planning at the time. So that's the kind of -- is it harmonized with this new vision? Does it work into the general plan

and the Kona Community Development Plan?

I'd say we're headed towards the project district zone change application, which would be a much more substantive examination of districts within the property and how it would fit within that context of the Kona Community Development Plan and that vision for the region and subareas. At the same time, we'd be meeting with the county to really chart the best course for the property to implement that project district zone change. So you raise a good point, and I think we will touch on it in our environmental report to show how we're complementary with it, but the meat of it is really going to come in the project district app further downstream.

CHAIR SCHEUER: Thank you. Sorry. Just to follow up immediately, you keep referring to an environmental report, and I'm assuming you're being very careful to not say "environmental assessment" or "environmental impact statement," but some compilation of various studies. Is that what you're referring to when you say "environmental report"?

THE WITNESS: Correct.

CHAIR SCHEUER: So that leads into my second question which is if this was de novo, we

would probably be, in this day and age, looking at an EIS or an EA at minimum, and you'd look at a whole range of things in an obligatory fashion, one of which would be water. I don't see anything in your update so far in terms of securing water sources for this very substantial development. And water is also something I'm somewhat familiar with in this area.

THE WITNESS: So we need to address it as one of the many infrastructure components that we're updating to be sure that we are supporting what is a downscaled project now in terms of water demand and as well as wastewater management for the property.

So it's one piece of the puzzle. We're acutely aware of what is the water situation here in the region, and it differs from where things were at in 2003. So we're looking at both sides of it.

We are working with a hydrogeologist, Tom Nance, as our consulting hydrogeologist on the project. We have some options for it in terms of potable well development partnering that are in the works, as well as we know that a certain amount of supply could be provided through on-site water development with the reverse osmosis process. We would love to work with rainwater preferentially here, but it would involve some participation in

off-site. The details of this are in the works, and we'll have more information for you in March.

I don't have a lot of details other than to say the current water system on the property needs repairs. So they are using more water than they have the right to, I guess, with the county. The county, in our meetings with them, are saying, "You need to fix your system." So that's one of the first priorities right now to fix the leaks on the property to reduce the current demands at the campus, and that just makes sense today.

And then going forward, how can we reduce what would be the potable water demand on this property through what is a current understanding of, say, a sustainable approach to the property? Of course, all the low-flow fixtures, less thirsty landscape. Can we reuse water on the property? We really want to minimize what would be the potable demand for the property. We're looking at roughly a quarter million gallons per day as a total built-out campus demand, and we won't need all that in 10 years. But through the project at the ultimate build-out, that's roughly the target that we're looking at.

CHAIR SCHEUER: So an update on that

would be good, and I think I would also just highlight that since the original entitlement of this project, the water development is governed by a few documents, the Water Resources Protection Plan of the State of Hawaii as well as the Hawaii County Water Use and Development Plan and its component parts, including a draft, not finalized, plan for the Keauhou aguifer.

One critical statement in the Water
Resources Protection Plan that was recently adopted acknowledges that when the state sets sustainable yields for aquifers, they do not explicitly consider the impacts on groundwater-dependent ecosystems. So what that means is when the state says there is 38 million gallons a day as a sustainable yield for Keauhou, that does not necessarily protect the flows of groundwater which, especially in this area, are really important to near-shore ecosystems and traditional and customary practices and especially with the great proximity of this site to the coast.

The development -- certainly, the development of groundwater very near the coast tends to have very observable and significant impacts that if you only look at an aquifer-wide equation and say, "Oh, we only need a quarter of a million gallons.

There's 38 million gallons available. Everything's fine," doesn't capture those other actually known, very significant issues. So I would hope to see some attention to that.

THE WITNESS: Yeah. So our timetable with March looming, we will have more information than we have today. We may not have every answer definitively established by that time, but I would definitely say we will definitely have more information on the water supply for that need.

CHAIR SCHEUER: And, again, you mentioned Mr. Nance who is, if I was to drill a well, I would absolutely go to Mr. Nance. If I was to ask about the ecological impacts of water development, I would not go to Mr. Nance.

Are there other questions for Mr. Overton at this time?

If not, Ms. Anjo, can you give me an overview of the remainder of your presentation?

MS. ANJO: I was just going to briefly cover the finance plan and then close.

CHAIR SCHEUER: About how long did you anticipate needing absent the unpredictable nature of our questions? I would ask no one to predict that.

MS. ANJO: I was thinking like eight

minutes or something.

CHAIR SCHEUER: Great. Please proceed.

MS. ANJO: I'm going to look at my clock and make sure that I'm not going over the time.

So the first portion of what I wanted to bring before you was the finance plan for financing this development. We submitted to you on December 24th, 2019, the financials, and also the faith-based model enclosure No. 5 of the status report in November was also submitted.

The first point I wanted to make was according to 2019 net assets, approximately 3 to 4 million in liabilities of 7.5 million, the assets exceed the liabilities which shows that the University of Nations is financially sound at this -- well, we're a financially sound entity.

The second is a question of where our revenues derived from, and as a nonprofit and a volunteer mission organization, our primary revenues have historically been based off donations of large donors or even small donors to finance projects to date. So we use donations, and we use tuition and fees as well from the students that come in.

The financial plan for the financing of this 62 acres is three -- threefold, fundraising and

donations, cash surplus and increase in student enrollment in fees -- student enrollment, and then, if necessary, the conventional loan financing option is available as well. So with financing and donations, we call this a faith-based model, but, effectively, most people call it fundraising.

So to date, for the last 35 years, we've raised approximately \$78 million to develop the 45 acres that we are on in this form. And this does bring up what was mentioned before that if we have a donor who comes in who has a specific project on their heart, something that they're concerned about, they may ask if they can contribute to a specific project. For example, the easiest and most recent example would be the cafeteria project on the 45 acres, not on the reclassified area, where a donor came in and requested to contribute to that specific project in the building of that — of that structure.

so it's not as clean -- it's not the same as when you're developing a project and we say, "Oh, the first phase has to be completed, and then the funds from that phase are going to be used to fund the second phase." For us, what is available, what the donors are wanting to contribute to, that's obviously what we're going to look at for development

as well. But we do have a structure plan to move forward, and for the structure plan to move forward, we have current cash surplus and increase of student enrollment. Our cash surplus at this time, the annual — the annual cash surplus is between 1.5 and 2 million per year, and that can be applied to — it's discretionary and can be applied to the development of the reclassified area.

We also have -- we have been having an increase in student enrollment for several years on the trajectory that will continue, and even a conservative estimate on that will -- will also increase that cash surplus available to us to develop out the property -- to develop the property. And in the March statement, we will also be able to give you the exact details of those numbers.

And then the other element is that we have reduced costs in that we are a volunteer organization. So a lot of the work that's done in construction is done through volunteer labor, through highly qualified individuals who come and volunteer their time to help us develop the property and the land. So that also significantly reduces our costs by about 40 percent.

