FEHR & PEERS



TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM

Date: August 1, 2019

To: Craig Uemura, Ryan Char, and Kahealani Winchester – G70

From: Sohrab Rashid, Andrew Scher, and Cecily Taylor

Subject: Kihei High School – Multimodal Operations Alternatives Evaluation of the Kulanihakoi Street/Piilani Highway Intersection

LA19-2746.02

The State of Hawaii Department of Education (DOE) is in the process of designing and building a new high school in Kihei, Hawaii. Primary access to the new school will be provided via an extension of Kulanihakoi Street mauka of Piilani Highway. A key issue regarding site access is the means by which students walk to and from the school and cross the highway in the vicinity of the Kulanihakoi Street/Piilani Highway intersection. As part of the Land Use Commission review and environmental studies for the project, a grade-separated pedestrian crossing (GSPC) was to be considered by reviewing and approving agencies including the State of Hawaii Department of Transportation - Highways Division (DOT) and the County of Maui. An April 2017 transportation impact analysis report (TIAR) addendum study prepared by Fehr & Peers was conducted to determine if: 1) the proposed GSPC would be warranted based on Federal Highways Administration (FHWA) criteria and 2) a roundabout would be feasible as a traffic control device at the subject intersection based on planning level criteria and a preliminary multimodal assessment. The TIAR addendum concluded the following:

- a GSPC would not be warranted when the school opens with 800 students, and that a traffic signal would provide acceptable traffic operations with an at-grade pedestrian crossing of the highway in the near-term based on standard traffic operations analysis methods
- a GSPC could be warranted at some point in the future as the enrollment approaches 1,650 students and traffic volumes on the highway increase
- a roundabout would have to include at least a two-lane circulation roadway, would likely not accommodate long-term traffic volumes, and would also include operational and safety issues associated with at-grade pedestrian crossings of the multi-lane approach and departure lanes of the south intersection leg.

Subsequent to the April 2017 TIAR addendum, Fehr & Peers coordinated with DOT and ultimately recommended pedestrian treatments for this intersection in an August 3, 2018 letter. DOT approved the





TIAR addendum and associated documents in a letter dated October 26, 2018 (HWY-PS 2.8857) and concurred with the recommended treatments.

Earlier this year, the County of Maui indicated that the GSPC should be considered a mandatory requirement for the proposed high school development. To provide a more comprehensive detailed analysis of potential intersection design solutions, DOT requested that Fehr & Peers conduct an up-to-date operations and safety evaluation of the intersection over which it has jurisdiction. This new analysis used revised traffic volume forecasts, traffic simulation modeling, and a more thorough review of all travel modes. DOT requested that this study, which is presented in this technical memorandum, analyze the following three design alternatives for the intersection:

- Alternative 1 Traffic signal with at-grade pedestrian crosswalks
- Alternative 2 Traffic signal with a GSPC of the highway
- Alternative 3 Roundabout with a GSPC of the highway

The purpose of the analysis is to determine how the alternatives would affect traffic operations and multimodal circulation for two enrollments levels: 800 students in the opening year of 2021, and 1,650 students approximately 10 years later in 2031. The key findings and conclusions of this new study are presented below followed by the detailed technical analysis including the methodology and results.

Key Findings and Conclusions

Based on the traffic simulation modeling and multimodal circulation metrics evaluated in this report, the recommended intersection configuration option for buildout conditions of the high school in 2031 (1650 enrollment) is Alternative 2: Traffic Signal with a GSPC. This alternative minimizes the delay incurred by drivers (compared to the other alternatives) and provides a separate crossing of Piilani Highway for pedestrians, which enhances safety for active transportation travelers. Some less confident or experienced bicyclists may also choose to use the GSPC in lieu of the bicycle lanes planned for both sides of Kulanihakoi Street. Reducing driver delay minimizes driver frustration and reduces the potential for red light running, which is a hazard for pedestrians and bicyclists. By 2031, both Alternatives 1 and 3 are expected to result in substantially longer traffic delays and queues, and/or do not reduce the exposure of pedestrians to vehicle traffic. A more detailed engineering and feasibility analysis of the GSPC will need to be conducted if DOT determines that it is the appropriate design for this location.

Consistent with the FHWA-based warrant evaluation in the April 2017 TIAR Addendum, the GSPC would not be warranted from a traffic operations perspective in the near-term with the initial enrollment of 800 students in 2021. Installing an at-grade crossing at this location at the school opening would provide pedestrian facilities across the highway that are consistent with existing intersection layouts located north



and south of the site at the Ohukai Road and East Lipoa Street intersections, respectively. This configuration was previously approved for the near-term by DOT in their October 26, 2018 letter. The operations analysis shows that overall intersection level of service (LOS) with an at-grade pedestrian crossing at the Kulanihakoi Street intersection (i.e., Alternative 1) would exceed the desired operating level (LOS D) around Year 2025.

If an at-grade crossing is constructed initially in 2021 and then removed once a GSPC is constructed and opened for use, special treatments including barriers or fences plus regulatory signage should be installed to prohibit and deter pedestrians from trying to cross the highway at grade. Upon the initial opening of the GSPC and periodically afterwards, mandatory pedestrian safety instruction at the school and regular enforcement of the intersection should be used to discourage at-grade crossings.

Detailed Technical Analysis

Site Location and Context

The Kulanihakoi Street/Piilani Highway intersection is in the central area of Kihei, and no developed land uses are present on the mauka side of the highway near this intersection. As noted above, the new high school is located on the eastern side of Piilani Highway, and future access will be provided via a future mauka (i.e., eastern) leg of the intersection.

For the purposes of this study, the project design enrollment is 800 students by 2021 and 1,650 students by 2031. In addition to students driving or being driven to and from the school, some students will generate pedestrian trips at the intersection as they walk to and from the campus from the adjacent neighborhoods. Accordingly, multimodal operational and safety issues need to be addressed based on the intersection design.

Study Background

The original transportation impact analysis report (TIAR) for the new high school was originally completed in 2014 and was prepared by Wilson Okamoto & Associates. The TIAR included an analysis of various intersections and incorporated an assumption that the existing four-lane Piilani Highway would be widened to six lanes by 2028, which was the assumed buildout year for the high school. The findings of the 2014 study was used to inform the design of the Kulanihakoi Street/Piilani Highway intersection.

Fehr & Peers was subsequently retained to revise the TIAR and update it based on DOT comments, as well as to assist DOE and G70 with additional site planning and design issues. As part of this additional work, we revised the original signal warrant analysis (using Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) criteria), conducted a preliminary assessment of a roundabout at the subject intersection, and prepared a pedestrian route study. The pedestrian route study identified included a Federal Highways Administration Messrs. Uemura and Char, and Ms. Winchester August 1, 2019 Page 4 of 13



(FHWA) warrant analysis for a grade-separated pedestrian crossing (GSPC), an assessment of potential crossing alternatives. The GSPC was identified as a required improvement by the State of Hawaii Land Use Commission (LUC), and the FHWA warrant study was completed to address the ultimate need and potential timing of this improvement. During the study, DOT staff indicated that no widening of the highway from four lanes to six lanes was anticipated for the foreseeable future. These evaluations were summarized in our Kihei High School TIAR Addendum dated April 27, 2017, and concluded that: 1) the GSPC would not be warranted until after the initial enrollment of 800 students was reached, and 2) a roundabout was not feasible from an operations perspective. Accordingly, design parameters were identified to accommodate the at-grade pedestrian crossing of the highway at Kulanihakoi Street including the size of median islands, anticipated traffic operations, etc.

In early 2019, DOT requested that an updated evaluation of potential design alternatives be conducted to determine the appropriate traffic control and pedestrian facilities at the Kulanihakoi Street/Piilani Highway intersection to serve the school. The three alternative intersection designs include:

- 1. Traffic signal with at-grade pedestrian crosswalks
- 2. Traffic signal with a grade-separated pedestrian crossing of the highway
- 3. Roundabout

The evaluation of each alternative was expected to include an analysis of traffic operations and an assessment of multimodal safety, specifically for vehicles, pedestrians and bicyclists. A detailed description of the design alternatives, the study methodology, and the evaluation of each option is presented below.

Description of Alternatives

Alternative 1: Traffic Signal with At-Grade Crosswalks

This alternative is a signalized intersection with at-grade pedestrian crossings on the west and south sides of the intersection. The existing number of northbound and southbound through lanes remains the same (two lanes each direction), and both the northbound and southbound approaches include dedicated left-and right-turn lanes. The eastbound approach has a shared through-left and shared through-right lane, while the westbound approach includes a left- turn lane and a shared through-right lane. All left-turn movements would be protected (or part of a split phase movement) to minimize conflicts with pedestrians). All right turns are channelized, providing pedestrian refuge islands which help to reduce uninterrupted exposure of pedestrians to vehicle traffic. A schematic illustration of this alternative is shown as **Figure 1** below.



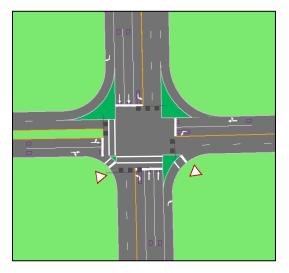


Figure 1: Alternative 1 - Signalized Intersection w At-Grade Pedestrian Crossings

Alternative 2: Traffic Signal with Grade-Separated Pedestrian Crossing

This alternative has the same intersection geometry as Alternative 1, but with no at grade pedestrian crossing of the highway. A grade separated pedestrian crossing (GSPC) would be built to accommodate pedestrians crossing Piilani Highway. An at-grade crosswalk would still be operated across the west (makai) leg of Kulanihakoi Street, but the northbound left-turn movement would be protected to avoid a conflict between left-turning vehicles and pedestrians in the Kulanihakoi Street crosswalk. The GSPC could be in the form of an overcrossing (i.e., a bridge) or an undercrossing (i.e., a tunnel).

Alternative 3: Roundabout with Grade-Separated Pedestrian Crossing

This alternative would reconfigure the intersection as a two-lane roundabout, with two lanes for the northbound and southbound approach and departure legs. Even the existing traffic volumes require a roundabout with two circulating lanes to provide appropriate vehicle capacity. The west and east legs would each include a single-lane approach and departure, with right-turn bypass movements to accommodate the higher right-turning volumes. For this evaluation, a GSPC is assumed to be in place for the Piilani Highway crossing. This assumption is based on two factors: 1) the results of the 2017 TIAR addendum showed that the projected long-term traffic volumes would exceed the capacity of the roundabout, and 2) pedestrians crossing the highway at-grade would have to cross two travel lanes on each approach and leg, resulting in a multi-threat condition. This condition occurs when one vehicle on the approach stops, but a vehicle driver in the adjacent lane does not see a pedestrian and proceeds through the crosswalk. For the Kulanihakoi Street leg, pedestrians would cross a single lane in each direction with a refuge area in between. A schematic illustration of this alternative is shown as **Figure 2** below.



