ATC MAKENA HOLDINGS, LLC

c/o Trinity Investments, LLC 55 Merchant Street, Suite 1500 Honolulu, HI 96813

February 14, 2018

Via Hand Delivery

Land Use Commission
State of Hawaii
State Office Tower
Leiopapa A Kamehameha Building
235 South Beretania Street, Suite 406
Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

SUBJECT: Twentieth Annual Report for Land Use Commission

Docket No. A97-721 (Makena Resort)

Dear Executive Officer Orodenker:

On behalf of the ATC Makena Entities (identified below), we hereby submit this Twentieth Annual Report for Docket No. A97-721.

I. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

On February 19, 1998, the Land Use Commission of the State of Hawaii (the "Commission") filed its "Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Decision and Order" (the "1998 D&O"), which reclassified 145.943 acres of land in Makena, Maui, Hawaii from the State Land Use Agricultural District into the State Land Use Urban District (hereinafter, the "LUC Reclassified Property").

The LUC Reclassified Property is currently owned by multiple owners. ATC Makena N Golf LLC, ATC Makena S Golf LLC, ATC Makena Land SF1 LLC, ATC Makena Land MF1 LLC, ATC Makena Land MF2 LLC, ATC Makena Land MF3 LLC, ATC Makena Land C1 LLC, ATC Makena Land U1 LLC, ATC Makena Land B1 LLC, ATC Makena Land MF4 LLC, ATC Makena Land SF2 LLC and ATC Makena Land AH1 LLC (collectively, "ATC Entities") acquired portions of the LUC Reclassified Property by two Commissioner's Deeds dated August 27, 2010. One deed was recorded in the Bureau of Conveyances of the State of Hawaii as Document No. 2010-125618 (applies to TMK No. (2) 2-1-005: 108). The other deed was recorded in the Bureau as Document No. 2010-125620 (applies to TMK No. (2) 2-1-008: 090). ATC Makena Hotel LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("ATC Hotel", collectively with ATC Entities, "ATC Makena Entities"), acquired a portion of the Petition Area by Commissioner's Deed dated August 27, 2010 and recorded

in the Bureau as Document No. 2010-125626 (applies to TMK Nos (2) 2-1-005: 086 (portion of which is within the Petition Area), and 125 (which is not within the Petition Area)). The remaining portion of the Petition Area is owned by Hawaii Development, L.L.C., which acquired approximately 27.83 acres within the Petition Area by Warranty Deed dated June 30, 2011. Hawaii Development L.L.C. is not affiliated with the ATC Makena Entities.

This Twentieth Annual Report covers those portions of the LUC Reclassified Property that are owned by the ATC Makena Entities, identified by the following TMK Nos. (2) 2-1-005: 108 (por.), 2-1-008: 090 (por.), and 2-1-005: 086 (por.) (formerly TMK 2-1-007:004), and does not address any properties owned by others, including those owned by Hawaii Development, L.L.C., e.g., the parcels currently identified by TMK No. 2-1-005:085.

On August 27, 2012, the Commission filed an Order Granting With Modification Movant's Motion for Sixth Amendment to the Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Decision and Order, Filed on February 19, 1998, and for Release of Certain Conditions (the "2012 Amendment"). Pursuant to the 2012 Amendment, the Commission released the ATC Makena Entities from Conditions 4, 15 and 21, and amended Conditions 12 and 22 (thereafter renumbered to 11 and 19). An Amended and Restated Declaration of Conditions was recorded on September 7, 2012, in the Bureau of Conveyances as Doc. A-46330782.

II. STATUS OF COMPLIANCE WITH LUC CONDITIONS

The following are the conditions set forth in the 1998 D&O, as amended by the 2012 Amendment, and a description of efforts that are being made to comply with each stated condition:

- 1. Petitioner shall provide affordable housing opportunities for low, low-moderate, and gap group income residents of the State of Hawai'i in accordance with applicable laws, rules, and regulations of the County of Maui. The location and distribution of the affordable housing or other provisions for affordable housing shall be under such terms as may be mutually agreeable between Petitioner and the County of Maui.
 - **Response:** The ATC Makena Entities acknowledge that the Petitioner is subject to the provisions of said condition and will comply.
- 2. Petitioner shall coordinate with the County of Maui Board of Water Supply to incorporate the proposed project into the County Water Use and Development Plan for the area. Prior to the granting of the first discretionary permit for the single-family and multi-family residential development

described in paragraph 20 of the Decision and Order or the hotel described in paragraph 21 of the Decision and Order and by or before one year from the issuance date of this Decision and Order. Petitioner shall furnish the Commission with a letter from the County of Maui Board of Water Supply confirming that (a) the potable water allocation that will be credited to Petitioner will be available to and sufficient for the proposed project as it is described in the Petition, (b) the availability of potable water will not be an obstacle or impediment to the development of the proposed project as described in the Petition and (c) the proposed project as it is described in the Petition has been incorporated into the County Water Use and Development Plan for the area and that this plan will prevent the continued overpumping of the sustainable yield of the lao aquifer.

Response: As provided in Petitioner's Second Annual Report, this condition was complied with as set forth in a letter from David Craddick, Director of the Department of Water Supply, County of Maui, dated February 18, 1999.

> Additional letters regarding compliance with this condition, dated October 1, 2003, from Petitioner to the Department of Water Supply, and the response from George Tengan, Director of Water Supply, dated October 7, 2003, were attached to the Sixth Annual Report.

> The ATC Makena Entities understand that this condition has been complied with.

3. Petitioner shall participate in the funding and construction of adequate water source, storage, and transmission facilities and improvements to accommodate the proposed project in accordance with the applicable laws. rules and regulations of the County of Maui, and consistent with the County of Maui water use and development plan.

Response: The ATC Makena Entities acknowledge this condition. Furthermore, the ATC Makena Entities understand that, in 1976, the Petitioner participated in the Central Maui Source Development Joint Venture and also the Central Maui Transmission Joint Venture, which developed water sources in Waiehu, Maui and a transmission line from the newly developed water sources down to the Wailea and Makena regions. Further, in 1985, Makena Resort constructed a 1.5million-gallon water storage tank at the Makena Resort.

4. Petitioner shall contribute to the development, funding, and/or construction of school facilities, on a pro rata basis for the residential developments in the proposed project, as determined by and to the satisfaction of the State Department of Education ("DOE"). Terms of the contribution shall be agreed upon by Petitioner and DOE prior to Petitioner acquiring county rezoning or prior to Petitioner applying for building permits if county zoning is not required.

Response: ATC Makena Entities understand that this condition has been complied with. Pursuant to an Educational Contribution Agreement for Makena Resort between Petitioner and the Department of Education dated August 17, 2000, the parties have agreed upon a cash contribution by Petitioner which shall represent a fair share payment for the development, funding and/or construction of school facilities by Petitioner.

5. Petitioner shall participate in the pro rata funding and construction of adequate civil defense measures as determined by the State of Hawai'i and County of Maui civil defense agencies.

Response: This condition has been satisfied. Initially, at the request of the State Department of Defense ("DOD"), the ATC Makena Entities agreed to allow two (2) emergency siren sites to be developed on land owned by the ATC Makena Entities. One at the Makena Wastewater Treatment Plant, and one near Makena Big Beach (Oneloa) (sirens 157 and 158. respectively). As reported in the 15th Annual Report, the ATC Makena Entities executed Rights of Entry/License Agreements with the DOD in 2012. However, in December 2016, DOD informed the ATC Makena Entities that it had decided to forgo the location near Makena Big Beach (Oneloa), and instead would be installing the second siren at Makena State Park. However, DOD still intended to use the site near the Makena Wastewater Treatment Plant. In 2017, DOD completed installation of the siren at the Makena Wastewater Treatment Plant.

> The ATC Makena Entities understand that this condition has been satisfied.

6. Should any human burials or any historic sites such as artifacts, charcoal deposits, stone platforms, pavings, or walls be found. Petitioner shall stop work in the immediate vicinity and contact SHPD. The significance of these

finds shall then be determined and approved by SHPD, and an acceptable mitigation plan shall be approved by SHPD. SHPD must verify that the fieldwork portion of the mitigation plan has been successfully executed prior to work proceeding in the immediate vicinity of the find. Burials must be treated under specific provisions of Chapter 6E, Hawai'i Revised Statutes.

Response: The ATC Makena Entities acknowledge that they are subject to the provisions of said condition and will comply.

7. Petitioner shall follow the State DLNR recommendations for Petition Areas 1, 2 and 3, for archaeological data recovery and preservation. An archaeological data recovery plan (scope of work) must be approved by SHPD. That plan then must be successfully executed (to be verified in writing by the SHPD), prior to any grading, clearing, grubbing or other land alteration in these areas. In Petition Area 1, three significant historic sites (1969, 2563, 2569) are committed to preservation. A preservation plan must be approved by SHPD. This plan, or minimally its interim protection plan phase, must be successfully executed (to be verified in writing by the SHPD), prior to any grading, clearing, grubbing or other land alteration in these areas.

Response: The ATC Makena Entities acknowledge that they are subject to the provisions of said condition and will comply prior to any grading, clearing, grubbing or other land alteration in these areas.

8. Petitioner shall implement efficient soil erosion and dust control measures during and after the development process to the satisfaction of the State Department of Health and County of Maui.

Response: The ATC Makena Entities acknowledge that they are subject to the provisions of said condition and will comply at the appropriate time prior to commencement of construction.

9. Petitioner shall initiate and fund a nearshore water quality monitoring program. The monitoring program shall be approved by the State Department of Health in consultation with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, the National Marine Fisheries Services, and the State Division of Aquatic Resources, DLNR. Petitioner shall coordinate this consultation process with the concurrence of the State Department of Health. Mitigation measures shall be implemented by Petitioner if the results of the monitoring program warrant them. Mitigation measures shall be approved by the State Department of Health in consultation with the above mentioned agencies.

Response: The ATC Makena Entities continue to implement and fund a nearshore water quality monitoring program. This program initially collected base line water samples and analyzed the same to determine turbidity, chemical compound contents and biota sampling. This monitoring program continues with semiannual sampling at four separate nearshore sites.

> The ATC Makena Entities are providing the two most recent marine water quality monitoring reports dated July 2017, and December 2017, along with copies of the transmittal to the State of Hawaii Department of Health dated January 5, 2018. as **Exhibits A** and **B** respectively.

> The ATC Makena Entities acknowledge that they are subject to the provisions of said condition and will comply.

10. Petitioner shall submit a Traffic Impact Analysis Report (TIAR) for review and approval by the State Department of Transportation and the County of Maui.

Response: As set forth in the Second Annual Report, a TIAR was prepared and submitted for review by the State Department of Transportation (DOT) and the County of Maui as part of the change in zoning application. Following certain comments by DOT, revisions were made to the TIAR which DOT agreed with as set forth in a letter from Kazu Hayashida, Director of Transportation, dated May 2, 2000, a copy of which was attached to the Third Annual Report.

> In addition, as set forth in prior Annual Reports, the Petitioner prepared and submitted a Makena Resort Master Traffic Study, dated June 6, 2003 (Revised September 14, 2003). which was submitted to the SDOT and County of Maui, and approved by the County on September 26, 2003. See Sixth Annual Report.

> ATC Makena Entities understand that this condition has been complied with.

11. Petitioner shall participate in the pro rata funding and construction of local and regional transportation improvements and programs including dedication of rights-of-way as determined by the State Department of Transportation ("DOT") and the County of Maui. Agreement between Petitioner and DOT as to the level of funding and participation shall be obtained within fourteen (14) years from June 1, 2000.

Response: The ATC Makena Entities acknowledge that they are subject to provisions of said condition and will comply.

This condition has been partially satisfied, and the ATC Makena Entities are in communication with DOT on their agreement to address the ATC Makena Entities' pro rata share of funding and participation toward transportation improvements.

Partial satisfaction of this condition was achieved through the "Agreement for Planning and Design of Pillani Highway Expansion" between Makena Resort Corp. (the original Petitioner), and DOT in 2001. Under this Agreement, Petitioner agreed to fund the planning and design of the restriping and other improvements to Pillani Highway from Mokulele Highway to Kilohana Drive, to increase it from two lanes to four lanes. This work was completed.

Full satisfaction of this condition was initially planned to be accomplished as a joint effort between The ATC Makena Entities, Honua'ula Partners, LLC, A&B Wailea LLC, and Keaka LLC. These parties prepared a Final Environmental Assessment for the proposed widening, which was accepted by the DOT, and published by OEQC in May 2012. These same parties intended to enter into an "Inter-Developer Agreement" to address the actual construction of improvements. However, that multi-party approach eventually proved unworkable due to the landowners being at different stages of development. It is the understanding of the ATC Makena Entities that certain parties are therefore independently pursuing agreements with the DOT.

12. Petitioner shall fund the design and construction of drainage improvements required as a result of the development of the Property to the satisfaction of the appropriate State of Hawai`i and County of Maui agencies.

Response: ATC Makena Entities acknowledge that they are subject to the provisions of said condition and will comply.

As reported in the Fifth Annual Report, Petitioner prepared a Drainage Master Plan, which was submitted to the County Department of Public Works and Environmental Management and Planning Department on July 1, 2003, and approved by the County on August 20, 2003.

13. The Petition Areas will be developed in accordance with the Kihei-Makena Community Plan.

Response: The ATC Makena Entities acknowledge that development of the LUC Reclassified Property is to be in accordance with the Kihei-Makena Community Plan.

14. Petitioner shall fund, design and construct all necessary traffic improvements necessitated by development of the Petition Areas as required by the State Department of Transportation and the County of Maui Department of Public Works and Waste Management.

Response: The ATC Makena Entities acknowledge that they are subject to the provisions of said condition and will comply. Traffic improvements required by DOT will be addressed pursuant to Condition 11.

15. Petitioner shall develop the Property in substantial compliance with the representations made to the Commission. Failure to so develop the Property may result in a reversion of the Property to its former classification, a change to a more appropriate classification, or other reasonable remedy as determined by the Commission.

Response: The ATC Makena Entities acknowledge that they are subject to the provisions of said condition and will comply.

16. Petitioner shall give notice to the Commission of any intent to sell, lease, assign, place in trust, or otherwise voluntarily alter the ownership interests in the Property, prior to development of the Property.

Response: The ATC Makena Entities acknowledge that they are subject to the provisions of said condition and will comply.

17. Petitioner shall timely provide without any prior notice, annual reports to the Commission, the Office of Planning, and the County of Maui Planning Department in connection with the status of the subject project and Petitioner's progress in complying with the conditions imposed herein. The

annual report shall be submitted in a form prescribed by the Executive Officer of the Commission.

Response: The ATC Makena Entities acknowledge that they are subject to the provisions of said condition and will comply. The submittal of this Twentieth Annual Report by the ATC Makena Entities is in compliance with this condition.

18. The commission may fully or partially release or amend the conditions provided herein as to all or any portion of the petition area upon timely motion and upon the provision of adequate assurance of satisfaction of these conditions by Petitioner.

Response: The ATC Makena Entities acknowledge that they are subject to the provisions of said condition.

19. Petitioner shall record the conditions imposed herein by the Commission and every amendment thereto with the Bureau of Conveyances pursuant to Section 15-15-92, Hawai'i Administrative Rules.

Response: This condition has been satisfied and the ATC Makena Entities acknowledge that they are subject to the provisions of said condition in the event of any amendments.

> The ATC Makena Entities recorded in said Bureau that certain Amended and Restated Declaration of Conditions Applicable To An Amendment to District Boundary From Agricultural to Urban on September 7, 2012, as Document Number A-46330782, a copy of which was included with the Fifteenth Annual Report.

If you have any questions or require any further information, please contact Kaimi Judd at kjudd@makenagbc.com.

Sincerely,

Sean Hehir) **Authorized Signor** ATC Makena Entities

Land Use Commission Page 10 of 10 February 14, 2018

State of Hawaii, Office of Planning CC:

County of Maui, Department of Planning

Munekiyo & Hiraga, Inc.

Encl. **Exhibit A:** Marine Water Quality Monitoring Report dated July 2017, with transmittal to State of Hawaii Department of Health dated January 5, 2018. **Exhibit B:** Marine Water Quality Monitoring Report dated December 2017, with transmittal to State of Hawaii Department of Health dated January 5, 2018.

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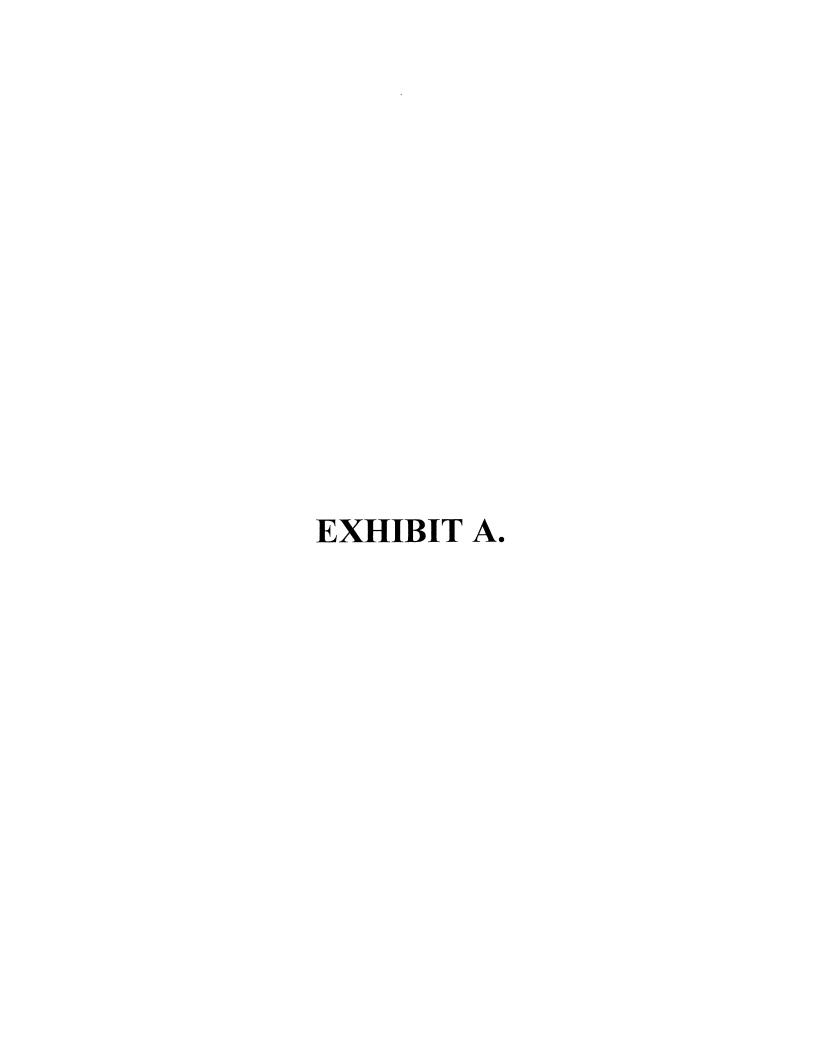


Exhibit A

ATC MAKENAHOLDINGS, LLC

c/o Makena Golf & Beach 55 Merchant Street, Suite 1500 Honolulu, HI 96813

January 5, 2018

Mr. Myron Honda State of Hawaii, Department of Health Clean Water Branch 2827 Waimano Home Rd #225 Pearl City, HI 96782

Via PDF to <u>CleanWaterBranch@doh.hawaii.gov</u> Only unless hardcopy is requested.

Re: State Land Use District Boundary Amendment Docket A9-721 Condition No. 9, County of Maui Zoning Ordinance 3613 Condition No. 19, Marine Water Quality Monitoring.

Dear Mr. Honda,

ATC Makena Holdings, LLC, in compliance with the above referenced conditions, respectfully submits the enclosed Marine Water Quality Monitoring Reports prepared by Marine Research Consultants, Inc. dated July 2017 for tests performed in June 2017, and January 2018, for tests performed in December 2017.

Should you have any questions, require a hardcopy, or require additional information please do not hesitate to contact me at (808) 640-6023, or by e-mail at kjudd@makenagbc.com.

Sincerely,

Makena Golf & Beach Club

For ATC Makena Holdings, LLC

Kaimi Judd

Vice President of Development

cc. Mark Roy - Via E-Mail PDF Only

MARINE WATER QUALITY MONITORING MAKENA RESORT, MAKENA, MAUI WATER CHEMISTRY REPORT 1-2017 (July 2017)

Prepared for:

ATC Makena Holdings, LLC c/o Stanford Carr Development, LLC 1100 Alakea St. 27th Floor Honolulu, HI 96813

By:



1039 Waakaua Pl. Honolulu, Hawaii 96822

Submitted
August 2017

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Makena Resort fronts approximately 5.4 miles of coastline of southeastern Maui, extending from Papanui Stream (Nahuna Point) on the north and Pu`u Olai (Ahihi Bay) on the south. However, only 0.58 miles of the Resort reaches to the actual shoreline. Within the Resort are two 18-hole golf courses (North and South Courses), as well as a hotel, sewage treatment plant and private residences. No part of the project involves direct alteration of the shoreline or nearshore marine environments.

In the interest of assuring maintenance of the highest possible quality of the marine environment, condition No. 10 of the Declaration of Conditions pertaining to the Amendment of the District Boundary, as required by the Land Use Commission, dated April 17, 1998 stipulates the implementation of an ongoing marine monitoring program off the Makena Resort Development. Additionally, County of Maui Zoning Ordinance 3613 Condition 19 included requirements for similar monitoring. The primary goals of the program are twofold: 1) to assess the degree that materials used on land to enhance turf growth and landscaping, as well as other nutrient subsidies, leach to groundwater and subsequently reach the ocean, and 2) to determine the fate of these materials within the nearshore zone. In terms of determining fate, the question that is addressed is if the materials that originate from Resort activities disperse with little or no effect, or do they cause changes in water quality sufficient to alter marine biological community structure? The following report fulfills the requirements of these Conditions, and presents the results of water quality monitoring off the Makena Resort conducted on July 7, 2017. The report also incorporates the cumulative data from all of the past water chemistry surveys conducted in the area.

Survey methodology includes collection of 62 ocean water samples on four transects spaced along the projects ocean frontage and on one control transect. Site 1 is located at the northern boundary of the project, Site 2 is located near the central part of the Makena North Golf Course in the center of Makena Bay, Site 3A (initiated during the June 2007 survey) is located near the southern boundary of Maluaka Bay, Site 3 was downslope from the part of Makena South Golf Course that comes closest to the shoreline, and Control Site 4 is located to the south of Makena Resort near the northern boundary of the 'Ahihi-Kina'u Natural Area Reserve. Water samples were collected at 7 stations spaced along transects that extended from the shoreline out to the open coastal ocean (about 500 feet). At sampling stations where water depth exceeded about 3 feet, samples were collected at the surface and just above the

sea floor. At shallower stations, only surface water was collected. Water samples were analyzed for chemical criteria specified by DOH water quality standards for open coastal waters, as well as several additional criteria. In addition, water samples were collected from nine irrigation wells located on the golf courses.

Results of analysis of water chemistry showed that constituents that occur in high concentration in groundwater (silica, nitrate-nitrogen) were found to be highest in ocean samples collected nearest to the shoreline, with progressively decreasing values moving away from shore into deeper water. While groundwater nutrient input was evident at all five sampling locations, it was highest in magnitude at Sites 1 (located off the northern boundary of the Makena Resort property), and 3A, (located directly downslope from the Makena Resort). Site 4 served as a control, in that it was located beyond the influence of the Makena Resort. As groundwater input was apparent at Site 4, such input is not solely a function of Resort land usage.

Vertical stratification of the water column was evident on all transects with substantial differences between surface and bottom water. Vertical gradients extended from the shoreline to the terminus of each transect. The observed patterns of distribution at these sampling sites with respect to both distance from shore and depth in the water column indicate that physical mixing processes generated by tide, wind, waves and currents were mostly insufficient to mix the water column from top to bottom.

Overall, measurements of turbidity and chlorophyll a were high near the shoreline throughout the sampling area but low offshore. Elevated values close to the shoreline are most likely the result of resuspension of fine-grained marine sediments (turbidity) and fragments of benthic algae washed up to the shoreline (Chl a). These results indicate that at the time of sampling, nutrient input from land was not causing increases in plankton populations in nearshore waters. Low offshore turbidity in Makena Bay (transect Site 2) suggests mitigation of the effects of a past episode of high runoff of upland soil from a flash flood in October 1999 that resulted in substantial impacts to water clarity within the Bay. Temperature averaged 26.5°C for all surface waters during the July 2017 survey. As a comparison, in December 2015, the average temperature was 25.0°C.

Other organic water chemistry constituents that do not occur in high concentrations in groundwater, such as ammonium nitrogen showed no elevated levels near the

shoreline and consistently low levels beyond 50 meter of the shoreline. Organic nitrogen and phosphorus, were consistently low and did not show any distinctive patterns with respect to input from land.

Analyses that scale nutrient concentrations to salinity reveal that there were measurable increases of nitrate nitrogen above what is found in naturally occurring groundwater that enters the nearshore ocean at three survey sites (Sites 1, 3 and 3A). These subsidies, which are likely a result of land uses involving fertilizers, substantially increase the concentration of nitrate over natural groundwater flowing to the ocean. These subsidies were greatest in magnitude at Sites 3 and 3A, followed by Site 1, all of which are located off the Makena Golf Courses and adjacent residential areas. No subsidies of nitrate were apparent at Site 2 (Makena Landing) or Site 4 ('Ahihi-Kina`u). The lack of distinguishable upward curvature of these data arrays indicates that the nutrients from groundwater that enter the ocean, both from natural and the human sources, are not being taken up by biotic communities in the nearshore zone. Rather, nutrients are mixed to background ocean values by physical processes including wind stirring and wave action.

Statistical tests of nutrient concentration scaled to salinity over time show no significant increases or decreases of nitrate and phosphate over the years of monitoring at the four five survey sites located downslope from the Makena Resort. The lack of such increases suggests that there has been no consistent change in nutrient input from land (either as an increase or decrease) to groundwater that enters the ocean over the past years when monitoring has been taking place.

Comparing values of water chemistry measured in the monitoring program to State of Hawaii Department of Health (DOH) water quality standards revealed that several measurements of nitrogen, total nitrogen, ammonium, turbidity and Chlorophyll a exceeded the DOH standards, particularly for "geometric mean" standards. Such exceedances occurred at all survey sites, including the control site that was removed from influences of the Makena Resort. The consistent exceedance of water quality standards is in large part a consequence of the natural effects of groundwater discharge to the nearshore ocean, as well as physical mixing processes that occur near the shorelines of all coastal areas. Revision of DOH standards to account for such natural input has been implemented for the West Coast of the Island of Hawaii, and will hopefully be extended to the rest of the State in the near future.

As in past surveys, the results of the most recent increment of monitoring in 2017 reveal that there is an increase over natural conditions of dissolved inorganic nutrients (e.g., nitrate and phosphate) in groundwater that enters the nearshore ocean at sampling sites downslope from parts of the Makena Resort. Without question, such input is a consequence of various land use activities. However, none of these inputs have increased significantly over time during the 22-year course of the monitoring program. The regions where the highest elevations over natural inputs occur are restricted to narrow zone that extends from the shoreline to several meters offshore, and as such is restricted to an area that is not suitable for coral communities to occur owing to shallow water depth, wave impact and sand scour. Surveys of coral reef community structure that are also part of the ongoing monitoring program for the Makena Resort, as well as the continued lack of any nuisance algal accumulations in the nearshore area, indicate that the nutrient subsidies are presently not detrimental to marine community structure.

However, it was noted during the July 2016 survey that many of the corals (primarily of the species *Pocillopora meandrina*) were bleached. Such bleaching has been observed at many of the reefs around Maui and is part of a global bleaching event triggered by anomalously warm ocean temperatures. Recent observations of the reefs indicate that in large part the bleaching was not lethal, and corals have returned to conditions that prevailed prior to the bleaching event.

The next scheduled testing for the Makena Resort monitoring program is planned for the fall-winter season of 2017.

I. PURPOSE

The Makena Resort fronts approximately 5.4 miles of coastline of southeastern Maui, extending from Papanui Stream (Nahuna Point) on the north and Pu`u Olai (Ahihi Bay) on the south. However, only 0.58 miles of the Resort reaches to the actual shoreline. Within the Resort are two 18-hole golf courses (North and South Courses), as well as a hotel, sewage treatment plant and private residences. No part of the project involves direct alteration of the shoreline or nearshore marine environments. Evaluations of other golf courses and other forms of resort development located near the ocean in the Hawaiian Islands reveal that there is detectable input to the coastal ocean of materials used for fertilization of turfgrass and landscaping (Dollar and Atkinson 1992). However, few, if any, effects that have been documented have been found to be detrimental to the marine ecosystem. Confirmation that the construction and responsible operation of the golf courses and other components of the Makena Resort does not cause any harmful changes to the marine environment requires rigorous and continual monitoring.

In the interest of assuring maintenance of excellent environmental quality in the Makena region, Condition No. 10, Declaration of Conditions pertaining to the Amendment of the District Boundary, as required by the Land Use Commission, dated April 17, 1998 stipulated the implementation of an ongoing marine monitoring program off the Makena Resort Development. In addition, County of Maui Zoning Ordinance 3613 Condition 19 included requirements for similar monitoring. The primary goals of the established monitoring program to satisfy these two requirements are twofold: 1) to assess the degree that materials used on land to enhance turf growth and landscaping as well as other nutrient subsidies, leach to groundwater and subsequently reach the ocean, and 2) to determine the fate of these materials within the nearshore zone. In terms of determining fate, the question addressed is if the materials that originate from Resort activities disperse with little or no effect, or do they cause changes in water quality sufficient to alter marine biological community structure?

The rationale of the monitoring program is to conduct repetitive evaluations of water chemistry at the same locations at regular time intervals (twice per year). This strategy allows for determination of variations in effects from the Makena Resort in both space (at different locations along the shoreline) and time. It should be noted that water chemistry monitoring off the Makena area was initiated in 1995 on a

voluntary basis, and has continued uninterrupted until the present. With the implementation of the Boundary Amendment and Zoning Conditions, it was determined that the ongoing voluntary monitoring protocol satisfied the stated requirements. Hence, the entire data set from 1995 onward is considered as part of the monitoring program. The following report presents the results of the 36th increment in the monitoring program, and contains data from water chemistry sampling conducted on July 7, 2017, and represents the first survey conducted in 2017.

II. ANALYTICAL METHODS

Three survey sites directly downslope from the Makena Resort have been selected as sampling locations. A fourth site, located offshore of an area with minimal land-based development, particularly golf course operations, was selected as a control. During the June 2007 survey, another sampling location was added near the southern boundary of Maluaka Bay. It is anticipated that this station will remain part of the sampling protocol permanently.

Figure 1 is a map showing the shoreline and topographical features of the Makena area, and the location of the North and South Golf Courses. All survey sites are depicted as transects perpendicular to the shoreline extending from the shoreline out to what is considered open coastal ocean (i.e., beyond the effects of activities on land). Survey Site 1 is located near the northern boundary of the project site off Nahuna Point; Survey Site 2 bisects Makena Bay near Makena Landing. Site 3 bisects the middle of the South course on the north side of Maluaka Point. Site 3A is on the southern corner of Maluaka Bay. Site 4, which is considered the Control site, is located near the northern boundary of the 'Ahihi-Kina'u natural area reserve north of the 1790 lava flow and approximately 1-2 miles south of the existing Makena Golf courses (Figure 1).

The control site was located off a shoreline area with minimal land uses (i.e., residences near the shoreline and upslope ranchlands) rather than off the completely uninhabited 1790 lava flow. This location was selected as the most appropriate control site, as it is the farthest location from the Makena Resort with the same geophysical structural of the land area. The completely different geological structure of the lava flow off the natural reserve likely results in very different

groundwater dynamics compared to the land area where the Makena Resort is located, hence making the lava flow an unsuitable control site.

In July of 2002, Site 3 was relocated from the southern boundary of the project offshore of Oneloa Beach to the location directly off the Makena Golf Course, as described above. The relocation of Site 3 was deemed necessary as the original location consistently showed virtually no input of groundwater to the ocean. Such lack of groundwater discharge resulted in little potential for evaluating effects from the project. The present location of Site 3 is directly downslope from both the portion of the golf course nearest to the ocean, several newly constructed private residences, and a 3-acre recently restored wetland area. As a result, the new location represents an area that reflects the maximum influence on nearshore water quality from a variety of land uses and natural habitat.

All fieldwork for the present survey was conducted on July 7, 2017. Environmental conditions during sample collection consisted of light winds (5-10 knots) and sunny skies. Ocean conditions were flat with a small 0.5-1 foot breaking surf at the shoreline. Sample collection at the shoreline occurred during a period closest to low tide with a tidal height of -0.2 feet. Rainfall was minimal in the area previous to the day of sampling.

Water samples were collected at stations along transects that extend from the highest wash of waves to between 150-200 meters (m) offshore (about 500-650 feet), depending on the site. Such a sampling scheme is designed to span the greatest range of salinity with respect to freshwater efflux at the shoreline. Sampling was more concentrated in the nearshore zone because this area is most likely to show the effects of land-based activities. With the exception of the two stations closest to the shoreline (0 and 2 m offshore), samples were collected at two depths; a surface sample was collected within approximately 10 centimeters (cm) (~4 inches) of the sea surface, and a bottom sample was collected within one m (3 feet) of the sea floor.

Water samples from the shoreline to a distance of 10 m offshore were collected in triple-rinsed 1-liter polyethylene bottles by swimmers working from the shoreline. Water samples beyond 10 m from the shoreline were collected from a small boat using a 1.8-liter Niskin sampling bottle. This bottle was lowered to the desired depth in an open position where spring-loaded endcaps were triggered to close by a

messenger released from the surface. Upon recovery, each sample was placed on ice until further processing in Honolulu. Water samples were also collected from nine golf course irrigation wells (No's 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10 and 11) on May 10, 2012. Water quality parameters evaluated included the 10 specific criteria designated for open coastal waters in Chapter 11-54, Section 06 (Open Coastal waters) of the State of Hawaii Department of Health Water Quality Standards. These criteria include: total nitrogen (TN) which is defined as inorganic nitrogen [nitrate + nitrite nitrogen (NO₃- + NO₂-), ammonium (NH₄+)], plus total organic nitrogen (TON), total phosphorus (TP) which is defined as inorganic phosphorus (PO₄³-) plus total organic phosphorus, chlorophyll a (Chl a), turbidity, temperature, pH and salinity. In addition, orthophosphate phosphorus (PO₄³-) and silica (Si) were reported because these constituents are sensitive indicators of biological activity and the degree of groundwater mixing, respectively.

Analyses for $NO_{3^-} + NO_{2^-}$ (hereafter termed NO_{3^-}), NH_{4^+} and $PO_{4^{3^-}}$, were performed on filtered samples using a Technicon Analytical AA3 autoanalyzer according to standard methods for seawater analysis (Strickland and Parsons 1968, Grasshoff 1983). TN and TP were analyzed in a similar fashion on unfiltered samples following digestion. Total organic nitrogen (TON) and Total organic phosphorus (TOP) were calculated as the difference between TN and inorganic N, and TP and inorganic P, respectively.

Chl a was measured by filtering 300 ml of water through glass fiber filters; pigments on filters were extracted in 90% acetone in the dark at -5°C for 12-24 hours, and the fluorescence before and after acidification of the extract was measured with a Turner Designs fluorometer (level of detection 0.01 µg/L). Salinity was determined using an AGE Model 2100 laboratory salinometer with a precision of 0.003‰. In situ field measurements included water temperature, pH, dissolved oxygen and salinity which were acquired using an RBR Model XR-420 CTD calibrated to factory specifications. The CTD has a readability of 0.001°C, 0.001pH units, 0.001% oxygen saturation, and 0.001 parts per thousand (‰) salinity.

Nutrient, turbidity, Chl a and salinity analyses were conducted by Marine Analytical Specialists located in Honolulu, Hawaii. This laboratory possesses acceptable ratings from EPA-compliant proficiency and quality control testing.

The EPA and Standard Methods (SM) methods that were employed for chemical analyses, as well as detection limits, are listed in the Code of Federal Regulations (CRF) Title 40, Chapter 1, Part 136, are as follows:

- NH₄+ EPA 350.1, Rev. 2.0 or SM4500-NH3 G, detection limit 0.42 μg/L.
- $NO_{3}^{-} + NO_{2}^{-}$, EPA 353.2, Rev. 2.0 or SM4500-NO3F, detection limit 0.28 µg/L.
- PO₄-3 EPA 365.5 or SM4500-P F, detection limit 0.31 μ g/L.
- TP EPA 365.1, or SM 4500-P E J, detection limit 0.62 μg/L.
- TN SM 4500-N C., detection limit 5.60 μg/L.
- Si, SM 4500 SiO2 E, detection limit 5.32 μg/L.
- Chlorophyll a, SM 10200, detection limit 0.006 μg/L.
- pH, EPA 150.1 or SM 4500H+B, detection limit 0.002 pH units.
- Turbidity, EPA 180.1, Rev. 2.0 or SM2130 B, detection limit 0.008 NTU.
- Temperature, SM 2550 B, detection limit 0.01 degrees centigrade.
- Salinity, SM 2520, detection limit 0.003 ppt.
- Dissolved Oxygen, SM4500 O G, and detection limit 0.01% sat.

III. RESULTS and DISCUSSION

A. General Overview

Table 1 shows results of all marine water chemical analyses for samples collected off Makena on July 7, 2017 with nutrient concentrations reported in micromolar units (μ M). Table 2 shows similar results with nutrient concentrations presented in units of micrograms per liter (μ g/L). Tables 3 and 4 show geometric means of ocean samples at Sites 1, 2 and 4 for 36 surveys, 27 surveys at Site 3, and 18 surveys from Site 3A, with nutrient concentrations shown in μ M and μ g/L, respectively. Table 5 shows water chemistry measurements (in units of μ M and μ g/L) for samples collected from irrigation wells located on the Makena Resort Golf Courses. Concentrations of twelve chemical constituents in surface and deep-water samples from the July 2017 sampling are plotted as functions of distance from the shoreline in Figures 2 and 3. Mean concentrations (\pm standard error) of twelve chemical constituents in surface and deep water samples as functions of distance from the shoreline at Sites 1-4 collected since 1995 and from Site 3A collected since 2007are plotted in Figures 4-18. In addition, data from the most recent sampling in July 2017 are plotted on Figures 4-18.

During the July 2017 sampling, on all five transects concentrations of dissolved Si, NO_{3} and TN collected within 50 m of the shoreline were elevated by an order of magnitude compared to samples collected near the bottom at the sampling station located farthest offshore (Figure 2, Tables 1 and 2).

The horizontal gradients (defined as the decrease in value moving offshore) of Si, NO_{3} - and TN were steepest on Transects 3-A, where concentrations of NO_{3} -decreased by nearly two orders of magnitude (i.e., 100-fold) across the sampling transect. Horizontal gradients in concentrations of Si, NO_{3} - and TN were on Transect 1 were slightly less than on Transect 3A, and while evident, were less pronounced on Transects 2, 3 and 4. These horizontal gradients extended nearly the entire length of each transect.

Salinity was lowest in samples collected nearest the shoreline, and increased with distance from shore across the sampling transect. At the seaward ends of the transects, bottom waters reflected open coastal ocean values of salinity (~34.7‰). As with the nutrients, gradients of salinity had the highest magnitude on Transects 3A and 1, where surface salinity increased by 13.29‰ and 8.34‰, respectively, from the shoreline to the seaward ends of the transects (Tables 1 and 2). At Sites 2, 3 and 4, the lowest salinity also occurred at the shoreline with increasing values with distance offshore (Figure 3).

As was the case for NO_3^- and Si, concentrations of phosphate phosphorus (PO_4^{3-}) and TP were highest at the shoreline and decreased moving offshore to the open ocean (Figure 2, Tables 1 and 2). The decreasing gradient of PO_4^{3-} was most evident at Sites 1 and 3A, and extended out to a distance of 50 meters from the shoreline (Figure 2). Concentrations of NH4+ were also elevated at sampling points near the shoreline. At Site 3A, the concentrations of NH_4^+ in the samples collected within 10 meters of the shoreline were approximately five times greater than measured in the offshore samples. The overall values of NH_4^+ on Transect 3A were higher than that measured at the other transect sites (Tables 1 and 2).

With no streams in the sampling area, nor heavy rainfall and subsequent surface runoff immediately preceding sampling, patterns of elevated Si, NO₃-, TN and PO₄³- with corresponding reduced salinity are a result of groundwater entering the ocean near the shoreline. Low salinity groundwater, which contains high concentrations of Si, NO₃-, TN and PO₄³- (see values for well waters in Table 5), percolates to the ocean

near the shoreline, resulting in a distinct zone of mixing in the nearshore region. The zone of mixing is discernible by distinct decreasing gradients of nutrients and increasing gradients of salinity with distance from shoreline. During periods of low tide and calm sea conditions, the zone of mixing between groundwater and ocean water is most pronounced. During high tidal stands, and high winds and waves, increased mixing near the shoreline dilutes the groundwater signal. During the July 2017 sampling, ocean swells were minimal. Comparing the results of the repetitive surveys conducted during different wind and sea conditions indicates that tidal state, as well as wind and wave energy, greatly effect groundwater mixing in the nearshore zone.

Dissolved nutrient constituents that are not usually associated with groundwater input (TON, TOP) showed no distinct horizontal gradients with distance offshore for four of the five sites (Table 1, Figure 2).

Turbidity was highest near the shoreline, and decreased with distance from shore at all five transects with Site 2 showing highest values of turbidity (Tables 1 and 2, Figure 3). Transect 2 bisects Makena Bay (Makena Landing), which is a semi-enclosed embayment with a silt/sand bottom rather than the predominantly "hard" reef or sand bottoms that occur at the other transect sites. Shoreline surf and on-shore winds often contribute to an increase in turbidity at this site. It has been observed that during flash floods originating in the ranch lands upslope of the Makena Resort, terrigenous sediment will flow to the ocean at Makena Bay. As a result of waveinduced resuspension of the naturally occurring silt/sand substratum, as well as terrigenous runoff which may be partially retained within the embayment, turbidity has often been elevated on Transect 2 relative to the other transect sites. It is important to note that in surveys conducted since July 2002, water clarity in Makena Bay has improved greatly compared to preceding surveys in 2001. Values in 2001 documented the persistent effects of substantial input of terrigenous materials from a flash-flood that occurred in October 1999. Since that time, a large retention basin has been constructed on the upper slopes of Makena Resort in the watershed that flows into Makena Bay. Beyond the shoreline, turbidity was constant and of the same magnitude at the other four transect sites (Tables 1 and 2).

Values of ChI a were highest near the shoreline at all transects except Transect 3A. Values near the shoreline were slightly higher at Transects 2 and 1 compared to the other three sites (Table 1, Figure 3). Beyond 50 meters from the shoreline, the

magnitude in Chl α concentrations were similar among all five sites (Tables 1 and 2). And uncharacteristic higher value for Chl α (0.58 μ g/L)was detected in both the surface and deep sample from the 150 meter from shore station on Transect 3A (Table 1).

In July 2017, surface water temperature was considerably higher near the shoreline at Sites 3, 3A, and 4 compared to Sites 1 and 2 (Figure 3, Tables 1 and 2). Maximum temperature reached 27.7°C at Site 4 while at Sites 1 and 2, temperature at the shoreline was lowest (~25.5°C). For the entire data set during the July 2017 survey temperature ranged between 25.2°C and 27.7°C for all samples. Beyond 50 meters from the shoreline temperature remained constant at all five sites (Figure 3).

In many areas of the Hawaiian Islands, input of low salinity groundwater to the nearshore ocean creates a distinct buoyant surface lens that can persist for some distance offshore. Buoyant surface layers are generally found in areas where turbulent processes (primarily wave action) are insufficient to completely mix the water column in the nearshore zone. Figures 2 and 3 and Tables 1 and 2 show concentrations of water chemistry constituents with respect to vertical stratification. With a few exceptions, concentrations of constituents in deep samples were lower than surface values. These results were most evident at transect Sites 1 and 3A where input of groundwater nutrients were most prominent. The buoyant surface layer extended the entire length of all transects indicating that normal mixing processes from wind and waves were not pronounced during July 2017.

B. Temporal Comparison of Monitoring Results

Figures 4-18 show mean concentrations (±standard error) of water chemistry constituents from surface and deep samples at Transect Sites 1-4 from monitoring surveys conducted since 1995 and from Site 3A for monitoring surveys conducted since 2007. The results of the most recent survey in July 2017 are also shown on each plot.

The long-term means of concentrations of groundwater nutrients (Si, NO_3 -, and PO_4 ³⁻), salinity, NH_4 +, turbidity and Chl α show an overall trend of increasing nutrients and decreasing salinity with distance offshore. Additionally, differences between surface and deep concentrations show vertical stratification within 50 meters of the shoreline with nutrient concentrations higher and salinity lower in the surface water compared

to the deep water. Mean concentrations of TON, TOP and temperature remain nearly constant along the length of each transect. Temperature at Site 3A also increased with increasing distance offshore, a finding dissimilar from the other sites where temperature was fairly constant (Figure 18). The lower temperature near the shoreline at Transect 3A likely reflects the substantial input of cool groundwater at this location.

In comparing the most recent survey with the overall dataset, a few constituents were higher during the July 2017 survey compared to the mean values. Temperature at Sites 3, 3A and 4 were distinctly higher during July 2017 compared to the mean values over the course of monitoring (Figures 12, 15 and 18) while offshore temperatures at Site 2 were higher (Figure 9). Concentration of Si was higher during the present survey compared to the means at Site 3 (Figure 10). The patterns comparing the concentrations measured in the most recent survey to the mean values over all survey dates are likely a reflection of the combination of low tide and low energy of physical mixing processes (wave action) in the nearshore zone.

C. Conservative Mixing Analysis

A useful treatment of water chemistry data for interpreting the extent of material input from land is application of a hydrographic mixing model. In the simplest form, such a model consists of plotting the concentration of a dissolved chemical species as a function of salinity. Comparison of the curves produced by such plots with conservative mixing lines provides an indication of the origin and fate of the material in question (Officer 1979, Dollar and Atkinson 1992, Smith and Atkinson 1993). Figure 19 shows plots of concentrations of four chemical constituents (Si, NO_3^- , PO_4^{3-} , and NH_4^+) as functions of salinity for samples collected in July 2017. Figures 20 and 21 show the same type of plot with data pooled by transect site for a composite of all past surveys, as well as for the most recent survey. Each graph also shows a conservative mixing line that is constructed by connecting the end member concentrations of open ocean water with irrigation well No. 4 located off the North Course of the Makena Resort (representative of groundwater upslope of the Makena Resort).

If the parameter in question displays purely conservative behavior (no input or removal from any process other than physical mixing), data points should fall on, or very near, the conservative mixing line. If, however, external material is added to the system through processes such as leaching of fertilizer nutrients to groundwater, data

points will fall above the mixing line. If material is being removed from the system by processes such as uptake by biotic metabolic processes, data points will fall below the mixing line.

Dissolved Si represents a check on the model as this material is present in high concentration in groundwater, but is not a major component of fertilizer. In addition, Si is not utilized rapidly within the nearshore environment by biological processes. It can be seen in Figure 19 that when concentrations of Si are plotted as functions of salinity, most of the data points from all five sites fall in a linear array on, or close to the conservative mixing line. Data points from samples at the shoreline for Transect 1 fall slightly below the mixing line. The overall linearity of the data points indicates that marine waters at the five transect sites are primarily a mixture of groundwater flowing beneath the project and ocean water. These results indicate that the groundwater from upslope Well No. 4 provides a valid representation of groundwater that enters the ocean following flow through the Makena development. Over the course of monitoring since 1995, the relationship between salinity and Si has remained nearly constant (Figure 20).

 NO_3^- is the form of nitrogen most common in fertilizer mixes that are used for enhancing turf growth. When the concentrations of NO_3^- are plotted as functions of salinity, data from each transect prescribe a distinct linear pattern (Figure 19). Inspection of the mixing plots from the most recent survey (Figure 19) and the long-term mixing data (Figure 20) indicate that essentially all of the values of NO_3^- from Control Site 4 fall on, or very near, the conservative mixing line. Such a result validates that Site 4 is indeed a good "control" area that is not greatly affected by activities on land other than natural processes. During the July 2017 survey, data points from Site 2 also fell close to the mixing line (Figure 19).

Conversely, data points from the nearshore samples at Transects 1, 3 and 3-A all fall in a linear array above the conservative mixing line. Such a pattern indicates that there are subsidies of NO₃- to the ocean from sources on land (Figure 19). Most evident are the data points from Transects 1, 3 and 3-A with salinities less than 34‰ that are evident far above the mixing line (Figure 19). Transect sites 3 and 3A lie directly offshore of the golf course, residences and a wetland. Transect Site 1 lies offshore of an area populated by numerous residences, and is downslope from the northern end of the Makena Golf Courses and southern end of the Wailea Golf Courses. The mixing line relationships from Figures 19 and 20 indicate subsidies of NO₃-

at these areas that are likely a result of leaching of fertilizers to the groundwater lens. The source of fertilizer nutrients is likely from both golf course and residential landscaping. Although the Makena South Course has been closed for an extended time, the greens and fairways continue to be maintained at the time of this survey.