And then the last option that is

conventional loan financing. At this time the financials show the university can very easily take out a loan at a minimum of 10 million to easily follow that through. And the first phase of this project in the next 5 to 10 years is estimated about 14 million. Based on just the student number and the excess cash flow that we have, the cash surplus coming through, that alone would be conservatively \$15 million. So that would finance easily the first phase of the project as we move forward. However, as the student enrollment increases, we'll have additional funds available to us in that sense, not even discussing the donation basis through which we often operate.

So just a quick summary because I know we're a little bit short on time, and then I would love to answer any questions that you have on the finances.

Just the overall project on the reclassified area and the land, it integrates changes that align better with our nonprofit purpose from the original plan. The changes in the plan do provide a lesser impact than the original plan by removing the for-profit cultural center and the market housing.

Instead of -- instead, the new plan allows the

1 reclassified area to be used for university and 2 educational facilities, including classrooms, 3 dormitory buildings and the integration of the 4 archaeological sites into the University of the 5 Nations' curriculum. It is also evident from our master plan 6 7 and our financial statements that we've submitted 8 that the University of the Nations is in a position 9 and is ready to move forward on this development so 10 that we can continue to train those who are serving 11 in Hawaii and in the nation. Thank you. 12 CHAIR SCHEUER: Thank vou. 13 Commissioners, questions? 14 Commissioner Ohigashi, did you have a 15 follow-up to your earlier questions on finances? 16 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: I thought she was 17 going to answer it. 18 CHAIR SCHEUER: So I take it you have a 19 follow-up? No? 20 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Not right now. 21 Let me think. 22 CHAIR SCHEUER: Commissioner Chang. 23 COMMISSIONER CHANG: Thank you for the 24 presentation. Just a couple of questions. Is your 25 financing dependent upon the phased project as

proposed, the three phases?

MS. ANJO: The financing is as we -- as the phases continue, it allows for better or greater enrollment opportunities. It does impact the financing, but not -- not in the traditional sense. It's just -- obviously, the more students we have, if we're using that as the mechanism for financing, then it would increase the funds.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: Can I ask what is your student tuition? If that's one of the considerations is the student enrollment, what is the cost first?

MS. ANJO: Student tuition is \$2,400 per quarter. So that's for three months. We're on a quarterly system. And, also, I have -- I have one of the gentlemen from our finance department if you're looking for really nuanced numbers from the financials that we submitted, but it is \$2,400 per quarter. So every three months.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: Okay. And I was trying to find the specific rule in the specific finding, but in most instances, many of our LUC, we're looking at projects completing in 10 years. This is being proposed for 30 years. That's your phased approach. If you had to build it in a shorter

1 period of time, do you have financing to finance the 2 entire project on a more expedited schedule? MS. ANJO: I would need to examine all 3 4 the numbers to see. We -- the project -- the 5 financing that we have exceeds currently the cost of 6 the project. So I would need to just go over the 7 details to see at what -- at what time frame that 8 that would be. 9 COMMISSIONER CHANG: And what kind of 10 commitment has the church made to this project? I 11 mean, you say you're -- you are sound, financially 12 sound and you've prepared your finances, but what 13 kind of commitment is there in writing specifically 14 to finance this project from the church? 15 MS. ANJO: From the mission? COMMISSIONER CHANG: 16 Yes. 17 MS. ANJO: Well, it is the mission who's 18 seeking to do this development. But if you would 19 like, we also have our COO if you want to get a word 20 from him. But it is the mission seeking to do this 21 development. So they are quite committed to it. 22 COMMISSIONER CHANG: Does the mission do 23 any other projects, or is this the only project that 24 they have?

MS. ANJO: Development projects?

COMMISSIONER CHANG: Yes. Is this the 1 2 only project that they're financing? 3 MS. ANJO: This -- sorry. The University 4 of Nations, Kona -- sorry. I've got my team back 5 here who's hollering. Sorry. Yeah, the University of Nations, Kona, 6 7 this is their -- this is their development project. 8 COMMISSIONER CHANG: And the finances you 9 provided us were specifically from the University of 10 Kona, those finances --THE WITNESS: 11 Yes. 12 COMMISSIONER CHANG: -- or are they from 13 your larger --14 THE WITNESS: Yes. This is the 15 University of Nations, Kona, specifically. Every 16 entity and Youth With a Mission or the University of 17 the Nations is a separate legal entity. So we are 18 all individualized. 19 COMMISSIONER CHANG: Okay. That's the 20 questions that I have right now as I'm thinking. 21 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Mr. Chair? 22 CHAIR SCHEUER: Commissioner Ohigashi. 23 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Do you have 24 estimates as to what the entire build-out cost would 25 be?

1	MS. ANJO: Yes. The estimate, based on
2	inflation, is currently at 224 million.
3	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: And that would be
4	within the 30-year time period?
5	MS. ANJO: Yes.
6	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: In other words,
7	you would spend 220 million 230
8	MS. ANJO: 224.
9	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: 224 million over
10	a 30-year period of time?
11	MS. ANJO: Yes.
12	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Do you have any
13	estimate as to phase 1?
14	MS. ANJO: Phase 1 is 14 million, almost
15	15.
16	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: And under that
17	scenario, do you have estimates for the total amount
18	of infrastructure necessary to fund for phase 1?
19	MS. ANJO: They have set out the
20	estimates on
21	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Approximately.
22	MS. ANJO: They have set out the
23	estimates.
24	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: So what I'm
25	trying to get at is this: If you do get this project

1 approved and you do get to move forward in this area, 2 in order for -- to justify a timetable, would it be -- wouldn't it be necessary to make some initial 3 dedication to make sure initial infrastructure is 4 5 done? Otherwise, we run the same risk of having OSC 6 come back after five years or two years or three 7 years, no action. So my question is, is that initial 8 numbers, have they been researched and have you 9 determined whether or not that initial amount can be 10 funded within a certain amount of period of time that 11 would make the phase -- 10-year phase work? 12 MS. ANJO: Yes, sir, we have. 13 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: And can you 14 explain how it's done? 15 MS. ANJO: Yes. So just on the cash surplus, even without using donations and fundraising 16 17 that we traditionally use, even if we just used that, 18 that would fund the first phase of the project 19 completely. 20 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: In other words, 21 you can raise \$15 million in 10 years? 22 MS. ANJO: Yes. 23 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Is that right? 24 MS. ANJO: Yes, sir. 25 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: That cash surplus

1 will be dedicated towards that amount? Is that what 2 you're saying? MS. ANJO: If we need to, we have that 3 available. Obviously, if we have the fundraising 4 5 coming in through donations, then we would be applying the donations first to the project that 6 7 they've been designated for. 8 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: You know, like, 9 I've seen in past OSCs, people come up with a financing plan saying that, "Hey, we have this letter 10 11 of credit. The bank will give us this amount," 12 et cetera, et cetera. So they have some dedicated 13 financing source. Is your organization willing to 14 enter into that to dedicate that amount of funding 15 source? In other words, use up all your cash 16 reserves for that purpose? 17 MS. ANJO: Yes, to my -- yes, to my 18 knowledge. 19 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: I'm just asking. 20 MS. ANJO: We are very committed to this 21 project to see it move forward, and we will do 22 whatever we can do to see that move forward. 23 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Are you able to 24 get -- are you able to get indications from banks or

anything that will be able to ensure that you are

able to provide the funding?