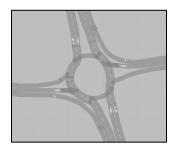


Figure 2: Alternative 3 - Roundabout Configuration

Conceptual layouts of each of these alternatives are shown in **Attachment A**. It should be noted that the Alternative 3 concept does not include the bypass lanes. Inclusion of these lanes would substantially increase the footprint of the roundabout and shift the center of the intersection further mauka.

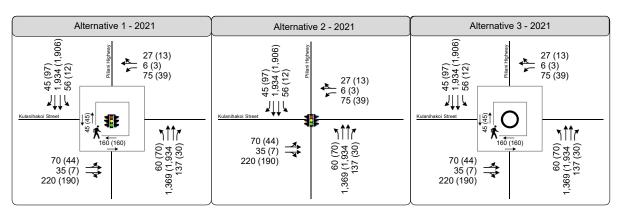
Data Collection and Volume Development

Because of construction at and near the subject intersection in May of 2019, it was not possible to obtain new turning movement counts for this analysis. Accordingly, Year 2014 turning movement counts were obtained from the Kihei High School TIAR and adjusted to reflect future year conditions. The existing counts were obtained during the morning peak period (6 am to 9 am) and afternoon peak period (3 pm to 6 pm) on April 10th, 2014. Growth factors were developed using DOT historic volume data for Piilani Highway and adjacent facilities, and compared to anticipated growth traffic forecasts obtained from the Maui travel demand model developed by HDOT for use in the Maui County Long-Range Land Transportation Plan. The arithmetic average of these two data sources (1.7% per year) was applied to the 2014 volumes to develop 2021 and 2031 peak hour volumes for the study intersection without the proposed project.

Peak hour vehicle trips generated by the high school from the TIAR were then added to the baseline forecast volumes to calculate total AM and PM peak hour vehicle volumes with the project in place under 2021 and 2031 conditions. These volumes will dictate traffic operations under each of the alternatives, with additional influence caused by pedestrians that cross one or two intersection legs under each alternative. The traffic volumes used in this analysis are illustrated on **Figure 3**. It should be noted that these volumes are lower than those used in the original TIAR for the high school and the TIAR addendum prepared by Fehr & Peers. The original volumes assumed an extensive amount of traffic from approved and pending projects that would result in a growth rate that was not realistic over an extended period (e.g., 15 to 20 years).



Study Intersection Study Intersection Stand O Roundabout AM (PM) Peak Hour Traffic Volume 🖉 Lane/Movement Configuration



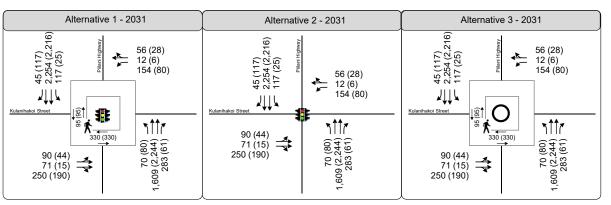


Figure 3 Year 2021 and 2031 Traffic and Pedestrian Volumes

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Peak hour pedestrian volumes generated for the pedestrian route study were obtained from the 2017 TIAR Addendum. These volumes estimate that 20% of students will walk to school with 2/3 of this proportion (or a total of 220 students in 2031) arriving in the 20-minute period before classes start or immediately after they finish. Given an estimated cycle length of 180 seconds, this results in 16 and 33 pedestrians per signal cycle crossing the highway during each peak hour in 2021 and 2031, respectively. Based on a roughly equal distribution of homes north and south of the site makai of the highway, a total of 8 and 17 pedestrians per cycle per peak hour are estimated to cross the west leg of Kulanihakoi Street in 2021 and 2031, respectively. Detailed calculations for pedestrian volumes are included in **Attachment B** to this study. While it is possible that additional people may cross the highway at this location, the number of non-school-related pedestrians is expected to be negligible.

Regardless of the volumes, the pedestrian walk phase is expected to be activated by push button during nearly every cycle of the traffic signal in each peak hour where a signalized crosswalk is provided under Alternatives 1 and 2. The crosswalk across Kulanihakoi Street with the roundabout are not expected to be signalized.

Operations Analysis

Methodology

Due to the influence of concentrated pedestrian volumes forecast at the study intersection, traffic simulation was chosen to quantify vehicle operations. No existing conditions analysis was prepared since the proposed design alternatives would operate significantly differently from existing conditions.

SimTraffic 10.0 software was used to simulate future conditions for the signalized intersection options: Alternatives 1 and 2. A cycle length of 180 seconds was used, and the intersection splits were optimized since the closest signalized intersections are located more than 3,800 feet away and coordination would not be employed. The traffic micro-simulation software VISSIM was used to evaluate roundabout operations under Alternative 3 since: 1) SimTraffic is not able to accurately evaluate two-lane roundabouts, and 2) VISSIM includes extensive flexibility and capabilities for evaluating roundabout operations.

Because SimTraffic and VISSIM apply some randomness to the exact timing of vehicle arrival, 15 simulations were initially run for each study scenario (i.e., each alternative for each peak hour under 2021 and 2031 conditions). Of the 15 simulations, data outliers were removed until 10 simulations were identified as the most robust and reproducible, and the results of these 10 runs were averaged to calculate the final operations metrics, which include delay-based level of service (LOS) and vehicle queuing.

For each scenario, both the average vehicle delay by movement and the 95th percentile queue by approach were reviewed. While the 95th percentile queue is expected to happen extremely infrequently, this is a



standard convention for traffic analysis, and is expected to capture the worst-case condition over the peak hour.

Level of Service (LOS) is a term that describes the operating performance of an intersection or roadway. LOS is measured quantitatively and reported on a scale from A to F, with A representing the best performance and F the worst. **Table 1** provides a brief description of each LOS letter designation and an accompanying average delay per vehicle for both signalized and unsignalized intersections. The Highway Capacity Manual version 6 (HCM) methodology was used in this study to remain consistent with "state of the practice" professional standards. In general, HDOT strives to maintain minimum LOS D peak hour operations where feasible, understanding that some locations will operate at an undesirable level (E or F) where providing additional capacity is not physically or financially feasible.

Traffic Operations Results

Level of Service

A tabular comparison of each alternative's effect on vehicular LOS is presented in **Table 2**. Detailed operations result summaries are provided in **Attachment C.** As shown in **Table 2**, all three alternatives would result in a desirable intersection LOS through 2021 in the AM and PM peak hours. Operations are projected to be LOS C or better under both peak hours except for Alternative 3 (roundabout) in the AM peak hour, which would experience LOS D operations.

In 2031, however, Alternative 1 operations would degrade to LOS F in the AM peak hour and LOS E in the PM peak hour. Alternative 2 (with no pedestrians crossing the highway) would continue to operate at a desirable LOS during both peak hours. With a roundabout, the intersection would operate with substantial delay on multiple approaches and operate at an overall LOS F during both peak hours. As noted under the Alternative 3 description, the eastbound and westbound approaches would require right-turn bypass lanes to achieve the calculated delays and levels of service shown in Table 3. Without these bypass lanes, the delays would be higher.



TABLE 1: LEVEL OF SERVICE DEFINITIONS

LOS	Description	Signalized Intersections	Unsignalized Intersections
		Avg. Delay (sec/veh) ¹	Avg. Delay (sec/veh) ²
A	Free Flow / Insignificant Delay Extremely favorable progression. Individual users are virtually unaffected by others in the traffic stream.	< 10.0	< 10.0
В	Stable Operations / Minimum Delays Good progression. The presence of other users in the traffic stream becomes noticeable.	> 10.0 to 20.0	> 10.0 to 15.0
с	Stable Operations / Acceptable Delays Fair progression. The operation of individual users is affected by interactions with others in the traffic stream	> 20.0 to 35.0	> 15.0 to 25.0
D	Approaching Unstable Flows / Tolerable Delays Marginal progression. Operating conditions are noticeably more constrained.	> 35.0 to 55.0	> 25.0 to 35.0
E	Unstable Operations / Significant Delays Can Occur Poor progression. Operating conditions are at or near capacity.	> 55.0 to 80.0	> 35.0 to 50.0
F	Forced, Unpredictable Flows / Excessive Delays Unacceptable progression with forced or breakdown of operating conditions.	> 80.0	> 50.0

Overall intersection LOS and average delay (seconds/vehicle) for all approaches.
Worst approach LOS and delay (seconds/vehicle) only. Applies to stop sign and roundabout controlled locations.

Source: Fehr & Peers descriptions, based on Highway Capacity Manual, Version 6.

	Intersection Configuration						
Study Scenario	Traffic Sig	Alternative 1 Traffic Signal w/ At- Grade Crossing		ative 2 Signal SSPC	Alternative 3 Roundabout w/ GSPC		
at Piilani Hwy/Kulanihakoi St	Delay	LOS	Delay	LOS	Delay	LOS	
<u>AM Peak Hour</u>							
Year 2021	33.1	С	25.8	С	25.8	D	
Year 2031	86.0	F	52.8	D	83.3	F	
<u>PM Peak Hour</u>							
Year 2021	26.4	С	18.2	В	14.2	В	
Year 2031	58.5	E	30.1	С	77.3	F	

TABLE 2: PEAK HOUR INTERSECTION LEVEL OF SERVICE BY ALTERNATIVE

Notes: **Bold** font indicates undesirable operations .

Source: Fehr & Peers, 2019.

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Consistent with the previous DOT approval, one potential scenario for phasing pedestrian crossing access is to initially provide an at-grade crossing under Alternative 1, and construct a GSPC under Alternative 2 at some later date when traffic operations deteriorate to undesirable levels. As noted in the previous section, LOS D with a maximum delay of 55.0 seconds is the operating level that DOT strives to maintain. Using linear interpolation between the 2021 and 2031 delays of 33.1 and 86.0, respectively, the traffic operations of Alternative 1 are expected to reach the LOS D maximum delay of 55 seconds by Year 2025. This result is one consideration for determining an appropriate time to construct the GSPC under Alternative 2.

Vehicle Queuing

Another traffic operations metric that illustrates the level of congestion is the length of vehicle queues at an intersection. A comparison of each alternative's effect on 95th percentile vehicle queuing is presented in **Table 3**. For this metric, this is the maximum vehicle length that is expected to occur 95% of the time. Detailed operations result summaries are provided in **Attachment D**.

Through 2021, the projected 95th percentile queues under Alternatives 1 and 2 are similar during the AM and PM peak hours with the longest queues calculated for the southbound movement (600 to 700 feet or 24 to 28 vehicles – using an average queue length of 25 feet per vehicle). Under Alternative 3, projected AM peak hour queues are expected to be similar to Alternatives 1 and 2 on the highway approaches, but longer on the eastbound and westbound approaches of Kulanihakoi Street. During the PM peak hour, the Alternative 3 queues would be longer than Alternatives 1 and 2 on the northbound, southbound, and westbound approaches, with nearly double the queue of Alternative 2 on the northbound approache.