Transect Site 1 has also been used as a monitoring station for a similar evaluation of the effects of the Wailea Golf Courses on water chemistry that commenced in 1989. The lowest concentrations of NO_3 - relative to salinity at Transect site 1 occurred during the initial two years of study, with subsequent higher concentrations increasing since 1992. Hence, there appears to have been an increase of NO_3 - in nearshore waters since 1992 that was not occurring in 1989-1991.

Completion of the Wailea Gold Course occurred in December 1993, while completion of the Makena North Course occurred in November 1993. As the southern region of the Wailea Course and the northern part of the Makena Course abut each other in the makai-mauka direction landward of ocean Transect 1, the increased concentrations of NO_3 evident in Figure 19 may be a result of leaching of fertilizer materials from the combined golf courses to groundwater that enters the ocean in the sampling area.

Mixing analyses also indicate an ongoing input of NO₃- at the shoreline of Stations 3 and 3A located off the existing Makena Golf Course and several residences that have been constructed over the course of monitoring adjacent to the Golf Course (Figures 19 and 20). Such subsidies have been noted in past surveys, as can be seen in Figure 20. When the slopes of the data points for the July 2017 survey (red symbols) are superimposed over the slopes of combined sets of data points from past surveys (black and blue symbols) it can be seen that subsidies of NO₃- lie slightly below the approximate midpoint of the overall data set (Figure 20). Thus, it can be inferred that over the course of the monitoring program, results from the most recent survey do not indicate a progressive increase or decrease in subsidies of NO₃- to the ocean from human activities. Future monitoring will continue to provide information on any directions of trends of NO₃- input to the ocean.

While the data reveal a long-term subsidy to the concentration of NO_3^- in groundwater and the nearshore zone at several of the sampling sites, the concentrations of NO_3^- fall in clearly linear relationship as functions of salinity. The linearity of the data array indicates that there is little or no detectable uptake of this

material by the marine environment. Such lack of uptake indicates that the nutrients are not being removed from the water column by metabolic reactions that could change the composition of the marine environment. Rather, the nutrient subsidies are diluted to background oceanic levels by physical processes of wind and wave mixing. As a result, the increased nutrients do not appear to have the potential to cause alteration in biological community composition or function.

Similar situations have also been observed in other locales in the Hawaiian islands where nutrient subsidies from golf course leaching result in excess NO₃⁻ in the nearshore zone. At Keauhou Bay on the Big Island, it was shown that owing to the distinct vertical stratification in the nearshore zone, the excess nutrients never come into contact with benthic communities, thereby limiting the potential for increased uptake by benthic algae. In addition, the residence time of the high nutrient water was short enough within the embayment to preclude phytoplankton blooms. As a result, while NO₃⁻ concentrations doubled as a result of golf course leaching for a period of at least several years, there was no detectable negative effect to the marine environment (Dollar and Atkinson 1992). Owing to the unrestricted nature of circulation and mixing off the Makena project (no confined embayments) it is reasonable to assume that the excess NO₃⁻ subsidies that are apparent in the present study will not result in alteration to biological communities.

Surveys of the nearshore marine habitats off of Makena reveal a generally healthy coral reef that does not appear to exhibit any negative effects from nutrient loading, particularly in the form of abundant algal biomass (Marine Research Consultants 2006). In addition, inspection of the entire shoreline fronting the Makena Resort revealed that there are no areas exhibiting excessive algal growth that could be termed an "algal bloom."

The area was affected by anomalously high temperatures associated with the El Nino event in the summer of 2015. Inspection of the reef at the time of the October 2015 survey revealed a substantial amount of bleaching to corals, particularly of the species *Pocillopora meandrina*. Coral bleaching during the summer of 2015 has been common throughout the Hawaiian Islands as part of a global bleaching event associated with warming of ocean waters associated with an ongoing El Nino event. However, visual inspection of the area in 2017 indicated that much of the bleached corals had returned to normal in the intervening interval. As coral bleaching is not

necessarily lethal to corals, the recovery is typical of many other areas of the main Hawaiian Islands.

The other form of dissolved inorganic nitrogen, NH₄+, does not show a linear pattern of distribution with respect to salinity for either the July 2017 survey (Figure 19) or the entire monitoring program (Figure 21). The lack of a correlation between salinity and concentration of NH₄+ suggests that this form of nitrogen is not present in the marine environment as a result of mixing from groundwater sources. Rather, NH₄+ is generated by natural biotic activity in the ocean waters off Makena. The reversed gradient of increasing concentrations of NH₄+ with increasing salinity on most of the transects indicates that the source of NH₄+ is not from groundwater entering the nearshore zone (Figure 19). In addition, it can be seen in Figure 19 that with the exception of the two samples collected nearest the shoreline on Transect 3A, the highest concentration of NH₄+ do not occur at the lowest salinities, but rather near the highest salinities. The lack of linearity with respect to salinity in the distribution of NH₄+ indicates that the elevated concentrations are from a marine source, and not from input from land.

 PO_4^{3-} is also a major component of fertilizer, but is usually not found to leach to groundwater to the extent of NO_3^- , owing to a high absorptive affinity of phosphorus in soils. However, as with NO_3^- , when concentrations of PO_4^{3-} are plotted as functions of salinity, samples from each transect fall in distinct linear arrays. Most of the data points from transect sites 2, 3, 3A and 4 lie close to the mixing line, while data points for transect 1 lie below the mixing line. The location of all data points on or below the mixing line indicates that there are not subsidies of PO_4^{3-} to the ocean from activities on land.

D. Time Course Mixing Analyses

While it is possible to evaluate temporal changes from repetitive surveys conducted over time in terms of concentrations of water chemistry constituents (See Section C), a more informative and accurate method of evaluating changes over time is to utilize the results of scaling nutrient concentrations to salinity. As discussed above, the simple hydrographic mixing model consisting of plotting concentrations of nutrient constituents versus salinity eliminates the ambiguity associated with comparing only the concentrations of samples collected during multiple samplings at different stages of tide and weather conditions. Figures 22 and 23 show plots of Si and NO₃-,

respectively, as functions of salinity collected during each year of sampling since 1995. Also shown in Figures 22 and 23 are straight lines that represent the least squares linear regression fitted through concentrations of Si and NO_3 - as functions of salinity at each monitoring site for each year. Tables 6-8 show the numerical values of the Y-intercepts, slopes, and respective upper and lower 95% confidence limits of linear regressions fitted through the data points for Si, NO_3 -, and PO_4 ³⁻ as functions of salinity for each year of monitoring.

The magnitude of the contribution of nutrients originating from land-based activities to groundwater will be reflected in both the steepness of the slope and the magnitude of the Y-intercept of the regression line fitted through the concentrations scaled to salinity (the Y-intercept can be interpreted as the concentration that would occur at a salinity of zero if the distribution of data points is linear). This relationship is valid because with increasing contributions from land, nutrient concentrations in any given parcel of water would increase with no corresponding change in salinity.

Hence, if the contribution from land sources to groundwater nutrient composition is increasing over time, there would be progressive increases in the absolute value of the slopes, as well as the Y-intercepts of the regression lines fitted through each set of annual nutrient concentrations when plotted as functions of salinity. Conversely, if the contributions to groundwater from land are decreasing, there will be decreases in the absolute values of the slopes and Y-intercepts.

Plots of the values of the slopes (Figure 24) and Y-intercepts (Figure 25) of regression lines fitted though concentrations of Si, NO_3 - and PO_4 ³- scaled to salinity during each survey year provide an indication of the changes that have been occurring over time in the nearshore ocean off the Makena Resort. As stated above, Si provides the best case for evaluating the effectiveness of the method, as Si is present in high concentration in groundwater but is not a component of fertilizers. NO_3 - and PO_4 -3 are the forms of nitrogen and phosphorus that are found in high concentrations in groundwater relative to ocean water, and are the major nutrient constituents found in fertilizers.

Examination of Figures 24 and 25, as well as Tables 6-8 reveal that a single slope (Si at Transect 4) and none of the Y-intercepts of Si, NO_3 - and PO_4 ³⁻ at any of the transect sites exhibit any indication of progressively increasing or decreasing values over the

course of monitoring. The term "REGSLOPE" in Tables 6-8 denotes the values of the slopes and 95% confidence limits of linear regressions of the values of the yearly slopes and Y-intercepts as a function of time. For four of the five sites, the span of the upper and lower 95% confidence limits of the REGSLOPE coefficients are not significantly different than zero, indicating that there is no statistically significant increase or decrease in the salinity-scaled concentrations of Si, NO_3 - and PO_4 ³⁻ over the course of the monitoring program (Tables 6-8). Examination of Table 6, shows a slight decrease in in the Y-intercept and a slight increase in the slope for Si at Site 4, which is the Control site that is not affected by human activities at Makena.

For all three nutrients, there is little variation in either slopes or Y-intercepts during any single year at Site 1, located off the "5 Graves" area downslope from the juncture of the Wailea and Makena Resorts (Figures 24 and 25). Such lack of variation indicates relatively consistent concentrations of Si, NO_3 - and PO_4 ³⁻ in groundwater entering the ocean over the entire course of monitoring since 1995. Sites 2 (Makena Landing) and 4 ('Ahihi-Kina`u) also show relatively constant trends with time. The single exception occurred in 2001 which is marked by spikes in Si and PO_4 ³⁻, although not for NO_3 -. Sampling in 2001 was conducted during a period of rough winter sea conditions marked by vigorous mixing of the water column. As a result, there was very weak linear relationship between nutrient concentrations and salinity.

At Site 3, located directly downslope for the point of the Makena Golf Course closest to the ocean, there is a trend of decreasing NO₃- between 2002 and 2004, an increasing trend from 2004 to 2007, followed by another downturn from 2007 to 2013. Followed by a slight upturn to 2015(Figures 24 and 25). As a result of these reversing trends, there is no significant change over the 14-year period of monitoring. The multiple reversing trends may reflect changes in land use, such as variation in fertilizer application or construction-related activities in 2002-2004 versus 2004-2007. In June of 2008, the golf course fronting the ocean in this area was shut down for re-alignment and re-planting. Underground retention/filtration systems were also constructed to mitigate effects of stormwater runoff. At the time of the July 2017 survey, new turf grass had been applied but the course remained closed. Construction has been completed on the filtration systems but they are not yet operational.

E. Compliance with DOH Standards

Tables 1 and 2 also show samples that exceed DOH water quality standards for open coastal waters under "wet" and "dry" conditions. These criteria are applied depending upon whether the area is likely to receive less than (dry) or greater than (wet) 3 million gallons of groundwater and/or surface water input per mile per day. As it is not possible to accurately estimate groundwater and surface water discharge, both wet and dry standards are considered. DOH standards include specific criteria for three situations; criteria that are not to be exceeded during either 10% or 2% of the time, and criteria that are not to be exceeded by the geometric mean of samples. With only one or two samplings collected per year since 1995, comparison of the 10% or 2% of the time criteria for any sample is not statistically meaningful. However, comparing sample concentrations to these criteria provide an indication of whether water quality is near the stated specific criteria. Boxed values in Tables 1 and 2 show instances where measurements exceed the DOH standards under dry conditions, while boxed and shaded values show instances where measurements exceed DOH standards under wet conditions.

Results from the July 2017 survey indicated that numerous measurements of NO_{3} - TN, NH_4 + and Chl a exceeded the 10% DOH criteria under wet or dry conditions (Tables 1 and 2). Only two measurements each of TP and turbidity exceeded the 10% DOH criteria under any conditions. It is of interest to note that at Transect site 4, which is considered the control station beyond the influence of the Makena Resort, exceedance of DOH criteria for NO_{3} - occurred at a similar number of sampling sites as for the transects located directly offshore of the golf courses.

Tables 3 and 4 show geometric means of samples collected at the same locations during the 36 increments of the monitoring program at Sites 1, 2 and 4. Geometric means of samples collected over 27 increments of sampling at Site 3 and 18 increments of sampling at Site 3A are also shown. These tables also specify the samples that exceed the DOH geometric mean limits for open coastal waters under "dry" (boxed) and "wet" (boxed and shaded) conditions. For NO_3^- , NH_4^+ , TN and $Chl\ a$, nearly all samples exceeded the dry and wet standards within 100 m of the shoreline. Eight samples of TP and 21 samples of turbidity exceeded standards. As noted above, Site 4 is considered a control transect, in that it is not located offshore of the Makena Resort or dense residential development. It can be seen in Tables 3 and 4, however, that the number of samples that exceed geometric mean

criteria at Site 4 are comparable to the other four sites, all of which are located downslope from the Makena Resort. Hence, Resort activities, including golf courses cannot be attributed as the sole (or even major) factor causing water quality to exceed geometric mean standards.

Several comments can be made regarding the present DOH water quality standards and how they apply to the monitoring program at the Makena Resort. As noted above, the category of water quality standards that are applicable for the Makena Monitoring program are "Open Coastal Waters." As the name implies, these standards apply to "open" waters that could be reasonably defined as "waters beyond the direct influence of land." In order to evaluate the effects of land uses on the nearshore ocean off Makena, the selected sampling regime collects water within a zone that extends from the shoreline to the open coastal ocean. As a result, sampling takes place within the region of ocean that is indeed directly influenced by land. If the monitoring protocol were changed to include only those sampling locations beyond 50-100 m from shore (i.e., open coastal waters), which is completely valid with respect to meeting DOH regulatory compliance, virtually none of the factors discussed above relating to the effects of activities on land to the nearshore ocean would not be observed.

Initial steps have been taken by DOH to rectify this situation. During revision of the Department of Health water quality standards in 2004, a unique set of monitoring criteria was added for the West Coast of the Island of Hawaii (i.e., "Kona standards"). The rationale for these unique criteria was the recognition that existing numerical "standards" represent offshore coastal waters that are beyond the natural confluence of land and the nearshore ocean. As a result, the West Hawaii standards recognize that groundwater entering the ocean at the shoreline contains substantially elevated nutrients relative to open coastal waters. As a result, the Kona criteria provide the potential to meet water quality standards with elevated nutrient concentrations resulting from natural sources of groundwater input. As the same processes of groundwater discharge to the coastal ocean have been documented in Maui, it is hopeful that similar new provisions of the water quality standards with soon be applicable to the South Maui area.

IV. SUMMARY

- The 36th phase of water chemistry monitoring of the nearshore ocean off the Makena Resort was carried out on July 7, 2017. Sixty-two ocean water samples were collected on four transects spaced along the project ocean frontage and on one control transect. Site 1 was located at the northern boundary of the project, Site 2 was located near the central part of the Makena North Golf Course in the center of Makena Bay, Site 3A (initiated during the June 2007 survey) was located near the southern boundary of Maluaka Bay, Site 3 was downslope from the part of Makena South Golf Course that comes closest to the shoreline, and Control Site 4 was located to the south of Makena Resort near the northern boundary of the 'Ahihi-Kina'u Natural Area Reserve. Sampling transects extended from the shoreline out to the open coastal ocean. Water samples were analyzed for chemical criteria specified by DOH water quality standards, as well as several additional criteria.
- Water chemistry constituents that occur in high concentration in groundwater (Si, NO₃- and TN) displayed horizontal gradients with highest concentrations nearest to shore and decreasing concentrations moving seaward at all of the five sites. Groundwater input (based on salinity) was greatest at Transect sites 3-A and 1, followed by sites 3, 2 and 4.
- Vertical stratification of the water column was evident during July 2017, indicating that physical mixing processes generated by tidal exchange, wind stirring, and breaking waves were insufficient to mix the water column from surface to bottom throughout the sampling area at the time of the monitoring survey.
- Overall, values of Chl a and turbidity were elevated near the shoreline compared to offshore samples, with Site 2 having the highest values of turbidity in nearshore samples. The elevated levels of Chl a in the nearshore zone are likely a result of broken fragments of benthic plants that broken from the bottom by wave action and washed to the shoreline. The low concentrations of Chl a through the offshore water column indicates the lack of plankton blooms in the area. Elevated values of turbidity in the nearshore samples is likely a result of wave resuspension of fine-grained particulate material in the surf zone.
- Other organic water chemistry constituents that do not occur in high concentrations in groundwater (NH₄+, TON, TOP) did not show any horizontal pattern

of increased concentration near the shoreline and decreasing with distance offshore. Transect site 3A had distinctly higher concentrations of NH₄+ near the shoreline compared to the other four sites.

- Scaling nutrient concentrations to salinity indicates that there are measurable subsidies of NO₃- to groundwater that enters the nearshore ocean at three Transect sites (1, 3, 3-A). No subsidies of NO₃- other than the chemical constituents of naturally occurring groundwater were apparent at Site 2 (Makena Landing) or Control Site 4 ('Ahihi-Kina`u). These subsidies, which are without doubt a result of land uses involving fertilizers, substantially increase the concentration of NO₃- with respect to salinity in groundwater flowing to the ocean compared to natural groundwater. The area shoreward of Site 1 includes the juncture of the southern part of the Wailea Gold Course and the northern part of the Makena North Course, as well as residential development. Sites 3 and 3A are directly downslope from the Makena South Course in an area were the golf course extends to the shoreline. In addition, private residences and a wetland are present upslope of Transect 3 and 3A. Hence, the subsidies of NO₃- noted at these sites may result from a combination of sources.
- Linear regression statistics of repetitive slopes and Y-intercepts of nutrient concentration plotted as functions of salinity over time are useful for evaluating changes to water quality over time. When the regression values of nutrient concentrations versus salinity are plotted as a function of time, there are no statistically significant increases or decreases over the 22 years of monitoring at any of the survey sites located off the Makena Resort. The lack of increase in these slopes and intercepts indicate that there has not been consistent changes in nutrient input from land to groundwater that enters the ocean since 1995 (since 2002 at Site 2). At Site 3 off the Makena Resort South Golf Course, there was a progressive decrease in NO₃- input between 2002 and 2004, followed by an increase between 2004 and 2007, with progressive decreases from 2008 through 2013. Since 2013 input has been relatively stable. Further monitoring at this site will be of interest to note the future direction of the oscillating trends noted in the last ten years.
- Comparing water chemistry parameters to DOH standards revealed that several measurements of NO_{3^-} , TN, NH_4^+ and Chl a, and two measurements of TP and turbidity exceeded the DOH "not to exceed more than 10% of the time" criteria for dry and wet conditions of open coastal waters. It is apparent that the concentrations of NO_{3^-} in nearshore marine waters that contains a mixture of seawater and natural

groundwater may exceed DOH criteria with no subsidies from human activities on land. Numerous values of NO_{3^-} , NH_4^+ , TN, turbidity and Chl a exceeded specified limits for geometric means. Such exceedances occurred at all survey sites, including the control site that was far from any golf course influence. The consistent exceedance of water quality standards is in large part a consequence of the present DOH standards not accounting for the natural effects of groundwater discharge to the nearshore ocean.

- As in past surveys, there is a subsidy of dissolved inorganic nutrients (e.g., Si and NO₃-) to groundwater that enters the nearshore ocean at sampling sites downslope from parts of the Makena Resort. Without question, such input is a consequence of various land use activities. However, none of these inputs have increased over time. Surveys of coral reef community structure that are part of the ongoing monitoring program for the Makena Resort, as well as the continued lack of any nuisance algal aggregations in the nearshore area indicate that the nutrient subsidies are not detrimental to marine community structure.
- The next scheduled testing for the Makena Resort monitoring program is planned for the fall-winter season of 2017.

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FIGURE 1. Aerial photograph of Makena Resort on southwest coastline of Maui. Also shown are locations of five water sampling transects that extend from the shoreline to 150-200 m from shore. The southern end of the Wailea golf course is visible at right.

TABLE 1. Water chemistry measurements (with nutrients reported in micromolar units) from ocean water samples collected in the vicinity of the Makena Resort on July 7, 2017. Abbreviations as follows: DFS=distance from shore; TURB = turbidity; CHL a = chlorophyll a; TEMP = temperture; O2 = dissolved oxygen; S=surface; D=deep; BDL=below detection limit. Also shown are the State of Hawaii, Department of Health (DOH) "not to exceed more than 10% of the time" and "not to exceed more than 2% of the time" water quality standards for open coastal waters under "dry" and "wet" conditions. Boxed values exceed DOH 10% "dry" standards; boxed and shaded values exceed DOH 10% "wet" standards. For sampling site

TRANSECT	DFS	DEPTH	PO ₄ ³⁻	NO ₃	NH ₄ ⁺	Si	TOP	TON	TD	TNI	TUDE	CALIMIT	CUI -	TEMP	m! !	- 00
SITE	(m)	(m)	(μM)	(μM)	NΠ ₄ (μΜ)	Sι (μΜ)	(μM)	(µM)	TP (µM)	TN (µM)	TURB (NTU)	SALINITY (ppt)	CHL a (µg/L)	(deg.C)	pH (std.units)	O2 % Sat
	0.8	0.1	0.43	98.94	0.04	134.1	0.23	2.52	0.66	101.5	0.43	25.610		25.5	7.98	102.1
	2 S	0.1	0.19	67.48	BDL	92.62	0.27	3.26	0.46	70.74	0.31	28.760		25.7	8.01	104.3
	5 S	0.5	0.09	40.31	0.04	57.89	0.65	6.60	0.74	46.95	0.17	31.220	0.47	25.5	8.04	101.7
-	5 D 10 S	1.5 0.5	0.08	31.20 18.16	0.07 0.07	46.37 28.83	0.35 0.27	5.96	0.43	37.23	0.21	32.020		25.5	8.04	100.1
MAKENA 1	10 D	2.4	0.12	12.13	0.07	20.03	0.32	5.37 5.43	0.39	23.60 17.65	0.13 0.13	33.110 33.650	0.30 0.33	25.2 25.6	8.05 8.08	98.2 98.4
滿	50 S	0.5	0.03	9.12	0.06	17.20	0.37	5.53	0.40	14.71	0.12	33.790	0.19	26.5	8.13	99.4
Μ	50 D	4.1	0.09	1.81	0.10	5.78	0.24	5.28	0.33	7.19	0.06	34.540	0.18	26.5	8.16	95.6
	100 S	0.5	0.08	5.19	0.12	12.55	0.24	5.30	0.32	10.61	0.11	34.120	0.17	26.3	8.14	99.6
	100 D 150 S	5.5 0.6	0.08	0.48	0.10	4.01	0.22	5.23	0.30	5.81	0.09	34.760	0.12	26.4	8.16	94.7
	150 S	10.4	0.13	8.56 0.28	0.12	17.75 3.76	0.20 0.21	5.01 5.39	0.33	13.69 5.74	0.08 0.05	33.950 34.840	0.12 0.11	26.2 26.3	8.13 8.16	94.8 97.0
	0.8	0.1	0.17	10.07	0.30	33.67	0.25	6.54	0.42	16.91	0.81	32.660	1.25	25.3	8.14	103.5
	2 S	0.1	0.18	9.91	0.34	33.18	0.25	6.30	0.43	16.55	0.55	32.820	0.86	25.6	8.14	102.7
	5 S	0.6	0.10	3.36	0.06	13.31	0.24	5.12	0.34	8.54	0.12	34.160	0.23	25.6	8.15	103.5
	5 D	2.2	0.11	2.33	0.07	10.29	0.22	5.35	0.33	7.75	0.13	34.230	0.20	25.6	8.15	102.0
7	10 S 10 D	0.5 3.0	0.09	1.65 1.26	0.06	7.84 6.54	0.27 0.25	6.14 5.51	0.36 0.36	7.85 6.82	0.11 0.16	34.420 34.460	0.22 0.19	25.8 26.4	8.16 8.16	101.1 100.3
Ž.	50 S	0.6	0.11	7.79	0.06	26.46	0.23	5.53	0.30	13.38	0.16	33.210	0.19	26.4	8.14	95.0
MAKENA	50 D	4.4	0.10	0.27	0.05	4.02	0.20	5.42	0.30	5.74	0.09	34.710	0.23	26.5	8.16	92.6
MA	100 S	0.6	0.08	2.41	0.04	11.53	0.24	5.48	0.32	7.93	0.17	34.160	0.23	26.5	8.13	97.3
	100 D	5.6	0.11	BDL	0.05	4.05	0.19	5.39	0.30	5.44	0.11	34.760	0.12	26.6	8.16	95.1
	150 S 150 D	0.5 7.2	0.09	3.41 0.53	0.06	12.52	0.22	6.03	0.31	9.50	0.18	34.120	0.19	26.4	8.11	96.9
	200 S	0.6	0.10	1.69	0.05	5.04 9.69	0.22	5.67 5.97	0.32 0.33	6.25 7.70	0.08	34.610 34.230	0.16 0.23	26.7 26.9	8.15 8.13	98.9 100.4
	200 D	12.0	0.11	0.28	0.06	4.39	0.22	8.69	0.33	9.03	0.10	34.680	0.24	26.8	8.15	98.7
	0 S	0.1	1.16	144.7	1.18	277.3	0.08	9.88	1.24	155.7	0.25	20.940	0.30	27.4	7.87	99.9
	2 S	0.1	0.96	102.1	1.42	186.0	0.16	10.33	1.12	113.9	0.20	25.560	0.31	27.1	7.95	104.6
	5 S	0.5	0.31	23.50	0.57	46.75	0.24	7.73	0.55	31.80	0.15	32.640	0.26	26.8	8.10	105.3
3-A	5 D 10 S	1.1 0.5	0.18 0.15	13.24 16.25	0.42	29.84 35.48	0.23	5.19	0.41	18.85	0.14	33.540	0.19	26.7	8.13	105.4
Ϋ́	10 D	2.9	0.13	3.81	0.12	11.25	0.24	4.69 5.40	0.39	21.06 9.43	0.11 0.10	33.190 34.490	0.25	26.7 26.6	8.12 8.14	103.2 100.9
MAKENA	50 S	0.5	0.30	25.11	0.22	52.35	0.19	4.87	0.49	30.20	0.16	32.350	0.19	26.5	8.06	100.3
1AK	50 D	4.5	0.15	1.76	0.17	7.09	0.22	6.58	0.37	8.51	0.25	34.610	0.17	26.8	8.14	97.6
2	100 S	0.5	0.15	5.36	0.29	15.54	0.25	6.07	0.40	11.72	0.18	34.270	0.22	26.7	8.11	97.9
	100 D	5.0	0.12	0.51	0.24	5.11	0.20	4.96	0.32	5.71	0.09	34.610	0.58	26.7	8.15	97.6
	150 S 150 D	0.5 10.4	0.12	3.00 0.25	0.22 0.19	10.91 4.20	0.22	5.03 5.43	0.34	8.25 5.87	0.12 0.06	34.230 34.490	0.58 0.15	26.6 26.7	8.12 8.16	97.4 98.4
	0 S	0.1	0.22	22.12	0.15	41.99	0.24	5.07	0.43	27.44	0.37	33.160	0.13	27.4	8.12	97.3
	2 S	0.1	0.31	19.93	0.34	42.69	0.18	4.47	0.49	24.74	0.20	33.410	0.19	26.8	8.09	99.4
	5 S	0.5	0.17	11.28	0.18	27.68	0.25	6.18	0.42	17.64	0.23	33.910	0.16	26.7	8.10	100.2
m	5 D	1.7	0.17	7.56	0.18	21.79	0.22	5.62	0.39	13.36	0.13	34.160	0.14	26.7	8.10	100.5
AKENA	10 S	0.5	0.12	4.34	0.16	14.56	0.27	5.60	0.39	10.10	0.17	34.380	0.10	26.8	8.09	97.6
	10 D 50 S	2.8 0.5	0.28 0.12	2.17 3.78	0.38	10.81 12.21	0.06	4.91 5.44	0.34 0.36	7.46 9.37	0.15 0.09	34.570 34.340	0.12 0.17	26.9 26.7	8.08	97.1 99.4
MAK	50 D	5.2	0.12	4.86	0.13	14.19	0.24	6.50	0.36	11.44	0.03	34.270	0.17	26.7	8.08	98.6
_	100 S	0.5	0.13	7.10	0.02	17.04	0.22	5.64	0.35	12.76	0.12	34.120	0.11	26.8	8.09	96.7
	100 D	7.6	0.10	0.34	0.02	3.74	0.20	5.36	0.30	5.72	0.12	34.610	0.14	26.8	8.14	98.1
	150 S	0.5	0.10	4.11	0.04	11.98	0.24	6.75	0.34	10.90	0.06	34.310	0.11	26.5	8.11	97.7
	150 D 0 S	13.7	0.11	0.23	BDL	3.29	0.20	5.45	0.31	5.69	0.05	34.720	0.12	26.8	8.15	98.0
	2 S	0.1	0.22	9.37	0.23	46.82 49.61	0.20	7.97 5.82	0.42	16.64 15.21	0.34	32.280 32.550	0.41	27.7 27.6	8.20 8.21	109.6 115.2
	5 S	0.7	0.13	6.17	0.02	35.55	0.20	6.75	0.44	13.21	0.19	33.030	0.62	27.0	8.20	111.5
	5 D	2.7	0.19	5.75	0.20	33.82	0.18	4.98	0.37	10.93	0.16	33.170	0.51	26.9	8.20	116.1
4	10 S	0.8	0.15	1.05	0.40	9.86	0.20	5.38	0.35	6.83	0.08	34.350	0.16	27.0	8.17	106.8
MAKENA	10 D	2.5	0.13	1.12	0.21	11.07	0.21	4.98	0.34	6.31	0.11	34.240	0.23	27.1	8.17	107.3
Ă	50 S	0.9	0.15	0.94	0.30	13.33	0.20	6.01	0.35	7.25	0.12	34.200	0.22	26.8	8.07	100.1
M	50 D	4.5	0.17	0.63	0.37	9.68	0.19	6.05	0.36	7.05	0.14	34.390	0.37	26.9	8.10	99.5
	100 S	8.0	0.10	1.09	0.92	14.36	0.23	6.48	0.33	8.49	0.12	34.160	0.16	26.9	8.07	100.3
	100 D	7.0	0.13	0.22	0.32	4.83	0.18	5.39	0.31	5.93	0.09	34.570	0.17	26.8	8.12	98.2
	150 S	0.5	0.12	1.02	0.53	14.02	0.22	6.20	0.34	7.75	0.10	34.200	0.16	26.8	8.06	100.4
	150 D	9.7	0.13	0.07	0.07	3.81	0.19	5.77	0.32	5.91	0.12	34.580	0.20	26.8	8.14	101.6
56		DRY	2%	0.71 1.43	0.36				0.96 1.45	12.86 17.86	0.50 1.00	*	0.50 1.00	**	***	****
DOH /	wqs	WET	10%	1.00	0.61				1.29	17.85	1.25	*	0.90	**	***	****
		WET	2%	1.78	1.07				1.93	25.00	2.00	*	1.75	***	***	***

^{*} Salinity shall not vary more than ten percent form natural or seasonal changes considering hydrologic input and oceanographic conditions.

** Temperature shall not vary by more than one degree C. from ambient conditions.

^{***}pH shall not deviate more than 0.5 units from a value of 8.1.
****Dissolved Oxygen not to be below 75% saturation.

TABLE 2. Water chemistry measurements (with nutrient data reported in µg/L) from ocean water samples collected in the vicinity of the Makena Resort on July 7, 2017. Abbreviations as follows: DFS=distance from shore; TURB = turbidity; CHL a = chlorophyll a; TEMP = temperture; O2 = dissolved oxygen; S=surface; D=deep; BDL=below detection limit. BDL=below detection limit. Also shown are the State of Hawaii, Department of Health (DOH) "not to exceed more than 10% of the time" and "not to exceed more than 2% of the time" water quality standards for open coastal waters under "dry" and "wet" conditions. Boxed values exceed DOH 10% "dry" standards; boxed and shaded values exceed DOH 10% "wet" standards. For

FD	DE0	DED-	D 2 2	T				1				T.				
TRANSECT	DFS (m)	DEPTH	PO ₄ ³⁻	NO ₃	NH ₄ ⁺	Si	TOP	TON	TP (")	TN		ALINITY	CHL a	TEMP	рН	02
SITE	0.8	(m) 0.1	(μg/L) 13.33	(µg/L)	(µg/L)	(µg/L)	(µg/L)	(µg/L)	(µg/L)	(µg/L)	(NTU)	(ppt)	(µg/L)	(deg.C)	(std.units)	% Sat
	2 S	0.1	5.89	1385 944.7	0.56 BDL	3769 2603	7.13 8.37	35.28 45.64	20.46	990.4	0.43 0.31	25.610 28.760	0.85	25.5 25.7	7.98 8.01	102.1 104.3
	5 S	0.5	2.79	564.3	0.56	1627	20.15	92.40	22.94	657.3	0.17	31.220	0.47	25.5	8.04	101.7
	5 D	1.5	2.48	436.8	0.98	1303	10.85	83.44	13.33	521.2	0.21	32.020	0.55	25.5	8.04	100.1
Y	10 S	0.5	3.72	254.2	0.98	810.1	8.37	75.18	12.09	330.4	0.13	33.110	0.30	25.2	8.05	98.2
MAKENA	10 D	2.4	3.10	169.8	1.26	587.6	9.92	76.02	13.02	247.1	0.13	33.650	0.33	25.6	8.08	98.4
¥	50 S	0.5	0.93	127.7 25.34	0.84	483.3	11.47	77.42	12.40	205.9	0.12	33.790	0.19	26.5	8.13	99.4
2	50 D 100 S	4.1 0.5	2.79	72.66	1.40 1.68	162.4 352.7	7.44 7.44	73.92 74.20	10.23 9.92	100.7 148.5	0.06 0.11	34.540 34.120	0.18 0.17	26.5 26.3	8.16 8.14	95.6 99.6
	100 D	5.5	2.48	6.72	1.40	112.7	6.82	73.22	9.30	81.34	0.09	34.760	0.17	26.4	8.16	94.7
	150 S	0.6	4.03	119.8	1.68	498.8	6.20	70.14	10.23	191.7	0.08	33.950	0.12	26.2	8.13	94.8
	150 D	10.4	2.79	3.92	0.98	105.7	6.51	75.46	9.30	80.36	0.05	34.840	0.11	26.3	8.16	97.0
	0.8	0.1	5.27	141.0	4.20	946.1	7.75	91.56	13.02	236.7	0.81	32.660	1.25	25.3	8.14	103.5
	2 S 5 S	0.1 0.6	5.58 3.10	138.7 47.04	4.76 0.84	932.4 374.0	7.75 7.44	88.20 71.68	13.33 10.54	231.7 119.6	0.55	32.820 34.160	0.86	25.6 25.6	8.14 8.15	102.7 103.5
	5 D	2.2	3.41	32.62	0.98	289.1	6.82	74.90	10.34	108.5	0.12	34.230	0.23	25.6	8.15	103.3
	10 S	0.5	2.79	23.10	0.84	220.3	8.37	85.96	11.16	109.9	0.11	34,420	0.22	25.8	8.16	101.1
A 2	10 D	3.0	3.41	17.64	0.70	183.8	7.75	77.14	11.16	95.48	0.16	34.460	0.19	26.4	8.16	100.3
Ш Ž	50 S	0.6	3.41	109.1	0.84	743.5	11.78	77.42	15.19	187.3	0.23	33.210	0.31	26.6	8.14	95.0
MAKENA	50 D	4.4	3.10	3.78	0.70	113.0	6.20	75.88	9.30	80.36	0.09	34.710	0.23	26.5	8.16	92.6
Σ	100 S 100 D	0.6 5.6	2.48 3.41	33.74 BDL	0.56 0.70	324.0 113.8	7.44 5.89	76.72 75.46	9.92 9.30	111.0 76.16	0.17 0.11	34.160 34.760	0.23	26.5 26.6	8.13 8.16	97.3 95.1
	150 S	0.5	2.79	47.74	0.70	351.8	6.82	84.42	9.61	133.0	0.11	34.120	0.12	26.4	8.11	96.9
	150 D	7.2	3.10	7.42	0.70	141.6	6.82	79.38	9.92	87.50	0.08	34.610	0.16	26.7	8.15	98.9
	200 S	0.6	3.41	23.66	0.56	272.3	6.82	83.58	10.23	107.8	0.15	34.230	0.23	26.9	8.13	100.4
	200 D	12.0	3.41	3.92	0.84	123.4	6.82	121.7	10.23	126.4	0.10	34.680	0.24	26.8	8.15	98.7
	0 S 2 S	0.1	35.96 29.76	2025 1430	16.53 19.89	7791 5227	2.48 4.96	138.3	38.44 34.72	2180 1594	0.25	20.940	0.30	27.4	7.87	99.9
	5 S	0.1	9.61	329.0	7.98	1314	7.44	144.6 108.2	17.05	445.2	0.20 0.15	25.560 32.640	0.31	27.1 26.8	7.95 8.10	104.6 105.3
	5 D	1.1	5.58	185.4	5.88	838.5	7.13	72.66	12.71	263.9	0.14	33.540	0.19	26.7	8.13	105.4
3-4	10 S	0.5	4.65	227.5	1.68	997.0	7.44	65.66	12.09	294.8	0.11	33.190	0.25	26.7	8.12	103.2
MAKENA 3-A	10 D	2.9	4.03	53.34	3.08	316.1	6.20	75.60	10.23	132.0	0.10	34.490	0.29	26.6	8.14	100.9
滿	50 S	0.5	9.30	351.5	3.08	1471	5.89	68.18	15.19	422.8	0.16	32.350	0.19	26.5	8.06	100.2
M M	50 D 100 S	4.5 0.5	4.65 4.65	24.64 75.04	2.38 4.06	199.2 436.7	6.82 7.75	92.12 84.98	11.47 12.40	119.1 164.1	0.25 0.18	34.610 34.270	0.17	26.8 26.7	8.14 8.11	97.6 97.9
	100 D	5.0	3.72	7.14	3.36	143.6	6.20	69.44	9.92	79.94	0.09	34.610	0.58	26.7	8.15	97.6
	150 S	0.5	3.72	42.00	3.08	306.6	6.82	70.42	10.54	115.5	0.12	34.230	0.58	26.6	8.12	97.4
	150 D	10.4	2.79	3.50	2.66	118.0	7.44	76.02	10.23	82.18	0.06	34.490	0.15	26.7	8.16	98.4
	0 S	0.1	6.82	309.7	3.50	1180	6.51	70.98	13.33	384.2	0.37	33.160	0.22	27.4	8.12	97.3
	2 S 5 S	0.1	9.61 5.27	279.0 157.9	4.76 2.52	1200 777.8	5.58 7.75	62.58 86.52	15.19 13.02	346.4 247.0	0.20	33.410 33.910	0.19	26.8	8.09	99.4 100.2
	5 D	1.7	5.27	105.8	2.52	612.3	6.82	78.68	12.09	187.0	0.13	34.160	0.16	26.7	8.10	100.2
A 3	10 S	0.5	3.72	60.76	2.24	409.1	8.37	78.40	12.09	141.4	0.17	34.380	0.10	26.8	8.09	97.6
ENA	10 D	2.8	8.68	30.38	5.32	303.8	1.86	68.74	10.54	104.4	0.15	34.570	0.12	26.9	8.08	97.1
MAK	50 S	0.5	3.72	52.92	2.10	343.1	7.44	76.16	11.16	131.2	0.09	34.340	0.17	26.7	8.09	99.4
Σ	50 D 100 S	5.2 0.5	3.72 4.03	68.04 99.40	1.12 0.28	398.7 478.8	7.44 6.82	91.00 78.96	11.16 10.85	160.2	0.13	34.270	0.17	26.7	8.08	98.6
	100 S	7.6	3.10	4.76	0.28	105.1	6.20	75.04	9.30	178.6 80.08	0.12	34.120 34.610	0.11	26.8 26.8	8.09	96.7 98.1
	150 S	0.5	3.10	57.54	0.56	336.6	7.44	94.50	10.54	152.6	0.06	34.310	0.11	26.5	8.11	97.7
	150 D	13.7	3.41	3.22	BDL	92.45	6.20	76.30	9.61	79.66	0.05	34.720	0.12	26.8	8.15	98.0
	0 S	0.1	6.82	118.2	3.22	1316	6.20	111.6	13.02	233.0	0.34	32.280	0.41	27.7	8.20	109.6
	2 S 5 S	0.1	5.89 6.51	131.2 86.38	0.28 4.06	1394	7.75	81.48	13.64	212.9	0.23	32.550	0.62	27.6	8.21	115.2
	5 D	2.7	5.89	80.50	2.80	999.0 950.3	6.20 5.58	94.50 69.72	12.71 11.47	184.9 153.0	0.19 0.16	33.030 33.170	0.41	27.2 26.9	8.20 8.20	111.5 116.1
4	10 S	0.8	4.65	14.70	5.60	277.1	6.20	75.32	10.85	95.62	0.10	34.350	0.16	27.0	8.17	106.8
	10 D	2.5	4.03	15.68	2.94	311.1	6.51	69.72	10.54	88.34	0.11	34.240	0.23	27.1	8.17	107.3
MAKENA	50 S	0.9	4.65	13.16	4.20	374.6	6.20	84.14	10.85	101.5	0.12	34.200	0.22	26.8	8.07	100.1
Ž	50 D	4.5	5.27	8.82	5.18	272.0	5.89	84.70	11.16	98.70	0.14	34.390	0.37	26.9	8.10	99.5
	100 S 100 D	0.8 7.0	3.10 4.03	15.26 3.08	12.89	403.5 135.7	7.13 5.58	90.72 75.46	10.23 9.61	118.9 83.02	0.12	34.160 34.570	0.16	26.9 26.8	8.07 8.12	100.3 98.2
	150 S	0.5	3.72	14.28	7.42	394.0	6.82	86.80	10.54	108.5	0.09	34.200	0.17	26.8	8.06	100.4
	150 D	9.7	4.03	0.98	0.98	107.1	5.89	80.78	9.92	82.74	0.12	34.580	0.20	26.8	8.14	101.6
		DRY	10%	10.00	5.00				30.00	180.00	0.50	*	0.50	**	***	****
DOH W	/QS		2%	20.00	9.00				45.00	250.00	1.00		1.00			
		WET	10% 2%	14.00 25.00	8.50 15.00				40.00 60.00	250.00 350.00	1.25 2.00	*	0.90 1.75	**	***	****
			2/0	20.00	10.00				00,00	330.00	2.00		1,70			

^{*} Salinity shall not vary more than ten percent form natural or seasonal changes considering hydrologic input and oceanographic conditions.

^{**}Temperature shall not vary by more than one degree C. from ambient conditions,

***PI shall not deviate more than 0.5 units from a value of 8.1.

****Dissolved Oxygen not to be below 75% saturation.

TABLE 3. Geometric mean data (with nutrients reported in micromolar units) from water chemistry measurements off the Makena Resort collected TABLE 3. Geometric mean data (with nutrients reported in micromolar units) from water chemistry measurements on the whakena Resort Conected since August 1995 from Site 3, 2, and 4 (N=36); since June 2002 from Site 3 (N=27) and since June 2007 from Site 3-A (N=17). For geometric mean calculations, detection limits were used in cases where sample was below detection limit. Abbreviations as follows: DFS=distance from shore; TURB = turbidity; CHL *a* = chlorophyll *a*; TEMP = temperture; O2 = dissolved oxygen; S=surface; D=deep; BDL=below detection limit. Also shown are State of Hawaii, Department of Health (DOH) geometric mean water quality standards for open coastal waters under "dry" and "wet" conditions. Boxed values exceed DOH GM 10% "dry" standards; boxed and shaded values exceed DOH GM 10% "wet" standards. For sampling site locations, see Figure 1.

STEE	TRANSECT	DFS	PO ₄ ³⁻	NO ₃	NH ₄ ⁺	Si	TOP	TON	TP	TN	TURB	SALINITY	CHLa	TEMP	m11	00
2 8 0 19 2 42.08 0 22 74.28 0 22 7.07 0 27 6.08 0 28 0 29 7.07 0 27 6.08 0 29 7.07 0 27 6.08 0 29 7.07 0 27 6.08 0 29 7.07 0 27 6.08 0 29 7.08 0 2				The second secon				W 100 C							pН	02
2 S 0.143 224.24 0.144 0.254 0.275 0.505 0.505 0.407.2 0.300 29.443 0.705 25.76 8.145 10.45 0.505 0.265			- Al-								, ,				8.11	103.
## No. 1.1 9.84 0.18 2180 0.27 7.32 0.44 20.04 0.21 33.07 0.48 25.6 8.17 10.0 10.0 0.17 3.43 0.17 13.18 0.19 0.19 3.68 0.34 0.15 3.18 0.19 3.18							0.27	8.06	0.50	40.72		29.43	0.76		1	104.9
THE STATE OF THE S											-					104.6
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100 S 0.09	Ϋ́										100000000000000000000000000000000000000			1 (4 P. 10 P		
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100	M						0.27	7.10		7.96	0.12	34.80	0.26	25.6		99.1
150 S 0.08								53500000						70200000		99.0
150			100000000000000000000000000000000000000				10.000000000000000000000000000000000000							100000000000000000000000000000000000000		
## PATENT NOT COMPANY NOT COMP			100000000000000000000000000000000000000											74577777		
S S O 17 3.52 0.24 15.61 0.28 6.94 0.47 11.50 0.43 33.90 0.55 25.7 8.14 100. O 10 0.18 3.30 0.28 15.65 0.29 7.21 0.50 11.79 0.42 34.00 0.66 25.7 8.14 100. O 10 S O 1.38 1.77 0.19 9.50 0.29 5.87 0.44 9.29 0.31 34.39 0.38 25.6 8.14 99. O 10 0.12 0.12 1.08 0.22 7.74 0.29 6.91 0.44 8.87 0.28 34.50 0.34 25.6 8.14 99. O 10 0.12 0.12 1.08 0.22 7.74 0.29 6.91 0.44 8.87 0.28 34.50 0.34 25.6 8.14 99. O 10 0.12 0.23 0.21 7.88 0.31 7.38 0.44 9.62 0.28 34.44 0.32 25.6 8.14 99. O 10 0.10 0.32 0.21 3.36 0.29 7.20 4.2 7.67 0.16 34.67 0.34 25.6 8.15 98. O 10 0.10 0.43 0.17 4.25 0.28 7.06 0.40 8.05 0.16 34.67 0.34 25.6 8.15 98. O 10 0.09 0.09 0.11 0.16 2.52 0.28 6.89 0.38 7.34 0.13 34.68 0.25 25.6 8.15 97. I 50 D 0.09 0.09 0.11 0.16 2.52 0.28 6.89 0.38 7.36 0.13 34.78 0.20 25.7 8.15 97. I 50 D 0.09 0.00 0.13 3.31 0.28 7.13 0.39 7.85 0.13 34.78 0.20 25.7 8.15 97. O 20 S 0.07 0.12 0.14 2.20 0.29 7.12 0.39 7.48 0.11 34.84 0.20 25.7 8.15 97. O 20 S 0.07 0.12 0.14 2.20 0.29 7.21 0.38 7.74 0.11 34.84 0.20 25.8 8.15 98. O S 1.19 115.3 0.35 23.2 0.15 8.11 1.57 198.2 0.31 17.57 0.38 2.50 7.89 99. O S 1.19 115.3 0.35 23.2 0.15 7.18 1.19 1.15 1.15 1.15 1.15 1.15 1.15 1.15		0 S														99.5
## SP 0.18 3.30 0.28 15.65 0.29 7.21 0.50 11.79 0.42 34.00 0.66 25.7 8.14 10.0 10.0 10.1 1.77 0.19 9.50 0.29 5.87 0.44 9.50 0.31 34.36 0.38 25.6 8.14 98. 99																100.8
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150 D 0.08 0.07 0.13 2.36 0.27 6.83 0.38 7.21 0.10 34.87 0.15 25.5 8.15 96.4							0.27	6.85	0.38	7.34	0.11	34.83	0.17	25.4		95.0
DOH WQS DRY 0.25 0.14 0.52 7.86 0.20 * 0.15 ** ***												0.550				97.1
***						2.36	0.27	6.83								96.4
			WET	0.25	0.14				0.52	10.71	0.20	*	0.15	**	***	

^{*} Salinity shall not vary more than ten percent form natural or seasonal changes considering hydrologic input and oceanographic conditions.

** Temperature shall not vary by more than one degree C. from ambient conditions.

***pH shall not deviate more than 0.5 units from a value of 8.1.

TABLE 4. Geometric mean data (with nutrient data reported in µg/L) from water chemistry measurements off the Makena Resort collected since August 1995 for Sites 1, 2, and 4 (N=35); since June 2002 from Site 3 (N=26) and since June 2007 from Site 3-A (N=17). For geometric mean calculations, detection limits were used in cases where sample was below detection limit. Abbreviations as follows: DFS=distance from shore; TURB = turbidity; CHL a = chlorophyll a; TEMP = temperture; O2 = dissolved oxygen; S=surface; D=deep.. Also shown are State of Hawaii, Department of Health (DOH) geometric mean water quality standards for open coastal waters under "dry" and "wet" conditions. Boxed values exceed DOH GM 10% "dry" standards; boxed and shaded values exceed DOH GM 10% "wet" standards. For sampling site locations, see Figure 1.