MS. ANJO: So far we've spoken with one bank, and they have been very amicable about providing conventional funding through loans to us because of our -- the assets versus our liabilities. They find it -- they seem quite open by asking lots of times to provide that financing.

COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: And I'm not trying to be difficult or anything like that, but one of the reasons why this project hasn't been going forward was the statements I remember reading in the record that made it untenable to do the type of development that there was: financially, the bottom fell out, financial difficulties, and was not able to do it. And that was, my guess, was the funding source for a lot of the improvements that would be done.

So the question is, is that in order to go forward and not have the same situation reoccur again, it would behoove some kind of more meatier presentation with regard to how items will be funded in the future, I guess.

MS. ANJO: Yes.

1	MS. ANJO: Yes. And that is the
2	intention as we are preparing the motion to amend to
3	submit that as well to you in March.
4	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: And rest assured,
5	even if it doesn't occur, a motion to amend or it
6	would appear that under the OSC process, you would be
7	able to provide that type of information also
8	MS. ANJO: Yes.
9	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: in order to
10	determine whether or not to go forward with this
11	matter?
12	MS. ANJO: Yes, sir.
13	CHAIR SCHEUER: Thank you, Commissioner
14	Ohigashi.
15	Commissioner Wong.
16	COMMISSIONER WONG: Okay. What is your
17	student body makeup?
18	MS. ANJO: I'm sorry?
19	COMMISSIONER WONG: Student body makeup.
20	What is the makeup of your student body? What
21	location or how many, et cetera?
22	MS. ANJO: Probably I'm probably going
23	to need to ask
24	COMMISSIONER WONG: Go ahead. Go ahead.
25	MS. ANJO: I probably need to ask

1 somebody who's versed in this. 2 It's approximately about 700. COMMISSIONER WONG: From where? 3 MS. ANJO: 33 nations. It's quite 4 5 international, and it does change every quarter. So it's a bit difficult to pinpoint it. 6 7 COMMISSIONER WONG: Okay. Several things 8 going through my head. So please bear with me. 9 besides dinner. 10 Anyway, right now, as we all know, 11 there's issues in the Middle East. Okay? I'm just 12 thinking forward. Hopefully, nothing happens. 13 when something happened like the former Iraq War 14 occurred, tuition in the state plummeted for Hawaii 15 Pacific University, which is an international 16 cottage. So you stated in your statement that some 17 of the funding will come from the tuition. Do you 18 have -- are you prepared for something like that in 19 your reserves if you're going to construction? 20 MS. ANJO: Yes. This is based -- this is 21 outside the operational costs. 22 COMMISSIONER WONG: Okay. All the 23 student tuition will be operational while you have 24 CIP money already set aside? 25 MS. ANJO: Yeah. The operational costs

1 are separate and distinct, and because of the way our 2 structure is, we keep our tuition relatively --3 actually relatively low because we're volunteers. So 4 our overhead costs are less than a typical 5 university's. 6 COMMISSIONER WONG: I'm from a 7 construction background. Guys, from construction 8 background, when you have to construct a project, you 9 have to have licensed contractors. As you said, 10 you're going to have volunteer people assisting. 11 Will you have licensed contractors? I don't want to 12 see the building crash on anyone's head. 13 MS. ANJO: That would not be ideal. 14 COMMISSIONER WONG: Yeah. 15 MS. ANJO: No.Absolutely, we have 16 licensed contractors. We have civil engineers that volunteer for us. We have architects. We have a lot 17 18 of very highly qualified --19 COMMISSIONER WONG: That are licensed in 20 Hawaii? 21 MS. ANJO: Yes, they are licensed 22 currently. 23 COMMISSIONER WONG: And I heard you say 24 that you are going to come back maybe in March to 25 amend this docket?

MS. ANJO: Yes. The goal has been for this status report to provide you a status update just to show that we are moving forward, that we're doing what we need to do so that we can file the motion to amend in a timely manner.

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COMMISSIONER WONG: So I don't know how to say it, but I will just say it and put it --

You know, right now or before this statement you just said, I felt for myself now that I was being jerked around as a commissioner in terms of, you know, you had -- you guys are going to We're going to move it to ag because we cannot do it. Now we're going to withdraw that motion. You know, I felt like what's happening, man? You know, and then -- so that's my feeling right now. But with Mr. Overton and your issues, I'm a little bit more satisfied. Okay. I'm just going to say that for the record. However, I am still concerned about the funding stream because, you know, escrow money, construction costs, bridge loans and all that because you only said you have a bank that's agreeable at this point in time, but there's nothing on record. There's no letter of credit. So I just wanted to say that that's where I am right now.

about is because this sounds like a brand new 1 2 project. I'm very concerned. Even though I have a little background in this and my other commissioners 3 too, the environmental portion, the EIS/EA, you know, 4 5 I don't know if there's going to be a trigger or not, but this is a very big change than what was requested 6 7 in the beginning. And I'm just going to state that 8 for -- to tell you that, hopefully, I will be -- you know, less -- be put more at ease on this. That's 9 10 it. 11 Thank you, Chair. 12 CHAIR SCHEUER: Thank you, Commissioner 13 Wong. 14 Commissioner Aczon followed by 15 Commissioner Okuda. 16 VICE CHAIR ACZON: This is going to be a 17 quick question. Similar to Commissioner Wong, my 18 background is construction. I have some projects now 19 which is kind of smaller than this project and costs 20 more than what you have. So is your testimony of the 21 \$14 million phase 1 based on volunteer work? 22 MS. ANJO: Yes, sir, it does factor in 23 volunteer workers. 24 VICE CHAIR ACZON: Thank you. 25 CHAIR SCHEUER: Thank you, Commissioner

1	Aczon.
2	Commissioner Okuda.
3	COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Thank you, Chair.
4	This question relates to viability to the
5	extent that viability's at issue. Is your
6	institution accredited by any accrediting entity
7	which accredits post-secondary institutions?
8	MS. ANJO: Our institution is accredited
9	the Global Accreditation Agency, which is more, like,
10	for GLO universities, but not recognized by the
11	Department of Education.
12	COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Okay. And when we
13	say not recognized by the Department of Education,
14	are we speaking of the federal Department of
15	Education
16	MS. ANJO: Yes.
17	COMMISSIONER OKUDA: or the state
18	Department of Education or both?
19	MS. ANJO: The federal Department of
20	Education.
21	COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Are the credits
22	earned by your students transferable to other
23	institutions that are accredited?
24	MS. ANJO: Yes, sir. It can be
25	transferred.