By 2031 with an enrollment of 1,650 students at Kihei High School, selected vehicle queues under Alternative 1 with an at-grade crossing would nearly double in length or more compared to Year 2021 queues. The southbound movement would experience the longest queues at roughly 2,300 feet and 1,500 feet during the AM and PM peak hours, respectively. Alternative 2 would also see queue increases between 2021 and 2031, but not nearly to the same level with the longest queue for the southbound highway of 1,330 feet. Under Alternative 2, all the remaining queues would be 750 feet or less. With a roundabout and GSPC in 2031 under Alternative 3, the 95th percentile vehicle queues in both directions of the highway would be in excess of 1,000 feet, with some longer and some shorter than queues expected for Alternatives 1 and 2. Part of the reason for the longer queues is the imbalance of volumes at the intersection across the various approach legs.



		95 th Percentile Queue (feet)					
Study Scenario at Piilani Hwy/Kulanihakoi St	Movement	Alternative 1 Traffic Signal w/At-Grade Crossing	Alternative 2 Traffic Signal w/ GSPC	Alternative 3 Roundabout w/ GSPC			
<u>AM Peak Hour</u>							
	NB	430	400	377			
Year 2021	SB	700	610	655			
fedi 2021	EB	270	290	419			
	WB	40	40	109			
	NB	740	530	1,228			
Veer 2021	SB	2,280	1,330	1,122			
Year 2031	EB	360	410	334			
	WB	230	290	360			
<u>PM Peak Hour</u>							
	NB	540	390	772			
Year 2021	SB	610	530	664			
1eai 2021	EB	200	200	139			
	WB	30	30	122			
	NB	910	550	1,043			
Year 2031	SB	1,500	750	1,130			
redi 2001	EB	240	230	426			
	WB	40	40	361			

TABLE 3: PEAK HOUR VEHICLE QUEUES BY ALTERNATIVE

Source: Fehr & Peers, 2019

Multimodal Circulation and Safety Assessment

Under each alternative, pedestrian and bicycle circulation was assessed based on the proposed circulation paths, potential conflicts with vehicles, and other potential safety issues. In addition, the alternatives were assessed in terms of vehicle collision type and severity. The results of this preliminary assessment, along with a summary of vehicle operations is presented in **Table 4** on the following page. The last column in this table also includes Other Considerations regarding each alternative.

Attachments:

- Attachment A: Alternative Conceptual Designs
- Attachment B: Pedestrian Volume Estimate
- Attachment C: Intersection Level of Service Calculation Worksheets
- Attachment D: Detailed Queuing Results

TABLE 4: VEHICLE OPERATIONS AND MULTIMODAL CIRCULATION ASSESSMENT SUMMARY

Description	Intersection Level of Service (2031)	Traffic Operations Issues (2031)	Pedestrian Circulation	Bicycle Circulation	Vehicle Collisions
1. Traffic Signal w/ At-Grade Pedestrian Crossing	AM Peak Hour: LOS F PM Peak Hour: LOS E Summary: With more time needed to be allocated to east-west pedestrian crossing than is needed for eastbound vehicles, delay and queue lengths are worsened on the northbound and southbound approaches.	95 th percentile southbound queue lengths would exceed 2,200 feet and 1,500 feet in the AM and PM peak hours, respectively. 95 th percentile northbound queue lengths would exceed 900 feet during the PM peak hour. Ped phases would affect all signal phases.	Pedestrians exposed to vehicles across highway lanes and across 2 or 3 channelized right-turn lanes. However, WB left-turn signal phasing would be protected on Kulanihakoi Street so that no vehicle conflicts should occur.	to travel across the highway. Bicyclists would travel next to vehicles but in a separate space	Typical expectation for vehicle col (e.g., rear-end, head-on, broadside depending on driver adherence to indications. Typical conflicts with pedestrians expected at a signalize intersection.
2. Traffic Signal w/ Grade-Separated Pedestrian Crossing	AM Peak Hour: LOS D PM Peak Hour: LOS C Summary: With longer northbound and southbound phases, less delay and shorter queues would occur on the Piilani Hwy approaches.	95 th percentile southbound queue would exceed 1,300 feet during the AM peak hour, which is roughly 40% shorter than Alternative 1. Similarly, the PM peak southbound queue would be 50% shorter than Alternative 1.	Pedestrians only exposed to vehicles crossing Kulanihakoi Street makai approach (three lanes total) including 2 channelized right-turn lanes.	Same as Alternative 1 except that less confident bicyclists could use the GSPC to cross the highway by walking or riding their bike.	Typical expectation for vehicle col (e.g., rear-end, head-on, broadsid depending on driver adherence to indications. Reduced conflicts wit pedestrians compared to Alternat with no pedestrian crossing of hig
3. Two-Lane Roundabout w/ Grade-Separated Pedestrian Crossing	AM Peak Hour: LOS F PM Peak Hour: LOS F Summary: Roundabouts reduce vehicle speeds and the subsequent capacity for the northbound and southbound approaches is greatly reduced, resulting in lengthy delays.	95 th percentile highway queues would range from roughly 1,000 to 1,200 feet during each peak hour. All but one highway queue would be longer than Alternative 2. Vehicles would have to stop for pedestrians on the makai Kulanihakoi Street approach and departure leg where at-grade crossings would be permitted.	Pedestrians only exposed to vehicles crossing Kulanihakoi Street makai approach (one lane in each direction) plus crossings of 2 channelized right-turn lanes.	Bicycles would: 1) circulate through the roundabout and share the roadway with vehicles, or 2) use designated ramps to access the sidewalk and use the same crosswalk and/or GSPC as pedestrians while walking their bicycle. This latter option is less desirable because it requires bicyclists to dismount.	Severe vehicle collisions (e.g., hear broadside) would be expected mu frequently where sideswipe or rea collisions are more prevalent with one-way circulating pattern.

Source: Fehr & Peers, 2019

Least benefit

Moderate benefit

Most benefit



collisions side) e to signal th

lized

Other Considerations

Current intersection design as of June 2019 is Alternative 1.

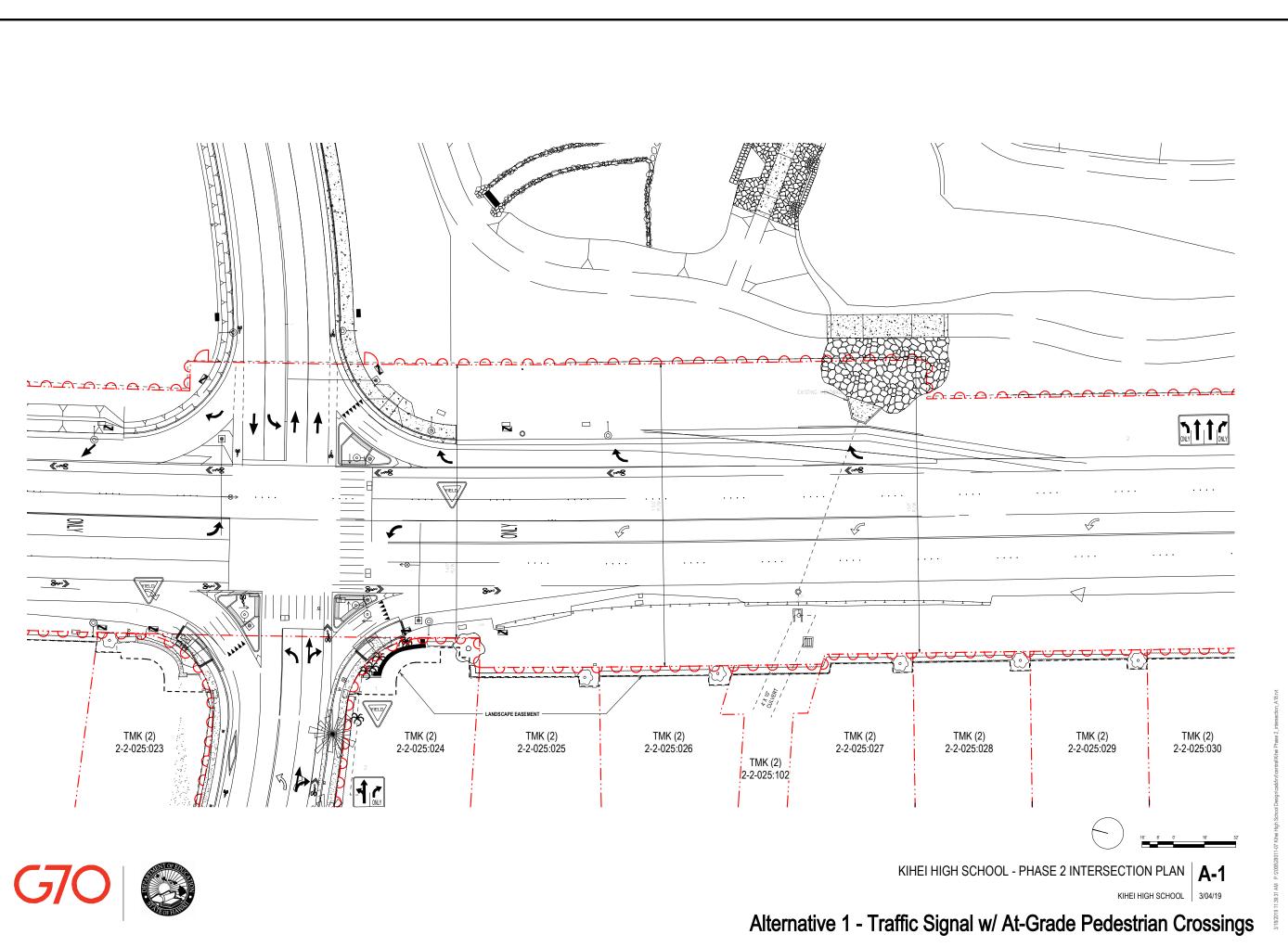
collisions ide) e to signal with native 1 highway.