STE	TRANSECT	DFS	PO ₄ ³⁻	NO ₃	NH ₄ ⁺	Si	TOP	TON	TP	TNI	TURB	SALINITY	CHL a	TEMP	nЦ	02
0 S	Section 7 to 10 to			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	the state of the s	10. T. State of the last of th	111		CO 100 W	TN (ug/L)				The state of the s	рН	UZ
2 S 5.6.0 3882	OHE														8.11	103.1
S												11.000000000000000000000000000000000000		100 TO 10	3155-120-130	104.9
Year 10 S 3.40 0.00 0.20 3.00 3.00 3.00 10.30 10.00 194.5 0.10 3.39 0.34 25.6 8.15 10.00 3.00 3.07 2.00 2.00 4.00 4.00 2.00 1.00 3.00 3.07 2.00 2.00 4.00 4.00 2.00 1.00 3.00 3.00 3.00 2.00 1.10 1.00 1.00 3.40 0.25 2.56 8.15 10.00 3.00			4.00	174.2	1.90	745.5	8.00	110.2	13.30	340.7	0.24	32.27	0.53	25.6	8.16	104.6
100 S 270							588 7273737				-	200.000.0000000000000000000000000000000		100,000,000		104.5
100 S 270	¥	250000000000000000000000000000000000000					50000000							500000000000000000000000000000000000000		103.5
100 S 270																103.3
100 S 270	¥						1.00									99.1
100	2	A 1888 1888 1888 1												1000000000		99.0
150 S 2.40		100000000000000000000000000000000000000					100000000000000000000000000000000000000		100000000000000000000000000000000000000					270000000	350000000000000000000000000000000000000	98.1
No. Color																97.8
The color of the											0.10					98.5
THE PART NOT COLOUR STATE OF THE PART NOT COL							2000							8.000 CC 7534		99.5
NAME NAME NAME NAME NAME NAME NAME NAME															25 25 25	100.8
TO S 4.00 24.70 2.60 26.69 8.90 82.20 13.60 130.11 0.31 34.39 0.38 25.6 8.14 99. 100 B 3.70 15.10 3.00 217.4 8.80 96.70 13.00 134.7 0.23 34.44 0.32 25.6 8.14 99. 100 B 3.00 3.00 3.00 2.20 21.74 8.60 98.80 12.00 112.7 0.16 34.67 0.26 25.7 8.14 99. 100 B 2.70 1.50 2.20 70.79 8.60 98.80 12.00 109.9 0.13 34.78 0.20 25.6 8.14 99. 100 B 2.70 1.50 2.20 70.79 8.60 98.80 12.00 109.9 0.13 34.78 0.20 25.6 8.15 99. 150 B 2.70 1.50 2.20 70.79 8.60 99.80 12.00 109.9 0.13 34.78 0.20 25.6 8.15 99. 150 B 2.70 1.50 1.50 3.00 73.80 8.90 97.0 12.00 104.7 0.11 34.86 0.20 25.6 8.15 99. 200 B 2.10 1.60 1.90 73.80 8.90 97.0 12.00 104.7 0.11 34.86 0.20 25.6 8.16 99. 200 B 2.40 0.50 2.20 54.21 8.90 103.7 11.70 104.7 0.11 34.84 0.21 25.6 8.16 99. 2 S 25.70 1096 5.30 4356 7.10 107.5 39.60 1411 0.24 23.57 0.36 25.0 7.89 99. 2 S 25.70 1096 5.30 4356 7.10 107.5 39.60 1411 0.24 23.57 0.36 25.0 7.89 99. 2 S 25.70 1096 5.30 4356 7.10 107.5 39.60 1411 0.24 23.57 0.36 25.0 7.89 99. 2 S 25.70 1096 5.30 4356 5.91 132 8.30 107.9 12.90 605.7 0.20 30.53 0.37 25.2 7.93 100 10.1																
THE THE PAY IN THE PAY																99.4
## PATH	2						ST 1855		11000000000					(C)	5335-335-335	98.3
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100 D 2.70	🕺	50 D					8.90		13.00		0.16	34.81		25.6	8.15	98.1
150 S 2.70	Ψ	1.00.000.0000.0000.000					- 100 AND 100					100010000000000000000000000000000000000				98.4
## PANSAWAW 150 2.70														110,110,010,010		97.7
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VALUE AND MATERIAL STATES AND STA									- C.					100000000000000000000000000000000000000	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	98.4
Y							A-100 A100 A100 A100 A100 A100 A100 A100		[7] Emyle(E)			50 mg 200 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00				98.1
## FS 10,20 375.7 5.60 1590 8.90 107.9 21.90 605.7 0.20 30.53 0.37 25.2 8.04 100 10 10 10 10 10 10																99.5
THE PART NOT MAKE THE PART NOT			25.70	1096	5.30		7.10	107.5			0.24	23.57		25.2	7.93	100.8
HY 10 D 3.40 26.60 3.50 59.8 8.30 99.40 14.20 251.9 0.16 33.53 0.25 52.2 8.09 99.99 99.40 10 D 3.40 26.60 3.20 214.0 8.00 94.60 12.30 149.4 0.16 34.42 0.28 25.4 8.12 99.99 99.70 12.60 16.73 0.14 34.37 0.19 25.7 8.11 99.99 99.70 12.60 16.73 0.14 34.37 0.19 25.7 8.11 99.99 99.70 12.60 17.6		1000 (0.00)					7.55							100000000000000000000000000000000000000	170,000,000	100.8
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100 D 3.40 1.20 3.30 78.65 8.00 95.20 12.00 102.8 0.11 34.90 0.17 25.6 8.14 98 150 S 2.70 2.60 1.90 98.60 8.60 98.80 12.30 11.70 101.4 0.11 34.81 0.16 25.6 8.14 98 150 D 2.40 0.50 2.30 66.57 8.60 98.80 12.30 11.70 101.4 0.10 34.90 0.16 25.6 8.15 99 12.00 12.80 13.00 12.80 13.00 0.16 25.6 8.15 99 12.00 12.80 13.00 12.80 13.00 0.16 25.6 8.15 99 12.00 13.00 13.00 13.00 0.16 25.6 8.15 99 12.00 13.00 13.00 13.00 0.16 25.6 8.15 99 12.00 13.00 13.00 13.00 0.16 25.6 8.15 99 13.00 13.	8															99.5
100 D 3.40 1.20 3.30 78.65 8.00 95.20 12.00 102.8 0.11 34.90 0.17 25.6 8.14 98 150 S 2.70 2.60 1.90 98.60 8.60 98.80 12.30 11.70 101.4 0.11 34.81 0.16 25.6 8.14 98 150 D 2.40 0.50 2.30 66.57 8.60 98.80 12.30 11.70 101.4 0.10 34.90 0.16 25.6 8.15 99 12.00 12.80 13.00 12.80 13.00 0.16 25.6 8.15 99 12.00 12.80 13.00 12.80 13.00 0.16 25.6 8.15 99 12.00 13.00 13.00 13.00 0.16 25.6 8.15 99 12.00 13.00 13.00 13.00 0.16 25.6 8.15 99 12.00 13.00 13.00 13.00 0.16 25.6 8.15 99 13.00 13.																99.8
100 D 3.40 1.20 3.30 78.65 8.00 95.20 12.00 102.8 0.11 34.90 0.17 25.6 8.14 98 150 S 2.70 2.60 1.90 98.60 8.60 98.80 12.30 11.70 101.4 0.11 34.81 0.16 25.6 8.14 98 150 D 2.40 0.50 2.30 66.57 8.60 98.80 12.30 11.70 101.4 0.10 34.90 0.16 25.6 8.15 99 12.00 12.80 13.00 12.80 13.00 0.16 25.6 8.15 99 12.00 12.80 13.00 12.80 13.00 0.16 25.6 8.15 99 12.00 13.00 13.00 13.00 0.16 25.6 8.15 99 12.00 13.00 13.00 13.00 0.16 25.6 8.15 99 12.00 13.00 13.00 13.00 0.16 25.6 8.15 99 13.00 13.	<u>}</u>						500000000000000000000000000000000000000							3/400000000000000		98.4
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5 S 4.90 26.10 3.70 517.4 7.70 101.8 13.60 151.1 0.23 33.72 0.37 25.4 8.11 103 5 D 4.00 21.80 3.00 455.6 8.00 96.60 13.30 138.0 0.21 33.94 0.41 25.4 8.11 102 1 0 S 3.40 11.40 3.20 262.4 8.30 96.60 12.30 115.8 0.18 34.45 0.23 25.4 8.1 100 2 1 0 D 3.70 8.10 2.80 235.4 8.00 95.90 12.00 112.3 0.18 34.45 0.23 25.4 8.1 100 5 0 S 2.70 7.40 3.70 183.7 8.60 103.0 11.70 119.6 0.15 34.61 0.20 25.3 8.1 96 100 S 2.70 2.90 2.30 114.6 8.30 96.00 11.70 102.9 0.14 34.80 0.20 25.4 8.10 96 100 S 2.70 1.80 2.20								400000000000000000000000000000000000000						411111111111111111111111111111111111111		102.7
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100 S 2.70 3.70 2.50 127.5 8.60 96.30 12.00 106.4 0.12 34.73 0.15 25.4 8.12 96 100 D 2.70 1.80 2.20 87.64 8.30 95.90 11.70 102.8 0.11 34.83 0.17 25.4 8.13 95 150 S 3.00 1.80 2.20 80.62 8.00 96.60 12.60 105.0 0.10 34.81 0.13 25.5 8.14 97 150 D 2.40 0.90 1.80 66.29 8.30 95.60 11.70 100.9 0.10 34.87 0.15 25.5 8.15 96 100 DOH WQS DRY 3.50 2.00							1967 (1972)							\$2500 PM		102.3
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100 S 2.70 3.70 2.50 127.5 8.60 96.30 12.00 106.4 0.12 34.73 0.15 25.4 8.12 96 100 D 2.70 1.80 2.20 87.64 8.30 95.90 11.70 102.8 0.11 34.83 0.17 25.4 8.13 95 150 S 3.00 1.80 2.20 80.62 8.00 96.60 12.60 105.0 0.10 34.81 0.13 25.5 8.14 97 150 D 2.40 0.90 1.80 66.29 8.30 95.60 11.70 100.9 0.10 34.87 0.15 25.5 8.15 96 100 DOH WQS DRY 3.50 2.00	ΙAΚ															96.4
100 D 2.70 1.80 2.20 87.64 8.30 95.90 11.70 102.8 0.11 34.83 0.17 25.4 8.13 95 150 S 3.00 1.80 2.20 80.62 8.00 96.60 12.60 105.0 0.10 34.81 0.13 25.5 8.14 97 150 D 2.40 0.90 1.80 66.29 8.30 95.60 11.70 100.9 0.10 34.87 0.15 25.5 8.15 96 DOH WQS DRY 3.50 2.00 16.00 110.0 0.20 * 0.15 ** ***	Σ					50 C M A SA MARK	0.000			100000000000000000000000000000000000000					2.732	96.0
150 S 3.00 1.80 2.20 80.62 8.00 96.60 12.60 105.0 0.10 34.81 0.13 25.5 8.14 97 150 D 2.40 0.90 1.80 66.29 8.30 95.60 11.70 100.9 0.10 34.87 0.15 25.5 8.15 96 DOH WQS DRY 3.50 2.00 16.00 110.0 0.20 * 0.15 ** ***						The state of the s								367,655,057,477		95.0
DOH WQS DRY 3.50 2.00 16.00 110.0 0.20 * 0.15 ** ***														25.5	8.14	97.1
				0.90		66.29	8.30	95.60				34.87		25.5	8.15	96.4
GEOMETRIC MEAN WET 5.00 3.50 20.00 150.00 0.50 0.30												*		**	***	
	GEOMETRIC	MEAN	WET	5.00	3.50				20.00	150.00	0.50		0.30			

^{*} Salinity shall not vary more than ten percent form natural or seasonal changes considering hydrologic input and oceanographic conditions.

** Temperature shall not vary by more than one degree C. from ambient conditions.

***pH shall not deviate more than 0.5 units from a value of 8.1.

TABLE 5. Water chemistry measurements in µM (top) and µg/L (bottom) from irrigation wells and an irrigation lake collected in the vicinity of the Makena Resort on May 10, 2012. For sampling site locations, see Figure 1.

	PO₄³-	NO ₃ -	NH ₄ +	Si	TOP	TON	ΤP	NL	SALINITY
WELL	(µM)	(MM)	(MM)	(MM)	(Md)	(Mu)	(MH)	(MH)	(ppt)
_	2.10	124.6	1.00	483.9	0.55	6.80	2.65	132.4	1.359
7	2.95	142.6	0.80	648.4	0.10	7.25	3.05	150.7	1.827
က	3.10	137.2	0.65	650.2	0.15	12.95	3.25	150.8	2.007
4	3.00	126.1	09.0	612.5	0:30	16.80	3.30	143.5	1.739
2	2.70	161.4	0.65	555.9	09.0	10.70	3.30	172.8	1.528
ဖ	2.45	166.0	0.35	523.8	0.45	14.15	2.90	180.5	1.611
∞	2.80	111.3	0.25	564.0	0.30	14.55	3.10	126.1	2.312
10	2.40	168.2	4.75	578.2	0.35	21.70	2.75	194.7	1.829
=	2.45	117.1	1.05	589.4	0.65	17.80	3.10	136.0	2.002

	PO ₄ 3-	NO3-	+ *HN	Si	TOP	TON	TP	NT.	SALINITY
WELL	(µg/L)	(µg/L)	(hg/L)	(µg/L)	(hg/L)	(µg/L)	(hg/L)	(µg/L)	(ppt)
_	65.10	1744.4	14.00	13597.6	17.05	95.20	82.15	1853.6	1.359
7	91.45	1996.4	11.20	18220.0	3.10	101.50	94.55	2109.1	1.827
က	96.10	1920.8	9.10	18270.6	4.65	181.30	100.75	2111.2	2.007
4	93.00	1765.4	8.40	17211.3	9.30	235.20	102.30	2009.0	1.739
2	83.70	2259.6	9.10	15620.8	18.60	149.80	102.30	2418.5	1.528
ဖ	75.95	2323.3	4.90	14717.4	13.95	198.10	89.90	2526.3	1.611
ω	86.80	1557.5	3.50	15847.0	9.30	203.70	96.10	1764.7	2.312
10	74.40	2354.8	66.50	16246.0	10.85	303.80	85.25	2725.1	1.829
1	75.95	1639.4	14.70	16562.1	20.15	249.20	96.10	1903.3	2.002

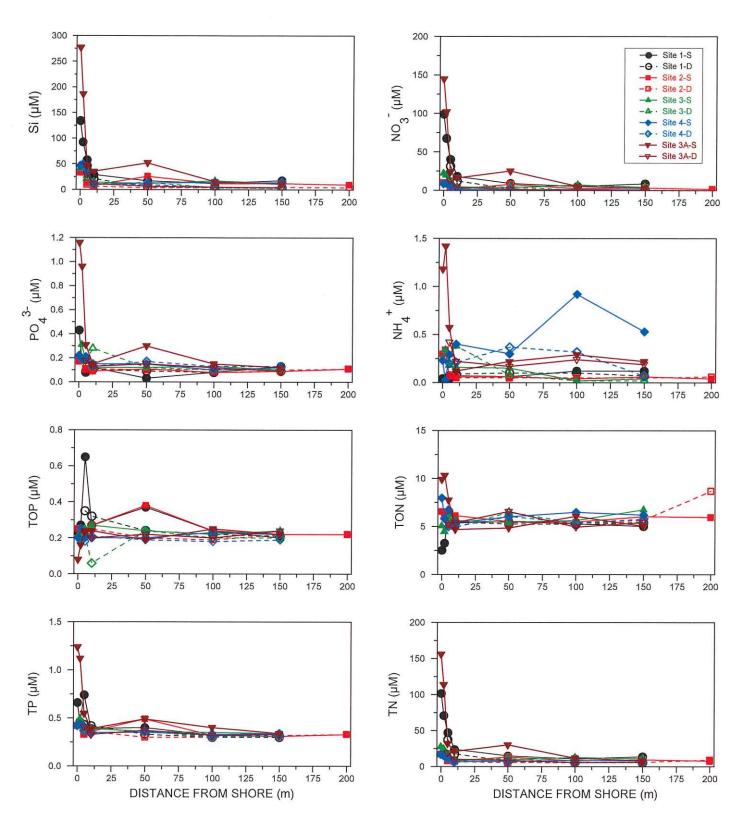


FIGURE 2. Plots of dissolved nutrients in surface (S) and deep (D) samples collected on July 7, 2017 as a function of distance from the shoreline in the vicinity of Makena Resort. For site locations, see Figure 1.

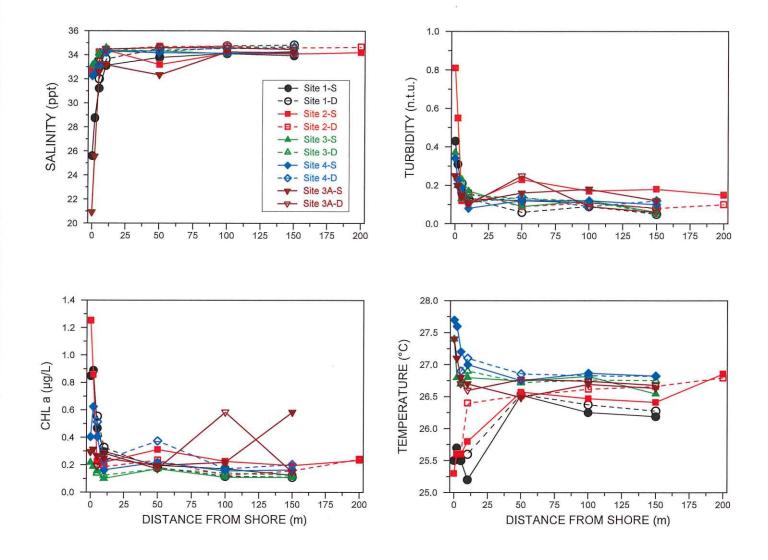


FIGURE 3. Plots of water chemistry constituents in surface (S) and deep (D) samples collected on July 7, 2017 as a function of distance from the shoreline in the vicinity of Makena Resort. For site locations, see Figure 1.

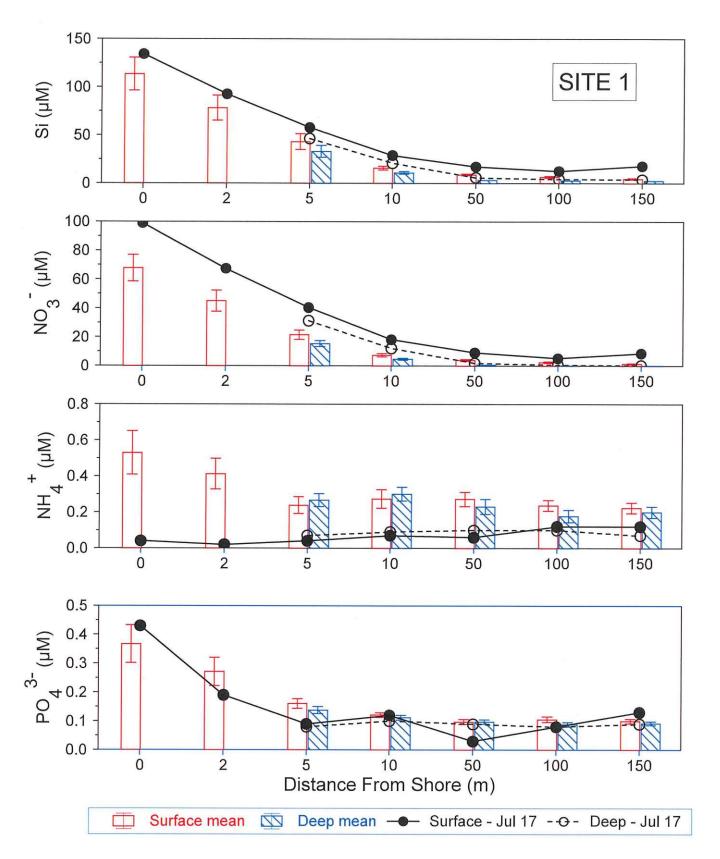


FIGURE 4. Plots of dissolved nutrient constituents measured in surface and deep water samples as a function of distance from the shoreline at Site 1, offshore of the Makena Resort. Data points and connected lines from samples collected during the most recent survey, bar graphs represent mean values at each sampling station for surveys conducted since August 1995 (N=36). Error bars represent standard error of the mean. For site location, see Figure 1.

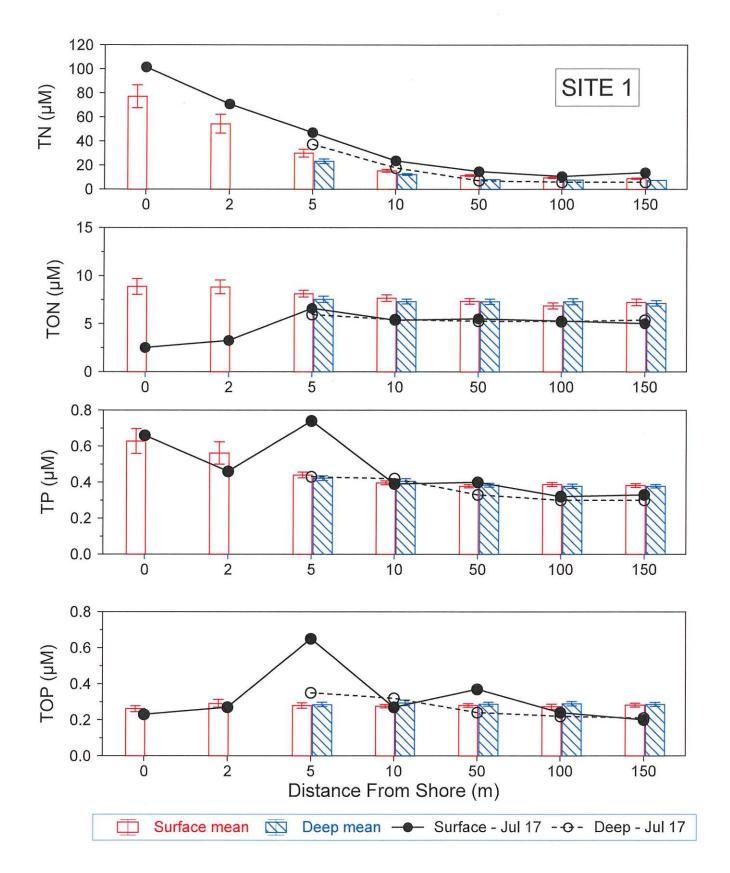


FIGURE 5. Plots of dissolved nutrient constituents measured in surface and deep water samples as a function of distance from the shoreline at Site 1, offshore of the Makena Resort. Data points and connected lines from samples collected during the most recent survey, bar graphs represent mean values at each sampling station for surveys conducted since August 1995 (N=36). Error bars represent standard error of the mean. For site location, see Figure 1.

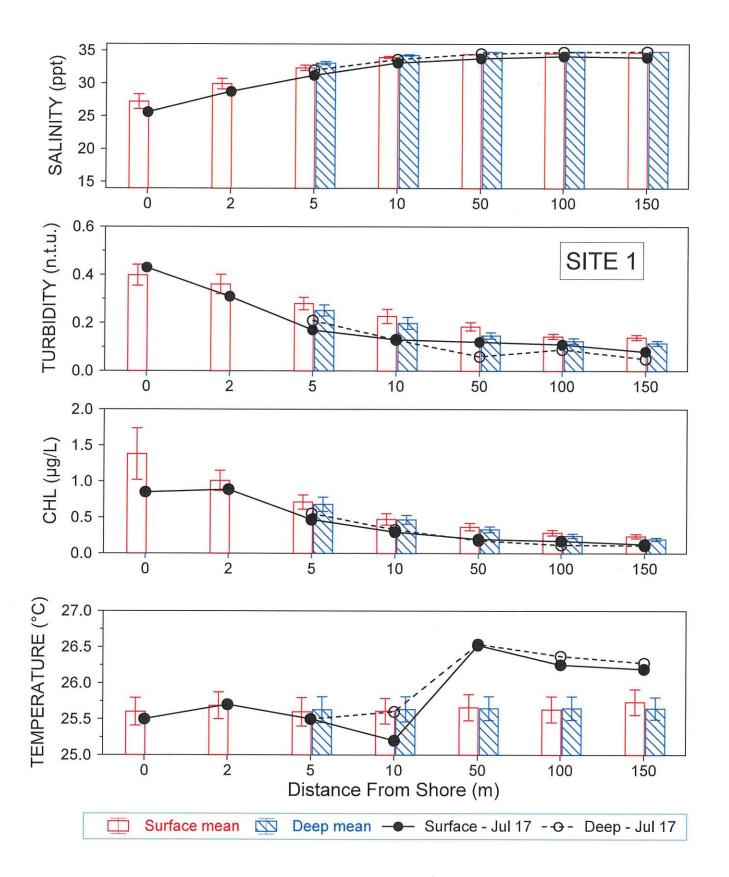


FIGURE 6. Plots of water chemistry constituents measured in surface and deep water samples as a function of distance from the shoreline at Site 1, offshore of the Makena Resort. Data points and connected lines from samples collected during the most survey, bar graphs represent mean values at each sampling station for surveys conducted since August 1995 (N=36). Error bars represent standard error of the mean. For site location, see Figure 1.

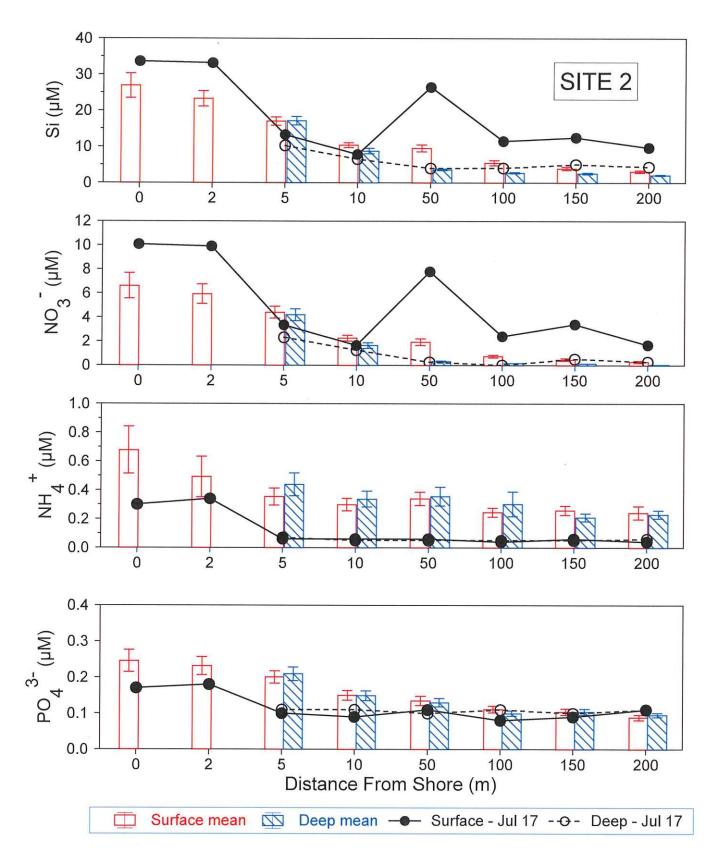


FIGURE 7. Plots of dissolved nutrient constituents measured in surface and deep water samples as a function of distance from the shoreline at Site 2, offshore of the Makena Resort. Data points and connected lines from samples collected during the most recent survey, bar graphs represent mean values at each sampling station for surveys conducted since August 1995 (N=36). Error bars represent standard error of the mean. For site location, see Figure 1.

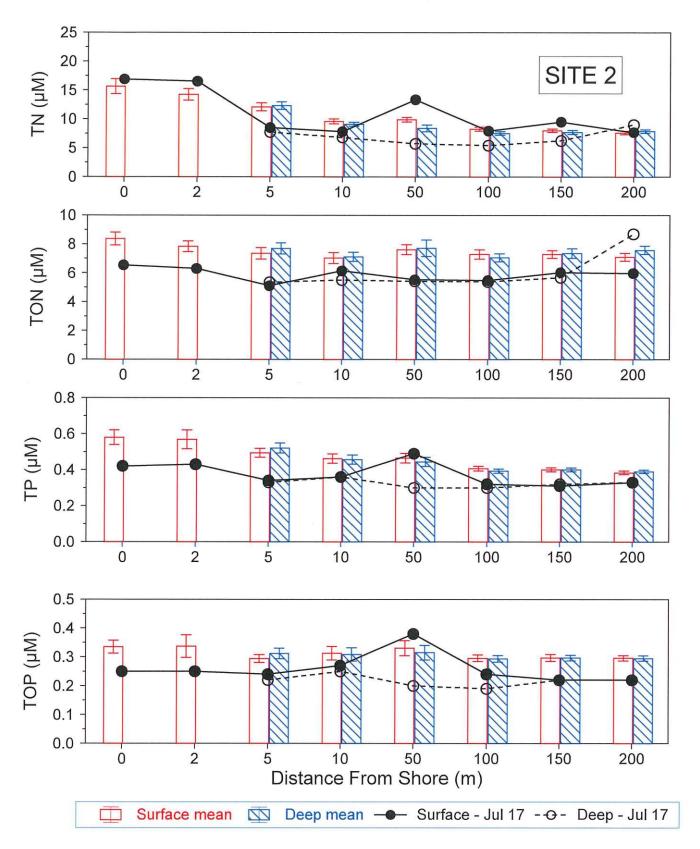


FIGURE 8. Plots of dissolved nutrient constituents measured in surface and deep water samples as a function of distance from the shoreline at Site 2, offshore of the Makena Resort. Data points and connected lines from samples collected during the most recent survey, bar graphs represent mean values at each sampling station for surveys conducted since August 1995 (N=36). Error bars represent standard error of the mean. For site location, see Figure 1.

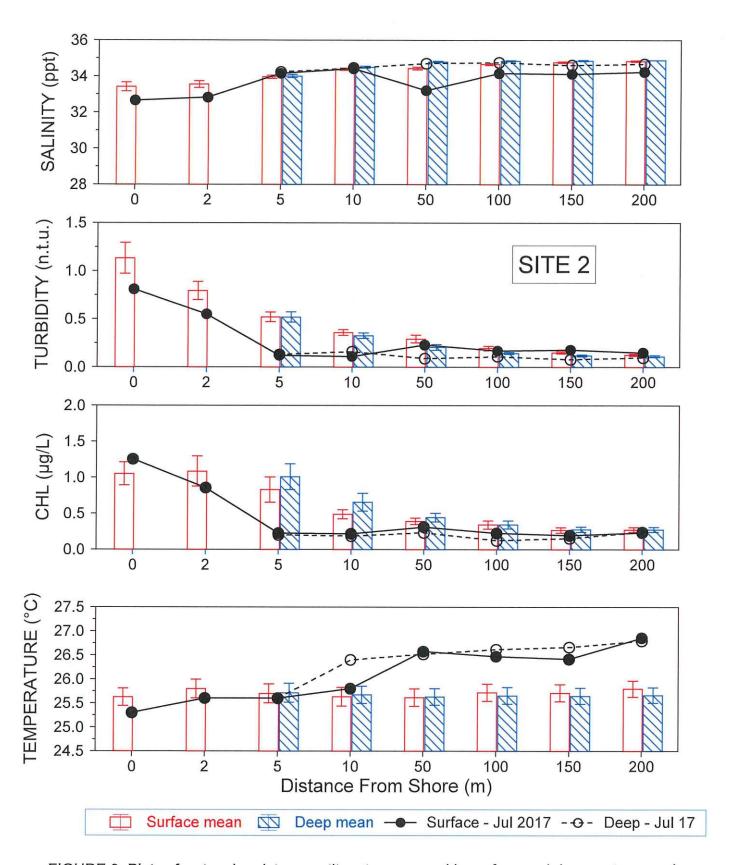


FIGURE 9. Plots of water chemistry constituents measured in surface and deep water samples as a function of distance from the shoreline at Site 2, offshore of the Makena Resort. Data points and connected lines from samples collected during the most recent survey, bar graphs represent mean values at each sampling station for surveys conducted since August 1995 (N=36). Error bars represent standard error of the mean. For site location, see Figure 1.

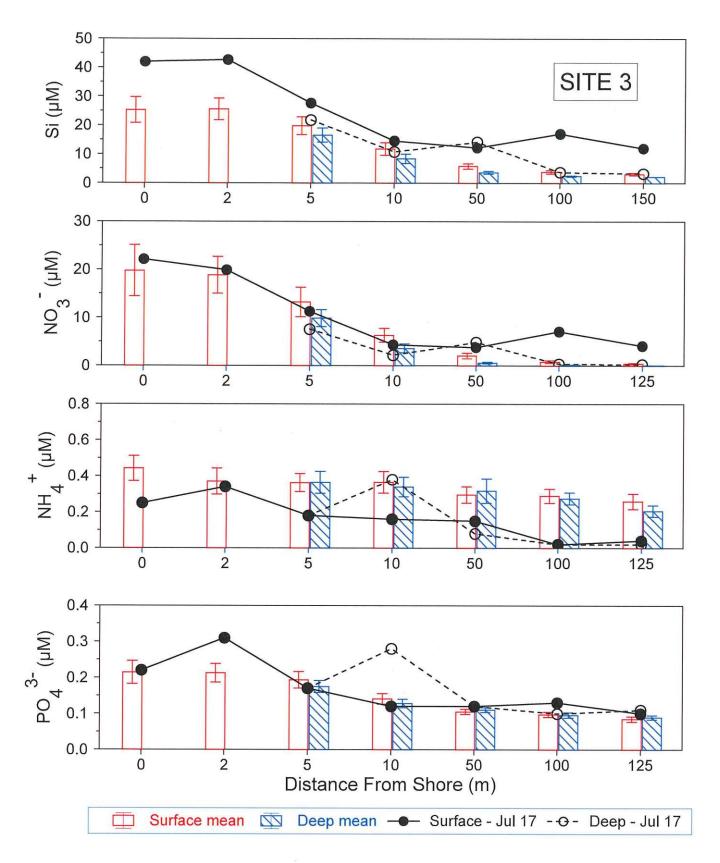


FIGURE 10. Plots of dissolved nutrient constituents measured in surface and deep water samples as a function of distance from the shoreline at Site 3, offshore of the Makena Resort. Data points and connected lines from samples collected during the most recent survey, bar graphs represent mean values at each sampling station for surveys conducted since August 1995 (N=36). Error bars represent standard error of the mean. For site location, see Figure 1.

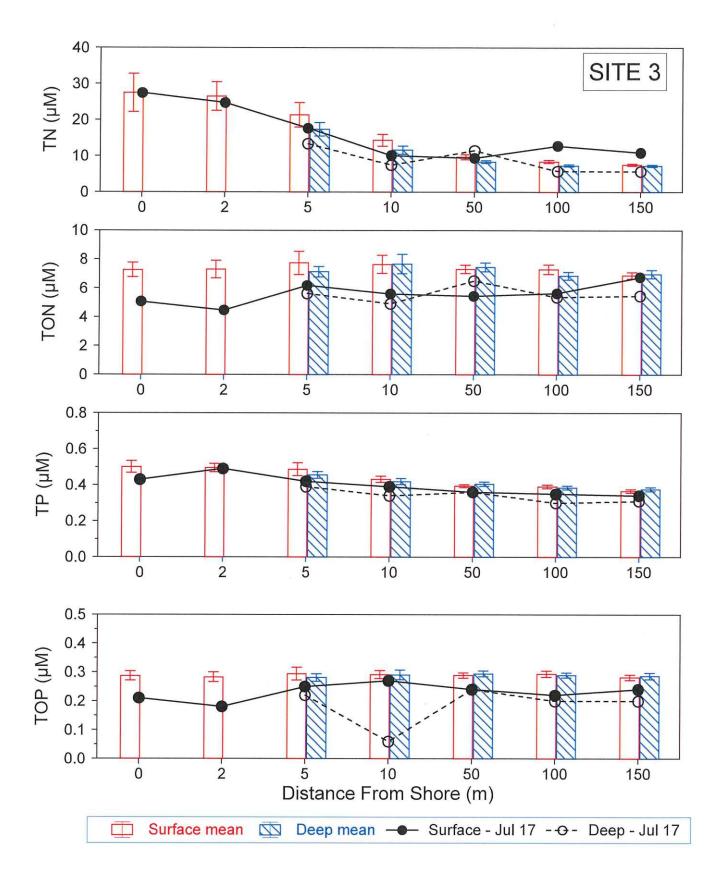


FIGURE 11. Plots of dissolved nutrient constituents measured in surface and deep water samples as a function of distance from the shoreline at Site 3, offshore of the Makena Resort. Data points and connected lines from samples collected during the most recent survey, bar graphs represent mean values at each sampling station for surveys conducted since August 1995 (N=36). Error bars represent standard error of the mean. For site location, see Figure 1.

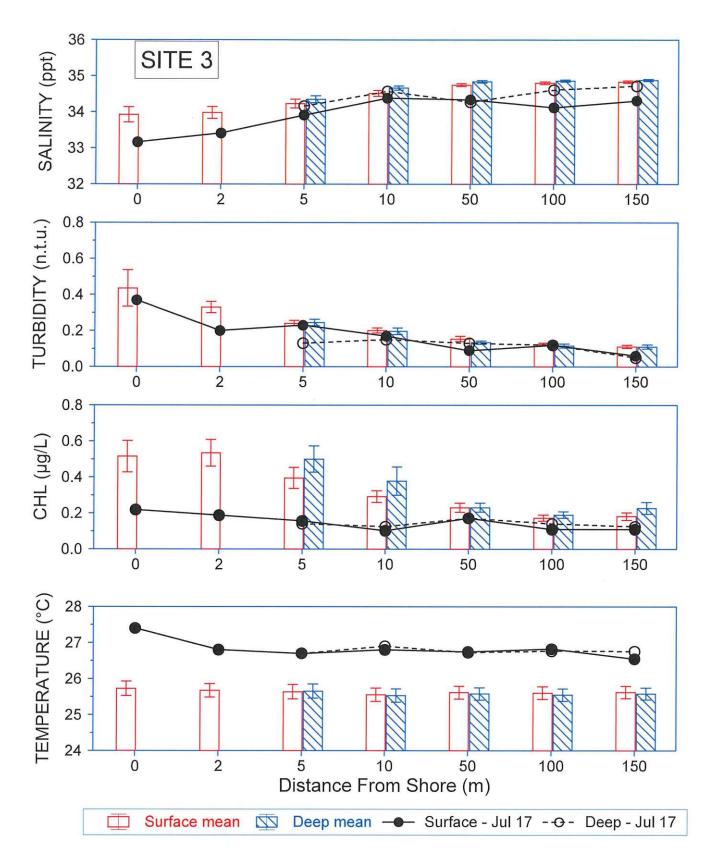


FIGURE 12. Plots of water chemistry constituents measured in surface and deep water samples as a function of distance from the shoreline at Site 3, offshore of the Makena Resort. Data points and connected lines from samples collected during the most recent survey, bar graphs represent mean values at each sampling station for surveys conducted since August 1995 (N=36). Error bars represent standard error of the mean. For site location, see Figure 1.

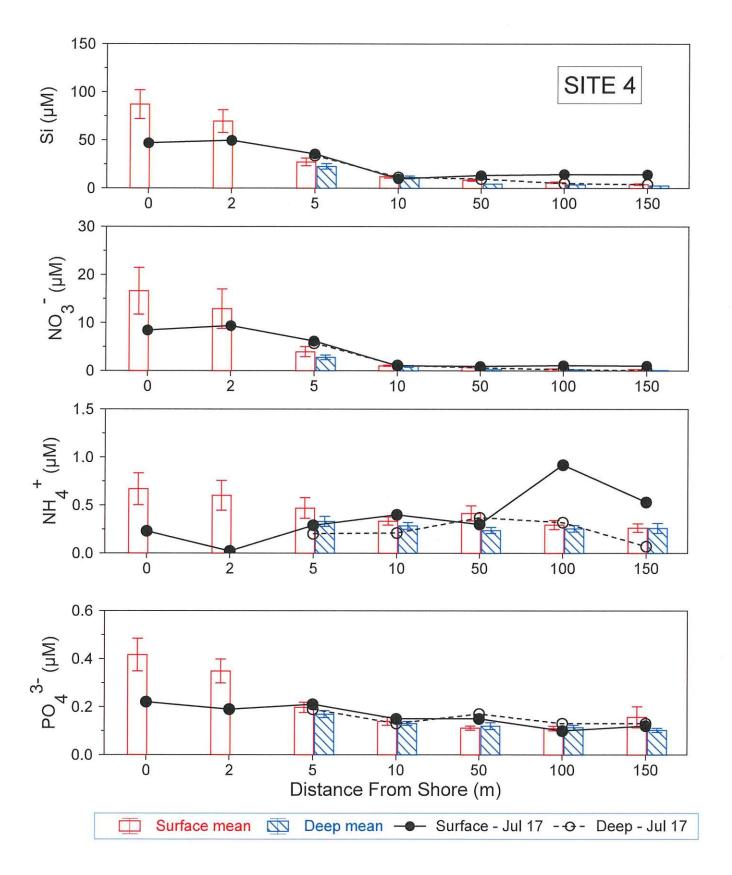


FIGURE 13. Plots of dissolved nutrient constituents measured in surface and deep water samples as a function of distance from the shoreline at Site 4, offshore of the Makena Resort. Data points and connected lines from samples collected during the most recent survey, bar graphs represent mean values at each sampling station for surveys conducted since August 1995 (N=36). Error bars represent standard error of the mean. For site location, see Figure 1.

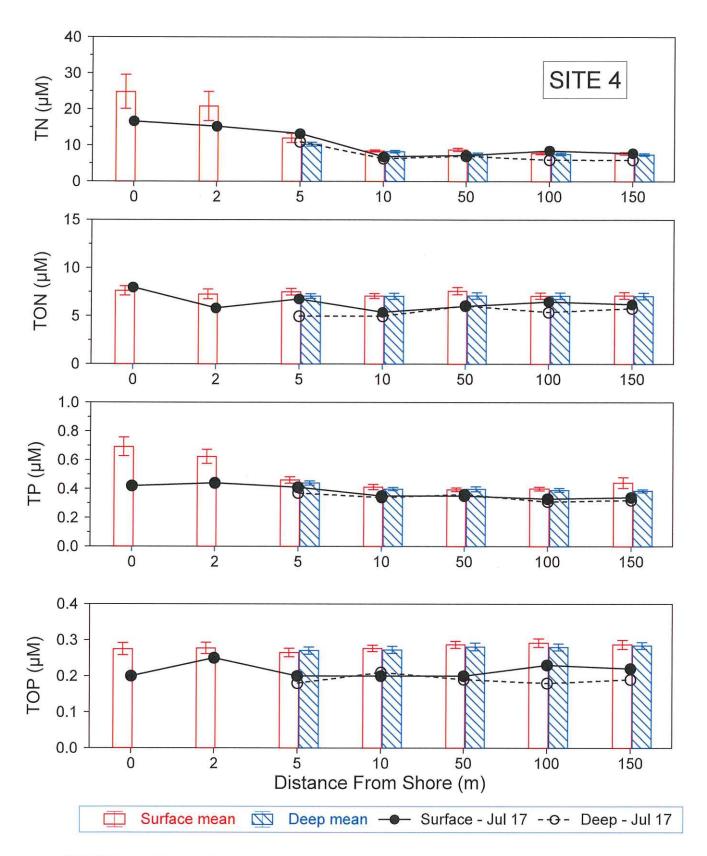


FIGURE 14. Plots of dissolved nutrient constituents measured in surface and deep water samples as a function of distance from the shoreline at Site 4, offshore of the Makena Resort. Data points and connected lines from samples collected during the most recent survey, bar graphs represent mean values at each sampling station for surveys conducted since August 1995 (N=36). Error bars represent standard error of the mean. For site location, see Figure 1.

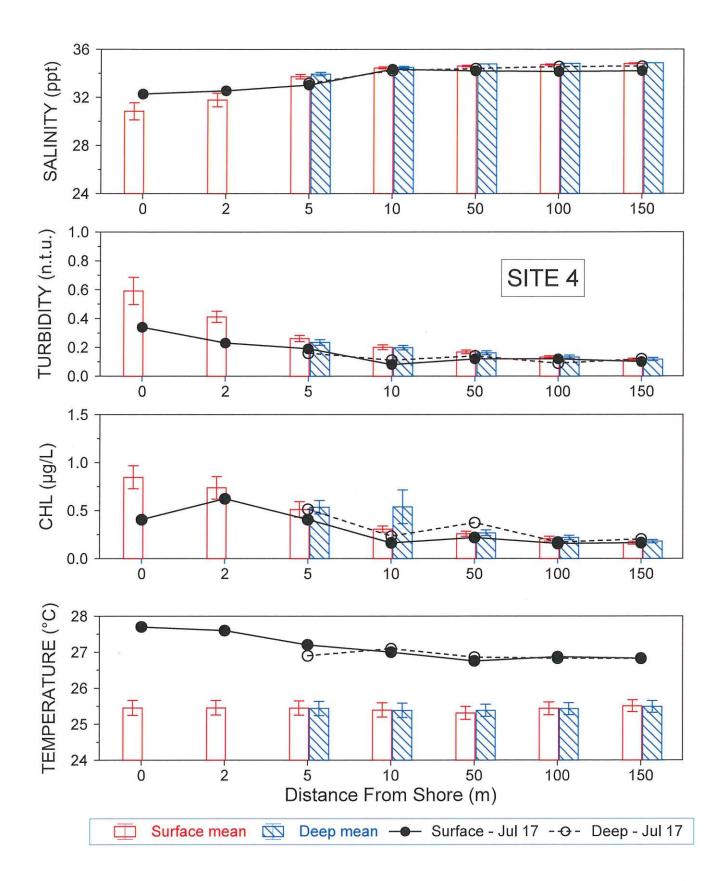


FIGURE 15. Plots of water chemistry constituents measured in surface and deep water samples as a function of distance from the shoreline at Site 4, offshore of the Makena Resort. Data points and connected lines from samples collected during the most recent survey, bar graphs represent mean values at each sampling station for surveys conducted since August 1995 (N=36). Error bars represent standard error of the mean. For site location, see Figure 1.

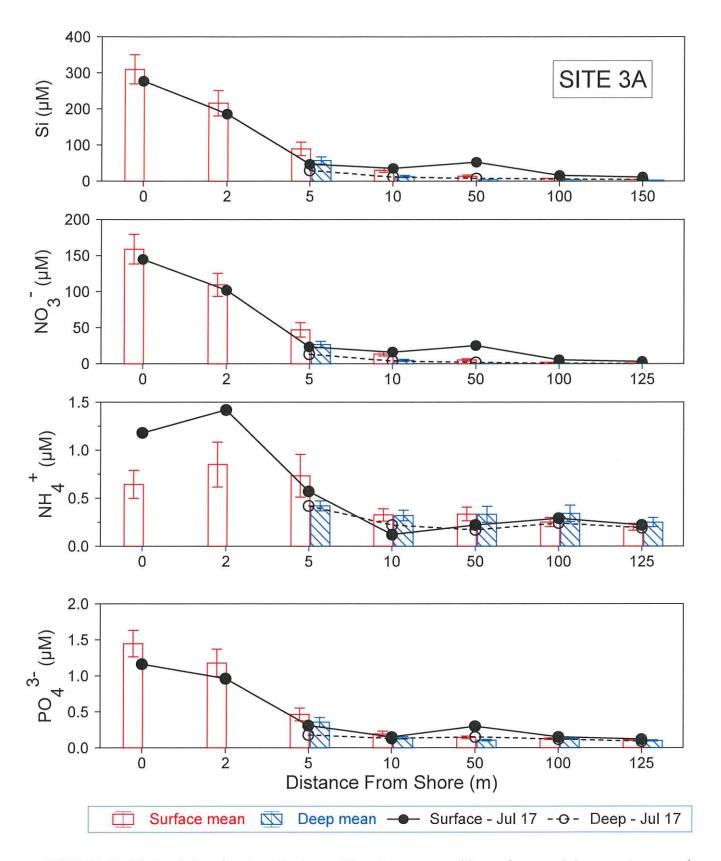


FIGURE 16. Plots of dissolved nutrient constituents measured in surface and deep water samples as a function of distance from the shoreline at Site 3A, offshore of the Makena Resort. Data points and connected lines from samples collected during the most recent survey, bar graphs represent mean values at each sampling station for surveys conducted since June 2007 (N=18). Error bars represent standard error of the mean. For site location, see Figure 1.