1 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Okav. Is there a 2 reason why your institution is not accredited by, for example, the institutions that accredit, let's say, 3 the University of Hawaii, different campuses or 4 5 Chaminade University or Hawaii Pacific University or even, I think, Argosy University even though Argosy 6 7 had some business issues? 8 MS. ANJO: I think that's a good question 9 we often get, and there are several reasons why we 10 did not choose to pursue accreditation through a U.S. 11 accrediting agency. One of the biggest reasons or 12 concerns is we're in, like, approximately 142 13 countries. Branches of our university are in other 14 countries. So if we sought accreditation from every 15 country that we were a part of, there's no way that 16 we could get all of those countries to agree upon 17 what accreditation quidelines and restrictions would 18 be for us to comply with is one major issue. 19 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: But your primary 20 campus is here in the county of Hawaii; correct? 21 MS. ANJO: I would say our largest campus 22 is probably here in the county of Hawaii. 23 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: So your university 24 has other campuses? 25 MS. ANJO: Yes, sir.

1 COMMISSIONER OKUDA: I'm sorry?

MS. ANJO: Yes, sir. And it's based out of Lausanne, Switzerland.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: I don't want to get too far afield. That was basically my question.

Thank you, Chair.

CHAIR SCHEUER: Thank you, Commissioner Okuda.

Any further questions for the petitioner at this time? We still also have to hear from the county and OP.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: Just one.

CHAIR SCHEUER: Commissioner Chang.

COMMISSIONER CHANG: Thank you. I think
I found the provision in our rules that, in light of
this 30-year schedule, I'm looking at the rule
15-15-70, "Incremental Districting"; that this
appears to be -- that what you're proposing is very
different from what the original development was, and
I am assuming the original development was being
proposed to be developed within 10 years. You're
proposing a development within 30 years. And this
particular rule says, "If it appears to the
commission that the full development of the subject
property cannot substantially be completed within 10

years after the date of the commission's approval and that the incremental development plan submitted by the petitioner can't be substantially completed" --

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I mean, there's a whole different set of procedures. So I really would ask you to review that, and if this is a -- you know, we all agree this looks like a very different project, and you're -- what I originally heard you say was you're going to wait until March. But, you know, are you going to come in for a new amendment to amend the previous -- the existing D & O? But I'd also like you to consider this incremental districting provision because we do have many projects. And the reason we're here is because there's been an issue. There's been substantial commencement of use of the land. This was originally 2003. So given that this is a very different project, I am wondering what is the implications of our own administrative rules to now the disclosure that this is going to be a 30-year project?

CHAIR SCHEUER: More of a comment, or were you requesting a response?

COMMISSIONER CHANG: Yeah. And I guess I would also have staff look at this because this has not come up. But I know that it will come up. So

I'm just raising this as a question.

CHAIR SCHEUER: Well, commissioners, we can, at the conclusion of today, take action or simply continue this process that we're on. So other comments or questions? I have some questions, but I'll reserve them for the end.

Hawaii County.

MR. KIM: Good afternoon, Chair and commissioners. From the county's end, I can say that petitioners have come in to meet with the planning department to share the results of their charrettes and plan update. And we did preliminarily discuss how they could come in with a rezoning if they are able to come through the order to show cause proceeding with the same land use designation. And that's all the real updates that we have for now.

CHAIR SCHEUER: Good thing I didn't look away. Are there any questions for Hawaii County?

Commissioner Wong.

COMMISSIONER WONG: One question. You know, Chair Scheuer asked this question about the Kona redevelopment plan. How does that enfold with their new idea?

MR. KIM: So there's the general plan and the Kona Community Development Plan. But, generally

1	speaking, with the general plan, it is consistent
2	because that area is supposed to be urban. As far as
3	any specifics, I could
4	Mr. Darrow, do you have anything you want
5	to say on that?
6	MR. DARROW: Sure.
7	MR. KIM: Because there was a
8	transit-oriented development on this; right?
9	MR. DARROW: Yes.
10	CHAIR SCHEUER: Sorry to put you through
11	this, but do you swear or affirm the testimony you
12	are about to give is the truth?
13	THE WITNESS: I do.
14	CHAIR SCHEUER: Okay.
15	
16	JEFFREY DARROW,
17	having been called as a witness by Petitioner,
18	was duly sworn and testified as follows:
19	THE WITNESS: Jeff Darrow, planning
20	program manager with Hawaii County.
21	Good afternoon, Chairman and
22	commissioners. In regards to the Kona Community
23	Development Plan, this is one of these areas in Kona.
24	Within the plan, there is what are called concurrency
25	zones, and I don't know if you're familiar with that.

But what these zones do is they lay out requirements that if a project comes in for redistricting, mainly through change of zones, but, obviously, it's the step after the redistricting, is that they have to comply with road segments that are needing to be built in that particular concurrency zone. So that was a real tough issue when the plan got built because for about 10 years, we actually didn't have any real projects go forward because it was so difficult, yeah, to be able to have one developer be required to build these segments of roads to allow their project to go through.

In this particular area where University of the Nations is, their falling in a concurrency zone that has no requirements. It's actually not considered a concurrency zone, yet a portion of their property is in what we call a transit-oriented development, yet it's only on the outskirts of it. It appears that that center is more located up near Queen Kaahumanu Highway. So it's unlikely that they're going to be required to create a hub -- a transportation hub there. But they could participate in some sort of transportation improvement.

But in regards to the overall consistency of the plan, again, this is in the heart

1 of the Kona area, the Kona urban area. It's -- it 2 meets consistency with all levels of the plan. Ιt 3 identifies the existing as well as the fact that this has been changed to the urban district since 2003. 4 5 So they consider it as an existing-type project now 6 that it's coming before the commission to either 7 amend or whatever the process is. It still falls within that Kona urban area and that core area. 8 9 we find it consistent with the plan. 10 COMMISSIONER WONG: Thank you. Just a 11 follow-up to your question, Chair. 12 CHAIR SCHEUER: Any other questions for 13 the county? 14 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: I have. 15 CHAIR SCHEUER: Commissioner Ohigashi. COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: So they're not 16 17 required to do any more affordable housing units; is that correct? 18 19 It's going to depend on what MR. KIM: 20 they come in to do with the rezoning, actually, 21 because there are certain triggers, say, by the 22 number of residential units they might have or 23 industrial-type units where we would be able to 24 determine the number or level of affordable housing 25 units we would need.

COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: What about dormitories, what is that count?

MR. KIM: We would have to talk to the housing department on that because we need to see their specific rezoning proposal before we can respond to that question.

COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: And so --

MR. KIM: But with that said, though, I would say our code does allow for them to get credits probably for the affordable housing that was zoned prior because it is within a 15-mile radius, but, again, they have to talk to our housing department about that to enter into a housing agreement, so the department can see what number of credits, if any, would be available to them for --

THE WITNESS: If I can try and --

Commissioner Ohigashi, if we refer to the docket, it actually speaks about the compliance with the affordable housing on page 20, and it's referencing the ordinance that created the Hualalai Village, and it appears that that was what the compliance for affordable housing was being referenced to in regards to this docket. So what --

I believe the applicant may have information as to how they met that condition as far as compliance with the affordable housing for the Hualalai Vistas project. It references a county zoning ordinance for compliance on Finding of Fact 102, Condition J of Ordinance 02101.

COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: So is the county going to take the position that only those ordinances that were in effect in 2003 and to the original D & O would be the requirement for their housing requirements?

THE WITNESS: If -- it sounds that there's a likelihood that this ordinance may be amended. And so if that's the case, then what will happen is possible new conditions will be placed on this docket. But as Ron had mentioned, that when they come before the county for zoning, whatever zoning they're going to be requesting is going to be placing those types of affordable housing conditions. And, again, until we see that project and what they're proposing, normally, affordable housing requirements are placed on housing.

COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Would it be beneficial, assuming that they go and file an amendment for a specific recommendation from the

county with regard to affordable housing, to be included in any amended D & O?

MR. KIM: I don't think that's normally the procedure for the Land Use Commission. If you -- if Land Use Commission does want to change its procedure, you might, but I think the reason that there normally is some flexibility written into the decision and order.

Basically, what I'm normally seeing is that affordable housing should comply with county requirements. I think that is good because it allows some flexibility as to the county's needs, and the code might change too.

COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Would the county be providing us information concerning what its requirements are presently and how it may affect the requirements in this project?

MR. KIM: I think you're asking us to provide you with an answer in a vacuum. With all due respect, Commissioner, because --

asking you a simple question. Will you be providing us recommendations or information concerning housing requirements as they exist now and how it might apply to this particular project? That's all I'm asking.

And if you say, no, you won't be doing it, I'll accept that.

MR. KIM: Okay. No.

CHAIR SCHEUER: Are there further questions for the county?

If I can just follow up on Commissioner
Wong's questions. Very briefly first, Mr. Darrow, I
had understood concurrency applied to more than just
road improvements, but, rather, there was a broad
concurrency requirement in the Kona Community
Development Plan that there be sufficient
infrastructure in place prior to the development, not
just roads.

THE WITNESS: Yeah, in the CDP, there was already concurrency requirements in the zoning code that applied to water and traffic. So that applies across the board to any rezoning. But when the Kona CDP was adopted, they took it to another level and basically required certain particular road segments be constructed prior to occupancy of those developments within those zones. So it actually took it to a stricter level.

CHAIR SCHEUER: So I appreciate that, but I guess my question is, particularly as it regards water, right, ultimately, is this new plan going to

meet the concurrency requirements and be harmonious with the concurrency requirements of the Kona CDP given the change and then level or lack of commitments to water development that they have is one of my questions.

THE WITNESS: Sure.

CHAIR SCHEUER: And then, I guess, the other question is, you know, the Kona CDP and the subsequent zoning ordinances envisioned a mix of job creation activities and tourist accommodation activities and residential activities, and since this is a big switch, that's one of the areas, like, okay it's going to -- there were a whole bunch of housing units that were envisioned for here that are not going to built under this new plan. That seems to throw off the calculations that were in the Kona CDP. So I'm interested in how it fits into that as well when I ask about concurrency.

I certainly understand, yeah, Kona CDP knew it was in the urban district and this is in the urban district and that's compliant, but I thought -- I think that when we do our job and we look for de novo redistricting, we look for a higher level of just is it in the urban district.

THE WITNESS: I don't think they went to

the level of, you know, like, identifying how many housing units were going to be proposed on projects that were still pending or that's needed. I think they just overall were looking at the requirement to provide affordable housing to this particular area and to look for any means that we could to provide that.

In this particular case, yes, the original project is different than what's being proposed now. As far as the affordable housing component, again, we're just seeing what's being proposed now. We're not real clear yet as to whether or not there's going to be an affordable housing requirement on the overall project.

CHAIR SCHEUER: Thank you.

Anything further for the county?

Commissioner Cabral followed by

Commissioner Ohigashi.

VICE CHAIR CABRAL: I look at that location, and that is unbelievably close to downtown -- greater downtown Kona and Ali'i Drive and that, and I can't help but somewhat almost wonder if you've ever thought about the possibility of selling off all of that land, taking all that profit and going to a more affordable place to develop your

great vision because that would be something that it would provide you probably a tremendous amount of cash. Particularly if the housing that the plan that was approved by the Land Use in 2003 would allow someone else to come onboard and build out a huge number of housing units, which is what's in such great demand, and I don't think there's restrictions aside from your affordable; that those could be potentially very expensive condominiums that could be resold at a great profit if somebody were to so invest in such a plan. Just an idea.

CHAIR SCHEUER: Commissioner Ohigashi.

COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: Does the petitioner -- or does the petitioner meet the housing requirement under the present D & O affordable housing?

THE WITNESS: Commissioner Ohigashi, I'm not really sure if they met that, but, apparently, it appears that the information in the D & O that was reflecting the affordable housing requirements was specific to Hualalai Village which has been constructed. So just by that mere fact, I'm thinking that they most likely have met that requirement.

COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: So I'm assuming that we don't expect any kind of information

1	concerning that either?
2	THE WITNESS: I believe the applicant may
3	have
4	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: I mean from the
5	county. Wouldn't the county determine if its own
6	ordinances have been met?
7	THE WITNESS: Sure. We can make an
8	effort to get that information.
9	COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: That's a yes?
10	THE WITNESS: Yeah.
11	CHAIR SCHEUER: Anything further for the
12	county?
13	I'm going to check with our court
14	reporter. Are we fine to plow through since we're
15	going towards a 4:00 o'clock deadline?
16	THE REPORTER: Yes.
17	CHAIR SCHEUER: Thank you. Office of
18	Planning.
19	MS. APUNA: Thank you, Chair. I think OP
20	similarly views this as almost like a new DBA because
21	of the drastic changes. So OP has met with the
22	petitioner, and we hope to continue to work with them
23	and, hopefully, get a draft of the motion to amend
24	sooner rather than later so we can be consulting with
25	state agencies and determine consistency with state