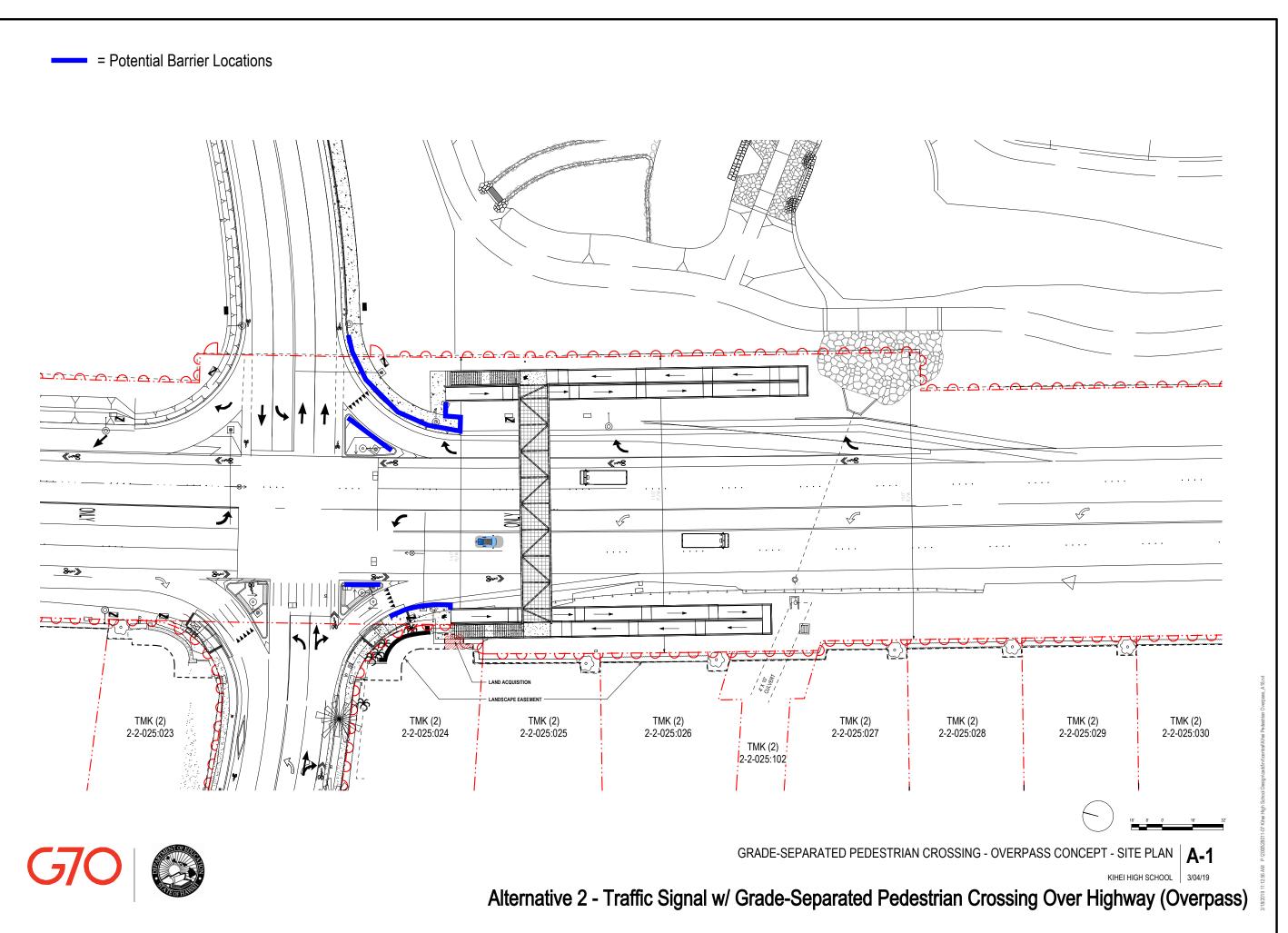
GSPC must be ADA-compliant and should be available once a legal highway crossing is provided (i.e., prior to the opening of the school).

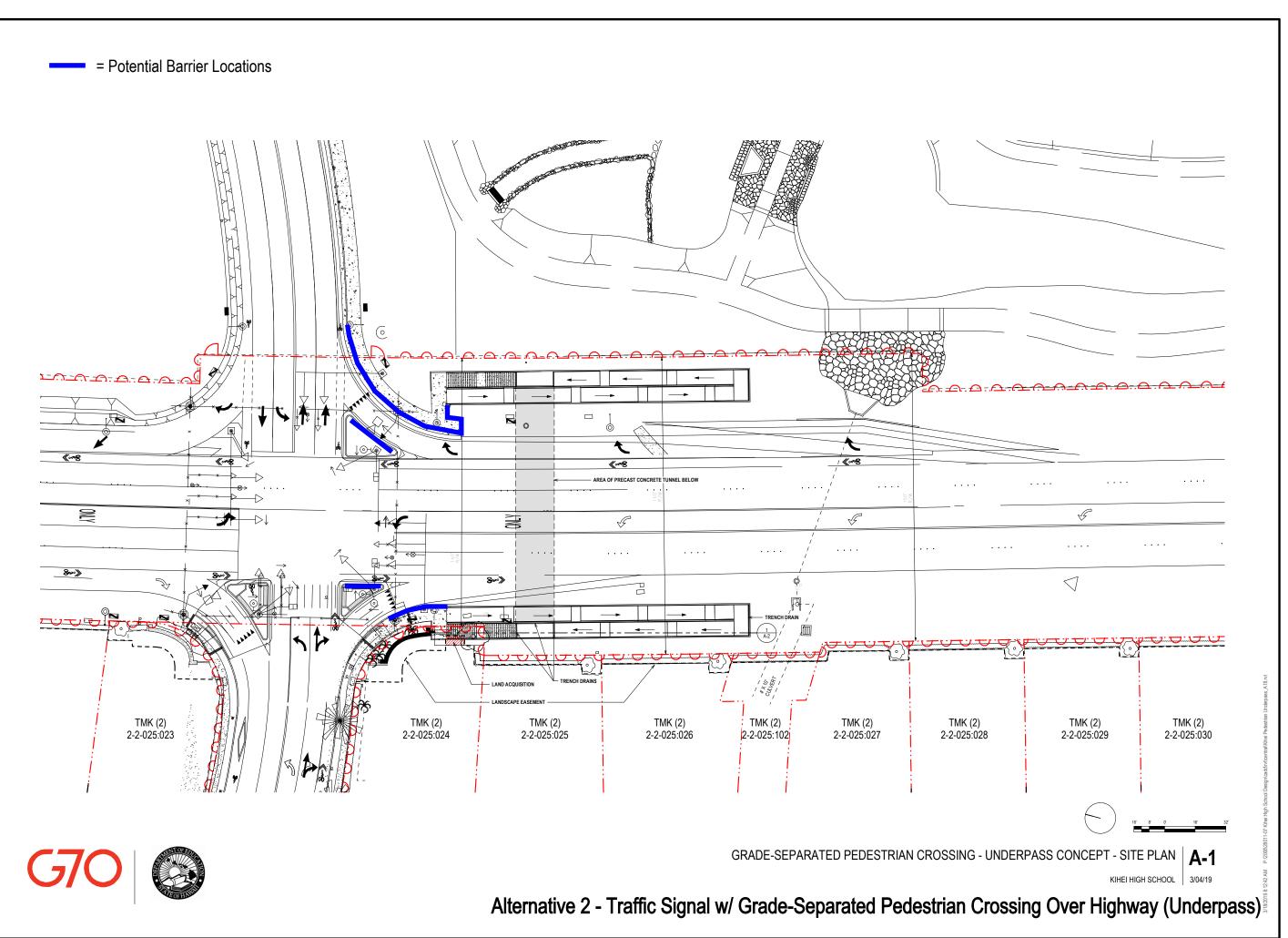
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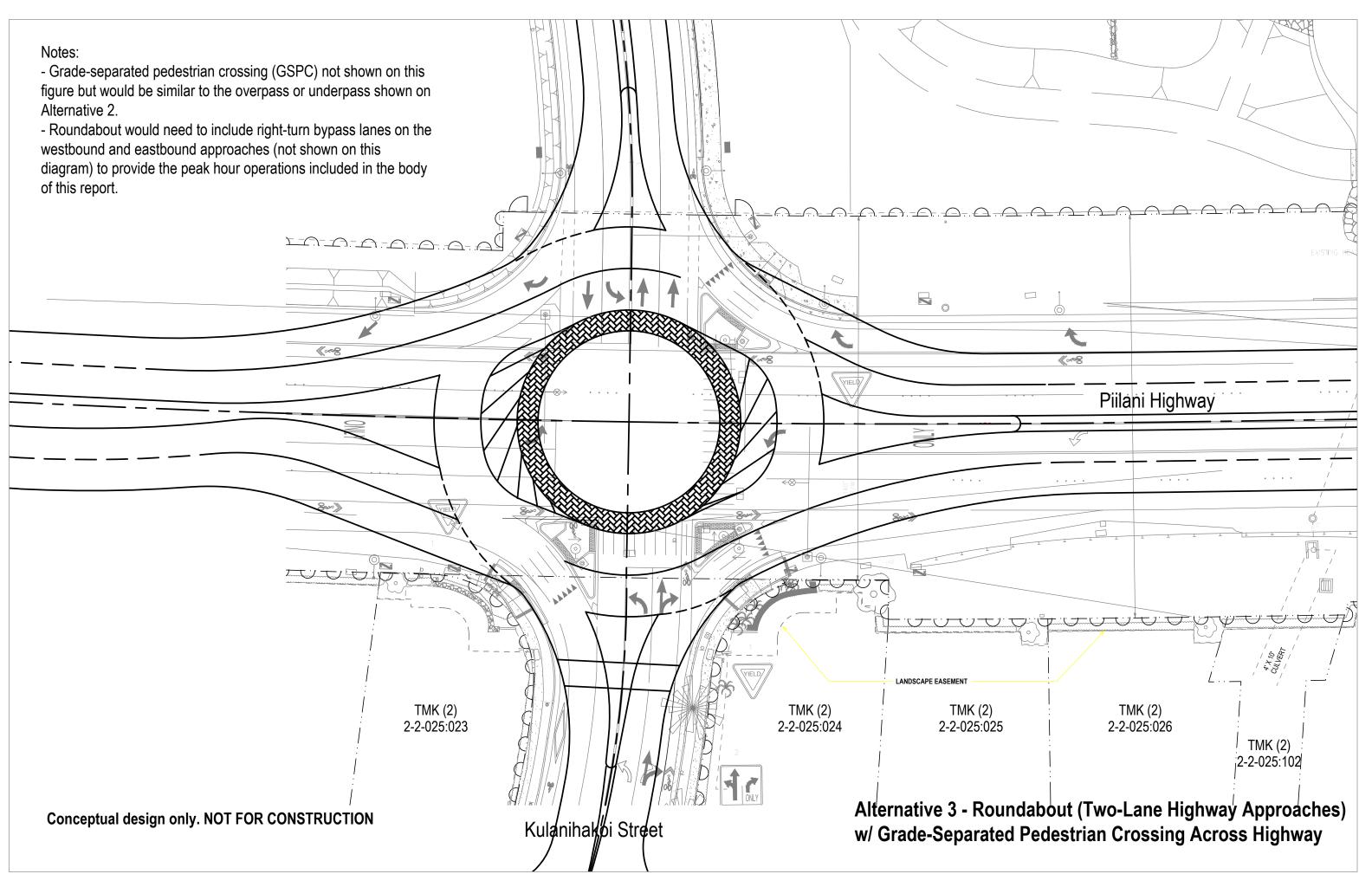
Same as Alternative 2 plus additional right-of-way needed to accommodate design of 150-foot minimum diameter roundabout. Rightturn bypass lanes would require shift of intersection location.