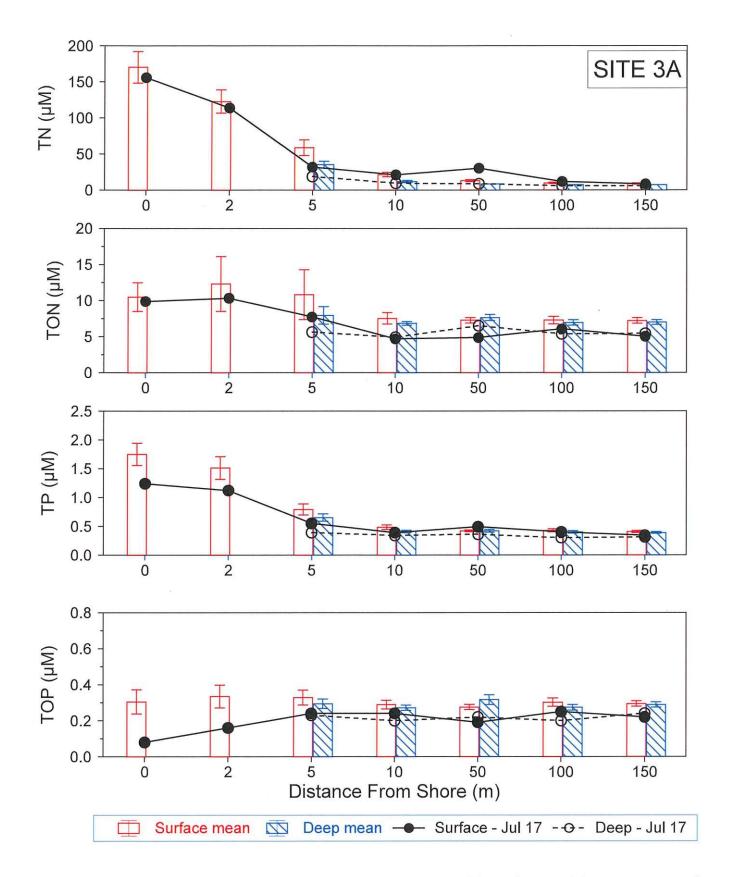


FIGURE 17. Plots of dissolved nutrient constituents measured in surface and deep water samples as a function of distance from the shoreline at Site 3A, offshore of the Makena Resort. Data points and connected lines from samples collected during the most recent survey, bar graphs represent mean values at each sampling station for surveys conducted since June 2007 (N=18). Error bars represent standard error of the mean. For site location, see Figure 1.

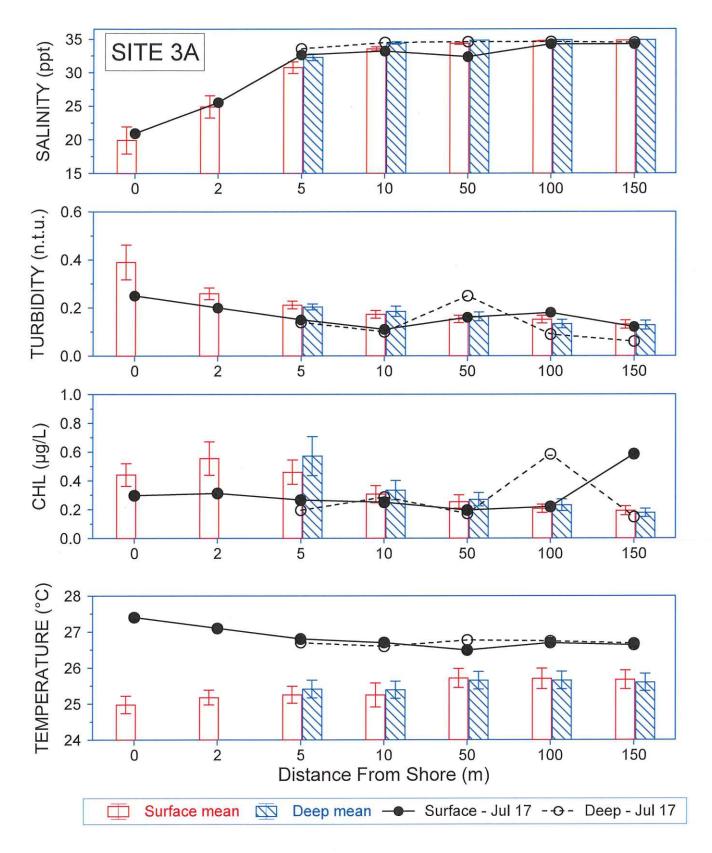


FIGURE 18. Plots of water chemistry constituents measured in surface and deep water samples as a function of distance from the shoreline at Site 3A, offshore of the Makena Resort. Data points and connected lines from samples collected during the most recent survey, bar graphs represent mean values at each sampling station for surveys conducted since June 2007 (N=18). Error bars represent standard error of the mean. For site location, see Figure 1.

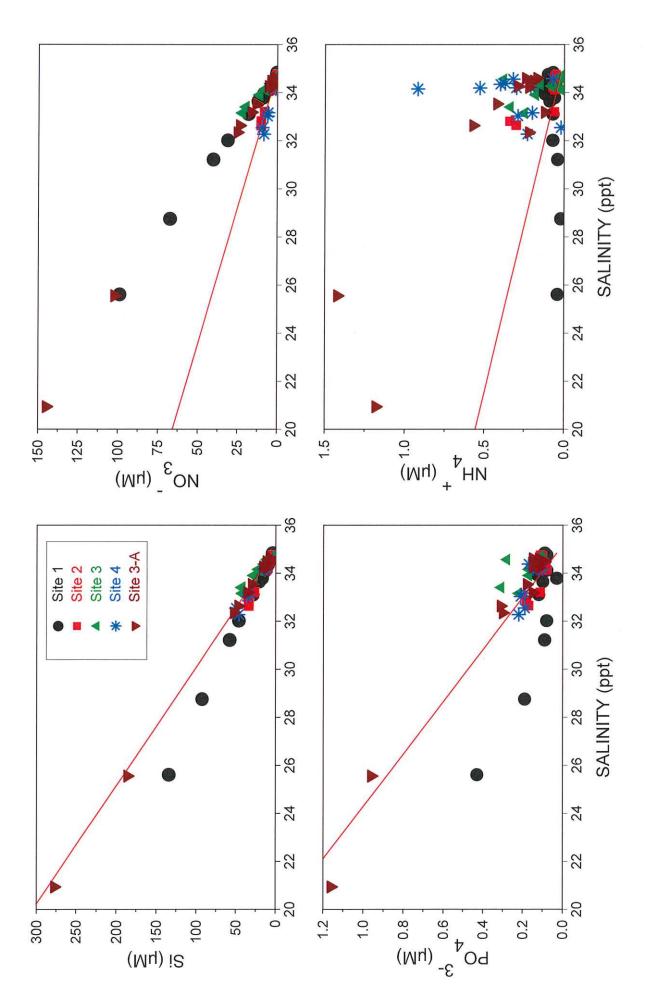


FIGURE 19. Mixing diagram showing concentration of dissolved nutrients from samples collected offshore of the Makena Resort on July 7, 2017 as functions of salinity. Solid red line in each plot is conservative mixing line constructed by connecting the concentrations in open coastal water with water from an irrigation well upslope of the Makena Golf Courses. For sampling site locations, see Figure 1.

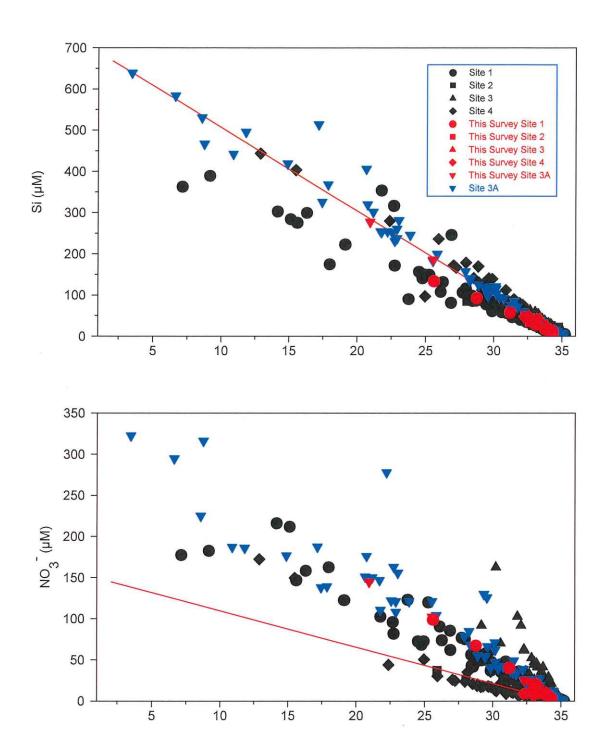


FIGURE 20. Silicate and nitrate, plotted as a function of salinity for surface samples collected since August 1995 at four sites offshore of the Makena Golf Course. Black symbols represent combined data from surveys conducted between August 1995 and July 2017. Blue symbols represent data from surveys at Site 3A commencing in June 2007. Red symbols are data from most recent survey. Solid red line in each plot is conservative mixing line constructed by connecting the concentrations in open coastal water with water from golf course irrigation well #4. For sampling site locations, see Figure 1.

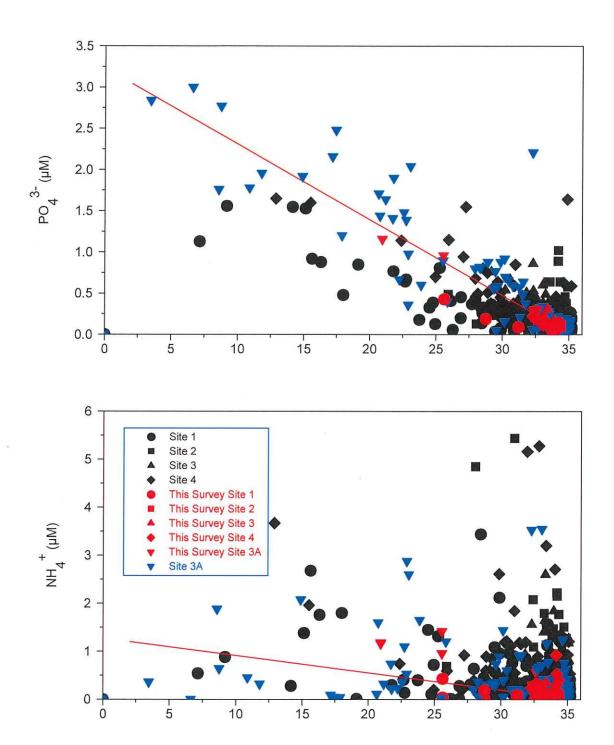


FIGURE 21. Phosphate and ammonium, plotted as a function of salinity for surface samples collected since August 1995 at four sites offshore of the Makena Golf Course. Black symbols represent combined data from surveys conducted between August 1995 and July 2017. Brown symbols represent data from surveys at Site 3A commencing in June 2007. Red symbols are data from the most recent survey. Solid red line in each plot is conservative mixing line constructed by connecting the concentrations in open coastal water with water from golf course irrigation well #4. For sampling site locations, see Figure 1.

TABLE 6. Linear regression statistics (y-intercept and slope) of concentrations of silica as functions of salinity from four ocean transect sites off of the Makena Resort collected during monitoring surveys from 1995 to July 2017 (Transect Site 3 has been monitored since 2002; Trasect Site 3A since 2007). Also shown are standard errors and upper and lower 95% confidence limits around the y-intercepts and slopes."REGSLOPE" indicates regression statistics for slope of yearly coefficients as a function of time. For location of transect sites, see Figure 1.

SILICA -Y	SILICA -Y-INTERCEPT				SILICA - S	- SLOPE	ŀ			SILICA -	SILICA -Y-INTERCEPT	EPT			SILICA -	- SLOPE			
YEAR	Coefficients	Std Err 1	Lower 95% Upper	Ipper 95%	~	Coefficients	Std Err 1	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	~	Coefficients Std Err Lower 95%Upper 959	Std Err L	ower 95%U,	yper 95%	اہا	97	Std Err Lower 95%Upper 959	ver 95%Up	oer 95%
SILET	70 001	0, 0,	00,707	0 0	SIIE 1					SITE 3			- 1		SITE 3				
1995	522.34	12.18	491.03	553.66	1995	-15.08	0.38	-16.05	-14.12	2002	931.92	27.54		1002.71	2002	-26.75	0.81	-28.83	-24.68
1996	504 17	2 63	406 90	653.64	1996	-18.05	0.32	-18.75	-17.34	2003	984.76	41.58	894.16	1075.35	2003	-28.10	1.21	-30.73	-25.47
1008	787 17	2 44	430.03	400 44	1997		0.00	-14.00	-14.21	2004	632.75	127.62	354.68	910.82	2004	-18.19	3.69	-26.24	-10.14
1999	479 11	989	457.55	500.4	1990	-13.63	0.00	14.02	40,01	2002	704.38	52.31	200.40	818.35	2005	-20.11	1.51	-23.40	-16.83
2000	528.68	5.87	513.58	543.77	2000		0.18	-15.54	-14.62	2002	320.22 722.80	15.07	689 97	755.63	2007	90.92-	1.89	-30.67	-22.46
2001	625.85	10.91	597.82	653.88	2001	-17.76	0.32	-18.57	-16.94	2008	1058.06	48.59	952.18	1163.94	2008	-30.22	1 41	-33 20	-19.03
2002	502.98	89.8	480.66	525.30	2002	-14.38	0.26	-15.05	-13.72	2009	943.91	40.06		1046.89	2009	-26.90	1.17	-29.50	-23.91
2003	625.85	10.91	597.82	653.88	2003	-17.76	0.32	-18.57	-16.94	2010	962.57	74.39		1153.79	2010	-27.56	2.19	-33.18	-21.93
2004	546.00	8.33	527.84	564.16	2004	-15.68	0.25	-16.23	-15.14	2011	880.51	26.78	822.17	938.85	2011	-25.06	0.77	-26.74	-23.37
2005	466.59	11.09	442.42	490.75	2005	-13.31	0.33	-14.02	-12.61	2012	792.34	42.16	683.97	900.71	2012	-22.57	1.24	-25.75	-19.39
2006	487.68	24.60	434.08	541.28	2006	-13.88	0.76	-15.53	-12.23	2013	840.08	7.86	822.95	857.22	2013	-23.79	0.23	-24.29	-23.29
2007	491.19	34.99	414.95	567.42	2007	-14.11	1.14	-16.59	-11.62	2014	830.08	68.71	680.38	979.78	2014	-23.62	1.98	-27.94	-19.31
2008	371.80	16.96	334.85	408.75	2008	-10.46	0.52	-11.59	-9.33	2015	688.97	18.04	649.66	728.29	2015	-19.74	0.54	-20.91	-18.58
2009	457.28	10.01	431.54	483.02	2009	-12.98	0.30	-13.76	-12.20	2016	738.28	54.68	619.15	857.41	2016	-21.03	1.59	-24.49	-17.56
2010	515.27	7.85	495.09	535.45	2010	-14.78	0.28	-15.49	-14.06	2017	952.01	91.96	715.61	1188.41	2017	-27.34	2.71	-34.30	-20.37
2011	464.80	5.70	452.37	477.22	2011	-13.13	0.18	-13.52	-12.74	Regslope	-2.85	6.97	-17.79	12.10	Regslope	0.09	0.20	-0.34	0.51
2012	940.29	48.49	815.64	1064.94	2012	-26.98	1.61	-31.13	-22.84										
2013	486.60	5.46	474.70	498.50	2013	-13.72	0.16	-14.07	-13.37	SITE 3A					SITE 3A				
2014	509.44	9.47	488.81	530.06	2014	-14.47	0.29	-15.09	-13.85	2007	714.10	5.58	701.94	726.27	2007	-20.35	0.19	-20.75	-19 94
2015	507.51	2.81	501.39	513.63	2015	-14.54	0.09	-14.73	-14.34	2008	805.12	9.00	785.52	824.73	2008	-22.96	0.28	-23.57	-22.36
2016	525.36	8.05	507.82	542.90	2016	-14.97	0.24	-15.49	-14.44	2009	646.37	7.80	626.32	666.43	2009	-18.28	0.26	-18.96	-17.61
2017	502.26	7.60	482.72	521.81	2017	-14.30	0.24	-14.92	-13.69	2010	750.91	5.70	736.26	765.56	2010	-21.44	0.19	-21.94	-20.94
Regslope	-0.09	3.42	-7.21	7.02	Regslope	0.01	0.10	-0.20	0.21	2011	715.44	5.06	704.42	726.45	2011	-20.35	0.17	-20.72	-19.99
										2012	1005.34	28.55	931.95	1078.73	2012	-29.01	0.94	-31.44	-26.59
SITE 2					SITE 2					2013	651.22	3.75	643.05	659.40	2013	-18.41	0.12	-18.66	-18.16
1995	468.41	85.54	248.51	688.30	1995	-13.47	2.51	-19.93	-7.00	2014	680.15	9.84	658.72	701.59	2014	-19.32	0:30	-19.98	-18.66
1996	549.09	177.83	164.91	933.28	1996	-15.62	5.15	-26.75	-4.49	2015	654.59	17.94	615.51	693.67	2015	-18.67	0.58	-19.94	-17.40
1997	267.57	9.71	543.80	591.33	1997	-16.26	0.29	-16.96	-15.56	2016	725.77	11.07	701.65	749.89	2016	-20.76	0.35	-21.52	-19.99
1998	563.20	37.23	472.10	654.30	1998	-16.11	1.08	-18.76	-13.45	2017	691.87	4.57	680.12	703.61	2017	-19.79	0.15	-20.17	-19.41
1999	466.74	95.75	261.37	672.11	1999	-13.21	2.78	-19.18	-7.23	Regslope	-5.54	10.14	-28.48	17.40	Regslope	0.15	0:30	-0.53	0.83
2000	770.15	27.32	703.31	837.00	2000	-22.06	0.80	-24.02	-20.11										
2001	1254.31	/4.1/	1072.82	1435.81	2001	-35.68	2.12	-40.87	-30.49	SITE 4					SITE 4				
2002	5/7.53	29.40	505.60	549.46	2002	-16.54	0.86	-18.64	-14.44	1995	710.45	8.83	687.74	733.15	1995	-20.55	0.27	-21.25	-19.85
2003	505.05	20.10	461.94	248.13	2003	-14.3/	0.59	-15.63	-13.11	1996	917.33	13.38	888.18	946.47	1996	-26.23	0.40	-27.10	-25.37
2004	00000	95.70	204.33	144 50	2004	-16.23	2.73	-22.09	-10.38	1997	1/6.74	3.53	767.66	785.82	1997	-22.27	0.11	-22.55	-21.99
2002	553.48	62 93	418 51	688 45	2003	19.01	1 83	10.75	11 00	1898	841.35	6.75	824.00	858.70	1998	-24.07	0.20	-24.58	-23.56
2007	443.05	17.15	406.27	479.84	2007	-12.54	0.51	-13.64	-11.45	2000	946 97	12.51	914 80	979 14	2000	27.42	0.73	25.10	-21.90
2008	402.41	73.66	244.42	560.41	2008	-11.41	2.14	-15.99	-6.83	2001	1403.91	260.13	1	2072.61	2007	-39.92	7.42	58 99	-20.86
2009	501.76	9.02	479.69	523.82	2009	-14.32	0.27	-14.98	-13.66	2002	767.85	4.37		779.08	2002	-21.99	0.13	-22.34	-21.65
2010	490.17	22.77	434.46	545.87	2010	-13.97	0.67	-15.61	-12.33	2003	854.37	29.88	789.26	919.48	2003	-24.36	0.91	-26.34	-22.39
2011	501.35	17.35	464.13	538.56	2011	-14.24	0.50	-15.31	-13.16	2004	843.49	37.55	761.67	925.31	2004	-24.27	1.10	-26.66	-21.88
2012	411.67	48.31	293.48	529.87	2012	-11.62	1.41	-15.06	-8.18	2002	703.97	14.00	673.47	734.46	2005	-20.11	0.41	-21.00	-19.22
2013	495.00	16.53	459.56	530.45	2013	-13.97	0.48	-14.99	-12.95	2006	735.05	14.01	704.53	765.57	2006	-20.96	0.41	-21.86	-20.06
2014	538.49	75.79	476.03	595.94	2014	-15.29	0.78	-16.96	-13.62	2007	710.11	7.14	694.56	725.66	2007	-20.27	0.23	-20.77	-19.78
2013	520 75	13.90	444.90	000.00 845.40	2013	16.71	4.0	-10.39	-13.62	2008	712.32	18.22	6/2.63	752.01	2008	-20.33	0.53	-21.49	-19.17
2012	530 98	17.05	414.30	572.70	2017	-15.07	0.54	-18.46	-11.69	2009	715.30	7.99	694.75	735.84	2009	-20.34	0.24	-20.95	-19.73
Regslope	-6.48	5.44	-17.80	4 84	Radslone		1 0 18	10:43	13.30	2010	010.09	7.40	02.000	17.600	2010	-19.14	0.19	-19.62	-18.66
					adorefian	2		21.5	200	2012	353.00	20.70	277 74	428.26	2011	70.61-	1.2.0	42.47	-19.11
										2013	642.86	7.88	625.69	660.03	2013	-18 19	0.33	18 60	17.70
										2014	767.19	45.16	668.80	865.57	2014	-21.85	1.31	-10.03	-18.99
										2015	704.12	6 94	00 689	719.25	2015	-20 22	0.21	-20.67	19 77

-11.70 -19.77

-18.69 -20.67 -17.75 -22.25

0.23 1.31 0.21 1.39

2013 2014 2015 2016 2017

-14.72 0.43

-18.19 -21.85 -20.22

660.03 865.57 719.25 623.70 772.55

625.69 00.689 416.03 568.29 -25.51

7.88 45.16 6.94 47.66 39.73 5.08

519.87 -14.94 670.42

Regslope

767.19 642.86

2013 2014 2015 2016 2017

1985 1985	ITRATE	NITRATE -Y-INTERCEPT	EPT	200	300	шH	J.	L	H		NITRAT	NITRATE -Y-INTERCEPI	RCEPT	Ī		NITRATE	E - SLOPE	T.		
1985 1985	SITE 1	Coemicients	SIG EIT	Ower 95% L	pper 95%	Ľ	lents		\dashv	pper 95%	~	Coefficients	Std Err	ower 95%	pper 95%	YEAR SITE 3	Coefficients	Std Err	ower 95%U	per 95%
1985 1885	1995	326.50	7.10	308.25	344.75	1995	-9.49	0.22	-10.05	-8.92	2002	847.45	52.35	712.88	982.01	2002	-24.49	1.53	-28.43	-20.56
1875 1875	1996	336.49	4.62	326.41	346.56	1996	-9.67	0.14	-9.97	-9.38	2003	693.24	39.54	607.10	779.38	2003	-19.86	1.15	-22.36	-17.35
1985 1985 1986	1997	406.96	1.93	402.00	411.93	1997	-11.70	90.0	-11.85	-11.55	2004	463.72	90.73	266.04	661.40	2004	-13.37	2.63	-19.09	-7.64
1985 1985 1986	1998	268.90	1.55	264.91	272.89	1998	-7.72	0.05	-7.84	-7.60	2005	535.53	47.19	432.72	638.34	2005	-15.33	1.36	-18.29	-12.37
1985 1986	1999	225.24	5.32	213.66	236.83	1999	-6.44	0.16	-6.79	-6.10	2006	856.96	48.22	751.91	962.02	2006	-24.61	1.42	-27.70	-21.52
1985 1985	2000	309.77	3.36	301.14	318.41	2000	-8.91	0.10	-9.17	-8.65	2007	1233.34	18.23	1193.63	1273.06	2007	-35.51	0.54	-36.68	-34.34
1985 1986	2001	336.53	9.69	311.61	361.44	2001	-9.60	0.28	-10.32	-8.88	2008	899.91	41.92	808.57	991.25	2008	-25.78		-28.43	-23.12
1987 1988 1988 1988 1988 1989	2002	278.21	17.43	233.40	323.03	2002	-7.99	0.52	-9.31	-6.66	2009	827.18	19.10	778.08	876.29	2009	-23.65		-25.08	-22.22
1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,	2003	421.29	7.81	404.28	438.30	2003	-12.09	0.23	-12.60	-11.58	2010	924.44	35.54	833.09	1015.80	2010	-26.57		-29.26	-23.88
1985 1985	2004	442.33	4.89	431.68	452.99	2004	-12.74	0.15	-13.06	-12.42	2011	936.86	87.11	747.07	1126.65	2011	-26.75		-32.22	-21.28
1867 1868 1868 1868 1869	2005	296.36	7.44	280.16	312.56	2005	-8.48	0.22	-8.96	-8.01	2012	527.25	5.85	512.22	542.28	2012	-15.09		-15.53	-14.65
1985 1985	2006	361.76	7.20	346.08	377.45	2006	-10.40	0.22	-10.89	-9.92	2013	444.28	6.57	429.97	458.60	2013	-12.62	0.19	-13.03	-12.20
1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	2007	305.06	15.88	270.45	339.67	2007	-8.73	0.52	-9.86	-7.60	2014	538.82	51.38	426.87	650.77	2014	-15.39	1.48	-18.61	-12.16
1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	2008	330.95	7.18	315.29	346.60	2008	-9.52	0.22	-10.00	-9.05	2015	580.33	8.68	561.42	599.23	2015	-16.75	0.26	-17.31	-16.19
1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	2009	231.91	3.07	224.01	239.81	2009	-6.65	0.09	-6.89	-6.41	2016	249.59	27.69	189.27	309.91	2016	-7.14	0.80	68 89	-5.39
1,12, 1,12	2010	253.63	4.57	241.88	265.38	2010	-7.31	0.16	-7.72	-6.89	2017	549.92	22.43	492.26	607.59	2017	-15.89	0.66	-17.59	-14 20
27.2 66 19. 27.2 64 19. 27.2 27.8 27.2 27.8 27.2 27.8 27.2 27.8 27.2 27.8 27.2 27.8 27.2 27.8 27.2 27.8 27.2 27.8 27.2 27.	2011	235.52	6.82	220.66	250.37	2011	-6.66	0.21	-7.12	-6.19	REGSLOPE		12.71	-49.50	5.00	REGSLOPE		0.37	-0.14	1.43
1,1	2012	272.66	0.94	270.26	275.07	2012	-7.81	0.03	-7.89	-7.73							l			
1970 1970	2013	232.39	1.37	229.40	235.37	2013	-6.59	0.04	-6.68	-6.50	SITE 3A					SITE 3A				Γ
1970 2.00	2014	316.83	9.55	296.03	337.63	2014	-9.04	0.29	-9.67	-8.41	2007	354.33	49.92	245.56	463.11	2007	-9.57	1 67	-13.20	-5 93
388, 78 288	2015	370.90	2.36	365.76	376.04	2015	-10.68	0.08	-10.84	-10.51	2008	448.07	7.75	431.19	464.95	2008	-12.81	0.24	-13.33	-12.20
1,14 1,58 4,52 2,50	2016	308.54	5.66	296.20	320.87	2016	8.86	0.17	-9.22	-8.49	2009	283.99	14.63	246.38	321.60	2009	-7.98	0.49	-9.25	-6.70
1,14 1,28 4,528 2,29	2017	383.78	6.12	368.05	399.51	2017	-11.06	0.19	-11.55	-10.56	2010	283.25	1.86	278.48	288.02	2010	-8.15	0.06	-832	-7.99
11987 1170 1180	SLOPE	-1.14	1.98	-5.26	2.99	REGSLOPE	0.03	90.0	60.0-	0.15	2011	364.51	5.48	352.58	376.45	2011	-10.31	0.18	-10.71	-9.92
1987 1200 88.89 16079 16080 2.47 2.87 2.89											2012	369.69	1.88	364.84	374.53	2012	-10.60	90.0	-10.76	-10.44
14 14 15 15 15 15 15 15	E 2					SITE 2					2013	281.00	3.14	274.17	287.83	2013	7.97	0.10	-8.18	-7.76
10,50, 18, 14, 14, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18	1995	119.87	12.03	88.95	150.79	1995	-3.47	0.35	-4.38	-2.56	2014	385.66	10.40	362.99	408.32	2014	-11.03	0.32	-11.73	-10.33
1452 554 178-95 1987 245 1987 245 248	966	106.36	18.44	66.53	146.19	1996	-3.05	0.53	-4.20	-1.89	2015	425.68	7.05	410.32	441.04	2015	-12.29	0.23	-12.78	-11.79
140,007 148,00 178,04 188,04 178,04 188,04	266	193.75	5.64	179.95	207.55	1997	-5.57	0.17	-5.97	-5.16	2016	361.17	8.19	343.32	379.01	2016	-10.41	0.26	-10.97	-9.84
116.271 146.28 136.21 146.22 136.2	866	166.93	5.33	153.89	179.97	1998	4.79	0.16	-5.17	4.41	2017	╛	6.13	355.47	386.99	2017	-10.69	0.20	-11.20	-10.18
14420 1264 128-14 178-1	666	116.21	14.04	86.10	146.32	1999	-3.31	0.41	4.19	-2.43	REGSLOPE	١	5.51	-9.90	15.05	REGSLOPE	١	0.16	-0.47	0.00
1982 3878 1982 3878	200	142.07	7.83	135.13	149.01	2000	4.08	0.08	4.29	-3.88										
190.252 281/16 280 2346 2020 2.519 1172 2020 2.519 1173 2020 118.55 118.50	1001	154.93	(97)	136.21	173.64	2001	4.41	0.22	-4.95	-3.88	SITE 4					SITE 4				
145.36 1.55 1.48.82 1.75 1.48.82 1.75 1.48.82 1.75 1.48.82 1.75 1.48.82 1.75 1.48.82 1.75 1.21 1.48.82 1.75 1.21 1.48.82 1.75 1.22 1.	2002	180.82	58.78	36.98	324.66	2002	-5.19	1.72	-9.40	-0.99	1995	111.38	6.47	94.74	128.02	1995	-3.26	0.20	-3.77	-2.75
192-86 112-14 122-14 1	5003	163.36	6.31	149.82	176.91	2003	4.68	0.18	-5.07	4.28	1996	118.34	1.63	114.79	121.89	1996	-3.40	0.05	-3.50	-3.29
1962 1972	2004	145.36	10.55	122.74	167.99	2004	4.19	0.31	-4.84	-3.53	1997	122.56	1.29	119.25	125.88	1997	-3.53	0.04	-3.63	-3.43
144.74 34.50 113.24 2000 24.50 2	9007	102.66	9.17	83.13	122.19	2005	-2.94	0.26	-3.50	-2.37	1998	112.77	1.87	107.97	117.57	1998	-3.24	0.05	-3.38	-3.10
1,00, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	2000	124.74	4.00	107.20	77.00	2000	10.57	2 0	-3.88	-3.27	1888	109.13	3.30	101.94	116.33	1999	-3.13	0.10	-3.34	-2.92
142.21 19.04 120.08 146.34 140.08 14	8008	108.01	12.87	80.41	135.61	2008	50.5	0.10	90.4	40.0	2007	10.01	0.70	10.08	120.43	2000	-3.40	0.02	-3.46	-3.34
185.27 10.49 108.60 160.94 2010 -3.88 0.31 -4.74 0.18 -5.14 -4.35 2.004 134.97 4.64 124.86 145.07 2.004 -3.89 0.14 -4.18 2.005 14.58 14.59 4.64 124.86 145.07 2.004 -3.89 0.14 -4.18 2.005 14.58 14.50 2.004 -3.89 0.14 -4.18 2.005 14.58 14.59 4.64 124.86 145.07 2.004 -3.89 0.14 -4.18 2.005 14.58 14.59 4.64 124.86 145.07 2.004 -3.89 0.14 -4.18 2.005 14.58 14.59 4.64 124.86 14.50 2.005 -3.29 0.13 -3.54 2.005 -3.29 0.14 -4.18 2.005	600	142.21	40.6	120.08	164.34	5005	4 10	0.27	4 78	-3.43	2002	178.00	3.05	140.00	107.05	2002	70.7-	0.0	9 6	0 5
166.23 152.64 179.81 2011 4.74 0.18 -5.14 4.35 120.04 134.97 4.64 124.86 145.07 2004 134.97 4.64 124.86 145.07 2004 2.89 0.14 4.18 2005 14.59 2005 14.59 2005 14.59 2005 2.305 2	010	135.27	10.49	109.60	160.94	2010	-3.88	0.31	4.64	-3.13	2003	113.78	2.76	107.77	119.79	2003	-3.28	0.08	-3.46	9 e
180.36 4.91 168.28 192.41 2012 2012 2.516 0.14 2.51 4.81 2.005 114.56 2.005 114.56 2.005 114.56 2.005 2.00	2011	166.23	6.33	152.64	179.81	2011	-4.74	0.18	-5.14	-4.35	2004	134.97	4.64	124.86	145.07	2004	-3.89	0.14	4.18	-3.59
135.18 3.15 128.41 141.34 2013 3.15 128.41 141.34 2014 3.15 128.41 141.34 2014 3.15 128.41 141.34 2014 3.15 141.34 2014 3.15 141.34 2014 3.15 141.34 2014 3.15 141.34 2014 3.15 141.34 2014 3.15 141.34 2014 3.15 141.34 2014 3.15 141.34 2014 3.15 141.35	2012	180.39	4.91	168.38	192.41	2012	-5.16	0.14	-5.51	-4.81	2005	114.59	4.47	104.85	124.33	2005	-3.29	0.13	-3.57	-3.00
153.54 6.45 139.71 167.38 2014 4.38 0.19 4.78 4.38 0.19 4.78 4.38 0.19 4.78 4.38 0.19 4.78 4.38 0.19 4.78 4.38 0.10 4.78 4.38 0.14 4.38 4.05 5.74 4.44 4.38 4.05 5.74 4.44 4.38 4.05 6.24 111.04 2007 4.73 4.04 4.38 4.05 5.74 4.38 4.05 5.74 4.38 4.05 5.74 4.38 4.05 5.74 4.38 4.05 5.74 4.38 4.05 5.74 4.38 4.05 5.74 4.38 4.05 5.74 4.38 4.05 5.74 4.38 4.05 5.74 4.38 4.38 4.05 5.74 4.38 4.38 4.05 5.74 4.38	2013	135.18	3.15	128.41	141.94	2013	-3.84	0.09	-4.03	-3.64	2006	119.85	1.76	116.03	123.68	2006	-3.43	0.05	-3.54	-3.31
176.47 2.21.39 2.20.20 2.21.39 2.20.20 2.20.	914	153.54	6.45	139.71	167.38	2014	4.38	0.19	4.78	-3.97	2007	269.24	10.13	247.16	291.32	2007	7.87	0.32	-8.58	-7.17
176.47 8.93 154.62 198.33 2017 2.02 2	016	182.01	9.74	162 54	202.02	2013	-6.93	0.27	-7.30	70.0	2002	107 17	4.U5	102.20	111.74	2008	-1./9	0.12	-2.05	-1.54
1.80 0.26 3.85 Recellope -0.05 0.03 -0.11 0.01 126.90 2.74 1.02.94 1.78 174.38 183.51 2012 -5.17 2012 -5.27 2013 -6.14 0.01 -1.37 2013 -6.14 1.02.94 1.78 174.38 183.51 2012 -5.17 0.05 -5.27 2013 -40.48 3.63 32.58 48.39 2014 -3.24 0.10 -1.37 2014 13.51 9.69 92.40 134.62 2014 -3.24 0.10 -1.37 2015 150.03 4.80 139.57 160.48 2014 -3.24 0.28 -3.86 2017 4.46.39 10.73 30.58 77.32 2016 -4.33 0.14 -4.64 2017 4.46.39 10.73 30.58 77.32 2016 -4.33 0.11 -4.64 2017 4.46.39 10.73 146.94 14.36.7 14.36 0.00 <td>2017</td> <td>176.47</td> <td>8.93</td> <td>154.62</td> <td>198.33</td> <td>2017</td> <td>-5.08</td> <td>0.26</td> <td>-5.73</td> <td>4 4</td> <td>2010</td> <td>148.96</td> <td>16.96</td> <td>105.35</td> <td>192.57</td> <td>2010</td> <td>9 5</td> <td>40.0</td> <td>ري. اي</td> <td>25.50</td>	2017	176.47	8.93	154.62	198.33	2017	-5.08	0.26	-5.73	4 4	2010	148.96	16.96	105.35	192.57	2010	9 5	40.0	ري. اي	25.50
2012 178.94 1.78 174.38 183.51 2012 -5.13 0.05 -5.27 2013 40.48 3.63 32.56 48.39 2013 -1.14 0.10 -1.37 2014 113.51 9.69 92.40 134.62 2014 -3.24 0.28 -3.86 2015 150.03 4.80 139.57 160.48 2015 -4.33 0.14 -4.64 2016 53.96 10.73 30.58 77.32 2016 -1.63 0.31 -2.21 RESSLOPE 0.12 146.94 175.51 175.51 2016 -1.63 0.31 -2.21 RESSLOPE 0.12 1.28 3.09 9.28 3.09 9.26 0.00 0.04 0.00	SLOPE	1.80	0.98	-0.25	3.85	REGSLOPE	-0.05	0.03	-0.11	0.01	2011	126.90	2.74	120.94	132.87	2011	-3.62	0.08	-3.79	3.44
40.48 3.63 32.58 48.39 2013 -1.14 0.10 -1.37 113.51 9.69 92.40 134.62 2014 -3.24 0.28 -3.86 150.03 4.80 139.57 160.48 2015 -4.33 0.14 -4.64 53.96 10.73 30.58 77.32 2016 -1.53 0.31 -2.21 14.64 118.96 17.53 17.53 17.53 2016 -1.63 0.31 -2.21 10.12 1.43 -2.85 3.09 18.54 0.00 0.04 0.00 0.00											2012	178.94	1.78	174.38	183.51	2012	-5.13	0.05	-5.27	4 99
113.51 9.69 92.40 134.62 2014 -3.24 0.28 -3.86 150.03 4.80 139.57 160.48 2015 -4.33 0.14 -4.64 -4.64 53.96 10.73 30.58 77.32 2016 -1.53 0.31 -2.21 20.12 4.83 17.53 18.53 17.53 2017 -4.64 0.31 20.12 4.83 17.53 17.53 2017 -4.64 0.31 -2.21 20.12 4.83 17.53 18.53 3.61 -4.64 0.01											2013	40.48	3.63	32.58	48.39	2013	-1.14	0.10	-1.37	-0.91
150,03 4.80 139,57 160,48 2015 -4,33 0,14 -4,64 -4,64 -4,33 0,14 -4,64 -4,64 -4,33											2014	113.51	9.69	92.40	134.62	2014	-3.24	0.28	-3.86	-2.63
53.95 10.73 30.58 77.32 2016 -1.53 0.31 -2.21 146.94 11.12 118.36 17.551 2017 -4.26 0.33 -2.21 0.12 1.43 -2.85 3.09 Bressippe 0.00 0.04 0.00											2015	150.03	4.80	139.57	160.48	2015	-4.33	0.14	4.64	4.02
0.12 1.43 -2.85 3.09 REGSI OPF 0.00 0.04 -0.09											2016	53.95	10.73	30.58	77.32	2016		0.31	-2.21	-0.85
											107 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	ı	1 43	110.30	1,0.07	1102	ı	0.33	i o	4.5.

TABLE 8. Linear regression statistics (y-intercept and slope) of concentrations of orthophosphate phosphorus as functions of salinity from four ocean transect sites off of the Makena Resort collected during monitoring surveys from 1995 to July 2017 (Transect site 3 has been monitored since 2002; Trasect Site 3A since 2007). Also shown are standard errors and upper and lower 95% confidence limits around the y-intercepts and slopes. For location of transect sites, see Figure 1.

STE 3 STE 3 STE 4 Control	主	TE -Y-INT.	ERCEPT			PHOSPHATE	Ϋ́				PHOSPh	'ATE -Y-II	PHOSPHATE -Y-INTERCEPT	Ţ		PHOSPH	PHOSPHATE - SLOPE	OPE		
1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	Ř	Coefficients	Std Err	Lower 95% L	Jpper 95%	۲,				Upper 95%	ہا		Std Err	wer 95%U	oper 95%	~			wer 95%Uµ	per 95%
1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	1995	1.04	0.14	0.68	1 39	1995	-0.03	000	PO 0-	000	2002	1 63	2.24	1 24	10,	3000	0,40	100	000	i
1, 10, 2, 10, 2, 10, 2, 10, 2, 10, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2,	1996	1.78		1.52	2.03	1996	-0.05	00.0	1 90	-0.02	2002	7 38	0.00	1.31	10.35	2002	-0.13	0.07	-0.30	0.04
11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	1997	1.40		1.10	1.69	1997	-0.04	00.00	-0.05	-0.03	2007	7.40	0.30	5.70	0,00	2002	-0.21	20.00	77.0-	0.0
1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	1998	1.10	90.0	0.95	1.25	1998	-0.03	0.00	-0.03	-0.02	2005	3.17	0.53	2.03	4.32	2005	0.09	0.02	-0.40	0 0
1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	1999	1.07	0.12	0.80	1.34	1999	-0.03	0.00	-0.03	-0.02	2006	7.32	1.16	4.80	9.84	2006	-0.21	0.02	-0 28 -0 28	7 2
1, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12,	2000	0.89		0.59	1.19	2000	-0.02	0.00	-0.03	-0.01	2007	4.46	0.46	3.47	5.45	2007	-0.13	0.01	-0.16	9 9
1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	2001	2.16		0.22	4.11	2001	90.0-	0.02	-0.12	00.0	2008	4.01	1.13	1.56	6.47	2008	-0.11	0.03	-0.18	-0.04
1, 10, 10, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11,	2002	1.12	0.68	-0.64	2.88	2002	-0.03	0.02	-0.08	0.02	2009	3.12	2.67	-3.74	6.6	2009	-0.09	0.08	-0.29	0.11
1, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10,	2003	0.48	0.19	90.0	0.90	2003	-0.01	0.01	-0.02	00.00	2010	6.25	2.27	0.41	12.09	2010	-0.18	0.07	-0.35	-0.01
1, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10,	2004	2.71		2.33	3.08	2004	-0.08	0.01	-0.09	-0.06	2011	0.86	0.75	-0.79	2.50	2011	-0.02	0.02	-0.07	0.03
1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	2005	-0.02		-0.34	0.29	2005	00.00	0.00	-0.01	0.01	2012	6.37	0.53	5.01	7.73	2012	-0.18	0.02	-0.22	-0.14
1, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10,	2006	1.36		1.08	1.65	2006	-0.04	0.00	-0.04	-0.03	2013	4.80	0.28	4.19	5.42	2013	-0.13	0.01	-0.15	-0.12
1, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10,	2007	1.07		0.64	1.50	2007	-0.03	0.01	-0.04	-0.02	2014	5.15	0.98	3.00	7.29	2014	41.0-	0 03	-0 20	2 C-
1,100 1,10	2008	0.89		0.61	1.16	2008	-0.02	0.00	-0.03	-0.02	2015	4.53	0.23	4.01	5.04	2015	-0.13	0.01	-0.14	- 2
147 148 118	2009	78.0		-0.12	1.85	2009	-0.02	0.01	-0.05	0.01	2016	6.32	0.62	4 98	7.66	2016	4 0	000	-0.22	2 7
14 14 15 15 15 15 15 15	2010	1.86		1.40	2.31	2010	-0.05	0.01	-0.07	-0.04	2017	4.69	1.18	1.66	7.71	2017	0 0	0.03	-0.22	2 0
1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	2011	1.47		1.24	1.70	2011	-0.04	0.00	-0.05	-0.03	REGSLOPE	-0.06	0.10	-0.27	0.15	REGSLOPE	00.0	000	000	200
1.10 1.10	2012	1.65		1.45	1.86	2012	-0.04	0.00	-0.05	-0.04										
1.00 1.00	2013	1.73		1.56	1.90	2013	-0.05	0.00	-0.05	-0.04	SITE 3A					SITE 34				ſ
1.00 1.00	2014	0.06		-0.53	0.65	2014	0.00	0.01	-0.02	0.00	2007	2 39	0.24	1 86	2 03	2007	20.0	70	0	0
1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	2015	2.57		2.37	2.76	2015	-0.07	0.00	80 0	20:0-	2008	4.43	0 40	2 200	7 50	2006	0.07	0.0	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	0.00
1.10 1.10	2016	1.50		1.05	1 95	2016	40.0-	0.00	00.00	-0.07	2008	2 60	0.43	2.30	00.00	2000	5 6	0.02	-0.16	-0.09
State Color Colo	2017	1.30		0.65	1.96	2017	-0.04	0.01	90 0	0.0-	2010	2.75	2 00	2.01	2 40	2040	-0.07	0.0	-0.08	-0.0b
State Color Colo	DECS10BG	0.01		0.04	0.05	1000000	000		900	0.02	2010	07.7	0.43	10.2	04.0	20.10	-0.07	LO.O	0.70	0.05
STREET S	REGSLOPE	10.0	0.02	-0.04	0.00	REGSLOPE	00.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2011	3.42	0.41	2.53	4.31	2011	0.09	0.01	-0.12	-0.06
1,14 1,14	SITES					CITES					2012	4.00	0.04	3.96	4.1/	2012	-0.11	0.00	-0.12	-0.11
1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	1995	0.15	0.63	-1 4B	1 76	1005	00.0	60.0	30.0	3	2013	0 6	0.07	19.4	19.4	2013	-0.13	0.00	-0.14	-0.13
1,10 1,10	1996	2.03	1.59	-141	5.48	1996	90.0	20.0	1,00	70.0	2014	2000	0.10	00.00	20.0	2014	0.10	0.00	71.0	-0.09
1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	1997	3.70	0.25	3 10	7 24	1007	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	2013	3.30	0.70	7.80	3.92	2015	-0.10	0.01	-0.11	-0.08
1,10 2,00 1,10 2,00 1,10 2,00 1,10	1998	3.75	1.44	0.50	7.07	1008	7,0	0.0	-0.12	0.09	2016	3.93	0.00	3.80	4.07	2016	-0.11	0.00	-0.11	-0.11
1,10 1,10	1000	3.68	ב צב	0.00	2 4 4 5 8	1000	9	1 9	0.20	0.0	7107	2.30	100	10.7	3.38	71.07	-0.08	0.01	-0.10	-0.07
STATE STAT	0000	12.78	2,5	0 80	17.00	0000	-0.10	00	-0.44	0.20	KEGSLOPE	0.00	0.07	-0.11	0.23	REGSLOPE	-9.90	15.05	-0.01	0.00
Column C	2001	30.73	3 12	23.09	38.37	2000	78 0	20.00	1.45	-0.20	SITE A				Γ	, ,,,,,,				
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1,000 1,00	2002	20.0	0.0	7.30	47.4	2003	0.70	0.0	-0.12	-0.08	1996	3.08	0.13	2.79	3.37	1996	-0.09	0.00	-0.09	-0.08
1.88 0.55 0.24 0.04 0.05	2004	0.70	0.03	4.62	. v.	2004	-0.1b	0.02	07.0-	-0.13	1997	2.95	0.09	2.71	3.19	1997	-0.08	0.00	-0.09	-0.07
1.50 0.25	2002	C. C. C.	0.57	730	0.40	2002	0.03	60.0	0.15	0.27	1998	3.50	0.46	2.32	4.67	1998	-0.10	0.01	-0.13	-0.06
1.56 0.24	2002	000.1	0.00	0.0	0.10	2002	00.0	70.0	-0.09	-0.02	6661	3.20	41.0	2.96	3.55	1999	-0.09	0.00	-0.10	-0.08
1.54 0.34 0.71 2.38 2009 -0.04 0.07 -0.07 0.00 -0.04 0.00	2008	1.50	1 14	-0.95	3 95	2008	0.00	0.00	-0.02	0.0	2000	37.07	07.0	77.77	30.00	2000	-0.09	0.07	-0.10	-0.07
1.70 1.51 1.49 4.90 2.01 0.01	2009	154	0.34	0.71	2.38	2009	40.0	20.0	0.07	0.03	2002	3 00	0 45	03.6	39.09	2002	0.00	0.00	- 3	77.7
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3.21 0.60 1.74 4.68 2.012 0.009 0.02 0.013 0	2011	2.46	0.37	1.66	3.26	2011	-0.07	0.01	-0.09	-0.04	2004	4.75	0.79	3.04	6.47	2004	-0.13	0.00	-0 18	-0 O
2.12 0.57 0.90 3.34 2013 -0.06 0.02 -0.09 -0.00 -0	2012	3.21	09.0	1.74	4.68	2012	-0.09	0.02	-0.13	-0.05	2005	2.12	0.38	1.28	2.95	2005	-0.06	0.01	-0.08	-0.03
2.21 0.61 0.90 3.51 2014 -0.06 0.02 -0.10 -0.02 2007 2.65 0.09 2.46 2.83 2007 -0.07 0.01 -0.09 2.04 2.08 2.98 0.67 1.52 4.44 2008 -0.08 -0.08 0.00 2.04 2.01 2.00 2.04 2.01 2.00 2.04 2.01 2.01 2.01 2.01 2.02 2.01 2.02 2.01 2.02 2.01 2.02 2.01 2.02	2013	2.12	0.57	0.00	3.34	2013	-0.06	0.02	-0.09	-0.02	2006	2.15	0.40	1.28	3.02	2006	-0.06	0.01	-0.08	-0.03
1.00 1.00	2014	2.21	0.61	0.90	3.51	2014	90.0	0.02	-0.10	-0.02	2007	2.65	60.0	2.46	2.83	2007	-0.07	0.00	-0.08	-0.07
3.58	C107	70.7	0.30	1.88	3.10	2015	-0.07	10.0	-0.09	-0.05	2008	2.98	0.67	1.52	4.44	2008	-0.08	0.02	-0.13	-0.04
1,12 0.35 0.30	2016	3.98	0.55	2.81	5.15	2016	-0.11	0.02	-0.15	-0.08	2009	1.51	0.65	-0.16	3.19	2009	-0.04	0.02	-0.09	0.01
1,51 1,52	7107	71.1	0.50	0.30	40.7	71.07	-0.05	10.0	-0.07	-0.02	2010	0.76	0.47	-0.46	1.97	2010	-0.02	0.01	90.0-	0.02
2.00 0.07 1.67 2.29 2012 -0.05 -0.05 0.20 1.93 -4.02 4.41 2013 0.00 -0.012 0.47 1.63 -3.09 4.02 2014 -0.01 0.06 -0.12 2.49 0.70 1.86 4.93 2015 -0.09 0.06 -0.08 1.64 0.38 0.65 2.63 2017 -0.04 0.01 -0.07 0.02 0.15 -0.29 0.33 RESSLOPE 0.00 0.00 -0.07	REGSEOPE	77.0-	0.20	-0.04	0.19	REGSLOPE	0.01	0.01	10.01	0.02	2011	2.15	0.30	1.51	2.80	2011	90.0-	0.01	-0.08	-0.04
0.20 1.53 4.02 4.41 2013 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.01											2012	00.7	4 0.07	20.	07.7	2012	0.00	0.00	-0.05	0.02
2.49 0.17 2.12 2.85 2014 -0.01 0.00 -0.11 3.49 0.77 2.12 2.85 2015 -0.07 0.00 -0.08 3.40 0.78 0.65 2.65 2.03 2016 -0.07 -0.08 1.64 0.38 0.65 2.63 2017 -0.04 0.01 -0.04 0.02 0.15 -0.29 0.33 REGSLOPE 0.00 0.00 -0.01											2013	0.47	58. 6	20.4	4.4	2013	0.00	0.06	-0.12	0.12
2.75 0.17 2.12 2.03 2013 -0.04 -0.04 -0.01 -0.04 1.64 0.38 0.65 2.65 2.07 -0.04 0.01 -0.04 0.02 0.15 -0.29 0.33 RESSLOPE 0.00 -0.01 -0.01											2014	4.0	24.7	5.09	4.02	2014	-0.01	0.05	-0.11	0.09
1.64 0.38 0.65 2.63 2.017 -0.04 0.01 -0.07 0.00 0.00 -0.01											2016	3.40	0.70	1 86	4 93	2013	0.07	00.00	0.00	00.00
0.02 0.15 -0.29 0.33 REGSLOPE 0.00 0.00 -0.01											2017	1.64	0.38	0.65	2.63	2017	-0.04	0.01	-0.07	-0.0
											REGSLOPE	0.02	0.15	-0.29	0.33	REGSLOPE	0.00	0.00	-0.01	0.01

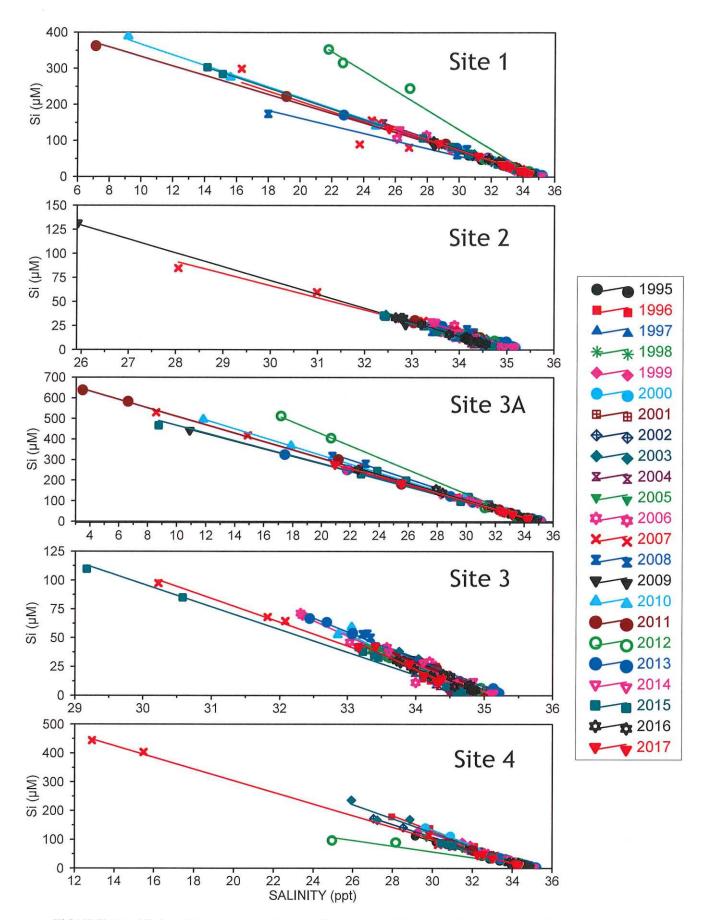


FIGURE 22. Mixing diagram showing yearly concentrations of silicate as functions of salinity from samples collected during annual monitoring surveys at five transect sites offshore of the Makena Resort (Site 3A since 2007). Note axis scale changes between sites. Straight lines are linear regressions through data points for each year. For sampling site locations, see Figure 1.