1 policies and plans. I think that's it. 2 CHAIR SCHEUER: And you beat the county. 3 Are there questions? Are there questions for the Office of Planning? Oh, do you have something 4 5 further to say? MS. APUNA: I was just going to add. 6 Ι 7 forgot one thing. That, you know, so I think 8 Commissioner Chang brought up incremental districting 9 and things that would happen in the first 10 years, 10 and OP is open to working with the petitioner to see what could be plausible and consistent with 205 in 11 12 that respect. 13 CHAIR SCHEUER: Thank you. Questions for 14 the county? 15 Commissioner Wong. 16 COMMISSIONER WONG: For the OP. 17 CHAIR SCHEUER: For OP. COMMISSIONER WONG: This is just a 18 19 statement because of what OP just stated. Just a 20 statement now for the petitioner. Because the 21 increment -- with looking at incremental phasing 22 also, I just wanted to state that, you know, 23 sometimes phase 1 would not trigger an EA or EIS, but 24 phase 2 may. So just stating for the record to be

aware of that. That's all I'm saying. Okay. Thank

1 you. 2 Thank you, Commissioner CHAIR SCHEUER: 3 Wong. Commissioners, questions for the Office 4 5 of Planning? Commissioner Chang --6 7 COMMISSIONER CHANG: Yes. 8 CHAIR SCHEUER: -- followed by 9 Commissioner Aczon. Sorry. 10 COMMISSIONER CHANG: Thank you, I appreciate the fact you are in 11 Ms. Apuna. 12 consultation with the petitioner. One agency that I 13 am particularly concerned with is DOT because that is 14 a trigger if they're going to be using state land, 15 for example, for access to the highway, DOT is going to require -- that's going to be a 343 trigger. 16 17 And with the incremental districting, as 18 Commissioner Wong said, if it is going to be built in 19 phases, 30 years is a long time. Laws change. 20 Populations change. So I'm expecting to see that 21 those future considerations are being contemplated as 22 we begin -- as the amendment comes to the commission. 23 So that any decisions we make, we understand are 24 going to be the life of this project or that we have

the right to go back and revisit, you know, any of

those conditions. But, again, I am -- because there may not be at this point in time. Previously, there was not a 343 trigger, but I think it is really critical in light of the traffic conditions, in particular, whether DOT is going to require any kind of improvements along Ali'i Drive which is -
Is that a state or county highway? It's

Is that a state or county highway? It's a public highway, nonetheless.

So if you can make sure that before that comes forward, we are -- we have heard from those agencies in particular where there may be a use of state land, state or county lands.

MS. APUNA: Okay. Thank you.

CHAIR SCHEUER: Other questions?

Oh, Commissioner Aczon.

VICE CHAIR ACZON: Yeah, I just wanted to clarify your comment about this looks like this is a completely different DBA. So are you talking about starting over again from scratch, different hearing, new hearing?

MS. APUNA: I think that for OP's purposes, we do kind of look at it as if it were a new DBA because the amount of time that has passed as well as the new uses that are different than the current D & O. So we evaluate -- I think we do

1 evaluate it in the same manner as a new DBA. And I 2 guess as far as the procedural requirements for the 3 hearing, it's -- I think it might take, you know --4 it's more than just a simple motion, you know. 5 might take more time. But it's just a matter of us 6 feeling comfortable with all the new information and 7 the changes that have occurred and feeling comfortable with that as far as a motion to amend. 8 9 VICE CHAIR ACZON: So would it have been 10 a lot better if they went ahead with their motion to 11 improve the property last year and start all over? 12 I'm just -- if you're going to start all over again, 13 then we lost at least a year or they lost at least a 14 year. 15 MS. APUNA: No, not necessarily. I mean, I think it's just a matter of making sure everything 16 17 is vetted well enough based on the circumstances. So 18 not necessarily starting completely over from 19 scratch, but making sure we -- we do our due 20 diligence in every respect. 21 VICE CHAIR ACZON: I'm kind of wondering 22 what type of precedence this thing is going to be 23 having by allowing this to start over. 24 MS. APUNA: I mean, I think --

VICE CHAIR ACZON: Some future developer

coming to us later on and say, "Hey, you know, 10 years, 20 years later, I change my mind. I want to do this."

MS. APUNA: Right. Yeah, I think it's a question for the commission whether you think that they need to completely start over and move forward with the OSC or if they have enough information and enough good cause to just try to fix things and move forward from here with the current, you know, classification. So something for you guys to ponder.

VICE CHAIR ACZON: Thank you.

CHAIR SCHEUER: Thank you, Commissioner

Aczon. Is there anything further for the Office of

Planning? If not, Petitioner, you have a chance for

rebuttal to anything that's come up during the county

or OP's discussions.

MS. ANJO: Nothing further. Thank you.

CHAIR SCHEUER: Commissioners, any further questions for any of the parties or any comments?

COMMISSIONER CHANG: Shall I dare ask this question? I know when I was asking Mr. Overton about has there been any use of the land and he said he was not in the best position to answer that, are you in a good position to answer that? Has there

been any use of the land? Well, maybe I should 1 2 phrase it the other way. Other than the aquaponics, what other uses have occurred on the land? 3 4 MS. ANJO: Well, we do currently have the 5 sustainability farm -- sustainability agricultural lab where people can learn about aquaponics, and we 6 7 have been having -- we do have students that have, 8 like, class there on the land. 9 COMMISSIONER CHANG: Any infrastructure, 10 any, like, roadways been build? I'm seeing nods 11 saying no. I appreciate the honesty. All right. 12 CHAIR SCHEUER: Further questions, 13 commissioners? COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: 14 Chair? 15 CHAIR SCHEUER: Commissioner Ohigashi. 16 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: I just have a 17 comment. 18 CHAIR SCHEUER: Please. 19 COMMISSIONER OHIGASHI: We're here 20 because of -- the question is for an OSC. If they 21 were successful -- if we handled the OSC and they 22 were successful, it would be the same thing that we 23 They would have to build according to what 24 the original D & O is now. If we were -- if it was 25 unsuccessful, in other words, if the OSC was found

that there was just cause to revert and it was reverted, then they would have to file something to start to do what they want to do now. So my comment is this: In either case, it would appear that we are headed for the same direction.

The second thing, though, that I wanted to comment about was it seems to me that in either case, we are leaving the old project behind. That bugger is going to be gone; right? And it's time that we think about what the new project would intend to look at and what requirements we may want to have on it and what things, like affordable housing, would be enhanced by this project? If we're saying the old project is gone, then whether or not those requirements for affordable housing were met or not is irrelevant because that was the old project. This is a new project. We have needs in this community. It would appear to me it would go a far way to moving something forward if there is a component that gives back to the community something.