Attachment A – Conceptual Intersection Designs









Attachment B – Growth Factor Calculation

ATTACHMENT B - GROWTH FACTOR

Model Estimates - recent version updated for land uses for Waikapu Country Town project)

	2020	2035			
Piilani Hwy - N of Kaonoulu St	45,242.20	49,933.99			
Piilani Hwy - Kulani Hakoi St to Kaonoulu St	43,872.93	52,966.97			
Piilani Hwy - E Waipuilani Rd to Kulani Hakoi St	43,837.88	52,185.32			
Piilani Hwy - S of E Waipuilani Rd	41,634.07	48,880.63			
Sum of links	174,587.08	203,966.90			
% Growth		1.0%			
Historic Counts					
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Piilani Hwy - Lipoa St to Welakahao Rd	33,195.0	33,391.0	34,830.0	35,476.0	37,991.0
Kulanihakoi St - Oluea St to S Kihei Rd	2,728.0	2,465.0	2,216.0	2,680.5	2,167.5
Sum of links	35,923.0	35,856.0	37,046.0	38,156.5	40,158.5
% Growth since 2013				2.0%	2.8%
Growth Factor Calculation					

Applied:	1.7%
Historic Estimate:	2.4%
Model Estimate:	1.0%

Attachment C – Intersection LOS Calculation Worksheets

Kihei High School 2021 no peds AM Peak Hour

Network Performance	1			AIVI Peak Hour
Performance Measure	Average	Std. Dev.	Minimum	Maximum
Average Delay (seconds)	32.4	1.1	30.8	33.9
Total Delay (hours)	34	2	32	37
Average Stopped Delay (seconds)	16.1	1.0	14.7	17.9
Total Stopped Delay (hours)	17	1	15	20
Total Stops	1,572	37	1,515	1,646
Average Stops	0.41	0.01	0.40	0.42
Total Distance Traveled (miles)	3,563	57	3,472	3,643
Average Speed (mph)	27.4	0.5	27.0	28.0
Total Travel Time (hours)	130.4	3.2	125.7	135.4
Vehicles Entered	3,687	58	3,603	3,778
Vehicles Exited	3,684	61	3,598	3,782
Percent Demand Served	99.9%	0.4%	99.2%	100.4%
Fuel Used (gallons)	99	2	95	102
HC Emissions (grams)	1,303	70	1,215	1,401
CO Emissions (grams)	35,224	1,246	33,520	37,177
NOx Emissions (grams)	4,915	203	4,636	5,193

Intersection 1

Piilani Hwy/Kulanihakoi St

		Demand S		Served Volume (vph)		Delay (sec/ve	h)
Direction	Movement	Volume (vph)	Average	Percent	Average	Std. Dev.	LOS
	Left Turn	60	59	99.0%	91.5	27.5	F
NB	Through	1,369	1,340	97.9%	14.9	1.8	В
IND	Right Turn	137	133	97.3%	4.6	0.7	А
	Subtotal	1,566	1,533	97.9%	16.7	2.5	В
	Left Turn	56	56	100.3%	80.0	9.2	F
SB	Through	1,934	1,907	98.6%	27.0	3.5	С
30	Right Turn	45	46	103.1%	14.0	3.7	В
	Subtotal	2,035	2,009	98.7%	28.2	3.5	С
	Left Turn	70	74	105.5%	61.6	7.6	E
EB	Through	35	34	98.3%	67.5	20.4	Е
LD	Right Turn	220	221	100.3%	33.2	12.1	С
	Subtotal	325	329	101.2%	42.6	10.3	D
	Left Turn	75	80	106.0%	80.0	20.3	F
WB	Through	6	7	117.5%	55.5	49.2	Е
VVD	Right Turn	27	29	107.0%	1.1	0.2	А
	Subtotal	108	115	106.9%	57.2	17.3	E
	Total	4,034	3,986	98.8%	25.8	2.8	С

Kihei High School 2021 no peds AM Peak Hour

Signal

Kihei High School 2021 w peds AM Peak Hour

Network Performance	1			AIVI PEAK HOUR
Performance Measure	Average	Std. Dev.	Minimum	Maximum
Average Delay (seconds)	39.2	1.6	37.4	42.0
Total Delay (hours)	42	2	40	45
Average Stopped Delay (seconds)	20.5	1.4	18.2	23.0
Total Stopped Delay (hours)	22	2	20	25
Total Stops	1,830	78	1,742	1,988
Average Stops	0.48	0.02	0.45	0.50
Total Distance Traveled (miles)	3,586	63	3,492	3,687
Average Speed (mph)	25.9	0.3	25.0	26.0
Total Travel Time (hours)	138.6	3.5	134.6	144.6
Vehicles Entered	3,713	59	3,627	3,820
Vehicles Exited	3,715	66	3,621	3,808
Percent Demand Served	100.1%	0.6%	99.3%	101.1%
Fuel Used (gallons)	102	2	98	105
HC Emissions (grams)	1,363	100	1,245	1,510
CO Emissions (grams)	36,332	1,761	34,260	38,942
NOx Emissions (grams)	5,087	268	4,780	5,472

Total

Intersection 1

Piilani Hwy/Kulanihakoi St

4,034

		Demand	Served Volume (vph)		Tota	Delay (sec/vel	h)
Direction	Movement	Volume (vph)	Average	Percent	Average	Std. Dev.	LOS
	Left Turn	60	59	98.9%	193.6	77.9	F
NB	Through	1,369	1,348	98.4%	20.3	2.0	С
IND	Right Turn	137	137	100.0%	6.1	1.8	А
_	Subtotal	1,566	1,544	98.6%	25.0	3.5	С
	Left Turn	56	59	104.7%	84.7	12.6	F
SB	Through	1,934	1,894	97.9%	35.1	5.4	D
30	Right Turn	45	44	98.8%	18.3	3.7	В
	Subtotal	2,035	1,997	98.1%	36.1	5.1	D
	Left Turn	70	74	105.1%	59.5	8.6	E
EB	Through	35	35	100.9%	61.1	14.7	Е
LD	Right Turn	220	229	104.1%	30.3	9.8	С
	Subtotal	325	338	104.0%	41.1	6.7	D
	Left Turn	75	80	106.8%	88.7	26.8	F
WB	Through	6	7	116.7%	61.3	54.2	Е
VVD	Right Turn	27	25	93.7%	1.3	0.3	А
	Subtotal	108	112	104.1%	66.3	18.6	E

3,991

98.9%

33.1

2.8

С

AM Peak Hour

Signal

2021 w peds

Kihei High School

6/19/2019

Kihei High School 2021 no peds PM Peak Hour

Network Performance	1			PIVI Peak Hour
Performance Measure	Average	Std. Dev.	Minimum	Maximum
Average Delay (seconds)	27.0	0.9	25.8	28.2
Total Delay (hours)	34	2	32	36
Average Stopped Delay (seconds)	8.8	0.4	8.2	9.5
Total Stopped Delay (hours)	11	0	10	12
Total Stops	1,288	49	1,240	1,383
Average Stops	0.28	0.01	0.27	0.30
Total Distance Traveled (miles)	5,610	94	5,483	5,745
Average Speed (mph)	31.0	0.0	31.0	31.0
Total Travel Time (hours)	182.2	3.9	177.0	187.9
Vehicles Entered	4,353	70	4,245	4,454
Vehicles Exited	4,357	71	4,267	4,460
Percent Demand Served	100.1%	0.5%	99.3%	100.8%
Fuel Used (gallons)	167	4	163	173
HC Emissions (grams)	1,679	103	1,469	1,831
CO Emissions (grams)	44,352	1,998	41,034	47,796
NOx Emissions (grams)	6,598	305	6,025	7,083

Total

Intersection 1

Piilani Hwy/Kulanihakoi St

4,345

		Demand	Served Volume (vph)		Total	Delay (sec/vel	h)
Direction	Movement	Volume (vph)	Average	Percent	Average	Std. Dev.	LOS
	Left Turn	70	71	100.7%	78.1	14.9	E
NB	Through	1,934	1,929	99.8%	12.6	1.4	В
IND	Right Turn	30	29	97.0%	8.8	2.2	А
_	Subtotal	2,034	2,029	99.7%	15.0	1.7	В
	Left Turn	12	11	95.0%	84.6	35.3	F
SB	Through	1,906	1,926	101.1%	19.7	2.9	В
30	Right Turn	97	93	95.8%	9.7	2.1	А
	Subtotal	2,015	2,030	100.8%	19.7	2.7	В
	Left Turn	44	45	103.2%	56.0	17.2	E
EB	Through	7	8	111.4%	71.8	46.2	Е
LD	Right Turn	190	188	99.1%	13.8	7.2	В
_	Subtotal	241	241	100.2%	24.1	6.5	С
	Left Turn	39	38	96.2%	64.7	19.8	E
WB	Through	3	3	103.3%	52.1	54.6	D
VVD	Right Turn	13	13	103.1%	1.3	0.2	А
	Subtotal	55	54	98.2%	49.9	15.4	D

4,355

100.2%

18.2

1.9

В

Signal

Kihei High School

2021 no peds

PM Peak Hour

Kihei High School 2021 w peds PM Peak Hour

Network Performance	I			PIVI Peak Hour
Performance Measure	Average	Std. Dev.	Minimum	Maximum
Average Delay (seconds)	27.0	0.9	25.8	28.2
Total Delay (hours)	34	2	32	36
Average Stopped Delay (seconds)	8.8	0.4	8.2	9.5
Total Stopped Delay (hours)	11	0	10	12
Total Stops	1,288	49	1,240	1,383
Average Stops	0.28	0.01	0.27	0.30
Total Distance Traveled (miles)	5,610	94	5,483	5,745
Average Speed (mph)	31.0	0.0	31.0	31.0
Total Travel Time (hours)	182.2	3.9	177.0	187.9
Vehicles Entered	4,353	70	4,245	4,454
Vehicles Exited	4,357	71	4,267	4,460
Percent Demand Served	100.1%	0.5%	99.3%	100.8%
Fuel Used (gallons)	167	4	163	173
HC Emissions (grams)	1,679	103	1,469	1,831
CO Emissions (grams)	44,352	1,998	41,034	47,796
NOx Emissions (grams)	6,598	305	6,025	7,083