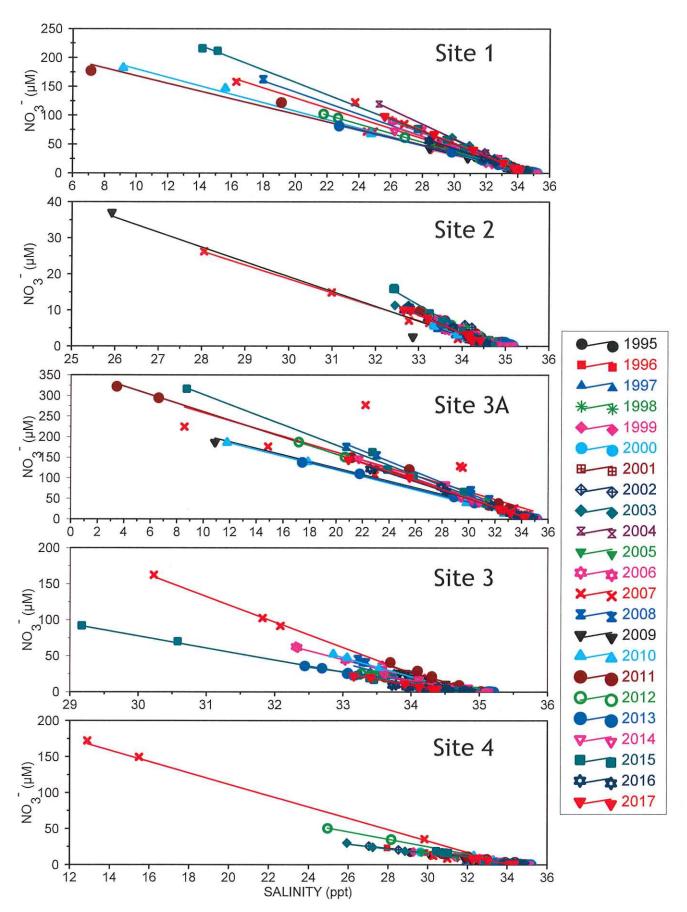


FIGURE 23. Mixing diagram showing yearly concentrations of nitrate as functions of salinity from samples collected during annual monitoring surveys at five transect sites offshore of the Makena Resort (Site 3A since 2007). Note axis scale changes between sites. Straight lines are linear regressions through data points for each year. For sampling site locations, see Figure 1.

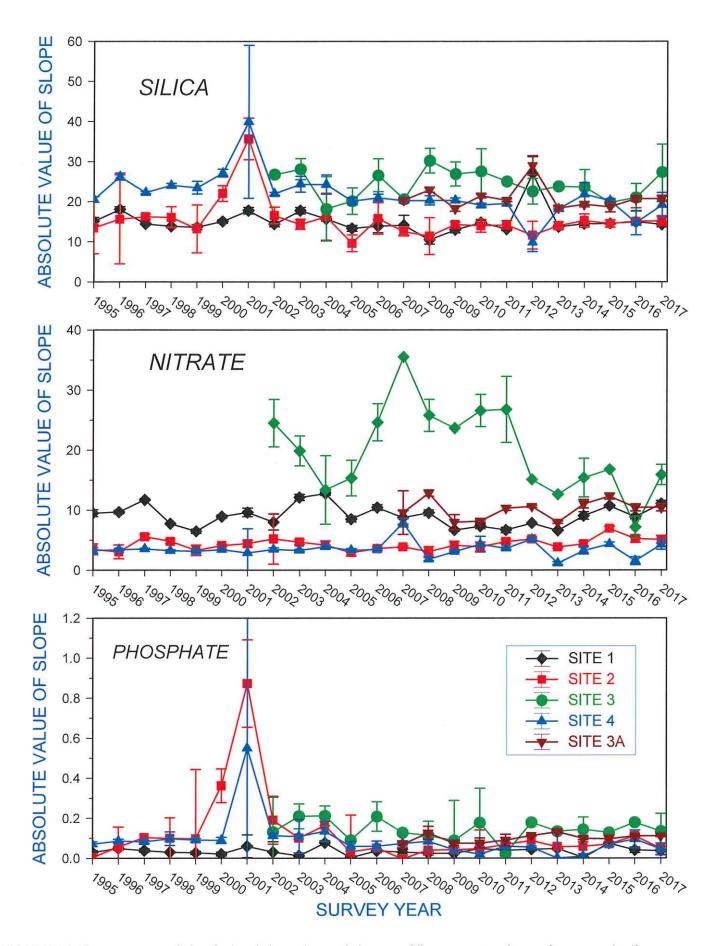


FIGURE 24. Time-course plots of absolute values of slopes of linear regressions of concentrations of silca, nitrate and phosphate as functions of salinity collected annually at each of the transect monitoring stations off the Makena Resort (Site 3A began in June 2007). Error bars are 95% confidence limits (Note error bar for Site 4 Phosphate is off scale). For locations of sampling transect sites, see Figure 1.

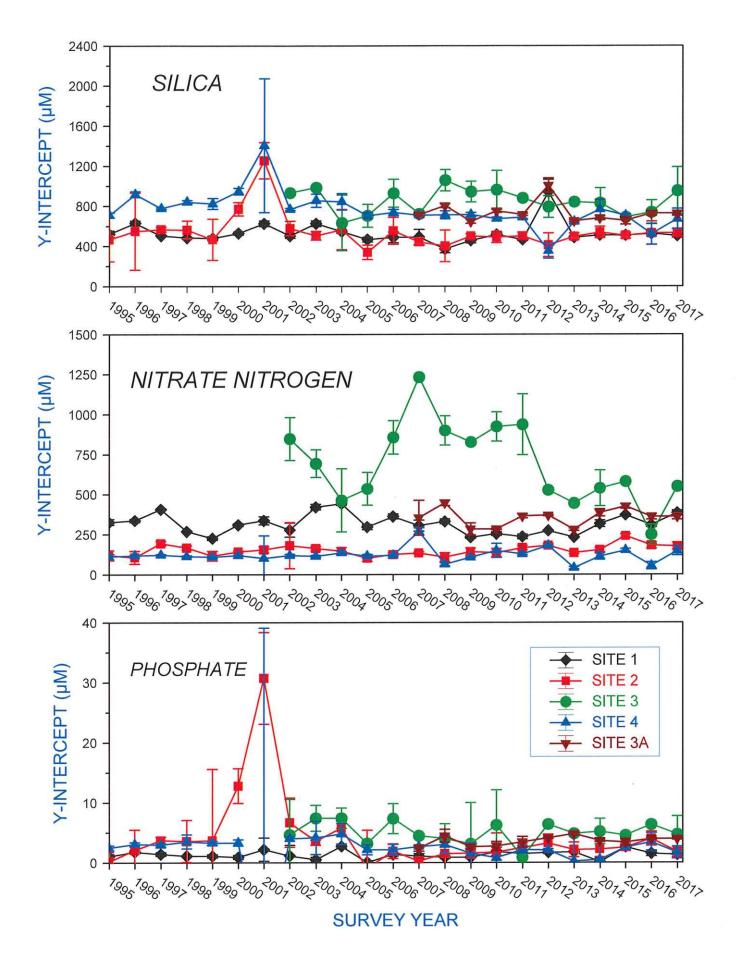


FIGURE 25. Time-course plots of Y-intercepts of linear regressions of concentrations of silca, nitrate and phosphorus as functions of salinity collected annually at each of the transect monitoring stations off the Makena Resort (Site 3A began in June 2007). Error bars are 95% confidence limits. For locations of sampling transect sites, see Figure 1.

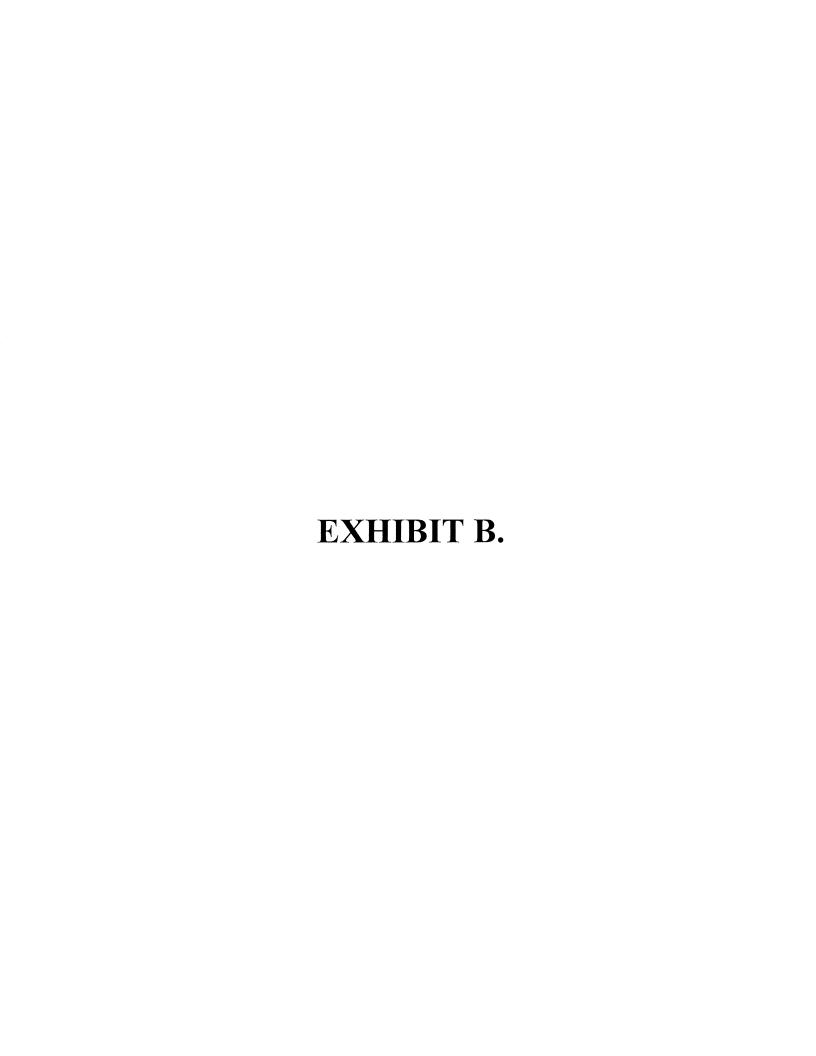


Exhibit B

ATC MAKENAHOLDINGS, LLC

c/o Makena Golf & Beach 55 Merchant Street, Suite 1500 Honolulu, HI 96813

January 5, 2018

Mr. Myron Honda State of Hawaii, Department of Health Clean Water Branch 2827 Waimano Home Rd #225 Pearl City, HI 96782

Via PDF to CleanWaterBranch@doh.hawaii.gov Only unless hardcopy is requested.

Re: State Land Use District Boundary Amendment Docket A9-721 Condition No. 9, County of Maui Zoning Ordinance 3613 Condition No. 19, Marine Water Quality Monitoring.

Dear Mr. Honda,

ATC Makena Holdings, LLC, in compliance with the above referenced conditions, respectfully submits the enclosed Marine Water Quality Monitoring Reports prepared by Marine Research Consultants, Inc. dated July 2017 for tests performed in June 2017, and January 2018, for tests performed in December 2017.

Should you have any questions, require a hardcopy, or require additional information please do not hesitate to contact me at (808) 640-6023, or by e-mail at kjudd@makenagbc.com.

Sincerely,

Makena Golf & Beach Club

For ATC Makena Holdings, LLC

Kaimi Judd

Vice President of Development

cc. Mark Roy - Via E-Mail PDF Only

MARINE WATER QUALITY MONITORING MAKENA RESORT, MAKENA, MAUI WATER CHEMISTRY

REPORT 2-2017

(December 2017)

Prepared for:

ATC Makena Holdings, LLC c/o Makena Golf & Beach Club 5415 Makena Alanui Drive Wailea-Makena, HI 96753

By:



1039 Waakaua Pl. Honolulu, Hawaii 96822

Submitted

December 2017

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Makena Resort fronts approximately 5.4 miles of coastline of southeastern Maui, extending from Papanui Stream (Nahuna Point) on the north and Pu`u Olai (Ahihi Bay) on the south. However, only 0.58 miles of the Resort reaches to the actual shoreline. Within the Resort are two 18-hole golf courses (North and South Courses), as well as a hotel, sewage treatment plant and private residences. No part of the project involves direct alteration of the shoreline or nearshore marine environments.

In the interest of assuring maintenance of the highest possible quality of the marine environment, condition No. 10 of the Declaration of Conditions pertaining to the Amendment of the District Boundary, as required by the Land Use Commission, dated April 17, 1998 stipulates the implementation of an ongoing marine monitoring program off the Makena Resort Development. Additionally, County of Maui Zoning Ordinance 3613 Condition 19 included requirements for similar monitoring. The primary goals of the program are twofold: 1) to assess the degree that materials used on land to enhance turf growth and landscaping, as well as other nutrient subsidies, leach to groundwater and subsequently reach the ocean, and 2) to determine the fate of these materials within the nearshore zone. In terms of determining fate, the question that is addressed is if the materials that originate from Resort activities disperse with little or no effect, or do they cause changes in water quality sufficient to alter marine biological community structure? The following report fulfills the requirements of these Conditions, and presents the results of water quality monitoring off the Makena Resort conducted on December 2, 2017. The report also incorporates the cumulative data from all of the past water chemistry surveys conducted in the area.

Survey methodology includes collection of 62 ocean water samples on four transects spaced along the projects ocean frontage and on one control transect. Site 1 is located at the northern boundary of the project, Site 2 is located near the central part of the Makena North Golf Course in the center of Makena Bay, Site 3A (initiated during the June 2007 survey) is located near the southern boundary of Maluaka Bay, Site 3 was downslope from the part of Makena South Golf Course that comes closest to the shoreline, and Control Site 4 is located to the south of Makena Resort near the northern boundary of the 'Ahihi-Kina`u Natural Area Reserve. Water samples were collected at 7 stations spaced along transects that extended from the shoreline out to the open coastal ocean (about 500 feet). At sampling stations where water depth

exceeded about 3 feet, samples were collected at the surface and just above the sea floor. At shallower stations, only surface water was collected. Water samples were analyzed for chemical criteria specified by DOH water quality standards for open coastal waters, as well as several additional criteria. In addition, water samples were collected on November 20, 2017 from six irrigation wells located on the golf courses.

Results of analysis of water chemistry showed that constituents that occur in high concentration in groundwater (silica, nitrate-nitrogen) were found to be highest in ocean samples collected nearest to the shoreline, with progressively decreasing values moving away from shore into deeper water. While groundwater nutrient input was evident at all five sampling locations, it was highest in magnitude at Sites 1 (located off the northern boundary of the Makena Resort property), and 3A, (located directly downslope from the Makena Resort). Site 4 served as a control, in that it was located beyond the influence of the Makena Resort. As groundwater input was apparent at Site 4, such input is not solely a function of Resort land usage.

Other organic water chemistry constituents that do not occur in high concentrations in groundwater, such as ammonium nitrogen showed no elevated levels near the shoreline and consistently low levels beyond 50 meter of the shoreline. Organic nitrogen and phosphorus, were consistently low and did not show any distinctive patterns with respect to input from land.

Vertical stratification of the water column was evident on all transects with substantial differences between surface and bottom water. Vertical gradients extended from the shoreline to the terminus of each transect. The observed patterns of distribution at these sampling sites with respect to both distance from shore and depth in the water column indicate that physical mixing processes generated by tide, wind, waves and currents were mostly insufficient to mix the water column from top to bottom.

Measurements of turbidity and chlorophyll a were high near the shoreline throughout the sampling area but low offshore. Elevated values close to the shoreline are most likely the result of resuspension of fine-grained marine sediments (turbidity) and fragments of benthic algae washed up to the shoreline (Chl a). These results indicate that at the time of sampling, nutrient input from land was not causing increases in plankton populations in nearshore waters. Low offshore turbidity in Makena Bay

(transect Site 2) suggests mitigation of the effects of a past episode of high runoff of upland soil from a flash flood in October 1999 that resulted in substantial impacts to water clarity within the Bay. Temperature averaged 26.5°C for all surface waters during the December 2017 survey.

Analyses that scale nutrient concentrations to salinity reveal that there were measurable increases of nitrate nitrogen above what is found in naturally occurring groundwater that enters the nearshore ocean at survey sites 1 and 3A, both of which are located off the Makena Golf Courses and adjacent residential areas.). These subsidies, which are likely a result of land uses involving fertilizers, substantially increase the concentration of nitrate over natural groundwater flowing to the ocean. No subsidies of nitrate were apparent at Site 2 (Makena Landing) or Site 4 ('Ahihi-Kina`u). The distinct lack of distinguishable upward curvature of these data arrays indicates that the nutrients from groundwater that enter the ocean, from both natural and the human sources, are not being taken up by biotic communities in the nearshore zone. Rather, nutrients are mixed to background ocean values by physical processes including wind stirring and wave action.

Statistical tests of nutrient concentration scaled to salinity over time show no significant increases or decreases of nitrate and phosphate over the years of monitoring at the four five survey sites located downslope from the Makena Resort. The lack of such increases suggests that there has been no consistent change in nutrient input from land (either as an increase or decrease) to groundwater that enters the ocean over the past years when monitoring has been taking place.

Comparing values of water chemistry measured in the monitoring program to State of Hawaii Department of Health (DOH) water quality standards revealed that several measurements of nitrogen, total nitrogen, ammonium, turbidity and Chlorophyll a exceeded the DOH standards, particularly for "geometric mean" standards. Such exceedances occurred at all survey sites, including the control site that was removed from influences of the Makena Resort. The consistent exceedance of water quality standards is in large part a consequence of the natural effects of groundwater discharge to the nearshore ocean, as well as physical mixing processes that occur near the shorelines of all coastal areas. Revision of DOH standards to account for such natural input has been implemented for the West Coast of the

Island of Hawaii, and will hopefully be extended to the rest of the State in the near future.

As in past surveys, the results of the most recent increment of monitoring in 2017 reveal that there is an increase over natural conditions of dissolved inorganic nutrients (e.g., nitrate and phosphate) in groundwater that enters the nearshore ocean at sampling sites downslope from parts of the Makena Resort. Without question, such input is a consequence of various land use activities. However, none of these inputs have increased significantly over time during the 22-year course of the monitoring program. The regions where the highest elevations over natural inputs occur are restricted to narrow zone that extends from the shoreline to several meters offshore, and as such is restricted to an area that is not suitable for coral communities to occur owing to shallow water depth, wave impact and sand scour. Surveys of coral reef community structure that are also part of the ongoing monitoring program for the Makena Resort, as well as the continued lack of any nuisance algal accumulations in the nearshore area, indicate that the nutrient subsidies are presently not detrimental to marine community structure.

However, it was noted during the July 2016 survey that many of the corals (primarily of the species *Pocillopora meandrina*) were bleached. Such bleaching has been observed at many of the reefs around Maui and is part of a global bleaching event triggered by anomalously warm ocean temperatures. Recent observations of the reefs indicate that in large part the bleaching was not lethal, and corals have returned to conditions that prevailed prior to the bleaching event.

The next scheduled testing for the Makena Resort monitoring program is planned for the spring-summer season of 2018.

I. PURPOSE

The Makena Resort fronts approximately 5.4 miles of coastline of southeastern Maui, extending from Papanui Stream (Nahuna Point) on the north and Pu`u Olai (Ahihi Bay) on the south. However, only 0.58 miles of the Resort reaches to the actual shoreline. Within the Resort are two 18-hole golf courses (North and South Courses), as well as a hotel, sewage treatment plant and private residences. No part of the project involves direct alteration of the shoreline or nearshore marine environments. Evaluations of other golf courses and other forms of resort development located near the ocean in the Hawaiian Islands reveal that there is detectable input to the coastal ocean of materials used for fertilization of turfgrass and landscaping (Dollar and Atkinson 1992). However, few, if any, effects that have been documented have been found to be detrimental to the marine ecosystem. Confirmation that the construction and responsible operation of the golf courses and other components of the Makena Resort does not cause any harmful changes to the marine environment requires rigorous and continual monitoring.

In the interest of assuring maintenance of excellent environmental quality in the Makena region, Condition No. 10, Declaration of Conditions pertaining to the Amendment of the District Boundary, as required by the Land Use Commission, dated April 17, 1998 stipulated the implementation of an ongoing marine monitoring program off the Makena Resort Development. In addition, County of Maui Zoning Ordinance 3613 Condition 19 included requirements for similar monitoring. The primary goals of the established monitoring program to satisfy these two requirements are twofold: 1) to assess the degree that materials used on land to enhance turf growth and landscaping as well as other nutrient subsidies, leach to groundwater and subsequently reach the ocean, and 2) to determine the fate of these materials within the nearshore zone. In terms of determining fate, the question addressed is if the materials that originate from Resort activities disperse with little or no effect, or do they cause changes in water quality sufficient to alter marine biological community structure?

The rationale of the monitoring program is to conduct repetitive evaluations of water chemistry at the same locations at regular time intervals (twice per year). This strategy allows for determination of variations in effects from the Makena Resort in both space (at different locations along the shoreline) and time. It should be noted that water chemistry monitoring off the Makena area was initiated in 1995 on a

voluntary basis, and has continued uninterrupted until the present. With the implementation of the Boundary Amendment and Zoning Conditions, it was determined that the ongoing voluntary monitoring protocol satisfied the stated requirements. Hence, the entire data set from 1995 onward is considered as part of the monitoring program. The following report presents the results of the 37th increment in the monitoring program, and contains data from water chemistry sampling conducted on December 2, 2017, and represents the second survey conducted in 2017.

II. ANALYTICAL METHODS

Three survey sites directly downslope from the Makena Resort have been selected as sampling locations. A fourth site, located offshore of an area with minimal land-based development, particularly golf course operations, was selected as a control. During the June 2007 survey, another sampling location was added near the southern boundary of Maluaka Bay for a total of five monitoring sites.

Figure 1 is a map showing the shoreline and topographical features of the Makena area, and the location of the North and South Golf Courses. All survey sites are depicted as transects perpendicular to the shoreline extending from the shoreline out to what is considered open coastal ocean (i.e., beyond the effects of activities on land). Survey Site 1 is located near the northern boundary of the project site off Nahuna Point; Survey Site 2 bisects Makena Bay near Makena Landing. Site 3 bisects the middle of the South course on the north side of Maluaka Point. Site 3A is on the southern corner of Maluaka Bay. Site 4, which is considered the Control site, is located near the northern boundary of the 'Ahihi-Kina'u natural area reserve north of the 1790 lava flow and approximately 1-2 miles south of the existing Makena Golf courses (Figure 1).

The control site was located off a shoreline area with minimal land uses (i.e., residences near the shoreline and upslope ranchlands) rather than off the completely uninhabited 1790 lava flow. This location was selected as the most appropriate control site, as it is the farthest location from the Makena Resort with the same geophysical structural of the land area. The completely different geological structure of the lava flow off the natural reserve likely results in very different groundwater dynamics compared to the land area where the Makena Resort is located, hence making the lava flow an unsuitable control site.

In July of 2002, Site 3 was relocated from the southern boundary of the project offshore of Oneloa Beach to the location directly off the Makena Golf Course, as described above. The relocation of Site 3 was deemed necessary as the original location consistently showed virtually no input of groundwater to the ocean. Such lack of groundwater discharge resulted in little potential for evaluating effects from the project. The present location of Site 3 is directly downslope from both the portion of the golf course nearest to the ocean, several newly constructed private residences, and a 3-acre recently restored wetland area. As a result, the new location represents an area that reflects the maximum influence on nearshore water quality from a variety of land uses and natural habitat.

All fieldwork for the present survey was conducted on December 2, 2017. Environmental conditions during sample collection consisted of very light winds (2-5 knots) and overcast skies. Ocean conditions were flat with a small 0.5-1 foot breaking surf at the shoreline. Sample collection at the shoreline occurred during a period closest to low tide with a tidal height of 0.4 feet. Rainfall was minimal in the area previous to the day of sampling.

Water samples were collected at stations along transects that extend from the highest wash of waves to between 150-200 meters (m) offshore (about 500-650 feet), depending on the site. Such a sampling scheme is designed to span the greatest range of salinity with respect to freshwater efflux at the shoreline. Sampling was more concentrated in the nearshore zone because this area is most likely to show the effects of land-based activities. With the exception of the two stations closest to the shoreline (0 and 2 m offshore), samples were collected at two depths; a surface sample was collected within approximately 10 centimeters (cm) (~4 inches) of the sea surface, and a bottom sample was collected within one m (3 feet) of the sea floor.

Water samples from the shoreline to a distance of 10 m offshore were collected in triple-rinsed 1-liter polyethylene bottles by swimmers working from the shoreline. Water samples beyond 10 m from the shoreline were collected from a small boat using a 1.8-liter Niskin sampling bottle. This bottle was lowered to the desired depth in an open position where spring-loaded endcaps were triggered to close by a messenger released from the surface. Upon recovery, each sample was placed on

ice until further processing in Honolulu. Water samples were also collected from six golf course irrigation wells (No's 1, 2, 3, 4, 6 and 8) on November 30, 2017.

Water quality parameters evaluated included the 10 specific criteria designated for open coastal waters in Chapter 11-54, Section 06 (Open Coastal waters) of the State of Hawaii Department of Health Water Quality Standards. These criteria include: total nitrogen (TN) which is defined as inorganic nitrogen [nitrate + nitrite nitrogen (NO₃- + NO₂-), ammonium (NH₄+)], plus total organic nitrogen (TON), total phosphorus (TP) which is defined as inorganic phosphorus (PO₄³-) plus total organic phosphorus, chlorophyll a (Chl a), turbidity, temperature, pH and salinity. In addition, orthophosphate phosphorus (PO₄³-) and silica (Si) were reported because these constituents are sensitive indicators of biological activity and the degree of groundwater mixing, respectively.

Analyses for $NO_{3^-} + NO_{2^-}$ (hereafter termed NO_{3^-}), NH_{4^+} and $PO_{4^{3^-}}$, were performed on filtered samples using a Technicon Analytical AA3 autoanalyzer according to standard methods for seawater analysis (Strickland and Parsons 1968, Grasshoff 1983). TN and TP were analyzed in a similar fashion on unfiltered samples following digestion. Total organic nitrogen (TON) and Total organic phosphorus (TOP) were calculated as the difference between TN and inorganic N, and TP and inorganic P, respectively.

Chl a was measured by filtering 300 ml of water through glass fiber filters; pigments on filters were extracted in 90% acetone in the dark at -5°C for 12-24 hours, and the fluorescence before and after acidification of the extract was measured with a Turner Designs fluorometer (level of detection 0.01 µg/L). Salinity was determined using an AGE Model 2100 laboratory salinometer with a precision of 0.003‰. In situ field measurements included water temperature, pH, dissolved oxygen and salinity which were acquired using an RBR Model XR-420 CTD calibrated to factory specifications. The CTD has a readability of 0.001°C, 0.001pH units, 0.001% oxygen saturation, and 0.001 parts per thousand (‰) salinity.

Nutrient, turbidity, Chl a and salinity analyses were conducted by Marine Analytical Specialists located in Honolulu, Hawaii. This laboratory possesses acceptable ratings from EPA-compliant proficiency and quality control testing.

The EPA and Standard Methods (SM) methods that were employed for chemical analyses, as well as detection limits, are listed in the Code of Federal Regulations (CRF) Title 40, Chapter 1, Part 136, are as follows:

- NH₄+ EPA 350.1, Rev. 2.0 or SM4500-NH3 G, detection limit 0.42 μg/L.
- $NO_{3}^{-} + NO_{2}^{-}$, EPA 353.2, Rev. 2.0 or SM4500-NO3F, detection limit 0.28 µg/L.
- PO₄-3 EPA 365.5 or SM4500-P F, detection limit 0.31 μg/L.
- TP EPA 365.1, or SM 4500-P E J, detection limit 0.62 µg/L.
- TN SM 4500-N C., detection limit 5.60 μg/L.
- Si, SM 4500 SiO2 E, detection limit 5.32 μg/L.
- Chlorophyll a, SM 10200, detection limit 0.006 μg/L.
- pH, EPA 150.1 or SM 4500H+B, detection limit 0.002 pH units.
- Turbidity, EPA 180.1, Rev. 2.0 or SM2130 B, detection limit 0.008 NTU.
- Temperature, SM 2550 B, detection limit 0.01 degrees centigrade.
- Salinity, SM 2520, detection limit 0.003 ppt.
- Dissolved Oxygen, SM4500 O G, and detection limit 0.01% sat.

III. RESULTS and DISCUSSION

A. General Overview

Table 1 shows results of all marine water chemical analyses for samples collected off Makena on December 2, 2017 with nutrient concentrations reported in micromolar units (μ M). Table 2 shows the same results with nutrient concentrations presented in units of micrograms per liter (μ g/L). Tables 3 and 4 show geometric means of ocean samples at Sites 1, 2 and 4 for 37 surveys, 28 surveys at Site 3, and 19 surveys from Site 3A, with nutrient concentrations shown in μ M and μ g/L, respectively. Table 5 shows water chemistry measurements (in units of μ M and μ g/L) for samples collected from irrigation wells located on the Makena Golf and Beach Club property. Concentrations of twelve chemical constituents in surface and deep-water samples from the December 2017 sampling are plotted as functions of distance from the shoreline in Figures 2 and 3. Mean concentrations (\pm standard error) of twelve chemical constituents in surface and deep water samples as functions of distance from the shoreline at Sites 1-4 collected since 1995 and from Site 3A collected since 2007 are plotted in Figures 4-18. In addition, data from the most recent sampling in

December 2017 are plotted on Figures 4-18.

During the December 2017 sampling concentrations of dissolved Si, NO_3 - and TN collected within 10m - 50 m of the shoreline on all five transects were elevated by an order of magnitude compared to samples collected near the bottom at the sampling station located farthest offshore (Figure 2, Tables 1 and 2).

The horizontal gradients (defined as the decrease in values moving offshore) of Si, NO_{3}^{-} and TN were steepest on Transects 1 and 3-A, where concentrations of NO_{3}^{-} decreased by two orders of magnitude (i.e., 100-fold) across the length of the sampling transect. These horizontal gradients extended the entire length of each transect at Sites 1 and 3-A and to 100 m offshore at Site 2. Horizontal gradients in concentrations of Si, NO_{3}^{-} and TN on Transects 2, 3 and 4 were less pronounced compared to the other transect sites and horizontal gradients dissipated within 10 m of the shoreline.

On all transects salinity was lowest nearest the shoreline, and increased with distance from shore. At the seaward ends of the transects, bottom waters reflected open coastal ocean values of salinity (~34.7‰). Gradients of salinity had the highest magnitude on Transects 1 and 3A, where surface salinity increased by 5.03‰ and 4.64‰, respectively, from the shoreline to the seaward ends of the transects (Tables 1 and 2). At Sites 2, 3 and 4, the lowest salinity also occurred at the shoreline with increasing values with distance offshore (Figure 3).

With the exception of Control Site 4, concentrations of phosphate phosphorus (PO_4^{3-}) and TP were highest at the shoreline and decreased moving offshore to the open ocean (Figure 2, Tables 1 and 2). The decreasing gradients of PO_4^{3-} were most evident at Sites 1 and 3A, extending 50 meters from the shoreline (Figure 2). Concentrations of NH_4^+ were also elevated at sampling points near the shoreline at four of the five sites. At Site 1, the concentrations of NH_4^+ in samples collected within 10 meters of the shoreline were an order of magnitude greater than that measured in the offshore samples. On Transect 3 the concentration of NH_4^+ was constant along its length (Figure 2 and Tables 1 and 2).

With no streams in the sampling area, nor heavy rainfall and subsequent surface runoff immediately preceding sampling, patterns of elevated Si, NO_{3}^{-} , TN and PO_{4}^{3-} with corresponding reduced salinity are a result of groundwater entering the ocean near the shoreline. Low salinity groundwater, which contains high concentrations of Si, NO_{3}^{-} , TN and PO_{4}^{3-} (see values for well waters in Table 5), percolates to the ocean

near the shoreline, resulting in a distinct zone of mixing in the nearshore region. The zone of mixing is discernible by distinct decreasing gradients of nutrients and increasing gradients of salinity with distance from shoreline. During periods of low tide and calm sea conditions, the zone of mixing between groundwater and ocean water is most pronounced. During high tidal stands, and high winds and waves, increased mixing near the shoreline dilutes the groundwater signal. During the December 2017 sampling, ocean swells and wind-driven chop were minimal. Comparing the results of the repetitive surveys conducted during different wind and sea conditions indicates that tidal state, as well as wind and wave energy, greatly effect groundwater mixing in the nearshore zone.

Dissolved nutrient constituents that are not usually associated with groundwater input (TON, TOP) showed no distinct horizontal gradients with distance offshore for three of the five sites (Table 1, Figure 2). At Sites 3 and 4, a slight horizontal gradient of decreasing TON with increasing distance offshore was visible.

Turbidity was highest near the shoreline, and decreased with distance from shore at all five transects with Control Site 4 showing highest values of turbidity at the shoreline (Tables 1 and 2, Figure 3). Transect 2 bisects Makena Bay (Makena Landing), which is a semi-enclosed embayment with a silt/sand bottom rather than the predominantly "hard" reef or sand bottoms that occur at the other transect sites. Shoreline surf and on-shore winds often contribute to an increase in turbidity at this site. It has been observed that during flash floods originating in the ranch lands upslope of the Makena Resort, terrigenous sediment will flow to the ocean at Makena Bay. As a result of wave-induced resuspension of the naturally occurring silt/sand substratum, as well as terrigenous runoff which may be partially retained within the embayment, turbidity has often been elevated on Transect 2 relative to the other transect sites. Values in 2001 documented the persistent effects of substantial input of terrigenous materials from a flash-flood that occurred in October 1999. Since that time, a large retention basin has been constructed on the upper slopes of Makena Resort in the watershed that flows into Makena Bay. It is important to note that in surveys conducted since July 2002, water clarity in Makena Bay has improved greatly compared to preceding surveys in 2001. Beyond the shoreline, turbidity was constant and of the same magnitude at all five transect sites (Tables 1 and 2).

Values of ChI a were highest near the shoreline at all transects (Figure 3 and Tables 1 and 2). Values near the shoreline were slightly lower at Transect 4 compared to the

other four sites (Table 1, Figure 3). Beyond 50 meters from the shoreline, ChI α concentrations were constant with distance offshore and similar in magnitude among all five sites (Tables 1 and 2). And uncharacteristic higher values for ChI a (0.57 and 0.76 μ g/L)was detected in both two deep samples from the 5 and 10 meter from shore station on Transect 3A (Table 1).

In December 2017, surface water temperature was slightly lower near the shoreline, and was constant beyond 10 meters of the shoreline at all five sites (Figure 3, Tables 1 and 2). For the entire data set during the December 2017 survey surface temperature ranged between 24.8°C and 26.2°C with an average temperature for all surface samples of 25.9°C. The lowest temperature measured during the December 2017 survey was 24.4°C from the deep water sample at Site 1 (Tables 1 and 2).

In many areas of the Hawaiian Islands, input of low salinity groundwater to the nearshore ocean creates a distinct buoyant surface lens that can persist for some distance offshore. Buoyant surface layers are generally found in areas where turbulent processes (primarily wave action) are insufficient to completely mix the water column in the nearshore zone. Figures 2 and 3 and Tables 1 and 2 show concentrations of water chemistry constituents with respect to vertical stratification. With a few exceptions, concentrations of constituents in deep samples were lower than surface values. These results were most evident at transect Sites 1 and 3A where input of groundwater nutrients were most prominent. The buoyant surface layer extended the entire length of all transects indicating that normal mixing processes from wind and waves were not pronounced during December 2017.

B. Temporal Comparison of Monitoring Results

Figures 4-18 show mean concentrations (±standard error) of water chemistry constituents from surface and deep samples at Transect Sites 1-4 from monitoring surveys conducted since 1995 and from Site 3A for monitoring surveys conducted since 2007. The results of the most recent survey in December 2017 are also shown on each plot.

The long-term means of concentrations of groundwater nutrients (Si, NO_{3} -, and PO_{4} ³⁻), salinity, NH_{4} +, turbidity and Chl a show an overall trend of increasing nutrients and decreasing salinity with distance offshore. Additionally, differences between surface

and deep concentrations show vertical stratification within 50 meters of the shoreline with nutrient concentrations higher and salinity lower in the surface water compared to the deep water. Mean concentrations of TON, TOP and temperature remain nearly constant along the length of each transect. Temperature at Site 3A also increased with increasing distance offshore, a finding dissimilar from the other sites where temperature was fairly constant (Figure 18). The lower temperature near the shoreline at Transect 3A likely reflects the substantial input of cool groundwater at this location.

In comparing the most recent survey with the overall dataset, a few constituents showed differences during the December 2017 survey compared to the mean values. Temperature at Sites 2, 3, 3A and 4 were higher during December 2017 compared to the mean values over the course of monitoring (Figures 9, 12, 15 and 18). With the exception of Site 1, nearshore concentrations of Si, NO₃-, PO₄³- and NH₄+ were lower during the present survey compared to the mean values (Figures 4, 7, 10, 13 and 16). The patterns comparing the concentrations measured in the most recent survey to the mean values over all survey dates are likely a reflection of the combination of low tide and low energy of physical mixing processes (wave action) in the nearshore zone.

C. Conservative Mixing Analysis

A useful treatment of water chemistry data for interpreting the extent of material input from land is application of a hydrographic mixing model. In the simplest form, such a model consists of plotting the concentration of a dissolved chemical species as a function of salinity. Comparison of the curves produced by such plots with conservative mixing lines provides an indication of the origin and fate of the material in question (Officer 1979, Dollar and Atkinson 1992, Smith and Atkinson 1993). Figure 19 shows plots of concentrations of four chemical constituents (Si, NO₃-, PO₄³-, and NH₄+) as functions of salinity for samples collected in December 2017. Figures 20 and 21 show the same type of plot with data pooled by transect site for a composite of all past surveys, as well as for the most recent survey. Each graph also shows a conservative mixing line that is constructed by connecting the end member concentrations of open ocean water with irrigation well No. 4 located off the North Course of the Makena Golf and Beach Club property (representative of groundwater upslope of the Makena Resort).

If the parameter in question displays purely conservative behavior (no input or removal from any process other than physical mixing), data points should fall on, or very near, the conservative mixing line. If, however, external material is added to the system through processes such as leaching of fertilizer nutrients to groundwater, data points will fall above the mixing line. If material is being removed from the system by processes such as uptake by biotic metabolic processes, data points will fall below the mixing line.

Dissolved Si represents a check on the model as this material is present in high concentration in groundwater, but is not a major component of fertilizer. In addition, Si is not utilized rapidly within the nearshore environment by biological processes. It can be seen in Figure 19 that when concentrations of Si are plotted as functions of salinity, all of the data points from all five sites fall in a linear array on, or close to the conservative mixing line. Data points from samples at the shoreline for Transect 1 fall slightly below the mixing line. The overall linearity of the data points indicates that marine waters at the five transect sites are a mixture of groundwater flowing beneath the project and ocean water. These results indicate that the groundwater from upslope Well No. 4 provides a valid representation of groundwater that enters the ocean following flow through the Makena development. Over the course of monitoring since 1995, the relationship between salinity and Si has remained nearly constant (Figure 20).

NO₃- is the form of nitrogen most common in fertilizer mixes that are used for enhancing turf growth. When the concentrations of NO₃- are plotted as functions of salinity, data from each transect prescribe a distinct linear pattern (Figure 19). Inspection of the mixing plots from the most recent survey (Figure 19) and the long-term mixing data (Figure 20) indicate that essentially all of the values of NO₃- from Control Site 4 fall on, or very near, the conservative mixing line. Such a result validates that Site 4 is indeed a good "control" area that is not greatly affected by activities on land other than natural processes. During the December 2017 survey, data points from Site 2 also fell close to the mixing line (Figure 19).

Conversely, data points from the nearshore samples at Transects 1, 3 and 3-A all fall in a linear array above the conservative mixing line. Such a pattern indicates that there are subsidies of NO_{3} - to the ocean from sources on land (Figure 19). Most evident are the data points from Transects 1 and 3-A with salinities less than 34‰ that are evident far above the mixing line (Figure 19). Transect site 3A lies directly offshore

of the golf course, residences and a wetland. Transect Site 1 lies offshore of an area populated by numerous residences, and is downslope from the northern end of the Makena Golf Courses and southern end of the Wailea Golf Courses. The mixing line relationships from Figures 19 and 20 indicate subsidies of NO₃- at these areas that are likely a result of leaching of fertilizers to the groundwater lens. The source of fertilizer nutrients is likely from both golf course and residential landscaping. Although the Makena South Course has been closed for an extended time, the greens and fairways continue to be maintained at the time of this survey.

Transect Site 1 has also been used as a monitoring station for a similar evaluation of the effects of the Wailea Golf Courses on water chemistry that commenced in 1989. The lowest concentrations of NO₃- relative to salinity at Transect site 1 occurred during the initial two years of study, with subsequent higher concentrations increasing since 1992. Hence, there appears to have been an increase of NO₃- in nearshore waters since 1992 that was not occurring in 1989-1991.

Completion of the Wailea Gold Course occurred in December 1993, while completion of the Makena North Course occurred in November 1993. As the southern region of the Wailea Course and the northern part of the Makena Course abut each other in the makai-mauka direction landward of ocean Transect 1, the increased concentrations of NO_3 - evident in Figure 19 may be a result of leaching of fertilizer materials from the combined golf courses to groundwater that enters the ocean in the sampling area.

Mixing analyses also indicate an ongoing input of NO₃- at the shoreline of Stations 3 and 3A located off the existing Makena Golf Course and several residences that have been constructed over the course of monitoring adjacent to the Golf Course (Figures 19 and 20). Such subsidies have been noted in past surveys, as can be seen in Figure 20. When the slopes of the data points for the December 2017 survey (red symbols) are superimposed over the slopes of combined sets of data points from past surveys (black and blue symbols) it can be seen that subsidies of NO₃- lie near the approximate midpoint of the overall data set (Figure 20). Thus, it can be inferred that over the course of the monitoring program, results from the most recent survey do not indicate a progressive increase or decrease in subsidies of NO₃- to the ocean from human activities. Future monitoring will continue to provide information on any directions of trends of NO₃- input to the ocean.

While the data reveal a long-term subsidy to the concentration of NO_3^- in groundwater and the nearshore zone at several of the sampling sites, the concentrations of NO_3^- fall in clearly linear relationship as functions of salinity. The linearity of the data array indicates that there is little or no detectable uptake of this material by the marine environment. Such lack of uptake indicates that the nutrients are not being removed from the water column by metabolic reactions that could change the composition of the marine environment. Rather, the nutrient subsidies are diluted to background oceanic levels by physical processes of wind and wave mixing. As a result, the increased nutrients do not appear to have the potential to cause alteration in biological community composition or function.