Now, that is just my personal opinion and my two comments on this matter. It's not a question. It's up to what the county -- what the county and the parties and the state want to do. And that's why I was trying to get you guys to find out is there going

1 to be additional requirements that we can put on to 2 help our community in the biggest crisis that we have today? That's my thought. 3 Thank you, Commissioner 4 CHAIR SCHEUER: 5 Ohigashi. 6 Commissioner Aczon. 7 VICE CHAIR ACZON: Since Commissioner 8 Ohigashi made a comment, I want to make a comment 9 too. 10 CHAIR SCHEUER: So go ahead, Commissioner. 11 12 VICE CHAIR ACZON: I'm just having a hard 13 time on this one. I know we're doing a status 14 report, and there's a lot of questions that I wanted 15 to ask, but I'm having a hard time to ask those 16 questions without going through -- over OSC 17 proceedings. That's what I'm kind of struggling 18 with, and I don't want to, you know, be told later 19 that I made up my mind because of those questions. 20 So that's what my struggle is. That's my one 21 comment. 22 Thank you, Commissioner. CHAIR SCHEUER: 23 So let me share with the commissioners 24 where we're at procedurally today, that before we

recess and reconvene tomorrow morning in Honolulu, is

we have an option to do two basic things. One is we can continue the evidentiary hearing and action meeting, or we can reconvene the order to show cause proceedings. I have a sense -- I'm just going to throw out there, but I'll make the space available. I'm not sensing from the membership the desire to make a motion at this time to resume the order to show cause proceedings. So with that then, it would mean that we're going to direct the staff to set a date for further proceedings in this matter, and before we do that, I'd like to offer the opportunity for each one of the commissioners to speak in an eloquent manner in which both Commissioners Ohigashi and Aczon have spoken about the things they wish to see when we come together again on this really significant matter. The chair will go last. COMMISSIONER CHANG: Okay. I'll start. CHAIR SCHEUER: Commissioner Chang. COMMISSIONER CHANG: Thank you, Chair, for providing us the opportunity. I mean, I think you clearly sense the struggle that we're all having, and I do applaud the effort, that you heard us, and you decided to step

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You have this zoning change. What do you do with it?

back, reassess. Entitlement is extremely valuable.

I guess, one, as a lawyer and as a land use commissioner, I don't think we're going to provide you legal advice. You're going to have to consult and decide what's the best course of action. Do you choose to just seek an amendment to this existing D & O? I mean, procedurally, I'm really struggling with how you do that given the 30-year time period that you've got. But to the extent that you are all having conversations, you're conversing with the county, with OP, to me that's really where a lot of this should happen. If you guys can structure something out, that that is better than using a public -- you know, our meetings as a forum to do that.

I would also encourage you to be meeting with the community. We had some really great meetings on the island of Maui. A developer of a similar situation came in, highly criticized by the community. The community was in opposition of their development. Took a step back, reengaged genuinely with the community. At that second meeting, the community was their greatest ally. They're champions for their project.

So I don't know --

You talked about having it short.

So I would just urge you that whatever you are reconsidering, because it looks like you as an organization, really stepped back and looked at what is consistent with our mission. It may not be housing. It may be developing a campus -- a larger campus around your college which makes sense.

So I guess it's just I would urge you -because in my mind kind of -- I think, as the chair
said, I don't think you see -- at least I'm not at
the point of looking at reversion. I would like you
to be successful. So I would hope that you would use
this time to continue to meet amongst yourselves and
then meet with the community and then meet with our
staff on what's the best course of action. But
that's what I am hoping will happen during this
pause. Thank you.

CHAIR SCHEUER: Thank you, Commissioner Chang.

Commissioner Okuda.

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Yeah. Chair, thank you. I'd like to echo what the other commissioners have said not only in response to this question, but other things. One thing you should be aware of, and I believe your able lawyers know that from representing other parties before us, is this

commission is not afraid to revert property. If representations are made to the community or representations are made to government agencies, we intend to make sure these representations are carried out. I think it's a real problem why people don't just trust government is that the government says certain things, and then 15, 20, 25 years later, the government is saying something totally different and expect the public just to stomach it and say, "Okay, no problem. The powers that be said that and so we should all be quiet and be quiet about it." Without getting into specific politics, I think that explains why there's just a lot of people who don't trust government and get outraged on a lot of things.

So we will enforce the law, and we will revert property. And if people make representations to us, we will hold people to their representations. But at the same time, we recognize that in our democracy, democracy functions the best when people get involved. And so it's not to say that the commission is just going to rubber-stamp whatever people throw together, but we do recognize and give a lot of deference that where there's a reasonable difference of opinion, if people of goodwill get together, try to come to solutions for their

community, might not be the world's best solution, but at least it's a good faith attempt at a solution, I don't think you'll see too many of us trying to bring up what some people would call legal technicalities just to show that, "Hey, we're smart and we're smarter than you. So we'll demonstrate it by just screwing around with the good you're trying to do." At least that's not what a lot of us try to do here.

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So if you can work a project that meets the goals that your university seeks that can meet community goals, it doesn't have to be a perfect world. I'd just like to say that compared to where we started in this process, there's a lot of things that have been accomplished here in a very short period of time. I think it's a testament to the dedication of the government agencies involved, the members of your university community, your able consultants. And I know the lawyers at your law They're solid. And I think if we try to, you know, follow the law, try to implement the constitutional requirements of protecting the environment, but doing development with the view of sustainability and protection of our resources, we move everything forward. So you'll get cooperation

from us, but again, you know, we have and we will in the future enforce conditions if it appears that, based on the record and the evidence, it looks like we're just getting, you know, things told to us and there's no specific action being done.

Thank you, Mr. Chair.

CHAIR SCHEUER: Thank you, Commissioner Okuda. Anything further, Commission Aczon?

VICE CHAIR ACZON: No, Mr. Chair, I'll defer to Commissioner Ohigashi.

CHAIR SCHEUER: Commissioner Cabral.

VICE CHAIR CABRAL: I will reflect in the same manner that my other commissioners have stated that, clearly, this is such a completely different project. It's almost like sitting here asking questions and detailed questions wanting to know what we normally get presented when someone comes to us with a new project and you're not at that place to be able to even have those answers, housing, roads, you know, infrastructure, what have you. So if that's the direction you're going and it's clearly a risk because you need to spend a whole lot of money to get those answers together, but based on your decision to -- it takes so long these past years, and your decision to now move forward with a whole different

project, it's going to matter that you have to sort of belly up to the table and start getting all of those answers put together, come back to us with your project so that we can all decide, and that OP and the county have time to have their input on that too because we have to look at their input also and see what -- you know, making sure it's going to fit with everyone's requirements because you have multiple sets of requirements here. So, again, I wish you good luck on all fronts.

CHAIR SCHEUER: Thank you, Commissioner Cabral.

Commissioner Wong.

COMMISSIONER WONG: Okay. You know, I am pake. So my grandparents taught me education, No. 1. So I applaud you for that. You know, education. However, when you come back, I want to ensure that you get a line of credit, if possible, with the bank. Also, your finance plan is a little bit more tight. Especially if it's a 30-year project, using not today's money, but future money, including inflation, what is the outlook? Well, taking apart the operational side, but just the CIP side. Also looking at, because it's a 30-year project, looking at a possibility of, as Commissioner Chang said,

incrementing that project because as I stated earlier, what if phase 2 and phase 3, something on EIS picks up or an EA, you know, get triggered, you know, I don't want to come back and then say, "Look, we gotta do something." I don't want this to happen. So that's the other thing that you may want to look at.