Intersection 1

Piilani Hwy/Kulanihakoi St

		Demand	Served Volume (vph)		Total	Delay (sec/ve	n)
Direction	Movement	Volume (vph)	Average	Percent	Average	Std. Dev.	LOS
	Left Turn	70	70	99.6%	139.1	41.7	F
NB	Through	1,934	1,906	98.6%	20.3	2.8	С
IND	Right Turn	30	29	95.7%	12.6	4.4	В
	Subtotal	2,034	2,005	98.6%	24.6	3.5	С
	Left Turn	12	13	106.7%	71.8	17.6	E
SB	Through	1,906	1,895	99.4%	28.5	4.5	С
30	Right Turn	97	96	99.3%	12.4	2.5	В
	Subtotal	2,015	2,004	99.4%	28.0	4.5	С
	Left Turn	44	41	92.3%	57.7	14.9	E
EB	Through	7	7	92.9%	38.7	47.9	D
EB	Right Turn	190	192	101.3%	13.2	7.1	В
	Subtotal	241	240	99.4%	21.5	7.2	С
	Left Turn	39	37	93.8%	61.8	23.4	E
WB	Through	3	4	130.0%	43.0	34.4	D
	Right Turn	13	13	99.2%	1.4	0.7	А
	Subtotal	55	53	97.1%	43.4	16.0	D
	Total	4,345	4,301	99.0%	26.4	3.1	С

Kihei High School 2021 w peds PM Peak Hour

Signal

Kihei High School 2031 no peds AM Peak Hour

Network Performance	1			AIVI Peak Hour
Performance Measure	Average	Std. Dev.	Minimum	Maximum
Average Delay (seconds)	61.2	7.1	51.9	70.3
Total Delay (hours)	81	10	69	94
Average Stopped Delay (seconds)	33.1	5.1	26.4	43.4
Total Stopped Delay (hours)	44	7	35	58
Total Stops	3,141	320	2,740	3,659
Average Stops	0.66	0.06	0.57	0.76
Total Distance Traveled (miles)	4,360	43	4,290	4,449
Average Speed (mph)	21.8	1.0	20.0	23.0
Total Travel Time (hours)	201.3	10.6	189.6	214.1
Vehicles Entered	4,597	48	4,512	4,679
Vehicles Exited	4,580	47	4,518	4,682
Percent Demand Served	99.6%	0.6%	98.7%	100.4%
Fuel Used (gallons)	131	2	128	135
HC Emissions (grams)	1,623	89	1,489	1,794
CO Emissions (grams)	43,557	1,425	41,531	46,200
NOx Emissions (grams)	6,002	217	5,703	6,456

Intersection 1

Piilani Hwy/Kulanihakoi St

		Demand	Served Volume (vph)		Total	Delay (sec/ve	n)
Direction	Movement	Volume (vph)	Average	Percent	Average	Std. Dev.	LOS
	Left Turn	70	62	88.2%	370.1	122.7	F
NB	Through	1,609	1,537	95.5%	33.7	29.3	С
IND	Right Turn	283	283	99.8%	16.6	23.1	В
	Subtotal	1,962	1,882	95.9%	41.9	30.4	D
	Left Turn	117	118	100.5%	197.6	43.0	F
SB	Through	2,254	2,130	94.5%	123.6	22.9	F
28	Right Turn	45	45	99.7%	107.5	23.5	F
	Subtotal	2,416	2,293	94.9%	127.0	22.0	F
	Left Turn	90	85	94.1%	55.8	8.0	Е
EB	Through	71	79	110.9%	62.0	11.0	Е
LD	Right Turn	250	251	100.3%	44.7	13.8	D
	Subtotal	411	414	100.8%	50.1	9.0	D
	Left Turn	154	160	103.7%	107.1	41.5	F
WB	Through	12	10	85.4%	115.9	42.4	F
	Right Turn	56	57	101.3%	52.6	45.5	D
	Subtotal	222	227	102.1%	93.7	44.4	F
	Total	5,011	4,815	96.1%	86.0	10.6	F

Kihei High School 2031 no peds AM Peak Hour

Signal

Kihei High School 2031 w peds AM Peak Hour

Network Performance	1			AIVI Peak Hour
Performance Measure	Average	Std. Dev.	Minimum	Maximum
Average Delay (seconds)	86.9	6.7	76.1	95.0
Total Delay (hours)	115	9	99	124
Average Stopped Delay (seconds)	49.3	6.8	41.9	65.0
Total Stopped Delay (hours)	65	9	54	84
Total Stops	4,312	339	3,815	4,751
Average Stops	0.91	0.07	0.82	1.00
Total Distance Traveled (miles)	4,282	57	4,145	4,349
Average Speed (mph)	18.5	0.7	18.0	20.0
Total Travel Time (hours)	234.8	11.5	216.6	257.1
Vehicles Entered	4,553	66	4,449	4,658
Vehicles Exited	4,478	51	4,372	4,539
Percent Demand Served	98.4%	0.9%	97.0%	99.7%
Fuel Used (gallons)	136	3	132	141
HC Emissions (grams)	1,554	107	1,438	1,765
CO Emissions (grams)	42,524	1,893	40,096	45,796
NOx Emissions (grams)	5,691	292	5,362	6,206

Intersection 1

Piilani Hwy/Kulanihakoi St

		Demand	Served Volume (vph)		Total	Delay (sec/vel	h)
Direction	Movement	Volume (vph)	Average	Percent	Average	Std. Dev.	LOS
	Left Turn	70	62	88.2%	370.1	122.7	F
NB	Through	1,609	1,537	95.5%	33.7	29.3	С
IND	Right Turn	283	283	99.8%	16.6	23.1	В
	Subtotal	1,962	1,882	95.9%	41.9	30.4	D
	Left Turn	117	118	100.5%	197.6	43.0	F
SB	Through	2,254	2,130	94.5%	123.6	22.9	F
28	Right Turn	45	45	99.7%	107.5	23.5	F
	Subtotal	2,416	2,293	94.9%	127.0	22.0	F
	Left Turn	90	85	94.1%	55.8	8.0	E
EB	Through	71	79	110.9%	62.0	11.0	Е
LD	Right Turn	250	251	100.3%	44.7	13.8	D
	Subtotal	411	414	100.8%	50.1	9.0	D
	Left Turn	154	160	103.7%	107.1	41.5	F
WB	Through	12	10	85.4%	115.9	42.4	F
	Right Turn	56	57	101.3%	52.6	45.5	D
	Subtotal	222	227	102.1%	93.7	44.4	F
	Total	5,011	4,815	96.1%	86.0	10.6	F

Kihei High School 2031 w peds AM Peak Hour

Signal

Kihei High School 2031 no peds PM Peak Hour

Network Performance	1			PIVI Peak Hour
Performance Measure	Average	Std. Dev.	Minimum	Maximum
Average Delay (seconds)	38.8	1.5	36.8	40.8
Total Delay (hours)	57	3	53	61
Average Stopped Delay (seconds)	13.1	1.2	11.8	14.5
Total Stopped Delay (hours)	19	2	17	21
Total Stops	2,003	114	1,849	2,192
Average Stops	0.38	0.02	0.35	0.40
Total Distance Traveled (miles)	6,526	87	6,336	6,648
Average Speed (mph)	28.5	0.5	28.0	29.0
Total Travel Time (hours)	230.3	4.9	221.3	238.6
Vehicles Entered	5,070	71	4,931	5,193
Vehicles Exited	5,078	73	4,916	5,171
Percent Demand Served	100.2%	0.4%	99.6%	100.8%
Fuel Used (gallons)	202	3	196	207
HC Emissions (grams)	1,964	96	1,819	2,094
CO Emissions (grams)	52,702	1,633	49,932	54,787
NOx Emissions (grams)	7,720	269	7,318	8,036

Intersection 1

Piilani Hwy/Kulanihakoi St

		Demand	Served Volume (vph)		Total	Delay (sec/ve	h)
Direction	Movement	Volume (vph)	Average	Percent	Average	Std. Dev.	LOS
	Left Turn	80	79	98.3%	96.2	39.6	F
NB	Through	2,244	2,214	98.7%	21.0	2.0	С
IND	Right Turn	61	59	97.4%	14.0	3.8	В
	Subtotal	2,385	2,352	98.6%	23.2	1.9	С
	Left Turn	25	23	91.2%	88.7	25.9	F
SB	Through	2,216	2,226	100.4%	34.6	8.4	С
30	Right Turn	117	114	97.5%	18.8	8.0	В
	Subtotal	2,358	2,363	100.2%	34.5	8.2	С
	Left Turn	44	37	84.3%	64.4	12.6	E
EB	Through	15	15	100.7%	69.0	24.7	Е
LD	Right Turn	190	186	97.7%	27.1	17.9	С
	Subtotal	249	238	95.5%	35.8	15.2	D
	Left Turn	80	83	104.0%	79.2	27.3	E
WB	Through	6	8	131.7%	84.2	47.5	F
	Right Turn	28	30	108.6%	1.2	0.2	А
	Subtotal	114	122	106.6%	60.6	22.1	E
	Total	5,106	5 <i>,</i> 074	99.4%	30.1	3.8	С

Kihei High School 2031 no peds PM Peak Hour

Signal

Kihei High School 2031 w peds PM Peak Hour

Network Performance	1			PIVI Peak Hour
Performance Measure	Average	Std. Dev.	Minimum	Maximum
Average Delay (seconds)	68.3	6.1	59.9	77.7
Total Delay (hours)	101	9	88	116
Average Stopped Delay (seconds)	29.3	3.6	23.9	34.2
Total Stopped Delay (hours)	43	6	35	51
Total Stops	3,628	343	3,144	4,201
Average Stops	0.68	0.06	0.59	0.78
Total Distance Traveled (miles)	6,525	58	6,447	6,616
Average Speed (mph)	24.0	0.9	23.0	25.0
Total Travel Time (hours)	274.6	10.4	261.1	290.7
Vehicles Entered	5,083	66	5,003	5,206
Vehicles Exited	5,069	49	4,998	5,149
Percent Demand Served	99.7%	1.2%	97.2%	101.2%
Fuel Used (gallons)	213	3	208	218
HC Emissions (grams)	2,005	161	1,831	2,344
CO Emissions (grams)	52,803	2,503	50,382	58,394
NOx Emissions (grams)	7,771	415	7,354	8,689

Intersection 1

Piilani Hwy/Kulanihakoi St

		Demand	Served Vo	lume (vph)	Total	Delay (sec/ve	h)
Direction	Movement	Volume (vph)	Average	Percent	Average	Std. Dev.	LOS
	Left Turn	80	75	93.8%	204.0	52.8	F
NB	Through	2,244	2,245	100.0%	38.6	7.0	D
IND	Right Turn	61	66	107.4%	27.4	6.3	С
	Subtotal	2,385	2,386	100.0%	43.8	5.6	D
	Left Turn	25	25	100.8%	112.2	30.2	F
SB	Through	2,216	2,184	98.6%	75.6	19.3	Е
30	Right Turn	117	116	98.8%	50.6	20.7	D
	Subtotal	2,358	2,325	98.6%	74.7	19.2	Е
	Left Turn	44	44	100.5%	67.6	12.8	E
EB	Through	15	16	108.0%	48.4	17.6	D
LD	Right Turn	190	181	95.4%	22.3	9.9	С
	Subtotal	249	242	97.0%	32.5	8.3	С
	Left Turn	80	77	96.4%	112.9	48.6	F
WB	Through	6	7	118.3%	75.6	56.7	Е
VVD	Right Turn	28	28	101.1%	1.3	0.5	А
	Subtotal	114	113	98.7%	87.7	40.8	F
	Total		5 <i>,</i> 065	99.2%	58.5	8.2	E