Similar situations have also been observed in other locales in the Hawaiian islands where nutrient subsidies from golf course leaching result in excess NO₃⁻ in the nearshore zone. At Keauhou Bay on the Big Island, it was shown that owing to the distinct vertical stratification in the nearshore zone, the excess nutrients never come into contact with benthic communities, thereby limiting the potential for increased uptake by benthic algae. In addition, the residence time of the high nutrient water was short enough within the embayment to preclude phytoplankton blooms. As a result, while NO₃⁻ concentrations doubled as a result of golf course leaching for a period of at least several years, there was no detectable negative effect to the marine environment (Dollar and Atkinson 1992). Owing to the unrestricted nature of circulation and mixing off the Makena project (no confined embayments) it is reasonable to assume that the excess NO₃⁻ subsidies that are apparent in the present study will not result in alteration to biological communities.

Surveys of the nearshore marine habitats off of Makena reveal a generally healthy coral reef that does not appear to exhibit any negative effects from nutrient loading, particularly in the form of abundant algal biomass (Marine Research Consultants 2006). In addition, inspection of the entire shoreline fronting the Makena Resort revealed that there are no areas exhibiting excessive algal growth that could be termed an "algal bloom."

The area was affected by anomalously high temperatures associated with the El Nino event in the summer of 2015. Inspection of the reef at the time of the October 2015 survey revealed a substantial amount of bleaching to corals, particularly of the species *Pocillopora meandrina*. Coral bleaching during the summer of 2015 has been common throughout the Hawaiian Islands as part of a global bleaching event

associated with warming of ocean waters associated with an ongoing El Nino event. However, visual inspection of the area in 2017 indicated that much of the bleached corals had returned to normal in the intervening interval. As coral bleaching is not necessarily lethal to corals, the recovery is typical of many other areas of the main Hawaiian Islands.

The other form of dissolved inorganic nitrogen, NH₄+, does not show a linear pattern of distribution with respect to salinity for either the December 2017 survey (Figure 19) or the entire monitoring program (Figure 21). The lack of a correlation between salinity and concentration of NH₄+ suggests that this form of nitrogen is not present in the marine environment as a result of mixing from groundwater sources. Rather, NH₄+ is generated by natural biotic activity in the ocean waters off Makena. The reversed gradient of increasing concentrations of NH₄+ with increasing salinity on most of the transects indicates that the source of NH₄+ is not from groundwater entering the nearshore zone (Figure 19). In addition, it can be seen in Figure 19 that with the exception of the four samples collected at the shoreline on Transects 1 and 3A, the highest concentration of NH₄+ do not occur at the lowest salinities, but rather near the highest salinities. The lack of linearity with respect to salinity in the distribution of NH₄+ indicates that the elevated concentrations are from a marine source, and not from input from land.

 PO_4^{3-} is also a major component of fertilizer, but is usually not found to leach to groundwater to the extent of NO_3^- , owing to a high absorptive affinity of phosphorus in soils. However, as with NO_3^- , when concentrations of PO_4^{3-} are plotted as functions of salinity, samples from each transect fall in distinct linear arrays. Most of the data points from transect sites 2, 3, 3A and 4 lie close to the mixing line, while data points for Transect 1 lie below the mixing line. The location of all data points on or below the mixing line indicates that there are not subsidies of PO_4^{3-} to the ocean from activities on land.

D. Time Course Mixing Analyses

While it is possible to evaluate temporal changes from repetitive surveys conducted over time in terms of concentrations of water chemistry constituents (See Section C), a more informative and accurate method of evaluating changes over time is to utilize the results of scaling nutrient concentrations to salinity. As discussed above, the simple hydrographic mixing model consisting of plotting concentrations of nutrient

constituents versus salinity eliminates the ambiguity associated with comparing only the concentrations of samples collected during multiple samplings at different stages of tide and weather conditions. Figures 22 and 23 show plots of Si and NO_3^- , respectively, as functions of salinity collected during each year of sampling since 1995. Also shown in Figures 22 and 23 are straight lines that represent the least squares linear regression fitted through concentrations of Si and NO_3^- as functions of salinity at each monitoring site for each year. Tables 6-8 show the numerical values of the Y-intercepts, slopes, and respective upper and lower 95% confidence limits of linear regressions fitted through the data points for Si, NO_3^- , and PO_4^{3-} as functions of salinity for each year of monitoring.

The magnitude of the contribution of nutrients originating from land-based activities to groundwater will be reflected in both the steepness of the slope and the magnitude of the Y-intercept of the regression line fitted through the concentrations scaled to salinity (the Y-intercept can be interpreted as the concentration that would occur at a salinity of zero if the distribution of data points is linear). This relationship is valid because with increasing contributions from land, nutrient concentrations in any given parcel of water would increase with no corresponding change in salinity.

Hence, if the contribution from land sources to groundwater nutrient composition is increasing over time, there would be progressive increases in the absolute value of the slopes, as well as the Y-intercepts of the regression lines fitted through each set of annual nutrient concentrations when plotted as functions of salinity. Conversely, if the contributions to groundwater from land are decreasing, there will be decreases in the absolute values of the slopes and Y-intercepts.

Plots of the values of the slopes (Figure 24) and Y-intercepts (Figure 25) of regression lines fitted though concentrations of Si, NO_3 - and PO_4 ³- scaled to salinity during each survey year provide an indication of the changes that have been occurring over time in the nearshore ocean off the Makena Resort. As stated above, Si provides the best case for evaluating the effectiveness of the method, as Si is present in high concentration in groundwater but is not a component of fertilizers. NO_3 - and PO_4 -3 are the forms of nitrogen and phosphorus that are found in high concentrations in groundwater relative to ocean water, and are the major nutrient constituents found in fertilizers.

Examination of Figures 24 and 25, as well as Tables 6-8 reveal that a single slope (Si at Transect 4) and none of the Y-intercepts of Si, NO_{3} and PO_{4} at any of the transect sites exhibit any indication of progressively increasing or decreasing values over the course of monitoring. The term "REGSLOPE" in Tables 6-8 denotes the values of the slopes and 95% confidence limits of linear regressions of the values of the yearly slopes and Y-intercepts as a function of time. For four of the five sites, the span of the upper and lower 95% confidence limits of the REGSLOPE coefficients are not significantly different than zero, indicating that there is no statistically significant increase or decrease in the salinity-scaled concentrations of Si, NO_{3} and PO_{4} over the course of the monitoring program (Tables 6-8). Examination of Table 6, shows a slight decrease in in the Y-intercept and a slight increase in the slope for Si at Site 4, which is the Control site that is not affected by human activities at Makena.

For all three nutrients, there is little variation in either slopes or Y-intercepts during any single year at Site 1, located off the "5 Graves" area downslope from the juncture of the Wailea and Makena Resorts (Figures 24 and 25). Such lack of variation indicates relatively consistent concentrations of Si, NO_3 - and PO_4 ³⁻ in groundwater entering the ocean over the entire course of monitoring since 1995. Sites 2 (Makena Landing) and 4 ('Ahihi-Kina`u) also show relatively constant trends with time. The single exception occurred in 2001 which is marked by spikes in Si and PO_4 ³⁻, although not for NO_3 -. Sampling in 2001 was conducted during a period of rough winter sea conditions marked by vigorous mixing of the water column. As a result, there was very weak linear relationship between nutrient concentrations and salinity.

At Site 3, located directly downslope for the point of the Makena Golf Course closest to the ocean, there is a trend of decreasing NO_{3^-} between 2002 and 2004, an increasing trend from 2004 to 2007, followed by an overall downturn from 2007 to 2016. Analysis for 2017 shows a slight upturn in NO_{3^-} (Figures 24 and 25). These reversing trends over the 16-year period of monitoring may reflect changes in land use, such as variation in fertilizer application or construction-related activities in 2002-2004 versus 2004-2007. In June of 2008, the golf course fronting the ocean in this area was shut down for re-alignment and re-planting. Underground retention/filtration systems were also constructed to mitigate effects of stormwater runoff but as of December 2017 they are not operational. New turf grass had been applied to the area but the course remains closed. Construction activities for new housing is ongoing.

F.E. Compliance with DOH Standards

Tables 1 and 2 also show samples that exceed DOH water quality standards for open coastal waters under "wet" and "dry" conditions. These criteria are applied depending upon whether the area is likely to receive less than (dry) or greater than (wet) 3 million gallons of groundwater and/or surface water input per mile per day. As it is not possible to accurately estimate groundwater and surface water discharge, both wet and dry standards are considered. DOH standards include specific criteria for three situations; criteria that are not to be exceeded during either 10% or 2% of the time, and criteria that are not to be exceeded by the geometric mean of samples. With only one or two samplings collected per year since 1995, comparison of the 10% or 2% of the time criteria for any sample is not statistically meaningful. However, comparing sample concentrations to these criteria provide an indication of whether water quality is near the stated specific criteria. Boxed values in Tables 1 and 2 show instances where measurements exceed the DOH standards under dry conditions, while boxed and shaded values show instances where measurements exceed DOH standards under wet conditions.

Results from the December 2017 survey indicated that numerous measurements of NO_{3^-} TN, NH_4^+ and Chl α exceeded the 10% DOH criteria under wet or dry conditions (Tables 1 and 2). Only one measurement of turbidity and no measurements of TP turbidity exceeded the 10% DOH criteria under any conditions. It is of interest to note that at Transect site 4, which is considered the control station beyond the influence of the Makena Resort, exceedance of DOH criteria for NO_{3^-} occurred at a similar number of sampling sites as for the transects located directly offshore of the golf courses.

Tables 3 and 4 show geometric means of samples collected at the same locations during the 37 increments of the monitoring program at Sites 1, 2 and 4, 28 increments of sampling at Site 3, and 19 increments of sampling at Site 3A. These tables also specify the samples that exceed the DOH geometric mean limits for open coastal waters under "dry" (boxed) and "wet" (boxed and shaded) conditions. For NO_3^- , NH_4^+ , TN and Chl a, nearly all samples exceeded the dry and wet standards within 100 m of the shoreline. Eight samples of TP and 21 samples of turbidity exceeded standards.

As discussed above, Site 4 is considered a control transect, in that it is not located offshore of either the Makena Resort or dense residential development. It can be seen in Tables 3 and 4, however, that the number of samples that exceed geometric mean criteria at Site 4 are comparable to the other four sites, all of which are located downslope from the Makena Resort. Hence, Resort activities, including golf courses cannot be attributed as the sole (or even major) factor causing water quality to exceed geometric mean standards.

Several comments can be made regarding the present DOH water quality standards and how they apply to the monitoring program at the Makena Resort. As noted above, the category of water quality standards that are applicable for the Makena Monitoring program are "Open Coastal Waters." As the name implies, these standards apply to "open" waters that could be reasonably defined as "waters beyond the direct influence of land." In order to evaluate the effects of land uses on the nearshore ocean off Makena, the selected sampling regime collects water within a zone that extends from the shoreline to the open coastal ocean. As a result, sampling takes place within the region of ocean that is indeed directly influenced by land. If the monitoring protocol were changed to include only those sampling locations beyond 50-100 m from shore (i.e., open coastal waters), which is completely valid with respect to meeting DOH regulatory compliance, virtually none of the factors discussed above relating to the effects of activities on land to the nearshore ocean would not be observed.

Initial steps have been taken by DOH to rectify this situation. During revision of the Department of Health water quality standards in 2004, a unique set of monitoring criteria was added for the West Coast of the Island of Hawaii (i.e., "Kona standards"). The rationale for these unique criteria was the recognition that existing numerical "standards" represent offshore coastal waters that are beyond the natural confluence of land and the nearshore ocean. As a result, the West Hawaii standards recognize that groundwater entering the ocean at the shoreline contains substantially elevated nutrients relative to open coastal waters. As a result, the Kona criteria provide the potential to meet water quality standards with elevated nutrient concentrations resulting from natural sources of groundwater input. As the same processes of groundwater discharge to the coastal ocean have been documented in Maui, it is hopeful that similar new provisions of the water quality standards with soon be applicable to the South Maui area.

IV. SUMMARY

- The 37th phase of water chemistry monitoring of the nearshore ocean off the Makena Resort was carried out on December 2, 2017. Sixty-two ocean water samples were collected on four transects spaced along the project ocean frontage and on one control transect. Site 1 was located at the northern boundary of the project, Site 2 was located near the central part of the Makena North Golf Course in the center of Makena Bay, Site 3A (initiated during the June 2007 survey) was located near the southern boundary of Maluaka Bay, Site 3 was downslope from the part of Makena South Golf Course that comes closest to the shoreline, and Control Site 4 was located to the south of Makena Resort near the northern boundary of the 'Ahihi-Kina'u Natural Area Reserve. Sampling transects extended from the shoreline out to the open coastal ocean. Water samples were analyzed for chemical criteria specified by DOH water quality standards, as well as several additional criteria.
- At all five survey sites, water chemistry constituents that occur in high concentration in groundwater (Si, NO₃- and TN) displayed consistent patterns of highest concentrations nearest to shore with steadily decreasing concentrations moving seaward. Groundwater input (based on salinity) was greatest at Transect sites 3-A and 1, followed by sites 3, 2 and 4.
- Vertical stratification of the water column was evident during December 2017, with elevated concentrations of nutrients found in groundwater and lower salinity in surface waters relative to water near the bottom. Such vertical stratification indicates that physical mixing processes generated by tidal exchange, wind stirring, and breaking waves were not sufficient to mix the water column from surface to bottom throughout the sampling area at the time of the monitoring survey.
- Overall, values of Chl a and turbidity were elevated near the shoreline compared to offshore samples, with Site 3 having the lowest values of turbidity in nearshore samples. The elevated levels of Chl a in the nearshore zone are likely a result of broken fragments of benthic plants that broken from the bottom by wave action and washed to the shoreline. The low concentrations of Chl a through the offshore water column indicates the lack of plankton blooms in the area. Elevated values of turbidity in the nearshore samples is likely a result of wave resuspension of fine-grained particulate material in the surf zone.

- Other organic water chemistry constituents that do not occur in high concentrations in groundwater (NH₄+, TON, TOP) did not show any horizontal pattern of increased concentration near the shoreline and decreasing with distance offshore.
- Scaling nutrient concentrations to salinity indicates that there are measurable subsidies of NO₃⁻ to groundwater that enters the nearshore ocean at all transect sites. At two sites (1 and 3-A) it is evident that there are subsidies of NO₃⁻ to the ocean from sources other than naturally occurring groundwater. These subsidies, which are without doubt a result of land uses involving fertilizers, substantially increase the concentration of NO₃⁻ with respect to salinity in groundwater flowing to the ocean compared to natural groundwater. The area shoreward of Site 1 includes the juncture of the southern part of the Wailea Gold Course and the northern part of the Makena North Course, as well as residential development. Sites 3 and 3A are directly downslope from the Makena South Course in an area were the golf course extends to the shoreline. In addition, private residences, a wetland and active construction projects are present upslope of Transect 3 and 3A. Hence, the subsidies of NO₃⁻ noted at these sites may result from a combination of sources.
- No subsidies of NO_{3^-} other than the chemical constituents of naturally occurring groundwater were apparent at Site 2 (Makena Landing) or Control Site 4 ('Ahihi-Kina`u).
- Linear regression statistics of repetitive slopes and Y-intercepts of nutrient concentration plotted as functions of salinity over time are useful for evaluating changes to water quality over time. When the regression values of nutrient concentrations versus salinity are plotted as a function of time, there are no statistically significant increases or decreases over the 22 years of monitoring at any of the survey sites located off the Makena Resort. The lack of increase in these slopes and intercepts indicate that there has not been consistent changes in nutrient input from land to groundwater that enters the ocean since 1995 (since 2002 at Site 2). At Site 3 off the Makena Resort South Golf Course, there was a progressive decrease in NO₃- input between 2002 and 2004, followed by an increase between 2004 and 2007, and an overall decrease from 2008 through 2016. A slight increasing trend is evident for 2017. Further monitoring at this site will be of interest to note the future direction of the oscillating trends noted in the last 16 years.

- Comparing water chemistry parameters to DOH standards revealed that several measurements of NO_3^- , TN, NH_4^+ and $Chl\ a$, one measurements of turbidity and no measurements of TP exceeded the DOH "not to exceed more than 10% of the time" criteria for dry and wet conditions of open coastal waters. It is apparent that the concentrations of NO_3^- in nearshore marine waters that contains a mixture of seawater and natural groundwater may exceed DOH criteria with no subsidies from human activities on land. Numerous values of NO_3^- , NH_4^+ , TN, turbidity and $Chl\ a$ exceeded specified limits for geometric means. Such exceedances occurred at all survey sites, including the control site that was far from any golf course influence. The consistent exceedance of water quality standards is in large part a consequence of the present DOH standards not accounting for the natural effects of groundwater discharge to the nearshore ocean.
- As in past surveys, there is a subsidy of dissolved inorganic nutrients (particularly NO3-) to groundwater that enters the nearshore ocean at sampling sites downslope from parts of the Makena Resort. Without question, such input is a consequence of various land use activities. However, none of these inputs have increased over time. Surveys of coral reef community structure that are part of the ongoing monitoring program for the Makena Resort, as well as the continued lack of any nuisance algal aggregations in the nearshore area indicate that the nutrient subsidies are not detrimental to marine community structure.
- The next scheduled testing for the Makena Resort monitoring program is planned for the spring-summer season of 2017.

V. REFERENCES CITED

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FIGURE 1. Aerial photograph of Makena Resort on southwest coastline of Maui. Also shown are locations of five water sampling transects that extend from the shoreline to 150-200 m from shore. The southern end of the Wailea golf course is visible at right.

TABLE 1. Water chemistry measurements (with nutrients reported in micromolar units) from ocean water samples collected in the vicinity of the Makena Resort on December 2, 2017. Abbreviations as follows: DFS=distance from shore; TURB = turbidity; CHL a = chlorophyll a; TEMP = temperture; O2 = dissolved oxygen; S=surface; D=deep; BDL=below detection limit. Also shown are the State of Hawaii, Department of Health (DOH) "not to exceed more than 10% of the time" and "not to exceed more than 2% of the time" water quality standards for open coastal waters under "dry" and "wet" conditions. Boxed values exceed DOH 10% "dry" standards; boxed and shaded values exceed DOH 10% "wet" standards. For sampling site locations, see Figure 1.

TRANSECT	DFS	DEPTH	PO ₄ ³⁻	NO ₃	NH ₄ ⁺	Si	TOP	TON	TP	TN	TURB	SALINITY	CHL a	TEMP	На	02
SITE	(m)	(m)	(µM)	(µM)	(µM)	(µM)	(MM)	(µM)	(µM)	(MM)	(NTU)	(ppt)	(µg/L)	(deg.C)	(std.units)	% Sat
	0.5	0.1	0.39	56.58	0.47	91.57	0.20	7.46	0.59	64.51	0.33	29.520	0.47	25.5	8.16	
	2 S	0.1	0.25	23.85	0.47	43.59	0.22	7.04	0.47	31.36	0.17	32.550				
	5 S 5 D	0.5	0.24 0.25	24.93	0.51	41.75 40.82	0.21	6.93	0.45	32.37	0.23	32.550				
5	10 S	0.5	0.23	8.56	0.45	17.26	0.18	7.33 6.67	0.43	32.25 15.68	0.22 0.22	32.570 33.980	0.35 0.31	24.4 25.9		
MAKENA	10 D	2.4	0.16	6.29	0.61	14.25	0.23	6.23	0.39	13.13	0.17	34.130	0.39	26.1	8.19	
A K	50 S	0.5	0.13	6.41	0.19	13.50	0.31	6.87	0.44	13.47	0.20	34.390	0.23	25.9		95.7
Σ	50 D	4.1	0.11	2.95	0.28	7.92	0.31	7.37	0.42	10.60	0.14	34.600	0.26	26.1	8.16	
	100 S 100 D	0.5 5.5	0.15	3.77	0.11	9.81 5.92	0.24	6.86	0.39	10.74	0.18	34.560	0.25	25.9		
	150 S	0.6	0.18	2.72	0.43	9.24	0.28	7.10 7.00	0.44	8.74 9.76	0.11	34.690 34.550	0.23 0.16	26.2 26.0		86.5 94.3
	150 D	10.4	0.11	0.54	0.09	5.27	0.27	8.08	0.38	8.71	0.08	34.730	0.13	26.2	8.21	93.6
	0.5	0.1	0.21	3.61	0.30	19.34	0.24	5.87	0.45	9.78	0.33	33.940	0.40	25.9	8.21	99.2
	2 \$	0.1	0.20	3.48	0.28	19.80	0.23	7.88	0.43	11.64	0.32	34.010	0.36	25.9	8.21	97.4
	5 S 5 D	0.6 2.2	0.22	3.09	0.12	18.23 15.62	0.22	6.05	0.44	9.26	0.24	34.130	0.33	25.9	8.21	97.9
	10 S	0.5	0.15	1.04	0.33	10.05	0.22	6.13 5.85	0.44	8.62 7.13	0.25 0.18	34.310 34.480	0.37 0.25	25.9 25.9	8.21 8.21	96.2 96.4
7	10 D	3.0	0.18	0.86	0.24	9.41	0.24	9.86	0.42	10.96	0.10	34.580	0.28	26.0	8.21	95.4
MAKENA	50 S	0.6	0.16	1.03	0.09	11.69	0.32	7.36	0.48	8.48	0.26	34.590	0.26	26.0	8.20	96.2
A A	50 D	4.4	0.15	0.62	0.15	8.77	0.29	6.46	0.44	7.23	0.19	34.590	0.26	26.0	8.20	
Σ	100 S 100 D	0.6 5.6	0.13	0.31	0.25	10.35 5.75	0.30 0.27	5.89	0.43	7.41	0.19	34.600	0.18	26.0	8.19	97.6
	150 S	0.5	0.13	0.31	0.28	5.00	0.27	5.55 5.30	0.40	6.12 5.56	0.09	34.740 34.800	0.20	26.2 26.1	8.21 8.21	93.7 95.7
	150 D	7.2	0.11	0.04	0.17	4.39	0.27	5.64	0.38	5.85	0.05	34.760	0.12	26.2	8.21	94.3
	200 S	0.6	0.09	BDL	0.17	4.13	0.33	6.95	0.42	7.13	0.05	34.790	0.13	26.2	8.22	96.2
	200 D	12.0	0.09	BDL	0.20	3.84	0.28	5.76	0.37	5.97	0.06	34.720	0.13	26.2	8.22	95.7
	0 S 2 S	0.1	0.56 0.44	59.44 39.80	0.05	103.2	0.21	6.64	0.77	66.13	0.38	30.100	0.49	25.7	8.06	97.3
	5 S	0.1	0.44	6.91	0.47	68.81 15.69	0.21	9.62 9.95	0.65	49.89 17.31	0.43	31.680 34.220	0.48	25.8 25.7	8.09 8.16	96.2 97.2
4	5 D	1.1	0.26	7.07	0.69	16.89	0.22	9.38	0.48	17.14	0.24	34.140	0.41	25.8	8.16	97.2
<u>8</u>	10 S	0.5	0.20	7.25	0.24	17.10	0.27	10.21	0.47	17.70	0.18	34.150	0.41	25.9	8.16	97.8
Z	10 D	2.9	0.28	5.10	0.51	13.57	0.28	10.08	0.56	15.69	0.20	34.330	0.76	25.9	8.17	96.2
MAKENA 3-A	50 S	0.5	0.10	3.18	0.22	10.77	0.30	7.10	0.40	10.50	0.16	34.510	0.30	26.0	8.18	98.9
Ž	50 D 100 S	4.5 0.5	0.14	3.71	0.29	11.27 7.83	0.29	6.34 5.85	0.43 0.38	10.34 8.05	0.16	34.530 34.590	0.30	26.1 26.1	8.17 8.17	92.4 92.4
	100 D	5.0	0.09	0.69	0.28	5.04	0.29	5.93	0.38	6.90	0.10	34.770	0.19	26.2	8.20	93.1
	150 S	0.5	0.12	1.41	0.28	6.88	0.28	5.98	0.40	7.67	0.12	34.740	0.19	26.1	8.15	90.7
	150 D	10.4	0.16	0.40	0.28	4.91	0.21	6.64	0.37	7.32	0.11	34.760	0.15	26.2	8.19	94.1
	0 S 2 S	0.1	0.15	2.41	0.34 0.25	8.43 12.96	0.39	10.91	0.54	13.66	0.16	34.550	0.51	26.0	8.22	99.2
	5 S	0.1	0.13	0.23	0.23	4.16	0.38	8.21 8.93	0.53	12.97 9.50	0.24	34.390 34.740	0.30	24.9 26.2	8.20 8.20	96.2 97.4
20001	5 D	1.7	0.13	0.41	0.29	4.49	0.27	7.66	0.40	8.36	0.10	34.670	0.42	26.2	8.20	96.2
κ 4	10 S	0.5	0.13	0.05	0.25	3.80	0.26	8.27	0.39	8.57	0.08	34.700	0.20	26.2	8.20	97.2
MAKENA	10 D	2.8	0.13	0.02	0.56	4.07	0.24	8.23	0.37	8.81	0.10	34.770	0.28	26.2	8.20	96.2
× ×	50 S 50 D	0.5 5.2	0.10	0.21 0.28	0.42	4.68	0.26	5.95	0.36	6.58	0.10	34.840	0.16	26.1	8.17	99.7
>	100 S	0.5	0.09	0.28	0.40	4.98 5.92	0.27	5.97 6.05	0.36 0.38	6.65 6.87	0.10	34.810 34.740	0.16	26.1	8.16	89.7 90.0
	100 D	7.6	0.10	0.26	0.32	5.24	0.25	6.06	0.35	6.64	0.12	34.740	0.16	26.1 26.1	8.16	89.8
	150 S	0.5	0.11	BDL	0.16	3.97	0.26	6.58	0.37	6.74	0.07	34.810	0.09	26.2	8.20	101.6
	150 D	13.7	0.13	0.03	0.32	4.03	0.40	8.95	0.53	9.30	0.04	34.770	0.09	26.2	8.20	88.8
	0.5	0.1	0.12	5.33	0.73	28.52	0.28	9.44	0.40	15.50	0.47	33.770	0.36	25.5	8.12	100.4
	2 S 5 S	0.1	0.16	3.71 2.31	1.01	21.96	0.29	9.02	0.45	13.74	0.51	34.000	0.30	26.0	8.13	99.4
	5 D	2.7	0.18	2.20	0.48	16.92 16.69	0.24	8.47 11.95	0.42 0.46	11.26	0.23	34.250	0.23	25.9	8.13	99.1
4	10 S	0.8	0.17	0.77	0.37	8.65	0.27	7.42	0.46	14.72 8.60	0.23	34.210 34.570	0.40	26.0	8.13 8.14	98.2 97.4
₹	10 D	2.5	0.14	0.60	0.43	8.53	0.19	7.06	0.33	8.09	0.13	34.570	0.19	26.0	8.15	97.4
MAKENA	50 S	0.9	0.12	0.36	0.39	7.16	0.25	5.78	0.37	6.53	0.10	34.830	0.16	26.0	8.13	90.6
×	50 D	4.5	0.09	0.38	1.02	7.24	0.32	7.07	0.41	8.47	0.09	34.780	0.19	26.0	8.13	87.4
	100 S	0.8	0.12	0.49	0.48	8.18	0.29	5.71	0.41	6.68	0.10	34.660	0.16	26.0	8.13	87.8
	100 D	7.0	0.12	0.13	0.53	5.74	0.27	5.68	0.39	6.34	0.09	34.700	0.17	26.0	8.14	84.9
	150 S	0.5	0.13	0.07	0.24	5.24	0.29	5.06	0.42	5.37	0.05	34.710	0.13	26.1	8.17	88.1
	150 D	9.7	0.12	0.04	0.26	4.73	0.32	6.51	0.44	6.81	0.09	34.710	0.13	26.1	8.16	83.8
		DRY	10%	0.71	0.36				0.96	12.86	0.50	*	0.50	**	***	****
DOH W	QS -	V/000000000	2% 10%	1.43	0.64				1.45	17.86 17.85	1.00		0.90			
		WET	2%	1.78	1.07				1.93	25.00	2.00	*	1.75	**	***	****
			en percent						1.70	20.00	2.00		1.70			

^{*} Salinity shall not vary more than ten percent form natural or seasonal changes considering hydrologic input and oceanographic conditions.
** Temperature shall not vary by more than one degree C. from ambient conditions.

***pH shall not deviate more than 0.5 units from a value of 8.1.
****Dissolved Oxygen not to be below 75% saturation.

TABLE 2. Water chemistry measurements (with nutrient data reported in µg/L) from ocean water samples collected in the vicinity of the Makena Resort on December 2, 2017. Abbreviations as follows: DFS=distance from shore; TURB = turbidity; CHL a = chlorophyll a; TEMP = temperture; O2 = dissolved oxygen; S=surface; D=deep; BDL=below detection limit. BDL=below detection limit. Also shown are the State of Hawaii, Department of Health (DOH) "not to exceed more than 10% of the time" and "not to exceed more than 2% of the time" water quality standards for open coastal waters under "dry" and "wet" conditions. Boxed values exceed DOH 10% "dry" standards; boxed and shaded values exceed DOH 10% "wet" standards. For sampling site locations, see Figure 1.

TRANSECT	DFS	DEPTH	PO ₄ 3-	NO ₃	NH ₄ ⁺	Si	TOP	TON	TP	TN	TURB	SALINITY	CHL a	TEMP	рН	02
SITE	(m)	(m)	(μg/L)	(µg/L)	(μg/L)	ηg/L)	(μg/L)	(µg/L)	(µg/L)	(µg/L)	(NTU)	(ppt)	(µg/L)	(deg.C)	100	% Sat
	0.5	0.1	12.09	792.1	6.58	2573	6.20	104.4	18.29	903.1	0.33	29.520	0.47	25.5		99.2
	2 S	0.1	7.75	333.9	6.58	1225	6.82	98.56	14.57	439.0	0.17	32.550	0.30	25.7	8.19	98.1
	5 S 5 D	0.5 1.5	7.44 7.75	349.0	7.14	1173 1147	6.51 5.58	97.02 102.6	13.95 13.33	453.2 451.5	0.23 0.22	32.550 32.570	0.32 0.35	25.8 24.4	8.19 8.19	97.2 96.2
_	10 S	0.5	4.96	119.8	6.30	485.0	6.82	93.38	11.78	219.5	0.22	33.980	0.33	25.9	8.19	96.4
MAKENA	10 D	2.4	4.96	88.06	8.54	400.4	7.13	87.22	12.09	183.8	0.17	34.130	0.39	26.1	8.19	97.4
A	50 S	0.5	4.03	89.74	2.66	379.4	9.61	96.18	13.64	188.6	0.20	34.390	0.23	25.9	8.16	95.7
Σ	50 D 100 S	4.1 0.5	3.41 4.65	41.30 52.78	3.92 1.54	222.6 275.7	9.61 7.44	103.2 96.04	13.02 12.09	148.4 150.4	0.14 0.18	34.600 34.560	0.26 0.25	26.1 25.9	8.16 8.15	96.3 93.4
	100 D	5.5	4.96	16.66	6.30	166.4	8.68	99.40	13.64	122.4	0.13	34.690	0.23	26.2	8.16	86.5
	150 S	0.6	3.72	38.08	0.56	259.6	8.37	98.00	12.09	136.6	0.07	34.550	0.16	26.0	8.18	94.3
	150 D	10.4	3.41	7.56	1.26	148.1	8.37	113.1	11.78	121.9	0.08	34.730	0.23	26.2	8.21	93.6
	0 S 2 S	0.1	6.51 6.20	50.54 48.72	4.20 3.92	543.5 556.4	7.44 7.13	82.18 110.3	13.95 13.33	136.9 163.0	0.33 0.32	33.940 34.010	0.40	25.9 25.9	8.21 8.21	99.2 97.4
	5 S	0.6	6.82	43.26	1.68	512.3	6.82	84.70	13.64	129.6	0.32	34.130	0.33	25.9	8.21	97.9
	5 D	2.2	6.82	29.96	4.90	438.9	6.82	85.82	13.64	120.7	0.25	34.310	0.37	25.9	8.21	96.2
7	10 S	0.5	4.65	14.56	3.36	282.4	10.85	81.90	15.50	99.82	0.18	34.480	0.25	25.9	8.21	96.4
	10 D 50 S	3.0 0.6	5.58 4.96	12.04	3.36 1.26	264.4 328.5	7.44 9.92	138.0 103.0	13.02 14.88	153.4 118.7	0.21	34.580 34.590	0.28	26.0 26.0	8.21 8.20	95.4
MAKENA	50 D	4.4	4.65	8.68	2.10	246.4	8.99	90.44	13.64	101.2	0.28	34.590	0.26	26.0	8.20	96.2 92.3
X	100 S	0.6	4.03	17.78	3.50	290.8	9.30	82.46	13.33	103.7	0.19	34.600	0.18	26.0	8.19	97.6
32224	100 D	5.6	4.03	4.34	3.64	161.6	8.37	77.70	12.40	85.68	0.09	34.740	0.20	26.2	8.21	93.7
	150 S 150 D	0.5	3.41 3.41	1.12 0.56	2.52	140.5	7.75	74.20	11.16	77.84	0.05	34.800	0.12	26.1	8.21	95.7
	200 S	7.2 0.6	2.79	BDL	2.38	123.4 116.1	8.37 10.23	78.96 97.30	11.78 13.02	81.90 99.82	0.05	34.760 34.790	0.16	26.2 26.2	8.21 8.22	94.3 96.2
	200 D	12.0	2.79	BDL	2.80	107.9	8.68	80.64	11.47	83.58	0.06	34.720	0.13	26.2	8.22	95.7
	0.5	0.1	17.36	832.2	0.70	2900	6.51	92.96	23.87	925.8	0.38	30.100	0.49	25.7	8.06	97.3
	2 S 5 S	0.1	13.64 6.82	557.2 96.74	6.58	1934	6.51	134.7	20.15	698.5	0.43	31.680	0.48	25.8	8.09	96.2
	5 D	0.5	8.06	98.98	9.66	440.9 474.6	8.99 6.82	139.3 131.3	15.81 14.88	242.3 240.0	0.24	34.220 34.140	0.41	25.7 25.8	8.16	97.2 97.2
3-A	10 S	0.5	6.20	101.5	3.36	480.5	8.37	142.9	14.57	247.8	0.18	34.150	0.41	25.9	8.16	97.8
₹	10 D	2.9	8.68	71.40	7.14	381.3	8.68	141.1	17.36	219.7	0.20	34.330	0.76	25.9	8.17	96.2
MAKENA	50 S	0.5	3.10	44.52	3.08	302.6	9.30	99.40	12.40	147.0	0.16	34.510	0.30	26.0	8.18	98.9
Ž	50 D 100 S	4.5 0.5	4.34 4.03	51.94 28.14	4.06 2.66	316.7 220.0	8.99 7.75	88.76 81.90	13.33 11.78	144.8 112.7	0.16	34.530 34.590	0.30	26.1 26.1	8.17 8.17	92.4 92.4
	100 D	5.0	2.79	9.66	3.92	141.6	8.99	83.02	11.78	96.60	0.10	34.770	0.19	26.2	8.20	93.1
	150 S	0.5	3.72	19.74	3.92	193.3	8.68	83.72	12.40	107.4	0.12	34.740	0.19	26.1	8.15	90.7
	150 D	10.4	4.96	5.60	3.92	138.0	6.51	92.96	11.47	102.5	0.11	34.760	0.15	26.2	8.19	94.1
	0 S 2 S	0.1	4.65 4.65	33.74 63.14	4.76 3.50	236.9 364.2	12.09 11.78	152.7 114.9	16.74 16.43	191.2 181.6	0.16	34.550 34.390	0.51	26.0 24.9	8.22 8.20	99.2 96.2
	5 S	0.5	3.41	3.22	4.76	116.9	9.30	125.0	12.71	133.0	0.09	34.740	0.30	26.2	8.20	97.4
_	5 D	1.7	4.03	5.74	4.06	126.2	8.37	107.2	12.40	117.0	0.10	34.670	0.42	26.2	8.20	96.2
∀ 3	10 S	0.5	4.03	0.70	3.50	106.8	8.06	115.8	12.09	120.0	0.08	34.700	0.20	26.2	8.20	97.2
KENA	10 D 50 S	2.8 0.5	4.03 3.10	0.28 2.94	7.84 5.88	114.4	7.44 8.06	115.2 83.30	11.47 11.16	123.3 92.12	0.10	34.770 34.840	0.28	26.2 26.1	8.20 8.17	96.2 99.7
MAK	50 D	5.2	2.79	3.92	5.60	139.9	8.37	83.58	11.16	93.10	0.10	34.810	0.16	26.1	8.16	89.7
	100 S	0.5	3.72	8.12	3.36	166.4	8.06	84.70	11.78	96.18	0.12	34.740	0.16	26.1	8.16	90.0
	100 D	7.6	3.10	3.64	4.48	147.2	7.75	84.84	10.85	92.96	0.15	34.710	0.16	26.1	8.16	89.8
	150 S 150 D	0.5 13.7	3.41 4.03	BDL 0.42	2.24 4.48	111.6 113.2	8.06 12.40	92.12 125.3	11.47 16.43	94.36 130.2	0.07	34.810 34.770	0.09	26.2 26.2	8.20	101.6
	0.5	0.1	3.72	74.62	10.22	801.4	8.68	132.2	12.40	217.0	0.47	33.770	0.36	25.5	8.12	100.4
	2 S	0.1	4.96	51.94	14.15	617.1	8.99	126.3	13.95	192.4	0.51	34.000	0.30	26.0	8.13	99.4
	5 5	0.7	5.58	32.34	6.72	475.5	7.44	118.6	13.02	157.6	0.23	34.250	0.23	25.9	8.13	99.1
4	5 D 10 S	2.7 0.8	5.89 4.34	30.80 10.78	7.98 5.74	469.0 243.1	8.37 6.82	167.3 103.9	14.26 11.16	206.1 120.4	0.23	34.210 34.570	0.40	26.0	8.13	98.2 97.4
X X	10 D	2.5	4.34	8.40	6.02	239.7	5.89	98.84	10.23	113.3	0.13	34.570	0.19	26.0	8.15	97.4
MAKENA 4	50 S	0.9	3.72	5.04	5.46	201.2	7.75	80.92	11.47	91.42	0.10	34.830	0.16	26.0	8.13	90.6
Ž	50 D	4.5	2.79	5.32	14.29	203.4	9.92	98.98	12.71	118.6	0.09	34.780	0.19	26.0	8.13	87.4
	100 S 100 D	0.8 7.0	3.72 3.72	6.86 1.82	6.72 7.42	229.9 161.3	8.99 8.37	79.94 79.52	12.71 12.09	93.52 88.76	0.10	34.660 34.700	0.16	26.0	8.13	87.8
	150 S	0.5	4.03	0.98	3.36	147.2	8.99	79.52	13.02	75.18	0.09	34.700	0.17	26.0	8.14	84.9 88.1
	150 D	9.7	3.72	0.56	3.64	132.9	9.92	91.14	13.64	95.34	0.09	34.710	0.13	26.1	8.16	83.8
		DRY	10%	10.00	5.00	T			30.00	180.00	0.50	*	0.50	**	***	****
DOH W	QS -		2% 10%	20.00	9.00 8.50				45.00	250.00	1.00		1.00			
		WET	2%	25.00	15.00				40.00 60.00	250.00 350.00	1.25 2.00	*	0.90 1.75	**	***	****
							-						0			

^{*} Salinity shall not vary more than ten percent form natural or seasonal changes considering hydrologic input and oceanographic conditions.

^{**} Temperature shall not vary by more than one degree C. from ambient conditions.

^{****}Pissolved Oxygen not to be below 75% saturation.

TABLE 3. Geometric mean data (with nutrients reported in micromolar units) from water chemistry measurements off the Makena Resort collected since August 1995 from Sites 1, 2, and 4 (N=37); since June 2002 from Site 3 (N=28) and since June 2007 from Site 3-A (N=19). For geometric mean calculations, detection limits were used in cases where sample was below detection limit. Abbreviations as follows: DFS=distance from shore; TURB = turbidity; CHL a = chlorophyll a; TEMP = temperture; O2 = dissolved oxygen; S=surface; D=deep; BDL=below detection limit. Also shown are State of Hawaii, Department of Health (DOH) geometric mean water quality standards for open coastal waters under "dry" and "wet" conditions. Boxed values exceed DOH GM 10% "dry" standards; boxed and shaded values exceed DOH GM 10% "wet" standards. For sampling site locations, see Figure 1.

STEE	TRANSECT	DFS	PO ₄ 3-	NO ₃	NH ₄ ⁺	Si	TOP	TON	TP	TN	TURB	SALINITY	CHL a	TEMP	рН	O2
0\$ 0.22 42.49 0.92 74.48 0.23 74.66 0.55 0.84 40 0.33 25.05 0.74 2.75 25.6 8.11 10.2 25 0.19 2.76 0.17 2.76 0.17 2.77 0.77 7.37 2.7 0.17 2.7 1.7 5 0.11 2.68 0.14 25.66 0.26 7.85 0.43 24.59 0.24 32.278 0.52 25.6 8.17 10.4 10.5 0.11 4.41 0.71 11.52 0.28 7.36 0.39 13.44 0.30 0.21 33.88 0.33 25.6 8.17 10.4 25 0.10 0.10 2.84 0.29 1.20 1.20 1.20 1.20 1.20 1.20 1.20 1.20														The same of the same of	рп	02
28 0.13 27.60 0.17 51.04 0.25 8.03 0.05 20.48 0.30 20.21 30.30 22.510 0.77 25.7 81.41 104.						- "									8.11	102.9
## 150 O.11 \$2.79 O.17 \$2.17 \$0.27 \$7.32 O.41 \$0.30 O.22 \$3.0388 \$0.48 \$2.5.6 \$8.17 \$10.4 \$0.5 \$0.10 \$2.84 \$0.27 \$7.32 \$0.41 \$0.39 \$1.59 \$0.17 \$3.4285 \$0.35 \$2.5.6 \$8.16 \$10.3 \$0.5 \$0.					2007272	Mark Control of the				40.43		29.510	0.74	25.7		104.6
Total Tota																104.3
100S 0.09 0.09 0.07 0.17 4,73 0.27 6,57 0.38 9,18 0.13 34,572 0.22 25.6 8,15 97.	-															104.1
100S 0.09 0.09 0.07 0.17 4,73 0.27 6,57 0.38 9,18 0.13 34,572 0.22 25.6 8,15 97.	¥															
100S 0.09 0.09 0.07 0.17 4,73 0.27 6,57 0.38 9,18 0.13 34,572 0.22 25.6 8,15 97.	KE															
100S 0.09 0.09 0.07 0.17 4,73 0.27 6,57 0.38 9,18 0.13 34,572 0.22 25.6 8,15 97.	MA															99.0
100 D 0.07 0.13 0.11 2.35 0.28 7.07 0.37 7.60 0.10 3.488 0.20 2.56 8.15 97.		100 S														98.8
150																97.6
Section Color Co																97.7
25												34.872	450,000,000,000			98.3
SS 0.17 3.30 0.24 15.67 0.28 6.79 0.47 11.44 0.43 33,967 0.54 25.7 8.15 100.															8.15	
S															8.15	100.6
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		5 D										34.009				100.1
100 D 0.09	01					9.51			0.44	9.22		34.388				99.2
100 D 0.09	4											34.501		25.7	8.15	98.2
100 D 0.09	Ä															97.7
100 D 0.09	4A K												200000000000000000000000000000000000000			97.8
150S 0.09	2															98.4
150 D 0.09 0.09 0.013 2.33 0.29 7.08 0.39 7.43 0.10 34.860 0.20 25.6 8.16 97.9																97.7
200 S 0.07 0.11 0.14 2.66 0.29 6.95 0.38 7.47 0.11 34.839 0.21 25.8 8.16 98. 20 S 1.14 111.4 0.32 225.2 0.15 8.02 1.51 131.1 0.31 18.072 0.37 25.0 7.90 99. 2 S 0.80 75.51 0.38 148.5 0.23 7.77 1.24 97.09 0.24 29.935 0.44 25.2 7.94 100. 5 S 0.33 24.98 0.40 52.91 0.29 7.81 0.70 41.22 0.20 30.713 0.38 25.3 8.04 100. 5 S 0.03 24.98 0.40 52.91 0.29 7.81 0.70 41.22 0.20 30.713 0.38 25.3 8.04 100. 5 D 0.25 16.92 0.38 38.50 0.27 7.26 0.59 28.85 0.19 32.33 0.41 0.26 25.4 8.08 100. 5 D 0.50 0.11 2.00 0.24 7.85 0.26 6.90 0.40 10.89 0.16 34.416 0.30 25.4 8.12 99. 5 D 0.08 0.29 0.24 3.73 0.30 7.40 0.41 18.7 0.40 11.87 0.14 34.89 0.17 25.7 8.13 98. 100 D 0.11 0.09 0.01 0.71 5.56 0.28 6.99 0.41 9.98 0.14 34.89 0.17 25.7 8.13 98. 100 D 0.11 0.09 0.05 0.18 2.46 6.90 0.40 18.11 0.11 34.899 0.16 25.7 8.14 98. 100 D 0.01 0.21 0.50 0.24 2.89 0.26 6.75 0.39 7.32 0.11 34.899 0.16 25.7 8.14 98. 100 D 0.01 0.21 0.15 0.22 0.15 3.63 0.28 7.00 0.40 8.11 0.11 34.899 0.16 25.7 8.14 98. 2 S 0.15 8.76 0.31 2.26 0.27 7.12 0.44 11.187 0.11 34.899 0.16 25.7 8.13 98. 100 D 0.09 0.05 0.18 2.46 0.27 6.86 0.38 7.25 0.10 0.33 33.47 0.45 25.9 8.14 100. 2 S 0.17 12.26 0.24 24.37 0.26 6.40 0.40 18.11 0.11 34.899 0.16 25.7 8.14 98. 2 S 0.15 6.18 0.21 14.22 0.26 0.27 7.11 0.40 11.12 0.03 33.47 0.45 25.9 8.14 100. 2 S 0.15 6.18 0.21 14.22 0.26 0.27 6.54 0.49 25.13 0.09 33.47 0.45 25.9 8.14 100. 5 S 0.16 6.18 0.21 14.22 0.26 0.27 6.54 0.49 25.13 0.09 33.47 0.45 25.9 8.14 100. 5 S 0.10 0.11 1.66 0.20 6.66 0.27 7.11 0.40 11.12 0.09 3.895 0.16 25.6 8.11 99. 10 S 0.10 0.33 0.18 2.46 0.28 7.16 0.39 9.59 0.13 34.422 0.25 25.6 8.11 99. 10 S 0.10 0.33 0.19 2.35 0.28 6.62 0.38 7.10 0.42 13.83 0.18 34.422 0.25 25.6 8.11 99. 10 S 0.10 0.11 3.16 0.25 9.30 0.28 7.16 0.39 9.59 0.13 34.422 0.25 25.6 8.11 99. 10 S 0.10 0.11 3.16 0.25 9.30 0.28 7.16 0.39 9.39 0.39 3.479 0.01 34.495 0.15 25.7 8.12 100. 10 D 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00																97.8
200 D 0.08 0.04 0.16 1.97 0.29 7.36 0.38 7.65 0.10 34.881 0.21 25.7 8.16 99.						2.66	0.29	6.95	0.38							98.3
## PART																98.0
5 S 0.33 24.98 0.40 52.91 0.29 7.81 0.70 41.22 0.20 30.713 0.38 25.3 8.04 100.9 105 5D 0.25 16.92 0.38 38.50 0.27 7.25 0.59 28.85 0.19 32.331 0.41 25.4 8.08 100.9 105 0.10 0.11 2.00 0.24 7.85 0.26 6.90 0.40 10.89 0.16 33.562 0.26 25.2 25.2 8.10 99.9 10.0 0.10 0.11 2.06 0.23 8.82 0.27 7.12 0.41 11.87 0.14 34.375 0.20 25.7 8.12 99.9 10.0 0.80 0.29 0.24 3.73 0.30 7.40 0.41 8.36 0.14 34.95 0.25 25.7 8.12 99.9 10.0 0.80 0.29 0.24 3.73 0.30 7.40 0.41 8.36 0.14 34.824 0.21 25.7 8.13 98.0 100.0 0.11 0.97 0.17 5.56 0.28 6.99 0.41 9.08 0.14 34.895 0.15 25.7 8.13 98.0 100.0 0.11 0.10 0.24 2.89 0.26 6.75 0.39 7.32 0.11 34.898 0.17 25.7 8.14 99.9 150.0 0.00 0.11 0.10 0.24 2.89 0.26 6.75 0.39 7.32 0.11 34.898 0.17 25.7 8.14 99.0 150 0.00 0.11 0.10 0.24 0.28 0.28 7.00 0.40 8.11 0.11 34.899 0.16 25.6 8.15 99.0 150 0.00 0.00 0.05 0.18 2.46 0.27 6.86 0.38 7.25 0.10 34.894 0.16 25.6 8.15 99.0 150 0.00 0.11 0.10 0.24 0.24 0.27 6.86 0.38 7.25 0.10 34.894 0.16 25.6 8.15 99.0 150 0.00 0.15 25.6 8.15 99.0 150 0.00 0.15 25.6 8.15 99.0 150 0.00 0.18 2.46 0.27 6.86 0.38 7.25 0.10 34.894 0.16 25.6 8.15 99.0 150 0.00 0.15 25.0 0.24 24.37 0.26 6.24 0.49 25.13 0.29 33.717 0.47 25.7 8.12 100.0 150 0.10 0.11 3.16 0.25 9.30 0.28 7.10 0.42 13.83 0.18 34.422 0.25 25.6 8.11 99.0 150 0.10 0.11 1.66 0.20 6.66 0.27 7.11 0.40 11.22 0.16 34.818 0.27 25.6 8.12 100.1 10.5 0.11 3.16 0.25 9.30 0.28 7.10 0.42 13.83 0.18 34.422 0.25 25.6 8.11 99.0 10.5 0.50 0.00 0.10 0.32 0.18 3.37 0.28 7.24 0.39 8.16 0.11 34.839 0.20 25.6 8.11 99.0 10.5 0.50 0.00 0.10 0.32 0.18 3.37 0.28 7.24 0.39 8.16 0.11 34.839 0.20 25.6 8.11 99.0 10.5 0.50 0.00 0.10 0.32 0.18 3.37 0.28 7.00 0.38 8.29 0.11 34.79 0.15 25.7 8.12 100.0 11 1.66 0.20 6.66 0.27 7.11 0.40 11.22 0.16 34.818 0.27 25.6 8.11 99.0 10.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.10 0.12 0.10 0.10																99.4
5 D 0.25		5 5										23.935	- LIMMAR SUITA			100.6
S																100.0
100	3-4															99.4
100	₹	10 D		2.00			0.26	6.90	0.40			34.416				99.4
100	9										(2000 CONT.)	34.375			8.12	99.8
100	A A								\$2500 PARTY		200000000000000000000000000000000000000		1000-1100-000			98.1
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OS O.15 8.76 O.31 20.26 O.27 6.54 O.48 23.11 O.32 33.647 O.45 25.9 8.14 100.																
2 S																100.1
S		2 S	0.17	12.26	0.24		0.26	6.24		25.13					8.12	100.3
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150 D 0.07 0.06 0.11 2.10 0.27 6.81 0.36 7.11 0.09 34.895 0.16 25.6 8.17 97.5	- 1			0.13	0.19	2.35					0.09	34.862	0.16		2000	96.6
O S 0.25 6.82 0.37 50.44 0.25 6.95 0.60 18.65 0.42 30.526 0.55 25.4 8.09 102.0 2 S 0.25 5.63 0.31 43.06 0.26 6.87 0.57 16.34 0.35 31.612 0.43 25.4 8.10 102.6 5 S 0.16 1.88 0.27 18.38 0.25 7.30 0.44 10.80 0.23 33.733 0.37 25.4 8.11 103.6 5 D 0.14 1.58 0.23 16.23 0.26 7.00 0.43 9.97 0.21 33.948 0.41 25.4 8.11 102.0 4 D 10 S 0.11 0.82 0.24 9.32 0.27 6.91 0.40 8.27 0.18 34.457 0.23 25.4 8.10 100.1 2 D 0.55 0.10 0.52 0.27 6.55 0.28 7.31 0.38 8.48 0.15 <t< td=""><td>1</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>97.2</td></t<>	1															97.2
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100 S 0.09 0.28 0.19 4.61 0.28 6.84 0.39 7.57 0.12 34,732 0.15 25.4 8.12 95.6 100 D 0.09 0.13 0.17 3.17 0.27 6.82 0.38 7.31 0.11 34,830 0.17 25.4 8.13 94.6 150 S 0.10 0.12 0.16 2.92 0.26 6.84 0.41 7.43 0.10 34,809 0.13 25.5 8.14 96.8 150 D 0.08 0.07 0.13 2.41 0.27 6.82 0.38 7.19 0.10 34,864 0.15 25.5 8.15 95.9 0.10 0.15 0.	à l			The second second	0.20	8.39	0.26	6.85	0.39	8.02	0.17	34.495	0.24		8.10	100.6
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DOH WQS DRY 0.25 0.14 0.52 7.86 0.20		and the state of t	100000000000000000000000000000000000000													95.9
GEOMETRIC MEAN WET 0.36 0.25 0.64 10.71 0.50 0.30	DOH WG	QS		0.25	0.14											
	GEOMETRIC I	MEAN	WET	0.36	0.25							*		- CT		

^{*} Salinity shall not vary more than ten percent form natural or seasonal changes considering hydrologic input and oceanographic conditions.