I'm still concerned about affordable housing just because, you know, I'm concerned about the people in Kona because, you know, people driving from maybe Hilo going from, you know, by Mountain View, wherever, going to Kona to work, just something. I mean, even though it's a county issue that's gotta work with you, think about that, you know, just because I'm just concerned about the people. I just want to make sure that they have housing, and they don't say, "Hey, look, the university, the kids, get them, but I gotta come all the way from Hilo just to work." I just want to say that for the record, I don't want them to look down and frown upon the university for not helping the local people here. So that's the other thing.

But I want to see, hopefully, if the chair and Land Use Commission staff works out a detail, hopefully, I see you in two months. That's

my feeling. Push that time limit up of March. Yeah,

March. I thought it was December. But, anyway,

that's it. Thank you.

 $\label{eq:CHAIR SCHEUER: Thank you, Commissioner} % \end{substitute} % \end{substitute}$ 

Commissioner Cabral.

VICE CHAIR CABRAL: Wanting to have the last word always. I manage a low-income, HUD, subsidized housing project, and listening to all of this, it just came to mind students are not a protected class, but we cannot discriminate against them. So there is the possibility that you could have low-income housing on your property that students could rent and be subsidized by the federal government in paying the rent, and you can get higher rental rates in that manner. So I'm not saying to do it, but, I mean, it's legal and we can have this conversation.

If housing is going to become an issue and you were to look at a section of your land that you could section off because you also don't want -- you cannot just say only students. So you don't necessarily want --

I manage properties with mixed groups.

Not a good idea. Because you don't want just regular

low-income people always cruising through the campus either. So, anyway, you might want to talk to a really good expert and the requirements and the opportunities and the different variations of what is considered affordable housing, and you might be able to come up with some really amazing project that could be helped and subsidized by the federal government and build sooner rather than later and that your current students in your campus that's already underway as well as future students might be able to actually be your tenants in. CHAIR SCHEUER: Thank you, Commissioner Cabral. I'm going to heed Commissioner Chang's We don't provide legal advice. advice. VICE CHAIR CABRAL: (Laughing). That's not legal. I work there. Anything further before I CHAIR SCHEUER: provide some remarks? So my perspective on this docket and all of our work in the LUC, you know, what comes first? Why do we have this LUC; right? 49 states do not have a state Land Use Commission like us. Why did the State of Hawaii retain some of these police

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did they give to us?

powers, these zoning powers, right, and what duties

There's a few things. One is, right, with the tremendous pressure on development in Hawaii, the state wanted to ensure orderly development, development didn't leapfrog, development didn't get out of control. As is coming up and why the financial planning is such a concern is we're to help ensure that speculation in land, raw land, is avoided because we don't want people to come in, get their entitlements to land without any real attention and then just flip it to the next person and flip it to the next person. We want to zone land so that it actually gets developed in an orderly and timely manner, which relates to we want to see development that truly meets the needs of our community and our state. Right? So it's like another major charge to us. That's where affordable housing and other things come in.

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We also have this really heavy-duty "to protect public trust resources." Right? All land in Hawaii is not private property. As you should well know from court cases on this island, that applies statewide. It's not like private property everywhere else in the U.S. Right? Certain rights were retained by the maka'ainana and all, by the tenants' traditional and customary practices, and we have to

consider and protect those things, things like water and things like access.

And we also have to apply the law fairly. So even when we see a development we like or people that come before us and we want to trust them, we cannot treat them any differently. Right? We have to apply these laws fairly and as consistently as we can.

You know, so those form my approach and my comments and what we look for when you come back to us with your amendment. Right? How are you protecting these public trust resources? Are you asking us to do something for you that we're not allowing any other developers to do to stretch things out over incredibly long periods of time, or if we are, under what condition and how are we doing it?

One part I liked about your financing plan was that you actually referenced the reluctance to go into debt. I was kind of curious as a Christian organization whether, you know, the idea that from Proverbs that the debtor is slaved to the lender, whether that was going to come up or not. It did lead me to -- I thought there was an absence in your financial plan, a reference that I thought would be particularly appropriate. Luke 14:28 through 30,

"Suppose one of you wants to build a tower. Why don't you first sit down and estimate the cost to see if you have enough money to build it. For if you lay the foundation and are not able to finish it, everyone who sees it will ridicule you saying 'This person began to build and was not able to finish.'"

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So I guess the last thing that I have to say about that -- well, two other things. Second-to-last thing. And I'm a little surprised given the involvement of G70 and others, the current master plan, as you've presented in the conceptual phase, it does seem to better reflect your mission. I don't think yet that it reflects this place that you are. Not something that often -- almost everybody now who appears in front of us really tries to tie into the particular aina that they're in and the way that their lives and their mission and their goals reflect to that place. It just seems to be a little absent at this point. And that leads to the protection of public trust resources and other unique characters.

And then the last thing I'll just say, and this gets to the earlier agenda item we have. As we approach, like, how do you roll this out over 30 years and you've fought severely against -- at every

possible motion against any possibility of moving towards reversion, right, there's, I think, in many religious teachings, there's discussions like do you approach something tightfisted or openhanded; right? Are you clinging; right? Or are you sort of open to what can come in? So just in terms of an approach, I think you get the greatest vision and, frankly, you get the greatest fundraising from donors when you approach the visioning of these things with a more openhanded idea and open concept to what you're supposed to be doing in a place. So that was it.

Is there anything further, commissioners?

If not --

COMMISSIONER OKUDA: Chair?

CHAIR SCHEUER: Commissioner Okuda.

So I'm not suggesting that anybody be disrespectful

or anything like that, but just, you know, we do 1 2 recognize that oftentimes given the fact that we are 3 acting in a quasi judicial forum, people have to make arguments which may seem sometimes impolite in other 4 types of settings. So I just want to add that 5 6 comment and supplement the record. Thank you. 7 CHAIR SCHEUER: Thank you, Commissioner 8 Okuda. 9 Are there any further comments from the 10 commissioners on this matter or any other business 11 today to discuss? If not, the staff is instructed to 12 notice and set date for further proceedings on this 13 matter, and we will recess and reconvene tomorrow 14 morning at 9:00 a.m. in the Honolulu Airport 15 International [sic] conference meeting rooms. 16 (Whereupon, the proceedings were 17 adjourned at 3:37 p.m.) 18 19 20 21 2.2 2.3 24 25

1	CERTIFICATE
2	STATE OF HAWAII )
3	) ss. CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU )
4	
5	I, LAURA SAVO, a Certified Shorthand Reporter in and for the State of Hawaii, do hereby
6	certify:
7	That the foregoing proceedings were taken down by me in machine shorthand at the time and place herein stated, and was thereafter reduced to typewriting under my supervision;
9	That the foregoing is a full, true
10	and correct transcript of said proceedings;
11	I further certify that I am not of counsel
12	or attorney for any of the parties to this case, nor in any way interested in the outcome hereof, and that I am not related to any of the parties hereto.
13	Dated this 28th day of January 2020 in Honolulu, Hawaii.
14	
15	s/s Laura Savo LAURA SAVO, RPR, CSR NO. 347
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