Kihei High School 2031 w peds **PM Peak Hour**

Signal

Kihei HS Intersection Evaluation Roundabout 2021 + Project - AM

Intersection 1

Piilani Highway/Kulanihakoi Street

		Demand	Served Vo	lume (vph)	Total	Delay (sec/ve	n)
Direction	Movement	Volume (vph)	Average	Percent	Average	Std. Dev.	LOS
	Left Turn	60	60	99.3%	7.8	2.1	А
NB	Through	1,369	1,360	99.4%	8.1	2.0	А
IND	Right Turn	137	139	101.8%	8.8	3.1	А
	Subtotal	1,566	1,559	99.6%	8.2	2.1	А
	Left Turn	56	57	101.6%	13.2	2.3	В
SB	Through	1,934	1,923	99.4%	14.6	3.3	В
30	Right Turn	45	46	101.3%	15.3	5.3	С
	Subtotal	2,035	2,026	99.5%	14.6	3.3	В
	Left Turn	70	50	70.9%	565.3	162.8	F
EB	Through	35	27	77.7%	590.8	141.0	F
LD	Right Turn	220	163	74.0%	85.2	31.6	F
	Subtotal	325	240	73.7%	270.2	81.1	F
	Left Turn	75	75	100.3%	29.8	8.2	D
WB	Through	6	6	101.7%	36.8	22.3	Е
VVD	Right Turn	27	27	98.5%	0.0	0.0	А
	Subtotal	108	108	99.9%	24.0	7.1	С
	Total		3,932	97.5%	25.8	3.2	D

Kihei HS Intersection Evaluation Roundabout 2021 + Project - PM

Intersection 1

Piilani Highway/Kulanihakoi Street

		Demand	Served Vo	lume (vph)	Total	Delay (sec/vel	n)
Direction	Movement	Volume (vph)	Average	Percent	Average	Std. Dev.	LOS
	Left Turn	70	72	103.3%	12.9	5.3	В
NB	Through	1,934	1,918	99.2%	13.1	5.9	В
IND	Right Turn	30	32	107.3%	13.4	6.3	В
_	Subtotal	2,034	2,023	99.4%	13.1	5.8	В
	Left Turn	12	12	96.7%	14.3	6.7	В
SB	Through	1,906	1,891	99.2%	12.7	4.1	В
30	Right Turn	97	98	100.8%	14.7	5.5	В
_	Subtotal	2,015	2,000	99.3%	12.8	4.1	В
	Left Turn	44	45	102.7%	61.7	23.7	F
EB	Through	7	8	114.3%	53.0	29.3	F
LD	Right Turn	160	155	96.9%	0.5	0.3	Α
	Subtotal	211	208	98.7%	18.2	9.8	С
	Left Turn	39	36	92.1%	113.1	48.5	F
WB	Through	3	3	96.7%	66.7	104.3	F
VVD	Right Turn	13	13	101.5%	0.1	0.1	Α
	Subtotal	55	52	94.5%	87.7	42.2	F
	Total		4,283	99.3%	14.2	3.6	В

Kihei HS Intersection Evaluation Roundabout 2031 + Project - AM

Intersection 1

Piilani Highway/Kulanihakoi Street

		Demand	Served Vo	lume (vph)	Total	Delay (sec/ve	h)
Direction	Movement	Volume (vph)	Average	Percent	Average	Std. Dev.	LOS
	Left Turn	80	74	92.6%	72.8	5.7	F
NB	Through	2,244	2,001	89.2%	73.0	5.0	F
ND	Right Turn	61	55	90.5%	74.2	8.5	F
	Subtotal	2,385	2,131	89.3%	73.0	4.9	F
	Left Turn	25	21	85.2%	59.1	8.6	F
SB	Through	2,216	2,017	91.0%	64.9	5.9	F
30	Right Turn	117	106	90.4%	66.7	6.3	F
	Subtotal	2,358	2,144	90.9%	64.9	5.9	F
	Left Turn	44	40	90.5%	465.5	259.1	F
EB	Through	15	14	94.0%	447.4	276.4	F
LD	Right Turn	190	178	93.5%	25.4	31.1	D
	Subtotal	249	232	93.0%	137.4	101.1	F
	Left Turn	80	49	61.6%	905.4	271.1	F
WB	Through	6	4	68.3%	608.2	477.8	F
VVD	Right Turn	28	18	62.9%	191.8	171.7	F
	Subtotal	114	71	62.3%	839.0	286.9	F
	Total		4,577	89.6%	83.3	10.0	F

Kihei HS Intersection Evaluation Roundabout 2031 + Project - PM

Intersection 1

Piilani Highway/Kulanihakoi Street

		Demand	Served Vo	lume (vph)	Total	Delay (sec/ve	h)
Direction	Movement	Volume (vph)	Average	Percent	Average	Std. Dev.	LOS
	Left Turn	70	70	99.3%	35.2	20.7	Е
NB	Through	1,609	1,602	99.5%	36.7	21.7	E
IND	Right Turn	283	279	98.4%	38.6	22.0	Е
	Subtotal	1,962	1,950	99.4%	36.9	21.7	Е
	Left Turn	117	92	78.4%	81.8	5.7	F
SB	Through	2,254	1,777	78.8%	85.1	5.6	F
30	Right Turn	45	37	81.3%	85.3	5.6	F
	Subtotal	2,416	1,905	78.9%	84.9	5.5	F
	Left Turn	90	30	33.7%	813.4	189.6	F
EB	Through	71	26	36.8%	848.7	173.4	F
LD	Right Turn	250	85	33.8%	142.0	77.2	F
	Subtotal	411	141	34.3%	415.5	148.0	F
	Left Turn	154	140	91.0%	201.8	76.2	F
WB	Through	12	11	94.2%	196.0	82.3	F
VVD	Right Turn	56	54	96.3%	29.8	27.5	D
	Subtotal	222	205	92.5%	154.9	61.8	F
	Total		4,201	83.8%	77.3	7.6	F

Attachment D – Detailed Queuing Results

Kihei High School 2021 no peds AM Peak Hour

Signal

Intersection 1

		Storage	Average	Queue (ft)	95th Qu	ueue (ft)	Maximum	Queue (ft)	Bloc	k Time
Direction	Lane Group	(ft)	Average	Std. Dev.	Average	Std. Dev.	Average	Std. Dev.	Pocket	Upstream
	Left/Through	1,397	101	12	174	24	202	31	0%	0%
	Through/Right	1,397	148	29	290	48	356	69	0%	0%
EB										
20										
		5.40	70	- 10	4.45		466		00/	00/
	Left Turn	540	79	18	145	38	166	47	0%	0%
	Right Turn	310	15	12	111	67	267	141	0%	0%
NB	Through	1,607	233	26	400	36	420	63	2%	0%
	Left Turn	1,350	93	24	238	66	352	71	0%	0%
	Right Turn	475	21	19	155	116	350	241	0%	0%
	Through	3,738	372	13	605	33	658	70	7%	0%
SB		-,							.,.	•,•
	Left Turn	1,548	104	20	181	34	197	39	0%	0%
	Through/Right	1,548	11	3	39	13	60	35	0%	0%
WB										

Kihei High School 2021 w peds AM Peak Hour

Intersection 1

Piilani Hwy/Kulanihakoi St

		Storage	Average	Queue (ft)	95th Qu	ueue (ft)	Maximum	Queue (ft)	Bloc	k Time
Direction	Lane Group	(ft)	Average	Std. Dev.	Average	Std. Dev.	Average	Std. Dev.	Pocket	Upstream
	Left/Through	1,397	98	11	173	18	215	44	0%	0%
	Through/Right	1,397	141	14	267	33	305	60	0%	0%
EB										
20										
	Left Turn	540	118	37	194	56	212	53	0%	0%
	Right Turn	310	44	26	212	94	301	106	0%	0%
NB	Through	1,607	298	20	428	42	494	80	4%	0%
	Left Turn	1,350	105	19	281	49	374	0	0%	0%
	Right Turn	475	29	21	195	116	400	211	0%	0%
	Through	3,738	462	28	695	53	815	97	12%	0%
SB	in ough	3,730	102	20	055	55	015	57	12/0	070
	Left Turn	1,548	104	18	183	30	217	41	0%	0%
	Through/Right	1,548	10	4	33	7	40	11	0%	0%
WB										

Signal

Kihei High School 2021 no peds PM Peak Hour

Intersection 1

Piilani Hwy/Kulanihakoi St

		Storage	Average	Queue (ft)	95th Qu	ueue (ft)	Maximum	Queue (ft)	Bloc	< Time
Direction	Lane Group	(ft)	Average	Std. Dev.	Average	Std. Dev.	Average	Std. Dev.	Pocket	Upstream
	Left/Through	2,211	63	11	119	22	143	29	0%	0%
	Through/Right	2,211	80	15	193	38	250	82	0%	0%
EB										
LD										
	Left Turn	540	88	19	162	43	207	59	0%	0%
	Right Turn	310	8	10	67	73	166	175	0%	0%
NB	Through	3,376	176	20	387	34	403	28	2%	0%
	Left Turn	1,350	19	9	62	48	92	101	0%	0%
	Right Turn	475	7	9	68	88	200	258	0%	0%
SB	Through	3,488	295	26	528	29	536	48	3%	0%
	Left Turn	2 426	53	13	102	25	125	35	0%	0%
		2,436			21	25 14		35 21	0% 0%	0% 0%
	Through/Right	2,436	5	4	21	14	39	21	0%	U70
WB										

Signal

Kihei High School 2021 w peds PM Peak Hour

Signal

Intersection 1

		Storage	Average	Queue (ft)	95th Qu	ueue (ft)	Maximum	Queue (ft)	Bloc	k Time
Direction	Lane Group	(ft)	Average	Std. Dev.	Average	Std. Dev.	Average	Std. Dev.	Pocket	Upstream
	Left/Through	2,211	49	6	95	9	110	18	0%	0%
	Through/Right	2,211	85	13	195	28	280	78	0%	0%
EB										
20										
	Left Turn	540	116	25	208	46	279	150	0%	0%
	Right Turn	310	110	23 17	121	40 82	279	130	0%	0%
	Through	3,376	344	32	533	48	582	64	9%	0%
NB	Through	3,370	544	52	555	40	562	04	9%	0%
	Left Turn	1,350	25	15	104	75	204	160	0%	0%
	Right Turn	475	52	32	289	97	500	0	0%	0%
SB	Through	3,488	417	28	603	34	690	103	10%	0%
30										
	1 - 0 T	2.426	40	0	06	4.6	440	22	00/	0%
	Left Turn	2,436	48	8	96	16	118	23	0%	0%
	Through/Right	2,436	6	4	24	10	37	9	0%	0%
WB										