^{**} Temperature shall not vary by more than one degree C. from ambient conditions.

^{***}pH shall not deviate more than 0.5 units from a value of 8.1.

TABLE 4. Geometric mean data (with nutrient data reported in µg/L) from water chemistry measurements off the Makena Resort collected since August 1995 for Sites 1, 2, and 4 (N=37); since June 2002 from Site 3 (N=28) and since June 2007 from Site 3-A (N=19). For geometric mean calculations, detection limits were used in cases where sample was below detection limit. Abbreviations as follows: DFS=distance from shore; TURB = turbidity; CHL a = chlorophyll a; TEMP = temperture; O2 = dissolved oxygen; S=surface; D=deep.. Also shown are State of Hawaii, Department of Health (DOH) geometric mean water quality standards for open coastal waters under "dry" and "wet" conditions. Boxed values exceed DOH GM 10% "dry" standards; boxed and shaded values exceed DOH GM 10% "wet" standards. For sampling site locations, see Figure 1.

TRANSECT	DFS	PO ₄ ³⁻	NO ₃	NH ₄ ⁺	c:	TOD	TON	TD	TKI	TIIDD	CALIAITA	CIII -	TELAD	ml l	00
SITE	(m)	rO₄ (μg/L)	(µg/L)	(μg/L)	Si (µg/L)	TOP (µg/L)	TON (µg/L)	TP (µg/L)	(µg/L)	TURB (NTU)	SALINITY (ppt)	CHL a (µg/L)	TEMP (deg.C)	рΗ	02
SIIE	0.5	6.80	594.1	3.30	2098	7.10	107.2	17.00	818.5	0.33	26.055	0.75	25.6	8.11	102.9
	2 S	5.80	386.5	2.60	1434	8.00	112.4	15.40	566.2	0.30	29.510	0.74	25.7	8.14	104.6
	5 S	4.00	177.5	1.90	754.5	8.00	109.9	13.30	343.4	0.24	32.278	0.52	25.6	8.16	104.3
	5 D	3.40	137.1	2.60	622.8	8.30	102.5	12.60	284.3	0.21	33.058	0.48	25.6	8.17	104.1
_ <	10 S	3.40	61.70	2.30	323.6	8.00	103.0	12.00	195.2	0.19	33.982	0.34	25.6	8.16	103.2
MAKENA	10 D	3.00	39.70	3.00	232.9	8.60	100.0	12.00	162.3	0.17	34.285	0.35	25.6	8.15	103.1
¥	50 S 50 D	2.40	34.30 5.00	2.60	207.9 82.02	8.30 8.60	99.80 99.50	11.40	152.9 112.3	0.16	34.448 34.796	0.28	25.6 25.6	8.14	101.2 99.0
2	100 S	2.70	13.80	2.10	138.5	8.30	92.00	11.70	128.5	0.12	34.776	0.28	25.6	8.14 8.14	98.8
	100 D	2.10	1.80	1.50	66.01	8.60	99.00	11.40	106.4	0.10	34.848	0.20	25.6	8.15	97.6
	150 S	2.70	5.10	2.20	98.60	8.30	98.10	11.40	119.6	0.12	34.720	0.18	25.7	8.15	97.7
	150 D	2.40	0.90	1.80	58.43	8.30	97.30	11.40	102.1	0.10	34.872	0.16	25.6	8.16	98.3
	0 S	6.10	66.80	5.10	644.9	9.60	111.0	16.70	199.1	0.84	33.399	0.74	25.6	8.15	99.5
	2 S	5.80	61.70	3.60	584.0	9.20	106.0	16.10	186.4	0.62	33.546	0.72	25.8	8.15	100.6
	5 \$	5.20	49.00	3.30	440.2	8.60	96.70	14.50	160.2	0.43	33.967	0.54	25.7	8.15	100.6
	5 D 10 S	5.50 4.00	45.70 24.30	3.90 2.80	439.6 267.1	8.90 8.90	100.5	15.10 13.60	163.8	0.42	34.009	0.65	25.7	8.14	100.1 99.2
7	10 D	4.00	14.90	3.00	218.5	8.90	82.20 97.60	13.30	129.1 124.9	0.31	34.388 34.501	0.38	25.6 25.7	8.15 8.15	98.2
MAKENA	50 S	3.40	16.90	3.20	218.0	9.60	103.3	13.60	134.1	0.23	34.439	0.43	25.6	8.14	97.7
	50 D	3.40	3.20	2.90	96.91	8.90	100.5	13.00	110.0	0.16	34.802	0.33	25.6	8.15	97.8
¥ V	100 S	3.00	6.10	2.30	122.2	8.60	98.30	12.30	112.4	0.16	34.669	0.25	25.7	8.14	98.4
	100 D	2.70	1.50	2.30	72.47	8.60	95.90	11.70	102.2	0.13	34.842	0.24	25.6	8.15	97.5
	150 S	2.70	3.30	2.50	94.10	8.60	99.10	12.00	108.9	0.13	34.778	0.20	25.7	8.15	97.7
	150 D	2.70	1.20	1.80	65.45	8.90	99.10	12.00	104.0	0.10	34.860	0.20	25.6	8.16	97.8
	200 S 200 D	2.10	1.50 0.50	1.90	74.72	8.90	97.30	11.70	104.6	0.11	34.839	0.21	25.8	8.16	98.3
	0.5	35.30	1560	2.20 4.40	55.34 6326	8.90 4.60	103.0	11.70 46.70	107.1	0.10	34.881 18.072	0.21	25.7 25.0	8.16 7.9	98.0 99.4
	2 S	24.70	1058	5.30	4172	7.10	108.8	38.40	1360	0.24	23.935	0.44	25.2	7.94	100.6
	5 S	10.20	349.8	5.60	1486	8.90	109.3	21.60	577.3	0.20	30.713	0.38	25.3	8.04	100.6
✓	5 D	7.70	236.9	5.30	1081	8.30	101.6	18.20	404.0	0.19	32.331	0.41	25.4	8.08	100.9
3,	10 S	4.30	89.30	3.50	508.1	8.30	101.2	14.20	251.6	0.16	33.562	0.26	25.2	8.1	99.4
MAKENA 3-A	10 D	3.40	28.00	3.30	220.5	8.00	96.60	12.30	152.5	0.16	34.416	0.30	25.4	8.12	99.4
뷫	50 S	3.40	30.20	3.20	247.8	8.30	99.70	12.60	166.2	0.14	34.375	0.20	25.7	8.12	99.8
¥	50 D	2.40	4.00	3.30	104.8	9.20	103.6	12.60	117.0	0.14	34.824	0.21	25.7	8.13	98.1
	100 S 100 D	3.40 3.40	13.50	2.30 3.30	156.2 81.18	8.60 8.00	97.90 94.50	12.60 12.00	127.1 102.5	0.14	34.695 34.889	0.18	25.7 25.7	8.13 8.14	98.1 98.4
	150 S	3.00	2.90	2.10	102.0	8.60	98.00	12.30	113.5	0.11	34.809	0.17	25.7	8.14	97.5
	150 D	2.70	0.70	2.50	69.10	8.30	96.00	11.70	101.5	0.10	34.894	0.16	25.6	8.15	99.4
	0.5	4.60	122.6	4.30	569.1	8.30	91.50	14.80	323.6	0.32	33.647	0.45	25.9	8.14	100.1
	2 S	5.20	171.7	3.30	684.6	8.00	87.30	15.10	351.9	0.29	33.717	0.47	25.7	8.12	100.3
	5 S	4.60	109.1	3.20	480.6	8.30	100.7	14.50	276.8	0.22	34.067	0.33	25.7	8.12	100.9
m	5 D	4.60	86.50	2.90	399.4	8.30	95.60	14.20	240.2	0.21	34.224	0.40	25.8	8.12	100.0
<	10 S	3.40	44.20	3.50	261.2	8.60	99.40	13.00	193.7	0.18	34.422	0.25	25.6	8.11	99.0
	10 D 50 S	3.40 2.70	23.20 15.50	2.80	187.1 141.6	8.30 8.60	99.50 100.2	12.30 12.00	157.1	0.16	34.618 34.722	0.27	25.6 25.7	8.11	98.1 97.0
MAKEN	50 D	3.00	4.40	2.50	94.66	8.60	101.4	12.00	114.2	0.13	34.839	0.20	25.6	8.13	95.3
	100 S	2.70	6.70	2.60	97.19	8.60	98.70	11.70	116.1	0.11	34.791	0.15	25.7	8.13	96.6
	100 D	2.40	1.80	2.60	66.01	8.60	92.70	11.70	99.50	0.09	34.862	0.16	25.6	8.14	96.6
	150 S	2.10	2.20	1.90	76.69	8.30	94.60	11.10	104.7	0.10	34.829	0.14	25.7	8.15	97.2
	150 D	2.10	0.80	1.50	58.99	8.30	95.30	11.10	99.50	0.09	34.895	0.16	25.6	8.17	97.9
	0 S	7.70	95.50	5.10	1417	7.70	97.30	18.50	261.2	0.42	30.526	0.55	25.4	8.09	102.0
	2 S 5 S	7.70 4.90	78.80	4.30 3.70	1210 516.3	8.00 7.70	96.20 102.2	17.60 13.60	228.8 151.2	0.35	31.612 33.733	0.43	25.4 25.4	8.1	102.6 103.0
	5 D	4.30	22.10	3.20	455.9	8.00	98.00	13.60	139.6	0.23	33.733	0.37	25.4	8.11	103.0
4	10 S	3.40	11.40	3.30	261.8	8.30	96.70	12.30	115.8	0.18	34.457	0.23	25.4	8.1	100.1
MAKENA	10 D	3.70	8.10	2.80	235.7	8.00	95.90	12.00	112.3	0.17	34.495	0.24	25.4	8.1	100.6
2	50 S	3.00	7.20	3.70	184.0	8.60	102.3	11.70	118.7	0.15	34.613	0.20	25.3	8.1	96.2
₩	50 D	2.70	2.90	2.50	116.3	8.30	96.20	11.70	103.3	0.14	34.795	0.20	25.4	8.10	95.6
×	100 S	2.70	3.90	2.60	129.5	8.60	95.80	12.00	106.0	0.12	34.732	0.15	25.4	8.12	95.6
	100 D	2.70	1.80	2.30	89.05	8.30	95.50	11.70	102.3	0.11	34.830	0.17	25.4	8.13	94.6
	150 S 150 D	3.00	1.60	2.20	82.02	8.00	95.80	12.60	104.0	0.10	34.809	0.13	25.5	8.14	96.8
DOH WG		2.40 DRY	0.90 3.50	1.80	67.70	8.30	95.50	11.70	100.7	0.10	34.864	0.15	25.5	8.15	95.9
GEOMETRIC		WET	5.00	3.50				20.00	150.00	0.20	*	0.15	**	***	
OLOMLIKIC .	MINTAIN	7.7 [4.]	0.00	0.00				20.00	100,00	0.00		0.00			

^{*} Salinity shall not vary more than ten percent form natural or seasonal changes considering hydrologic input and oceanographic conditions.

^{**} Temperature shall not vary by more than one degree C. from ambient conditions.

^{***}pH shall not deviate more than 0.5 units from a value of 8.1.

TABLE 5. Water chemistry measurements in µM (top) and µg/L (bottom) from irrigation wells collected in the vicinity of the Makena Resort on November 30, 2017. For sampling site locations, see Figure 1.

	PO ₄ ³⁻	NO3-	+ * [₹] HZ	Si	TOP	NOT	TP	Z	SALINITY	Hd
WELL	(md)	(Md)	(Md)	(Md)	(Mu)	(Mu)	(Md)	(hM)	(ppt)	(std.units)
	2.25	141.1	0.35	514.0	0.20	6.10	2.45	147.5	1.040	7.95
7	3.05	134.2	pq	0.689	0.70	10.40	3.75	144.6		7.57
က	3.30	129.8	0.25	0.069	0.10	5.10	3.40	135.1		7.56
4	3.55	124.8	0.50	637.0	0.35	27.80	3.90	153.1		7.68
9	2.85	187.6	0.55	543.3	0.30	13.25	3.15	201.4	1.260	7.97
8	2.90	109.9	0.30	601.4	0.35	17.00	3.25	127.2		7.90

	PO ₄ ³⁻	NO ₃ -	+ [*] HN	Si	TOP	TON	TP	Z	SALINITY	Hd
WELL	(hg/L)	(µg/L)	(hg/L)	(hg/L)	(hg/L)	(hg/L)	(hg/L)	(hg/L)	(ppt)	(std.units)
	69.75	1974.7	4.90	14442.0	6.20	85.40	75.95	2065.0	1.040	7.95
7	94.55	1878.1	pq	19360.9	21.70	145.60	116.25	2023.7		7.57
က	102.30	1816.5	3.50	19389.0	3.10	71.40	105.40	1891.4		7.56
4	110.05	1747.2	7.00	17898.3	10.85	389.20	120.90	2143.4	,	7.68
9	88.35	2626.4	7.70	15265.3	9.30	185.50	97.65	2819.6	,—	7.97
8	89.90	1538.6	4.20	16897.9	10.85	238.00	100.75	1780.8	,	7.90

bdl=below detection limit

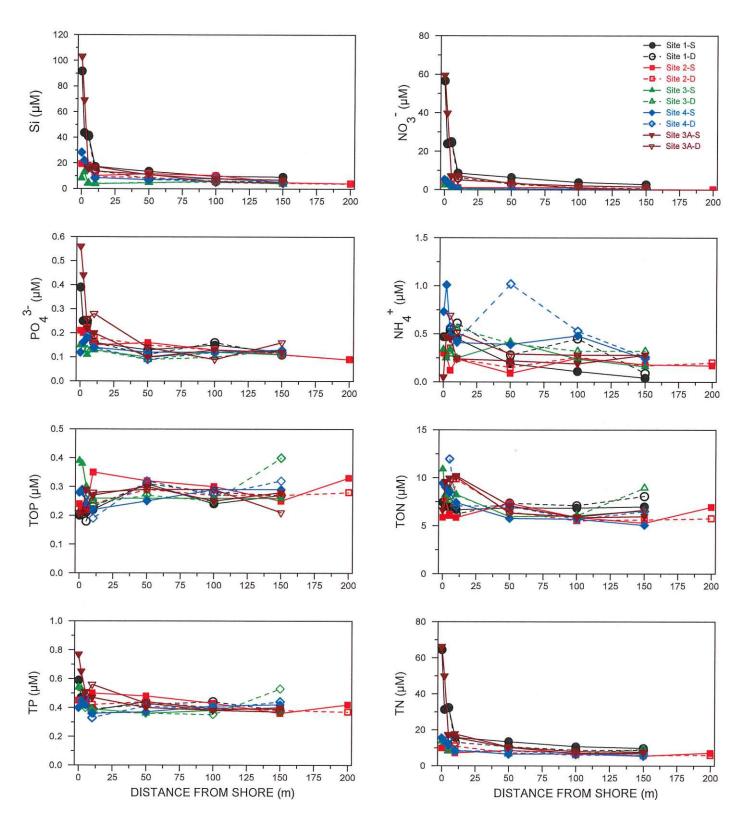


FIGURE 2. Plots of dissolved nutrients in surface (S) and deep (D) samples collected on December 2, 2017 as a function of distance from the shoreline in the vicinity of Makena Resort. For site locations, see Figure 1.

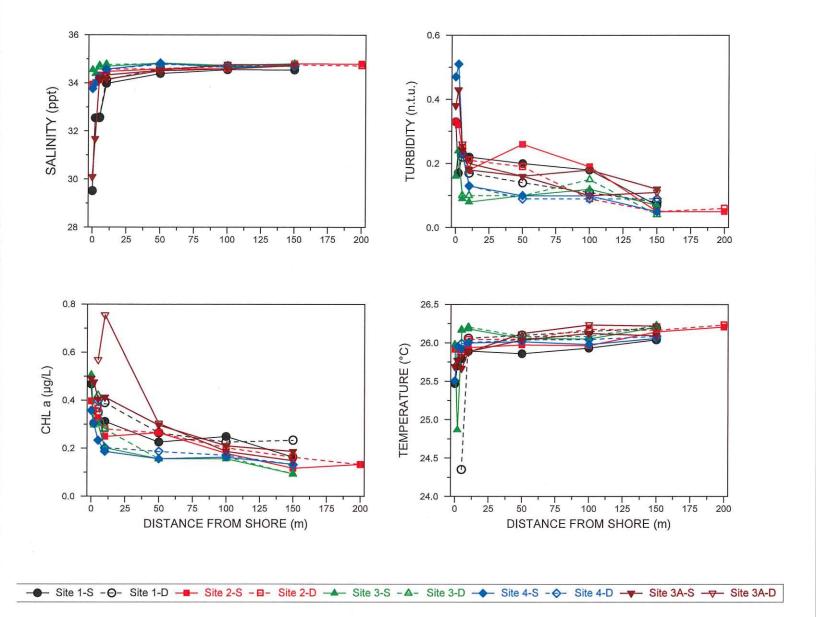


FIGURE 3. Plots of water chemistry constituents in surface (S) and deep (D) samples collected on December 2, 2017 as a function of distance from the shoreline in the vicinity of Makena Resort. For site locations, see Figure 1.

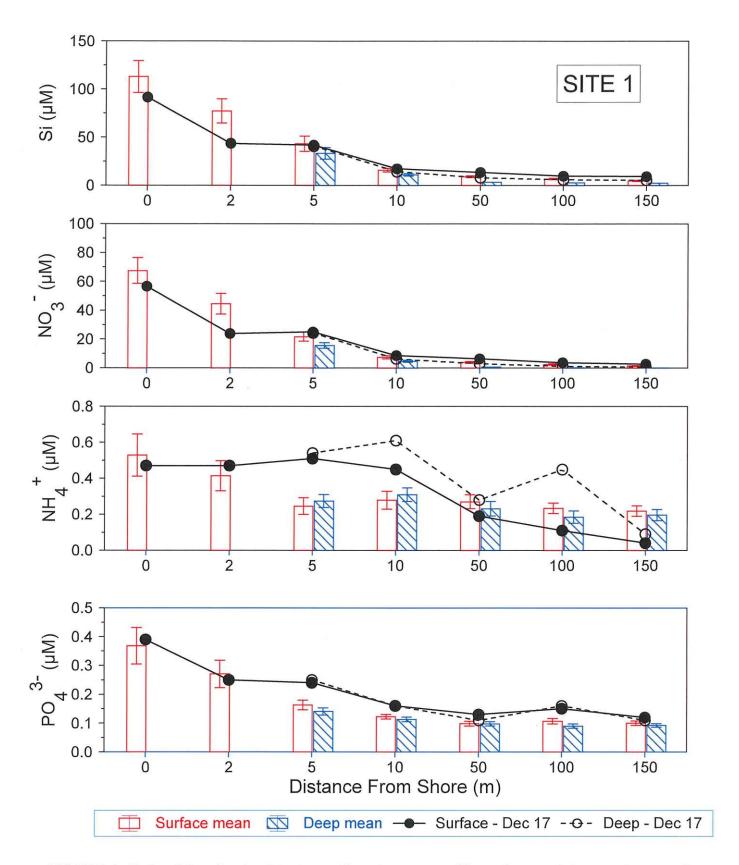


FIGURE 4. Plots of dissolved nutrient constituents measured in surface and deep water samples as a function of distance from the shoreline at Site 1, offshore of the Makena Resort. Data points and connected lines from samples collected during the most recent survey, bar graphs represent mean values at each sampling station for surveys conducted since August 1995 (N=37). Error bars represent standard error of the mean. For site location, see Figure 1.

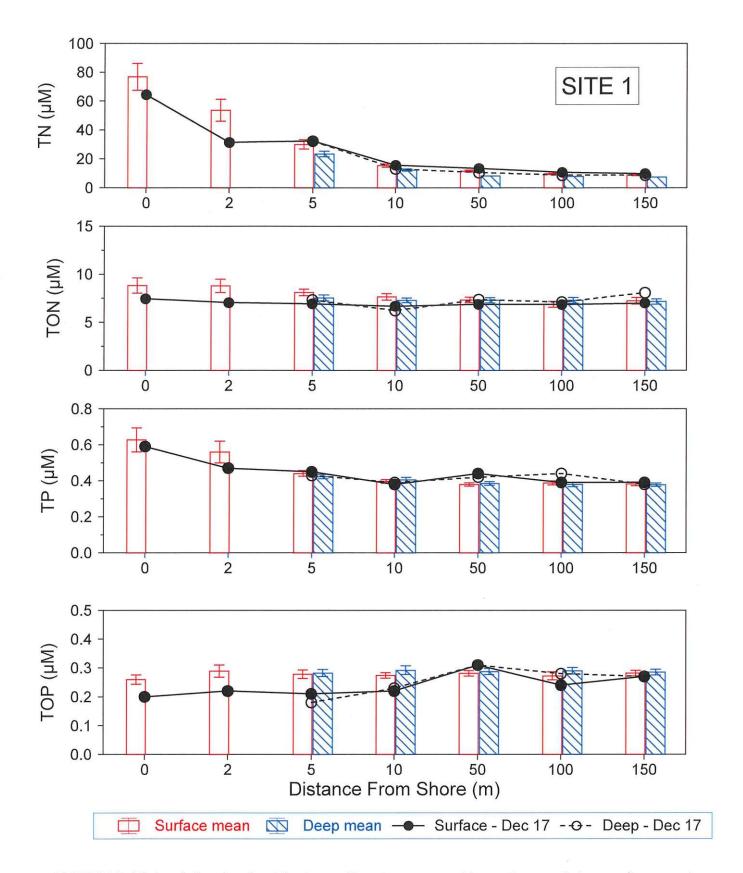


FIGURE 5. Plots of dissolved nutrient constituents measured in surface and deep water samples as a function of distance from the shoreline at Site 1, offshore of the Makena Resort. Data points and connected lines from samples collected during the most recent survey, bar graphs represent mean values at each sampling station for surveys conducted since August 1995 (N=37). Error bars represent standard error of the mean. For site location, see Figure 1.

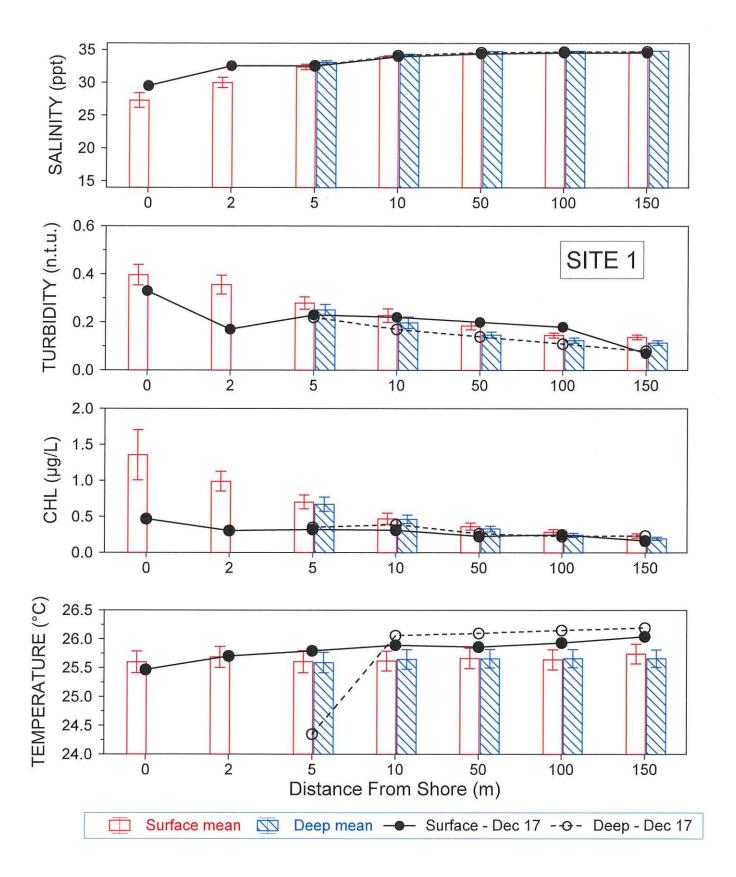


FIGURE 6. Plots of water chemistry constituents measured in surface and deep water samples as a function of distance from the shoreline at Site 1, offshore of the Makena Resort. Data points and connected lines from samples collected during the most survey, bar graphs represent mean values at each sampling station for surveys conducted since August 1995 (N=37). Error bars represent standard error of the mean. For site location, see Figure 1.

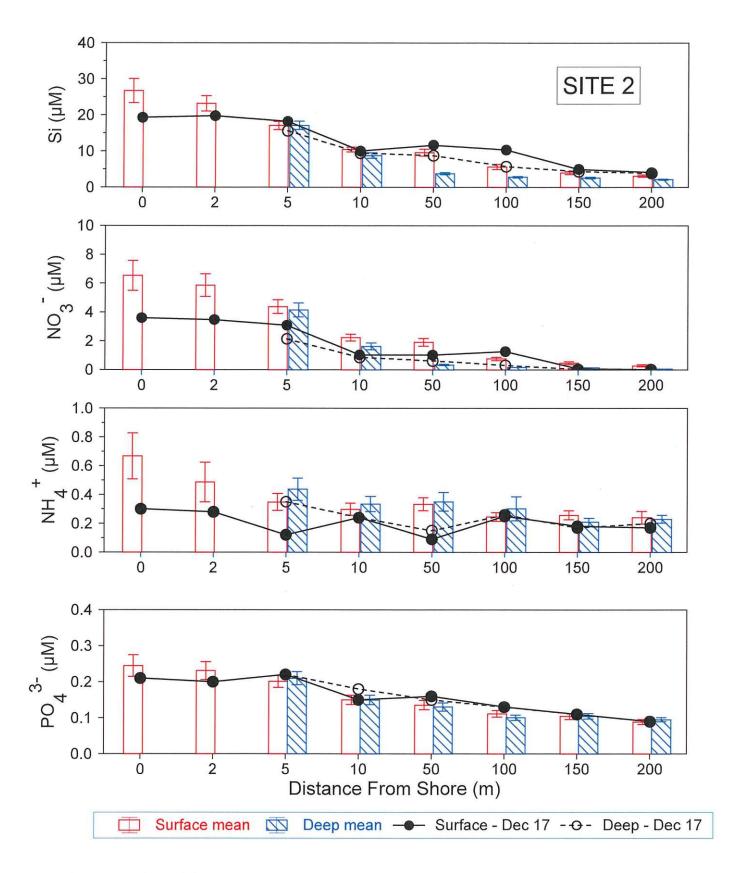


FIGURE 7. Plots of dissolved nutrient constituents measured in surface and deep water samples as a function of distance from the shoreline at Site 2, offshore of the Makena Resort. Data points and connected lines from samples collected during the most recent survey, bar graphs represent mean values at each sampling station for surveys conducted since August 1995 (N=37). Error bars represent standard error of the mean. For site location, see Figure 1.

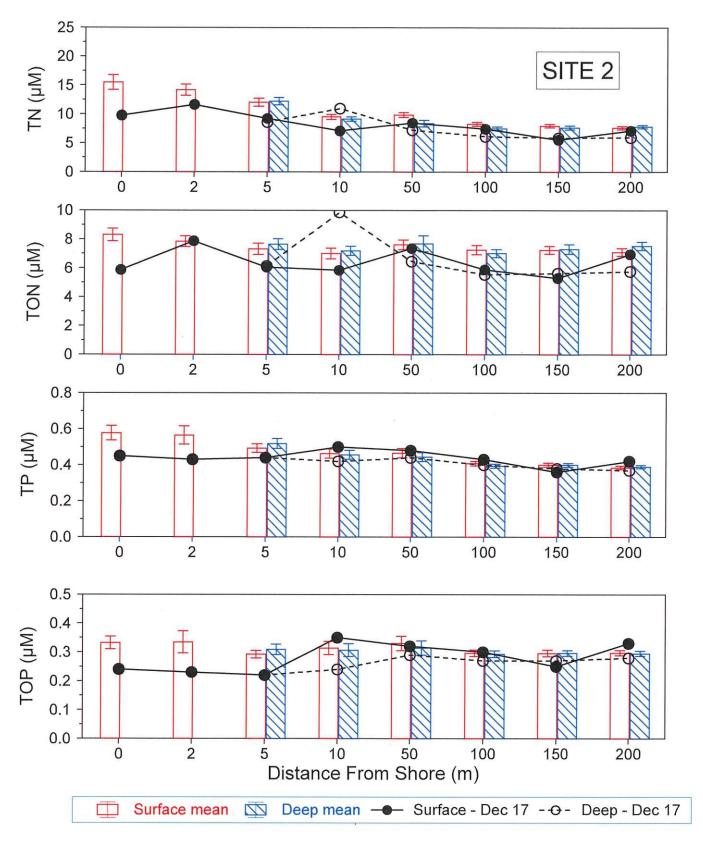


FIGURE 8. Plots of dissolved nutrient constituents measured in surface and deep water samples as a function of distance from the shoreline at Site 2, offshore of the Makena Resort. Data points and connected lines from samples collected during the most recent survey, bar graphs represent mean values at each sampling station for surveys conducted since August 1995 (N=37). Error bars represent standard error of the mean. For site location, see Figure 1.

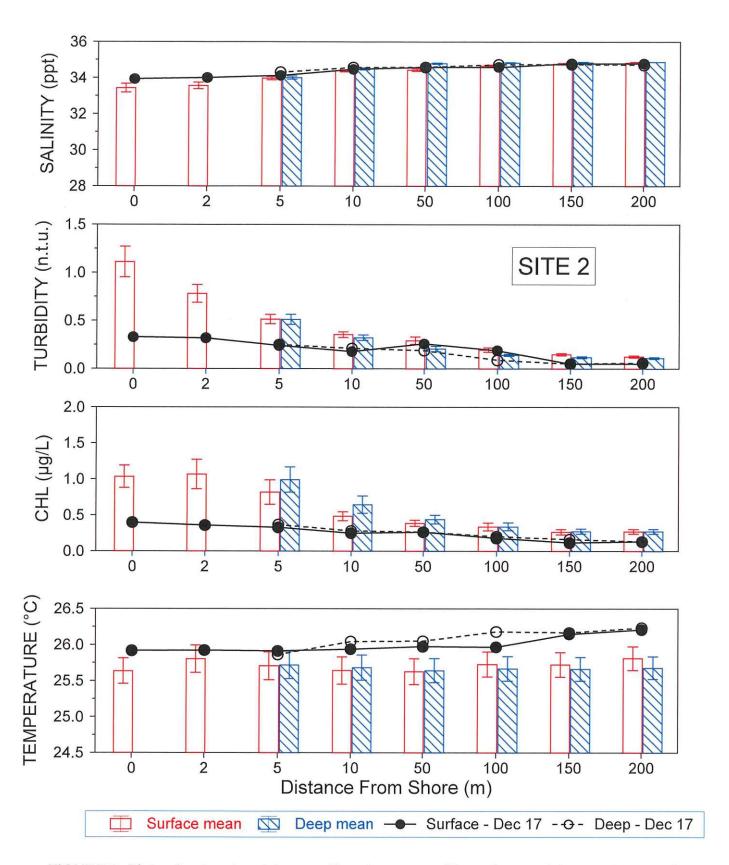


FIGURE 9. Plots of water chemistry constituents measured in surface and deep water samples as a function of distance from the shoreline at Site 2, offshore of the Makena Resort. Data points and connected lines from samples collected during the most recent survey, bar graphs represent mean values at each sampling station for surveys conducted since August 1995 (N=37). Error bars represent standard error of the mean. For site location, see Figure 1.

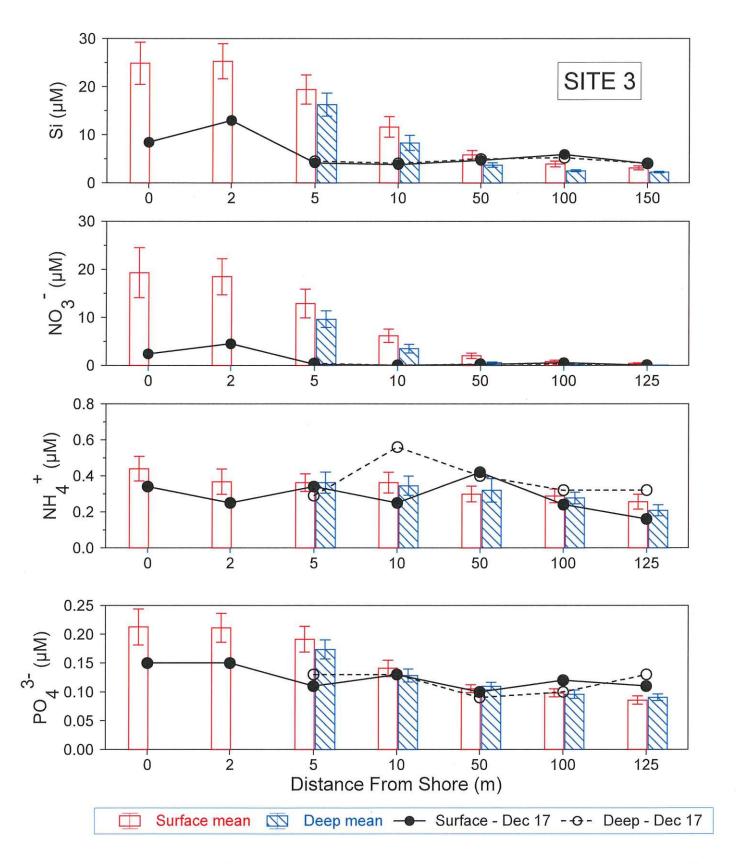


FIGURE 10. Plots of dissolved nutrient constituents measured in surface and deep water samples as a function of distance from the shoreline at Site 3, offshore of the Makena Resort. Data points and connected lines from samples collected during the most recent survey, bar graphs represent mean values at each sampling station for surveys conducted since August 1995 (N=37). Error bars represent standard error of the mean. For site location, see Figure 1.

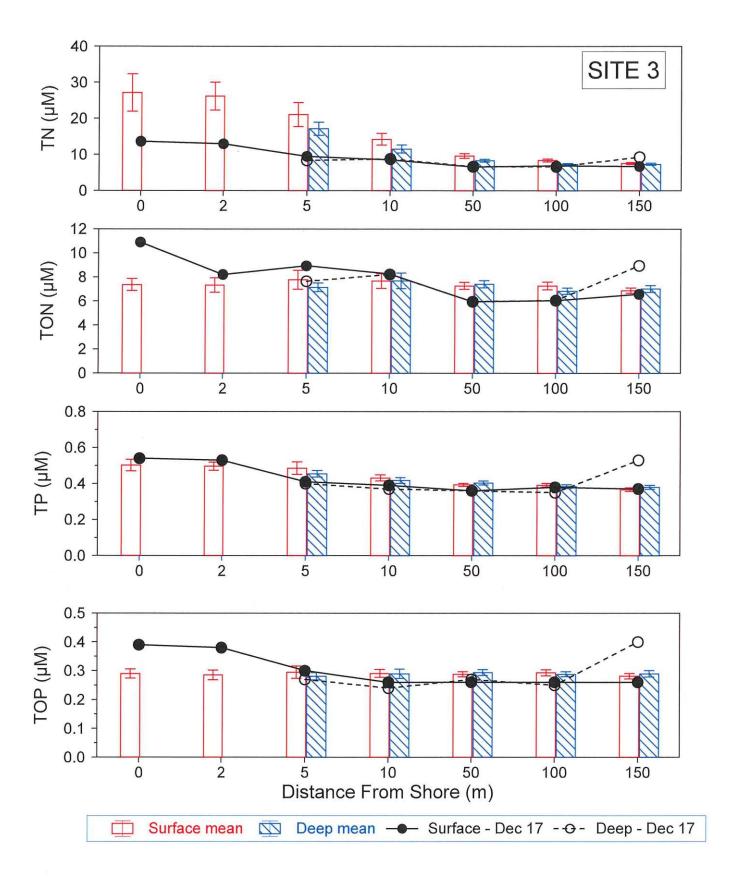


FIGURE 11. Plots of dissolved nutrient constituents measured in surface and deep water samples as a function of distance from the shoreline at Site 3, offshore of the Makena Resort. Data points and connected lines from samples collected during the most recent survey, bar graphs represent mean values at each sampling station for surveys conducted since August 1995 (N=37). Error bars represent standard error of the mean. For site location, see Figure 1.

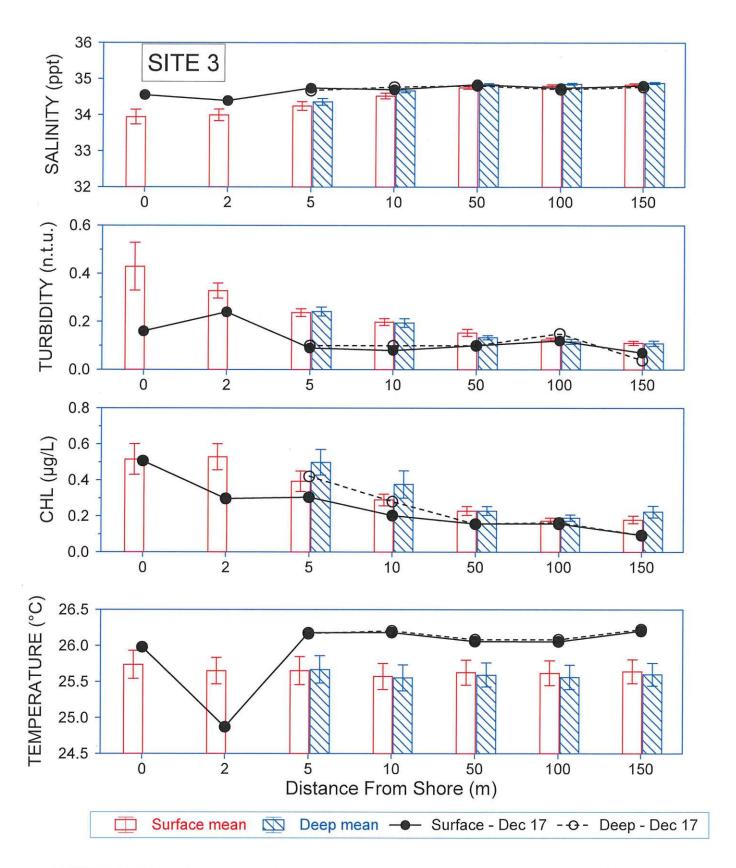


FIGURE 12. Plots of water chemistry constituents measured in surface and deep water samples as a function of distance from the shoreline at Site 3, offshore of the Makena Resort. Data points and connected lines from samples collected during the most recent survey, bar graphs represent mean values at each sampling station for surveys conducted since August 1995 (N=37). Error bars represent standard error of the mean. For site location, see Figure 1.

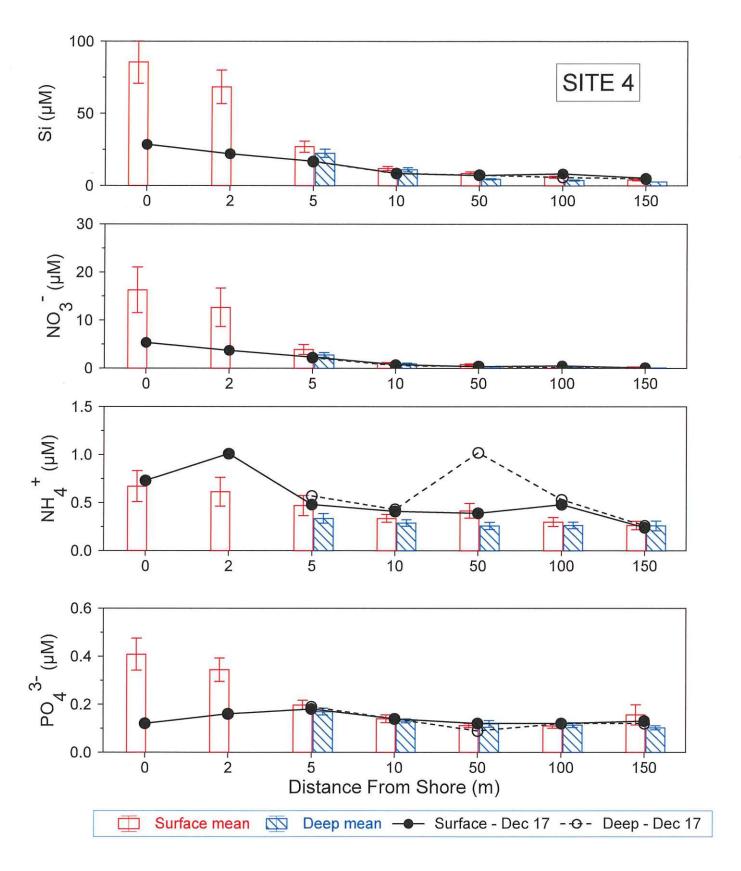


FIGURE 13. Plots of dissolved nutrient constituents measured in surface and deep water samples as a function of distance from the shoreline at Site 4, offshore of the Makena Resort. Data points and connected lines from samples collected during the most recent survey, bar graphs represent mean values at each sampling station for surveys conducted since August 1995 (N=37). Error bars represent standard error of the mean. For site location, see Figure 1.

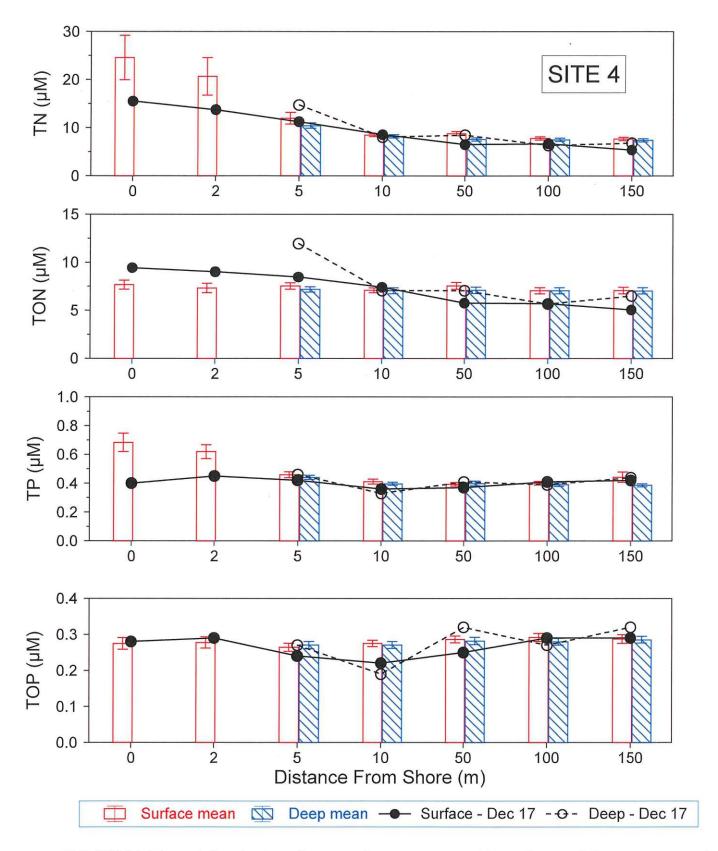


FIGURE 14. Plots of dissolved nutrient constituents measured in surface and deep water samples as a function of distance from the shoreline at Site 4, offshore of the Makena Resort. Data points and connected lines from samples collected during the most recent survey, bar graphs represent mean values at each sampling station for surveys conducted since August 1995 (N=37). Error bars represent standard error of the mean. For site location, see Figure 1.