Kihei High School 2031 no peds AM Peak Hour

Signal

Intersection 1

		Storage	Average	Queue (ft)	95th Qu	ueue (ft)	Maximum	Queue (ft)	Bloc	k Time
Direction	Lane Group	(ft)	Average	Std. Dev.	Average	Std. Dev.	Average	Std. Dev.	Pocket	Upstream
	Left/Through	1,397	166	13	264	33	299	41	0%	0%
	Through/Right	1,397	253	43	406	76	444	83	0%	0%
EB										
	Left Turn	540	141	51	255	76	347	160	0%	0%
	Right Turn	310	126	25	382	39	335	0	0%	0%
	Through	1,607	367	15	527	19	626	67	9%	0%
NB	mough	1,007	507	15	527	15	020	07	570	070
	Left Turn	1,350	187	22	369	35	374	0	0%	0%
	Right Turn	475	71	32	349	88	500	0	0%	0%
SB	Through	3,738	849	167	1,326	283	1,414	275	24%	0%
50										
	Left Turn	1,548	161	68	250	97	271	100	0%	0%
	Shared	1,548	184	69	230	91	294	96	0%	0%
	Shared	1,040	104	55	200	51	204	50	570	570
WB										

Kihei High School 2031 w peds AM Peak Hour

Signal

Intersection 1

		Storage	Average	Queue (ft)	95th Qu	ueue (ft)	Maximum	Queue (ft)	Bloc	k Time
Direction	Lane Group	(ft)	Average	Std. Dev.	Average	Std. Dev.	Average	Std. Dev.	Pocket	Upstream
	Left/Through	1,397	145	13	230	20	252	36	0%	0%
	Through/Right	1,397	225	21	359	49	412	97	0%	0%
EB										
20										
	Left Turn	540	269	112	436	157	453	140	9%	0%
	Right Turn	310	121	21	370	32	335	0	0%	0%
NB	Through	1,607	450	187	735	466	798	402	10%	3%
	Left Turn	1,350	226	33	413	40	374	1	3%	0%
	Right Turn	475	77	20	370	55	500	0	0%	0%
	Through	3,738	1,390	243	2,271	519	2,199	419	29%	0%
SB		-,	,	-	,		,			
	Left Turn	1,548	126	25	203	54	208	47	0%	0%
	Shared	1,548	145	24	230	52	241	42	0%	0%
WB										

Kihei High School 2031 no peds PM Peak Hour

Signal

Intersection 1

		Storage	Average	Queue (ft)	95th Qu	ueue (ft)	Maximum	Queue (ft)	Bloc	k Time
Direction	Lane Group	(ft)	Average	Std. Dev.	Average	Std. Dev.	Average	Std. Dev.	Pocket	Upstream
	Left/Through	2,211	58	8	112	19	134	36	0%	0%
	Through/Right	2,211	117	21	230	47	273	63	0%	0%
EB										
20										
	Left Turn	540	120	41	242	72	321	140	0%	0%
	Right Turn	310	25	20	155	78	301	106	0%	0%
NB	Through	3,376	295	32	548	48	537	83	6%	0%
	Left Turn	1,350	51	19	176	65	320	115	0%	0%
	Right Turn	475	62	44	315	120	500	0	0%	0%
	Through	3,488	478	44 54	750	88	806	140	12%	0%
SB	Iniough	5,400	470	54	750	00	800	140	12/0	070
	Left Turn	2,436	112	15	194	30	221	47	0%	0%
	Through/Right	2,436	12	5	38	9	52	11	0%	0%
WB										
VVD										

Kihei High School 2031 w peds PM Peak Hour

Signal

Intersection 1

		Storage	Storage Average Queue (ft)			ueue (ft)	Maximum	Queue (ft)	Block Time	
Direction	Lane Group	(ft)	Average	Std. Dev.	Average	Std. Dev.	Average	Std. Dev.	Pocket	Upstream
	Left/Through	2,211	60	6	116	13	144	36	0%	0%
	Through/Right	2,211	122	10	234	22	274	42	0%	0%
EB										
LD										
	Left Turn	540	206	44	429	72	564	0	0%	0%
	Right Turn	310	61	30	263	79	335	0	0%	0%
NB	Through	3,376	607	48	909	148	1,032	215	21%	0%
	Left Turn	1,350	57	15	200	59	347	85	0%	0%
	Right Turn	475	135	49	489	99	500	0	0%	0%
	Through	3,488	954	184	1,494	353	1,511	277	27%	0%
SB		0,100	551	201	_,		2,022		2770	0,0
	Left Turn	2,436	126	43	219	80	236	77	0%	0%
	Through/Right	2,436	11	6	35	9	45	15	0%	0%
WB										

Intersection 1

Piilani Highway/Kulanihakoi Street

		Storage Average Queue (ft)						Exceeds			
Direction	Movement	(ft)	Average	Std. Dev.	Minimum	Maximum	Average	Std. Dev.	Minimum	Maximum	Storage?
	U Turn Second Left										
ND	Left Turn	1,150	33	12	16	62	377	102	215	618	NO
NB	Through	1,150	33	12	16	62	377	102	215	618	NO
	Right Turn Second Right	1,150	33	12	16	62	377	102	215	618	NO
	U Turn Second Left										
SB	Left Turn	1,050	99	31	51	161	655	132	524	930	NO
5B	Through	1,050	99	31	51	161	655	132	524	930	NO
	Right Turn Second Right	1,050	99	31	51	161	655	132	524	930	NO
	U Turn Second Left										
EB	Left Turn	375	333	38	238	373	419	17	405	450	MAX
EB	Through	375	333	38	238	373	419	17	405	450	MAX
	Right Turn Second Right	350	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	NO
	U Turn Second Left										
WB	Left Turn	310	11	3	7	16	109	22	86	158	NO
VV B	Through	210	11	р	7	16	100	22	06	150	NO

7

0

16

0

109

0

22

0

86

0

158

0

3

0

Right Turn Second Right 310

275

11

0

Through

Roundabout

NO

NO

Intersection 1

Piilani Highway/Kulanihakoi Street

		Storage		Average Queue (ft) Maximum Queue (ft)					Exceeds		
Direction	Movement	(ft)	Average	Std. Dev.	Minimum	Maximum	Average	Std. Dev.	Minimum	Maximum	Storage?
	U Turn Second Left										
NB	Left Turn	1,150	87	26	49	127	772	219	433	1,114	NO
IND	Through	1,150	87	26	49	127	772	219	433	1,114	NO
	Right Turn	1,150	87	26	49	127	772	219	433	1,114	NO
	Second Right										
	U Turn										
	Second Left										
SB	Left Turn	1,050	75	26	28	126	664	157	412	1,015	NO
30	Through	1,050	75	26	28	126	664	157	412	1,015	NO
	Right Turn	1,050	75	26	28	126	664	157	412	1,015	NO
	Second Right										
	U Turn										
	Second Left										
EB	Left Turn	375	19	7	10	29	139	33	82	181	NO
LD	Through	375	19	7	10	29	139	33	82	181	NO
	Right Turn	350	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	NO
	Second Right										
	U Turn										
	Second Left										
WB	Left Turn	310	23	8	12	35	122	28	84	174	NO
000	Through	310	23	8	12	35	122	28	84	174	NO
	Right Turn	275	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	NO
	Second Right										

Intersection 1

Piilani Highway/Kulanihakoi Street

Kihei HS Intersection Evaluation Roundabout 2031 + Project - AM

	1	Storage		Average	Queue (ft)			Maximum	Queue (ft)		Exceeds	
Direction	Movement	(ft)	Average	Std. Dev.	Minimum	Maximum	Average	Std. Dev.	Minimum	Maximum	Storage?	
	U Turn											
	Second Left											
NB	Left Turn	1,150	974	30	904	1,010	1,228	16	1,200	1,252	MAX	
ND	Through	1,150	974	30	904	1,010	1,228	16	1,200	1,252	MAX	
	Right Turn	1,150	974	30	904	1,010	1,228	16	1,200	1,252	MAX	
	Second Right											
	U Turn											
	Second Left											
SB	Left Turn	1,050	844	46	763	902	1,122	11	1,106	1,140	MAX	
50	Through	1,050	844	46	763	902	1,122	11	1,106	1,140	MAX	
	Right Turn	1,050	844	46	763	902	1,122	11	1,106	1,140	MAX	
	Second Right											
	U Turn											
	Second Left											
EB	Left Turn	375	164	111	64	327	334	112	192	462	NO	
LD	Through	375	164	111	64	327	334	112	192	462	NO	
	Right Turn	350	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	NO	
	Second Right											
	U Turn											
	Second Left											
WB	Left Turn	310	294	37	205	320	360	19	340	397	MAX	
VV D	Through	310	294	37	205	320	360	19	340	397	MAX	
	Right Turn	275	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	NO	
	Second Right											

Intersection 1

Piilani Highway/Kulanihakoi Street

Kihei HS Intersection Evaluation Roundabout 2031 + Project - PM

		Storage		Average	Queue (ft)			Exceeds			
Direction	Movement	(ft)	Average	Std. Dev.	Minimum	Maximum	Average	Std. Dev.	Minimum	Maximum	Storage?
	U Turn										
	Second Left										
NB	Left Turn	1,150	330	200	145	675	1,043	138	845	1,197	NO
ND	Through	1,150	330	200	145	675	1,043	138	845	1,197	NO
	Right Turn	1,150	330	200	145	675	1,043	138	845	1,197	NO
	Second Right								Std. Dev. Minimum Maximum S 138 845 1,197 138 845 1,197 138 845 1,197 1 </td <td></td>		
	U Turn										
	Second Left										
SB	Left Turn	1,050	934	18	906	953	1,130	14	1,106	1,147	MAX
50	Through	1,050	934	18	906	953	1,130	14	1,106	1,147	MAX
	Right Turn	1,050	934	18	906	953	1,130	14	1,106	1,147	MAX
	Second Right										
	U Turn										
	Second Left										
EB	Left Turn	375	377	4	369	382	426	20	405	462	AVG
20	Through	375	377	4	369	382	426	20	405	462	AVG
	Right Turn	350	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	NO
	Second Right										
	U Turn										
	Second Left										
WB	Left Turn	310	230	52	174	302	361	19	341	397	MAX
44 D	Through	310	230	52	174	302	361	19	341	397	MAX
	Right Turn	275	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	NO
	Second Right										