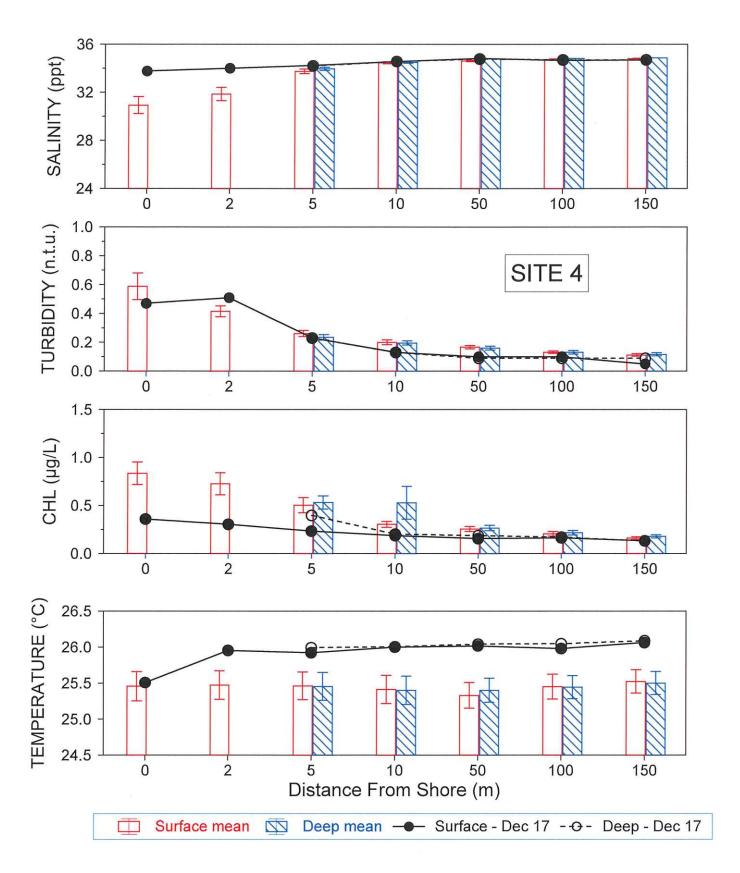


FIGURE 15. Plots of water chemistry constituents measured in surface and deep water samples as a function of distance from the shoreline at Site 4, offshore of the Makena Resort. Data points and connected lines from samples collected during the most recent survey, bar graphs represent mean values at each sampling station for surveys conducted since August 1995 (N=37). Error bars represent standard error of the mean. For site location, see Figure 1.

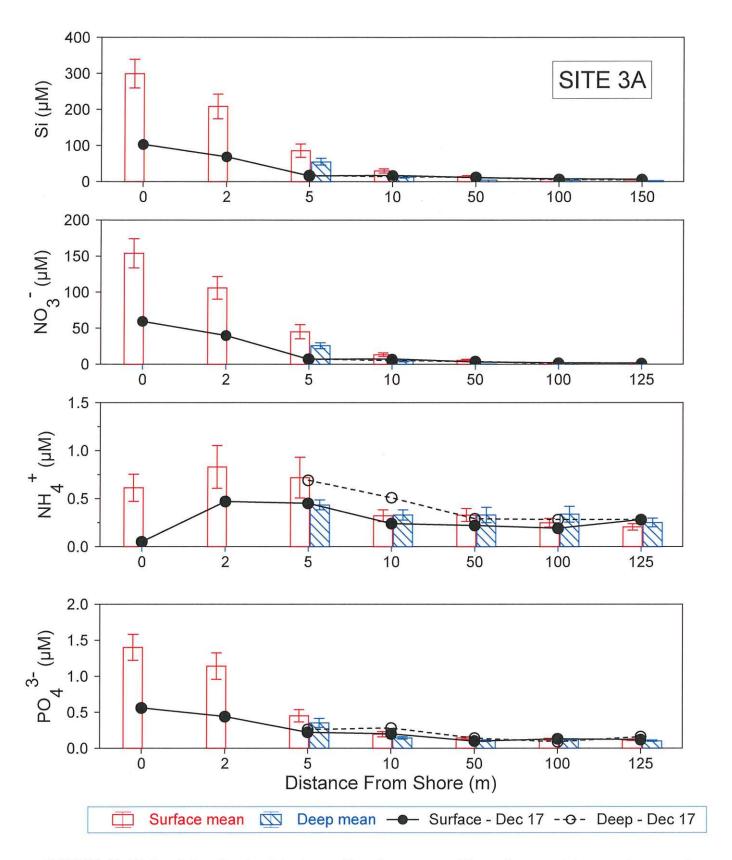


FIGURE 16. Plots of dissolved nutrient constituents measured in surface and deep water samples as a function of distance from the shoreline at Site 3A, offshore of the Makena Resort. Data points and connected lines from samples collected during the most recent survey, bar graphs represent mean values at each sampling station for surveys conducted since June 2007 (N=19). Error bars represent standard error of the mean. For site location, see Figure 1.

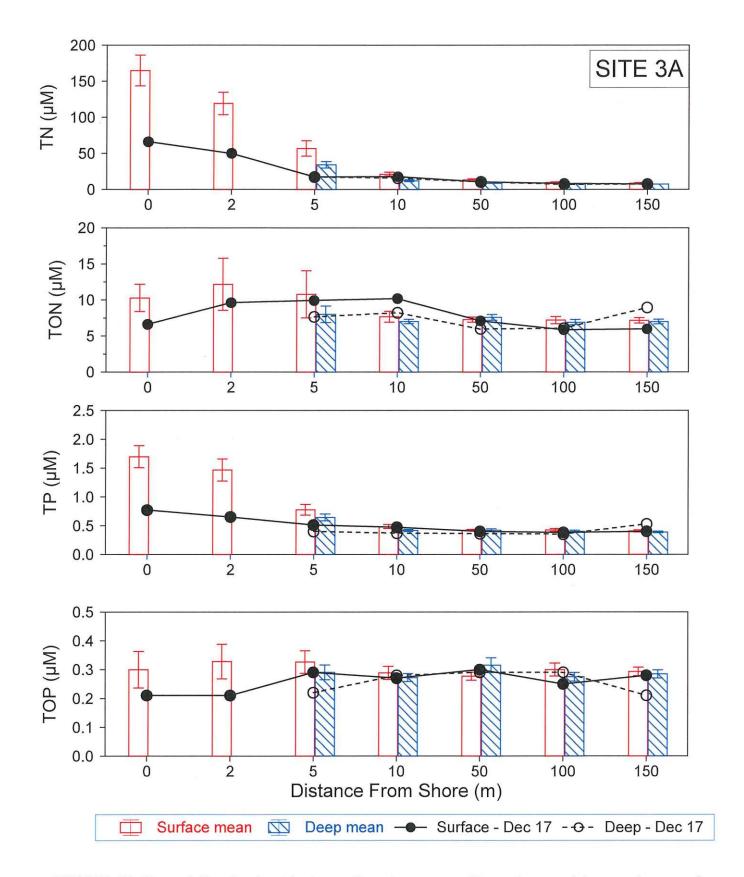


FIGURE 17. Plots of dissolved nutrient constituents measured in surface and deep water samples as a function of distance from the shoreline at Site 3A, offshore of the Makena Resort. Data points and connected lines from samples collected during the most recent survey, bar graphs represent mean values at each sampling station for surveys conducted since June 2007 (N=19). Error bars represent standard error of the mean. For site location, see Figure 1.

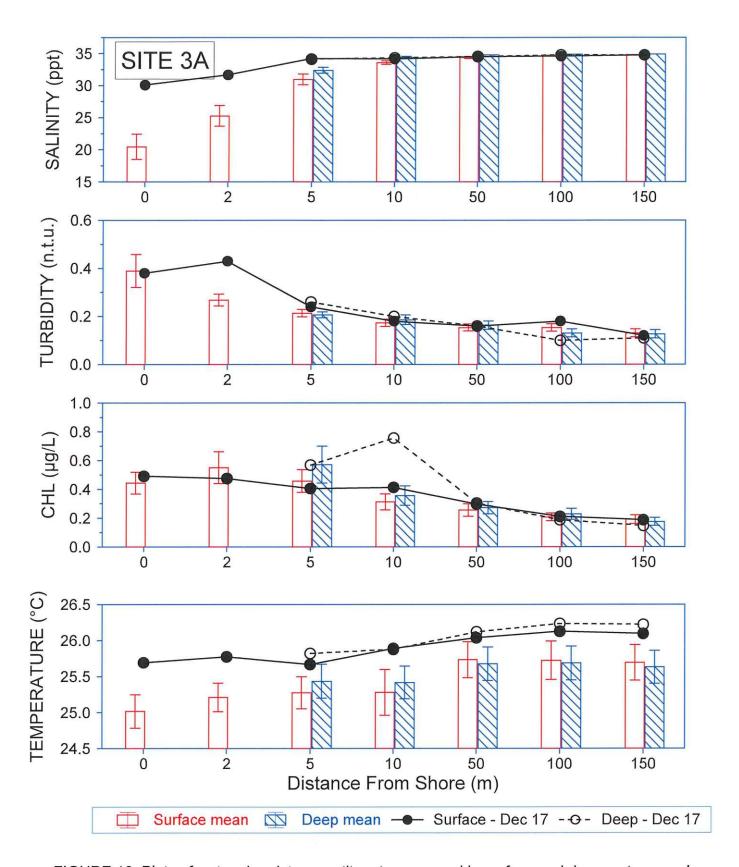


FIGURE 18. Plots of water chemistry constituents measured in surface and deep water samples as a function of distance from the shoreline at Site 3A, offshore of the Makena Resort. Data points and connected lines from samples collected during the most recent survey, bar graphs represent mean values at each sampling station for surveys conducted since June 2007 (N=19). Error bars represent standard error of the mean. For site location, see Figure 1.

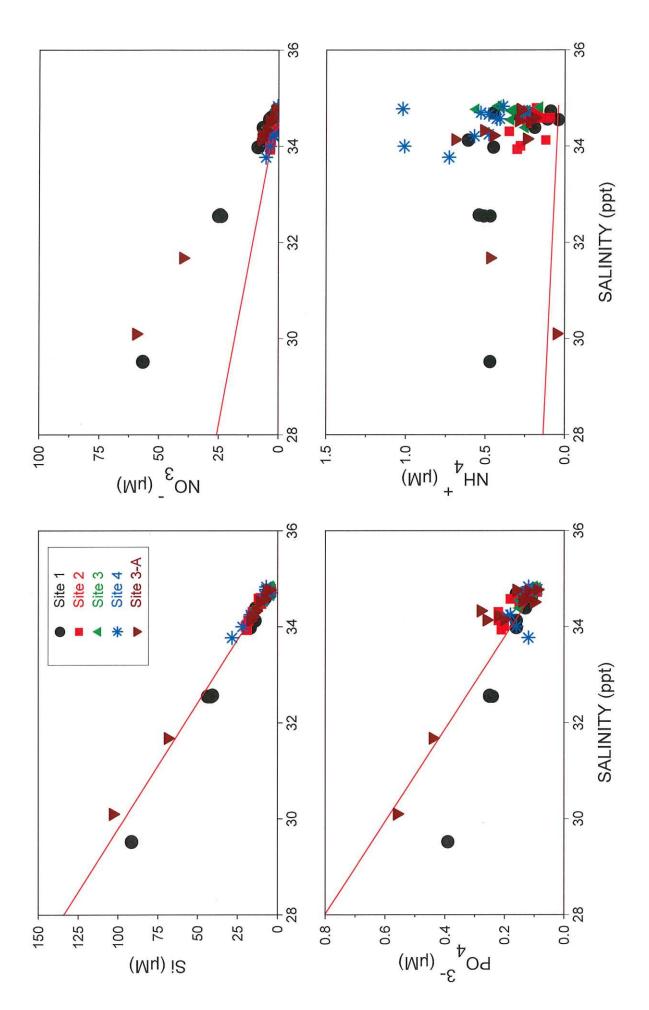


FIGURE 19. Mixing diagram showing concentration of dissolved nutrients from samples collected offshore of the Makena Resort on December 2, 2017 as functions of salinity. Solid red line in each plot is conservative mixing line constructed by connecting the concentrations in open coastal water with water from an irrigation well upslope of the Makena Golf Courses. For sampling site locations, see Figure 1.

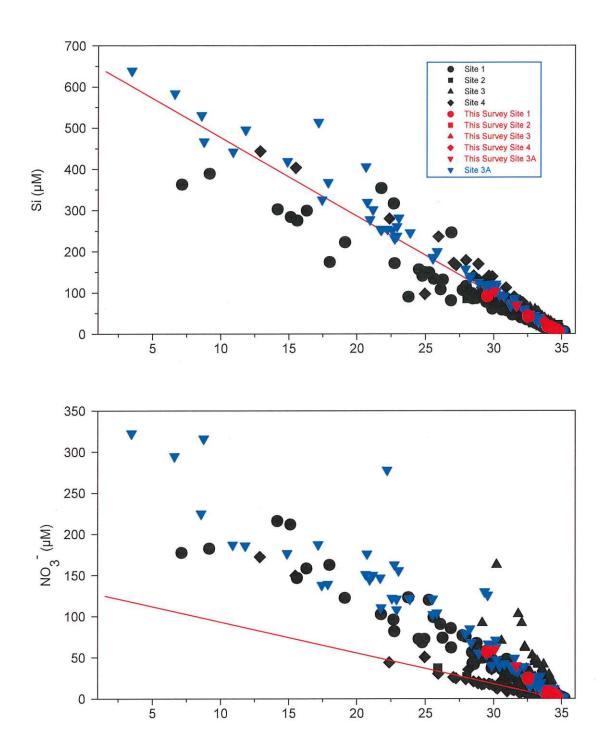


FIGURE 20. Silicate and nitrate, plotted as a function of salinity for surface samples collected since August 1995 at four sites offshore of the Makena Golf Course. Black symbols represent combined data from surveys conducted between August 1995 and December 2017. Blue symbols represent data from surveys at Site 3A commencing in June 2007. Red symbols are data from most recent survey. Solid red line in each plot is conservative mixing line constructed by connecting the concentrations in open coastal water with water from golf course irrigation well #4. For sampling site locations, see Figure 1.

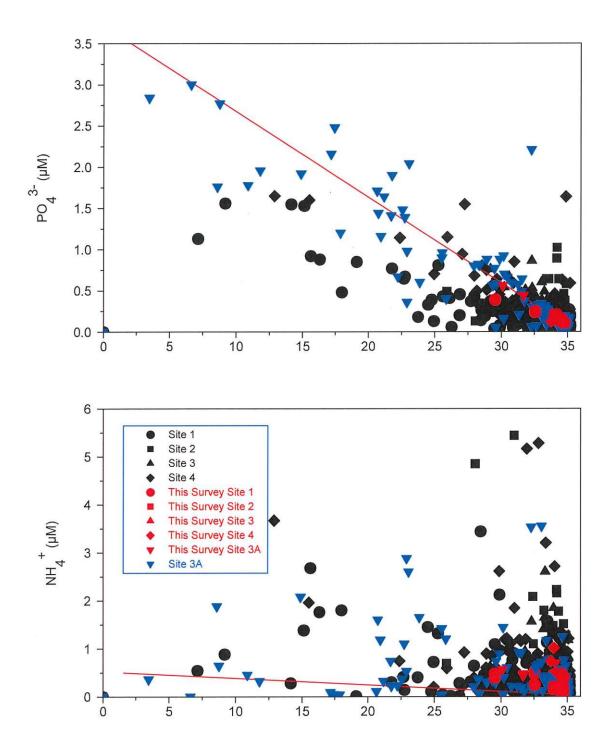


FIGURE 21. Phosphate and ammonium, plotted as a function of salinity for surface samples collected since August 1995 at four sites offshore of the Makena Golf Course. Black symbols represent combined data from surveys conducted between August 1995 and December 2017. Brown symbols represent data from surveys at Site 3A commencing in June 2007. Red symbols are data from the most recent survey. Solid red line in each plot is conservative mixing line constructed by connecting the concentrations in open coastal water with water from golf course irrigation well #4. For sampling site locations, see Figure 1.

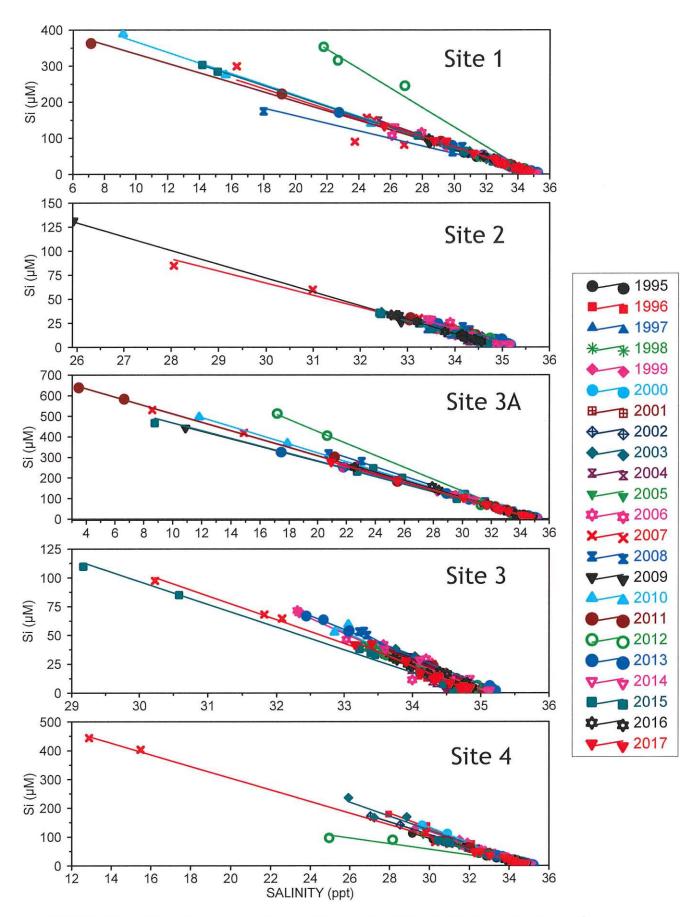


FIGURE 22. Mixing diagram showing yearly concentrations of silicate as functions of salinity from samples collected during annual monitoring surveys at five transect sites offshore of the Makena Resort (Site 3A since 2007). Note axis scale changes between sites. Straight lines are linear regressions through data points for each year. For sampling site locations, see Figure 1.

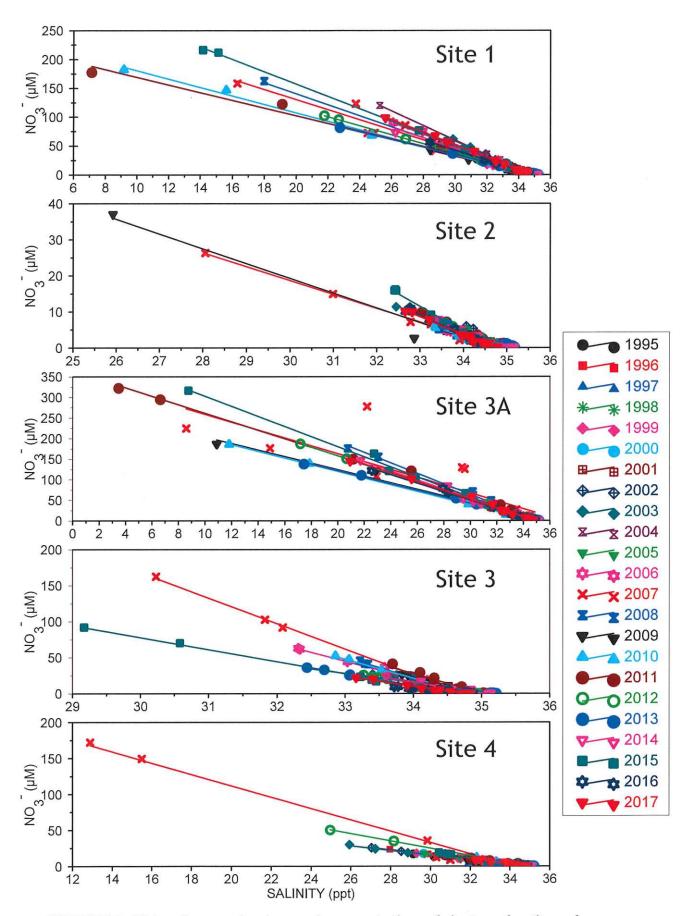


FIGURE 23. Mixing diagram showing yearly concentrations of nitrate as functions of salinity from samples collected during annual monitoring surveys at five transect sites offshore of the Makena Resort (Site 3A since 2007). Note axis scale changes between sites. Straight lines are linear regressions through data points for each year. For sampling site locations, see Figure 1.

TABLE 6. Linear regression statistics (y-intercept and slope) of concentrations of silica as functions of salinity from four ocean transect sites off of the Makena Resort collected during monitoring surveys from 1995 to December 2017 (Transect Site 3 has been monitored since 2002; Trasect Site 34 since 2007). Also shown are standard errors and upper and lower 95% confidence limits around the y-intercepts and slopes. "REGSLOPE" indicates regression statistics for slope of yearly coefficients as a function of time. For location of transect sites, see Figure 1.

SILICA -Y-	SILICA -Y-INTERCEPT	7,	/020	7000	-71	⊢	1			SILICA -	SILICA -Y-INTERCEPT					-SLOPE			
	COEFFICIENTS SIG ETT LOWER 95% Upper 95%	Std Ell	LOWER 90%	Opper 95%	SITE 1	Coemcients	SIG EIL	EIT LOWER 95% L	Opper 95%	YEAK SITE 3	Coemicients	Std Err	Lower 95% Upper 95%	Upper 95%	YEAR	Coefficients		Std Err Lower 95% Upper 95%	Upper 95%
1995	522.34	12.18	491.03	553.66	1995	-15.08	0.38	-16.05	-14.12	2002	931.92	27.54	861.13	1002.71	2002	-26.75	28.0	-28 83	-24 68
1996	629.56	11.05	605.49	653.64	1996	-18.05	0.32	-18.75	-17.34	2003	984.76		894.16	1075.35	2003	-28.10		-30.73	
1997	504.17	2.83	496.89	511.46	1997	-14.43	0.08	-14.65	-14.21	2004	632.75		354.68	910.82	2004	-18.19		-26.24	
1998	484.14	2.44	477.86	490.41	1998	-13.83	0.07	-14.02	-13.64	2005	704.38		590.40	818.35	2005	-20.11		-23.40	
1999	479.11	9.89	457.55	500.66	1999	-13.63	0.29	-14.27	-12.99	2006	928.22	64.18	788.40	1068.05	2006	-26.56		-30.67	
2000	528.68	5.87	513.58	543.77	2000	-15.08	0.18	-15.54	-14.62	2007	722.80		689.97	755.63	2007	-20.60		-21.56	
2001	625.85	10.91	597.82	653.88	2001	-17.76	0.32	-18.57	-16.94	2008	1058.06	48.59	952.18	1163.94	2008	-30.22		-33.29	
2002	502.98	8.68	480.66	525.30	2002	-14.38	0.26	-15.05	-13.72	2009	943.91		840.94	1046.89	2009	-26.90	1.17	-29.90	
2003	625.85	10.91	597.82	653.88	2003	-17.76	0.32	-18.57	-16.94	2010	962.57	74.39	771.34	1153.79	2010	-27.56		-33.18	
2004	546.00	8.33	527.84	564.16	2004	-15.68	0.25	-16.23	-15.14	2011	880.51	26.78	822.17	938.85	2011	-25.06		-26 74	
2005	466.59	11.09	442.42	490.75	2005	-13.31	0.33	-14.02	-12.61	2012	792.34	42.16	683.97	900.71	2012	-22.57		-25.75	
2006	487.68	24.60	434.08	541.28	2006	-13.88	0.76	-15.53	-12.23	2013	840.08		822.95	857.22	2013	-23.79		-24 29	
2007	491.19	34.99	414.95	567.42	2007	-14.11	1.14	-16.59	-11.62	2014	830.08		680.38	97 979	2017	-73 62	1 08	27.07	
2008	371.80	16.96	334 85	408 75	2008	-10.46	0.52	-11.50	0.33	2015	688.07		840.86	720.70	2014	40.74		48.12-	18.31
2009	457.28	10.01		483.02	2000	-12 gg	20.0	-13.76	12.20	2013	720.37		049.00	67.07	2010	-19.74		LS.02-	
2010	515.27	7 85		535.02	2010	-14.78	0.00	15.70	14.06	2017	130.20		018.10	857.41	2016	-21.03		-24.49	
2011	464.80	5.70		477.22	2011	-13 13	0.18	-13.52	-17.74	Pogelopo	4 30	47.33	18 80	40.43	7107	-25.27	45.1	-28.TB	52.35
2012	940.29	78 40		1064 04	2042	26.08	7	34 45	12.7	adolesav	60.4	07.0	-10.03	10.12	Kegsiope	0.13	l	-0.28	0.55
2012	340.23	0.40 0.40	40.010	1004.94	2012	40.70	0.	-31.13	-22.84	1									
2013	486.60	0.40	4/4./0	498.50	2013	-13.72	0.16	-14.07	-13.3/	SITE 3A					SITE 3A		ı		
2014	509.44	9.47	488.81	530.06	2014	-14.47	0.29	-15.09	-13.85	2007	714.10		701.94	726.27	2007	-20.35		-20.75	-19.94
2012	16.706	7.81	501.39	513.63	2015	-14.54	0.09	-14.73	-14.34	2008	805.12	9.00	785.52	824.73	2008	-22.96		-23.57	-22.3
2016	525.36	8.05	507.82	542.90	2016	-14.97	0.24	-15.49	-14.44	2009	646.37	7.80	626.32	666.43	2009	-18.28		-18.96	-17.61
707	99.600	12.73	481.92	537.41	2017	-14.46	0.39	-15.32	-13.61	2010	750.91	5.70	736.26	765.56	2010	-21.44	0.19	-21.94	-20.94
Regslope	-0.01	3.42	-7.12	7.10	Regslope	0.00	0.10	-0.20	0.21	2011	715.44	5.06	704.42	726.45	2011	-20.35		-20.72	-19.99
										2012	1005.34	28.55	931.95	1078.73	2012	-29.01	0.94	-31.44	-26.59
SITE 2					SITE 2					2013	651.22	3.75	643.05	659.40	2013	-18.41		-18.66	-18.16
1995	468.41	85.54	248.51	688.30	1995	-13.47	2.51	-19.93	-7.00	2014	680.15	9.84	658.72	701.59	2014	-19.32		-19.98	-18.66
1996	549.09	177.83	164.91	933.28	1996	-15.62	5.15	-26.75	-4.49	2015	654.59	17.94	615.51	693.67	2015	-18.67		-19.94	
7661	76.796	9.71	543.80	591.33	1997	-16.26	0.29	-16.96	-15.56	2016	725.77		701.65	749.89	2016	-20.76		-21.52	
1998	563.20	37.23	472.10	654.30	1998	-16.11	1.08	-18.76	-13.45	2017	692.56	-	680.79	704.33	2017	-19.77	0.17	-20.14	-19.41
1999	466.74	95.75	261.37	672.11	1999	-13.21	2.78	-19.18	-7.23	Regslope	-5.51	10.14	-28.45	17.43	Regslope	0.15	0.30	-0.53	0.83
2000	7.0.15	27.32	703.31	837.00	2000	-22.06	0.80	-24.02	-20.11										
2001	1254.31	74.17	1072.82	1435.81	2001	-35.68	2.12	-40.87	-30.49	SITE 4					SITE 4				
2002	577.53	29.40	205.60	649.46	2002	-16.54	0.86	-18.64	-14.44	1995	710.45		687.74	733.15	1995	-20.55	0.27	-21.25	
2003	505.05	20.10	461.94	548.15	2003	-14.37	0.59	-15.63	-13.11	1996	917.33	13.38	888.18	946.47	1996	-26.23	0.40	-27.10	
2004	565.31	93.71	364.33	766.29	2004	-16.23	2.73	-22.09	-10.38	1997	776.74	3.53	767.66	785.82	1997	-22.27	0.11	-22.55	-21.99
2005	339.08	33.78	266.64	411.52	2005	-9.61	0.98	-11.70	-7.52	1998	841.35	6.75	824.00	858.70	1998	-24.07	0.20	-24.58	-23.56
2006	553.48	62.93	418.51	688.45	2006	-15.82	1.83	-19.75	-11.89	1999	823.63	24.78	769.63	877.62	1999	-23.50	0.73	-25.10	-21.9
2007	443.05	17.15	406.27	479.84	2007	-12.54	0.51	-13.64	-11.45	2000	946.97	12.51	914.80	979.14	2000	-27.12	0.37	-28.08	-26.16
2008	402.41	73.66	244.42	560.41	2008	-11.41	2.14	-15.99	-6.83	2001	1403.91	260.13	735.22	2072.61	2001	-39.92	7.42	-58.99	-20.86
2009	501.76	9.02	479.69	523.82	2009	-14.32	0.27	-14.98	-13.66	2002	767.85	4.37	756.63	779.08	2002	-21.99		-22.34	-21.65
2010	490.17	22.77	434.46	545.87	2010	-13.97	0.67	-15.61	-12.33	2003	854.37	29.88	789.26	919.48	2003	-24.36		-26.34	-22.39
2011	501.35	17.35	464.13	538.56	2011	-14.24	0.50	-15.31	-13.16	2004	843.49	37.55	761.67	925.31	2004	-24.27		-26.66	-21.88
2012	411.67	48.31	293.48	529.87	2012	-11.62	1.41	-15.06	-8.18	2005	703.97	14.00	673.47	734.46	2005	-20.11		-21.00	-19.22
2013	485.00	16.53	459.55	530.45	2013	-13.97	0.48	-14.99	-12.95	2006	735.05	14.01	704.53	765.57	2006	-20.96		-21.86	-20.06
2014	538.49	26.79	481.03	595.94	2014	-15.29	0.78	-16.96	-13.62	2007	710.11	7.14	694.56	725.66	2007	-20.27	0.23	-20.77	-19.78
2010	2000	2 2	20.07	0000	2013	14.01	4.0	10.09	71.00	2008	112.32		6/2.63	152.01	2008	-20.33		-21.49	-19.1
2012	477 82	33 39	406.22	549.43	2010	-13.07	00.0	-16.40	-11.08	2010	673 00	70.8	67.75	735.84	2009	-20.34	0.24	-20.95	-19.73
Regslope	-7.06	5.43	-18.34	4.23	Regslope	0.21	0,15	-0.12	0.53	2011	688.21		672.74	703.68	2011	-19.14		-19.02	10.00
										2012	353.00	29.28	27774	428.26	2012	98 0-		-12 17	7.7.
										2013	642.86	7.88	625.69	660.03	2013	-18.19		-18 69	-17.70
										2014	767.19	45.16	668.80	865.57	2014	-21.85		-24.71	-18.99
										2015	704.12	6.94	689.00	719.25	2015	-20.22		-20.67	-19.77
										2016	519.87	47.66	416.03	623.70	2016	-14.72		-17.75	
										2017	631.99	34.22	557.43	706.55	2017	-18.02		-20.21	
										Dograph	45 26	20.2	00.10	4 02		0.45		0.45	1

-18.19 -21.85 -20.22 -14.72 -18.02

-25.89

5.06

Regslope

0.14

-12.20 -5.39 -12.37 -21.52 -34.34 -23.12 -22.22 -23.88 -14.65 -16.19 -9.92 -10.44 -7.76 -10.19 -21.28 -6.72 -7.99 -10.33 -9.84 0.0 -3.43 -3.10 -3.34 -3.19 -3.09 -3.00 -2.95 -3.00 -3.44 4.99 -0.91 -2.63 -11.79 Std Err Lower 95% Upper 959 -28.43 -22.36 -19.09 -32.22 -15.53 -3.70 -3.46 -3.46 -3.57 -3.57 -3.57 -3.57 -3.57 -3.57 -3.79 -3.79 -3.79 -3.79 -3.79 -3.79 -3.79 -3.79 -3.79 -3.79 -3.79 -3.77 -27.70 -36.68 -28.43 -25.08 -29.26 -8.89 -0.10 -13.03 -9.25 -8.32 -10.71 -10.76 -8.18 -11.73 -12.78 -10.97 -3.63 -3.34 -3.46 -6.89 -18.61 -11.26 -0.48 1.67 0.24 0.06 0.06 0.06 0.10 0.32 0.23 0.26 0.00 0.37 Soefficients -15.09 -12.62 -15.39 -7.14 -7.14 -9.57 -12.81 -7.98 -8.15 -10.31 -10.60 -7.97 -11.03 -24.49 -19.86 -13.37 -15.33 -24.61 -25.78 -23.65 -26.57 -26.75 -2.87 -3.28 -3.89 -3.29 -7.87 -1.79 -3.07 -1.14 -3.24 -4.33 **VITRATE - SLOPE** 69.0 -10.41 -10.72 6.1 -3.40 -3.24 -3.13 -3.40 -5.13 -3.62 YEAR 2002 2003 2004 2005 2012 2009 2011 2012 2013 2014 2002 2003 2003 2004 2005 2005 2007 2008 2009 2010 2010 2013 2014 2015 2006 2008 2009 2010 2011 2014 EGSLOPE EGSLOPE 2016 2015 2016 1995 1998 2000 2012 2007 2007 2008 2017 1996 1997 SITE 3A SITE 3 982.01 779.38 661.40 321.60 288.02 374.53 48.39 134.62 160.48 1015.80 1126.65 599.23 309.91 526.30 376.45 441.04 391.13 15.17 117.57 116.33 120.43 124.33 291.32 111.04 638.34 962.02 1273.06 542.28 458.60 650.77 464.95 408.32 125.88 241.94 127.25 119.79 145.07 132.87 183.51 Std Err | Lower 95% | Upper 95% 991.25 379.01 463.1 778.08 833.09 747.07 278.48 352.58 364.84 274.17 362.99 410.32 -9.78 107.97 101.94 116.58 -40.08 104.85 92.40 139.57 30.58 108.18 712.88 607.10 266.04 1193.63 512.22 429.97 426.87 561.42 189.27 -51.04 431.19 246.38 356.65 110.56 124.86 247.16 54.11 103.30 105.35 120.94 174.38 432.72 751.91 808.57 107.77 32.58 52.35 39.54 90.73 47.19 48.22 18.23 19.10 35.54 10.40 3.30 0.75 54.85 4.47 1.76 10.13 4.05 1.51 16.96 41.92 5.85 6.57 51.38 8.68 12.71 14.63 1.86 5.48 1.88 3.14 8.19 5.51 3.25 4.64 2.74 1.78 3.63 9.69 4.80 7.91 NITRATE -Y-INTERCEPT

YEAR | Coefficients | St 693.24 463.72 535.53 856.96 827.18 924.44 936.86 538.82 580.33 249.59 480.43 -23.78 283.99 283.25 364.51 369.69 281.00 385.66 425.68 847.45 1233.34 527.25 444.28 122.56 109.13 118.51 100.93 269.24 62.93 107.17 148.96 126.90 178.94 40.48 113.51 150.03 53.95 131.68 899.91 361.17 373.89 2.70 113.78 134.97 114.59 118.91 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 EGSLOPE 2014 2015 2016 1995 1996 1997 1998 2000 2000 2002 2003 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2015 2017 2014 SITE 3A SITE 3 SITE 4 -8.92 -9.05 -6.41 -6.89 -8.41 -8.49 -10.58 -3.88 -3.53 -3.27 -3.64 -2.29 -3.43 6.10 -6.66 12.42 -9.92 -7.60 6.19 -7.73 6.50 -3.13 4.35 3.64 -3.97 -11.58 -2.37 Std Err | Lower 95% | Upper -10.32 -0.31 -12.60 -13.06 -10.89 -10.89 -10.00 -7.72 -7.72 -7.72 -7.72 -7.72 -7.72 -7.72 -7.72 -7.72 -7.72 -7.72 -7.72 -7.72 -7.72 -7.72 -7.72 -7.73 -9.40 -10.05 -9.97 -11.85 -7.84 -6.79 -4.38 -4.20 -5.97 4.29 48.4 4.3.88 3.89 4.06 4.64 4.64 4.64 4.64 -5.51 -4.03 -7.30 -5.79 -5.23 -9.17 0.28 0.052 0.023 0.022 0.022 0.022 0.033 0.004 0.004 0.008 0.22 0.06 0.06 0.16 0.10 0.16 0.41 0.08 0.22 1.72 0.18 0.26 0.14 0.10 0.37 0.27 0.18 0.14 0.31 0.31 -12.09 -8.48 -10.40 -9.49 -11.70 -7.72 -6.44 -9.60 -6.65 -7.31 -6.66 -6.59 -10.68 -10.88 0.04 4.41 4.68 4.19 -2.94 -3.57 -3.09 -3.08 -3.88 -5.16 -3.84 -4.38 -6.93 -5.22 -4.88 Coefficients 4.74 -8.91 -8.73 -9.52 -3.31 **VITRATE - SLOPE** 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2014 2015 2016 2017 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2014 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2003 2004 2005 2006 2013 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2013 2016 2001 2002 2010 2012 2007 2000 2011 2001 438.30 452.99 312.56 377.45 122.19 361.44 323.03 339.67 346.60 239.81 250.37 235.37 337.63 320.87 388.48 **2.92** 146.32 176.91 167.99 141.24 135.61 164.34 160.94 179.81 192.41 141.94 167.38 252.62 201.47 318.41 149.01 Upper 95% 344. Coefficients Std Err Lower 95% 233.40 431.68 270.45 315.29 229.40 296.03 365.76 296.20 368.83 -5.30 83.13 264.91 213.66 301.14 311.61 404.28 346.08 224.01 241.88 220.66 270.26 179.95 86.10 135.13 36.98 149.82 122.74 114.26 127.30 120.08 152.64 168.38 128.41 227.99 162.54 136.21 139.71 80.41 7.10 4.62 1.93 1.55 5.32 5.32 3.36 9.69 17.43 7.81 7.44 7.20 15.88 3.07 4.57 6.82 0.94 9.55 2.36 5.66 4.51 1.97 18.44 5.64 5.33 14.04 2.83 6.31 10.55 9.11 4.89 3.25 9.04 10.49 3.15 6.45 5.74 9.07 5.52 **0.98** 1.37 6.33 4.91 NITRATE -Y-INTERCEPT 326.50 336.49 406.96 268.90 225.24 309.77 305.06 330.95 231.91 336.53 421.29 442.33 361.76 253.63 235.52 232.39 316.83 370.90 308.54 378.66 106.36 193.75 166.93 116.21 163.36 145.36 102.66 142.21 180.39 135.18 240.30 182.01 169.76 278.21 142.07 154.93 180.82 134.27 108.01 166.23 YEAR 2014 2015 2016 2017 1995

-1.53 -3.79

2016

77.32

10.73

2017

REGSLOPE

-2.99

1.42

0.04

REGSLOPE

2017

TABLE 8. Linear regression statistics (y-intercept and slope) of concentrations of orthophosphate phosphorus as functions of salinity from four ocean transect sites off of the Makena Resort collected during monitoring surveys from 1995 to December 2017 (Transect site 3 has been monitored since 2002; Trasect Site 3A since 2007). Also shown are standard errors and upper and lower 95% confidence limits around the y-intercepts and slopes. For location of transect sites, see Figure 1.

全	E -Y-INT	ERCEPT			工	ATE - SLOPE		- 1		主	1TE -Y-IN	TERCEPI			PHOSPH	PHOSPHATE - SLOPE	OPE		
YEAK C	Coefficients	Std Err	Lower 95% Upper 95%	Upper 95%	YEAR	Coefficients		Std Err Lower 95% L	Upper 95%	یے	Coefficients Std Err Lower 95%Upper 95%	Std Err	ower 95%U	oper 95%	~	Coefficients Std Err Lower 95% Upper 95	Std Err Lo	wer 95%Up	per 95%
1995	1.04	0.14	0.68	1.39		-0.03	0.00	-0.04	-0.02	2002	4 62	2.34	1,34	10 55	2002	0 43	20.0	06.0	Š
1996	1.78	0.12	1.52	2.03		-0.05	0.00	90.0-	-0.04	2003	7.38	0.99	5.24	9.53	2003	-0.21	0.03	-0.37	0.04
1997	1.40	0.12	1.10	1.69	1997	-0.04	00.00	-0.05	-0.03	2004	7.40	0.78	5.70	9.10	2004	-0.21	0.02	-0.26	0.16
1998	1.10	0.06	0.95	1.25	1998	-0.03	00.00	-0.03	-0.02	2005	3.17	0.53	2.03	4.32	2005	-0.09	0.02	-0.12	-0.06
1999	1.07	0.12	0.80	1.34		-0.03	0.00	-0.03	-0.02	2006	7.32	1.16	4.80	9.84	2006	-0.21	0.03	-0.28	-0.13
2000	0.89	0.12	0.59	1.19	_	-0.02	0.00	-0.03	-0.01	2007	4.46	0.46	3.47	5.45	2007	-0.13	0.01	-0.16	-0.10
2002	2.16	0.76	0.22	4.11		-0.06	0.02	-0.12	0.00	2008	4.01	1.13	1.56	6.47	2008	-0.11	0.03	-0.18	-0.04
2002	1.12	0.68	-0.64	2.88		-0.03	0.02	-0.08	0.02	2009	3.12	2.67	-3.74	9.99	2009	-0.09	0.08	-0.29	0.11
2003	0.40	. c	0.00	0.80		0.00	0.01	-0.02	0.00	2010	6.25	2.27	0.41	12.09	2010	-0.18	0.07	-0.35	-0.01
2004	7.7	2 2	7.00	3.08		-0.08	10.0	-0.09	90.0	2011	0.86	0.75	-0.79	2.50	2011	-0.02	0.02	-0.07	0.03
2002	70.05	2.0	45.0	0.29		0.00	0.00	-0.01	0.01	2012	6.37	0.53	5.01	7.73	2012	9.18	0.02	-0.22	-0.14
2000	00.	2 0	20.1	20.1		-0.04	0.00	-0.04	-0.03	2013	4.80	0.28	4.19	5.42	2013	0.13	0.01	-0.15	-0.12
2007	1.07	0.20	0.64	1.50	\perp	-0.03	0.01	-0.04	-0.02	2014	5.15	0.98	3.00	7.29	2014	-0.14	0.03	-0.20	-0.08
2008	0.89	0.13	0.61	1.16		-0.02	0.00	-0.03	-0.02	2015	4.53	0.23	4.01	5.04	2015	-0.13	0.01	-0.14	-0.11
2009	0.87	0.38	-0.12	1.85		-0.02	0.01	-0.05	0.01	2016	6.32	0.62	4.98	7.66	2016	-0.18	0.02	-0.22	-0.14
2010	1.86	0.18	1.40	2.31		-0.05	0.0	-0.07	-0.04	2017	3.29	0.62	1.94	4.63	2017	-0.09	0.02	-0.13	-0.05
2011	1.47	0.11	1.24	1.70		-0.04	0.00	-0.05	-0.03	REGSLOPE	-0.09	0.10	-0.31	0.12	REGSLOPE	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01
2012	1.65	0.08	1.45	1.86		-0.04	0.00	-0.05	-0.04										
2013	1.73	0.08	1.56	1.90		-0.05	0.00	-0.05	-0.04	SITE 3A					SITE 3A				
2014	0.06	0.27	-0.53	0.65		00.00	0.01	-0.02	0.02	2007	2.39	0.24	1.86	2.93	2007	-0.07	0.01	-0.09	-0.05
2015	2.57	0.09	2.37	2.76	2015	-0.07	0.00	-0.08	-0.07	2008	4.43	0.49	3.36	5.50	2008	-0.13	0.02	-0.16	60.0-
2016	1.50	0.21	1.05	1.95		-0.04	0.01	-0.05	-0.03	2009	2.60	0.15	2.21	2.99	2009	-0.07	0.01	-0.09	-0.06
2017	1.24	0.26	0.68	1.80		-0.03	0.01	-0.05	-0.02	2010	2.75	0.29	2.01	3.48	2010	-0.07	0.01	-0.10	-0.05
REGSLOPE	0.01	0.02	-0.04	0.05	REGSLOPE	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2011	3.42	0.41	2.53	4.31	2011	-0.09	0.01	-0.12	-0.06
										2012	4.06	0.04	3.96	4.17	2012	-0.11	0.00	-0.12	-0.11
SITE 2					SITE 2					2013	4.76	0.07	4.61	4.91	2013	6.13	00.0	-0.14	-0.13
1995	0.15	0.63	-1.46	1.76		0.00	0.02	-0.05	0.04	2014	3.60	0.10	3.38	3.82	2014	-0.10	0.00	-0.11	-0.09
1996	2.03	1.59	-1.41	5.48	_	-0.06	0.05	-0.16	0.04	2015	3.36	0.26	2.80	3.92	2015	-0.10	0.01	-0.11	-0.08
1997	3.70	0.25	3.10	4.31		-0.10	0.01	-0.12	-0.09	2016	3.93	0.06	3.80	4.07	2016	-0.11	0.00	-0.11	-0.11
1998	3.55	1.44	0.03	7.07		-0.10	0.04	-0.20	0.00	2017	2.94	0.13	2.66	3.23	2017	-0.08	0.00	-0.09	-0.07
1999	3.68	5.55	-8.22	15.58		-0.10	0.16	-0.44	0.25	REGSLOPE	90.0	0.07	-0.11	0.23	REGSLOPE	87.6-	15.17	-0.01	0.00
2000	12.78	1.18	9.89	15.66		-0.36	0.03	-0.45	-0.28										
2001	30.73	3.12	23.09	38.37	2001	-0.87	0.09	-1.09	-0.65	SITE 4					SITE 4				
2002	6.67	1.68	2.57	10.77		-0.19	0.05	-0.31	-0.07	1995	2.44	0.15	2.04	2.84	1995	-0.07	00:0	-0.08	-0.06
2003	3.57	0.31	2.90	4.24		-0.10	0.01	-0.12	-0.08	1996	3.08	0.13	2.79	3.37	1996	-0.09	0.00	-0.09	-0.08
2004	5.76	0.53	4.62	6.91		-0.16	0.02	-0.20	-0.13	1997	2.95	0.09	2.71	3.19	1997	-0.08	00:00	-0.09	-0.07
2005	-0.95	2.96	-7.31	5.40		0.03	0.09	-0.15	0.21	1998	3.50	0.46	2.32	4.67	1998	-0.10	0.01	-0.13	-0.06
2006	1.88	0.57	0.67	3.10		-0.05	0.02	-0.09	-0.02	1999	3.26	0.14	2.96	3.55	1999	-0.09	0.00	-0.10	-0.08
2007	0.22	0.26	-0.34	0.78		0.00	0.01	-0.02	0.01	2000	3.29	0.20	2.77	3.82	2000	-0.09	0.01	-0.10	-0.07
2008	1.50	1.14	-0.95	3.95		-0.04	0.03	-0.11	0.03	2001	-19.16	22.66	-77.41	39.09	2001	0.55	0.65	-1.11	2.21
2003	5 6	10.0	7.7	4.00	2040	-0.04	0.0	-0.07	-0.02	2002	3.98	0.15	3.60	4.35	2002	0.11	0.00	-0.12	0.10
2013	2 4	2. 0	7.43	4.30		-0.03	20.00	- - - -	0.00	2003	4.13	1.29	7.33	6.93	2003	0.11	0.04	-0.19	-0.02
2012	3.21	09:0	1.74	4.68	<u></u>	60 0	0.0	-0.03	-0.04	2004	2.70	0.78	40.0 40.0	0.47	2004	-0.13	0.02	0.18	90.0
2013	2.12	0.57	06.0	3.34	2013	-0.06	0.02	-0.09	-0.02	2006	2.15	0.40	1.28	3 02	2002	90.0	0.0	00.00	2 6
2014	2.21	0.61	06.0	3.51	<u> </u>	90.0-	0.02	-0.10	-0.02	2007	2.65	0.09	2.46	2.83	2007	-0.07	000	80.5	20.0
2015	2.52	0.30	1.88	3.16		-0.07	0.01	60:0-	-0.05	2008	2.98	0.67	1.52	4.44	2008	-0.08	0.02	-0.13	-0.04
2016	3.98	0.55	2.81	5.15		-0.11	0.02	-0.15	-0.08	2009	1.51	0.65	-0.16	3.19	2009	-0.04	0.02	-0.09	0.01
2017	0.99	0.62	-0.35	2.33		-0.03	0.02	90.0-	0.01	2010	0.76	0.47	-0.46	1.97	2010	-0.02	0.01	-0.06	0.02
REGSLOPE	-0.23	0.20	-0.65	0.18	REGSLOPE	0.01	0.01	-0.01	0.02	2011	2.15	0.30	1.51	2.80	2011	-0.06	0.01	-0.08	-0.04
										2012	2.06	0.07	1.87	2.25	2012	-0.05	0.00	-0.06	-0.05
										2013	0.20	1.93	4.02	4.41	2013	0.00	90.0	-0.12	0.12
										2014	4.0	50.7	5.09	4.02	2014	-0.01	0.05	-0.11	0.00
										2015	3.40	0.10	1 86	7.85	2015	\n.\o\	0.00	0.08	90.0
										2017	1.38	0.28	0.77	1.99	2017	0.04	0.01	-0.05	000
										REGSLOPE	0.02	0.15	-0.30	0.33	REGSLOPE	00.0	0.00	-0.01	0.01

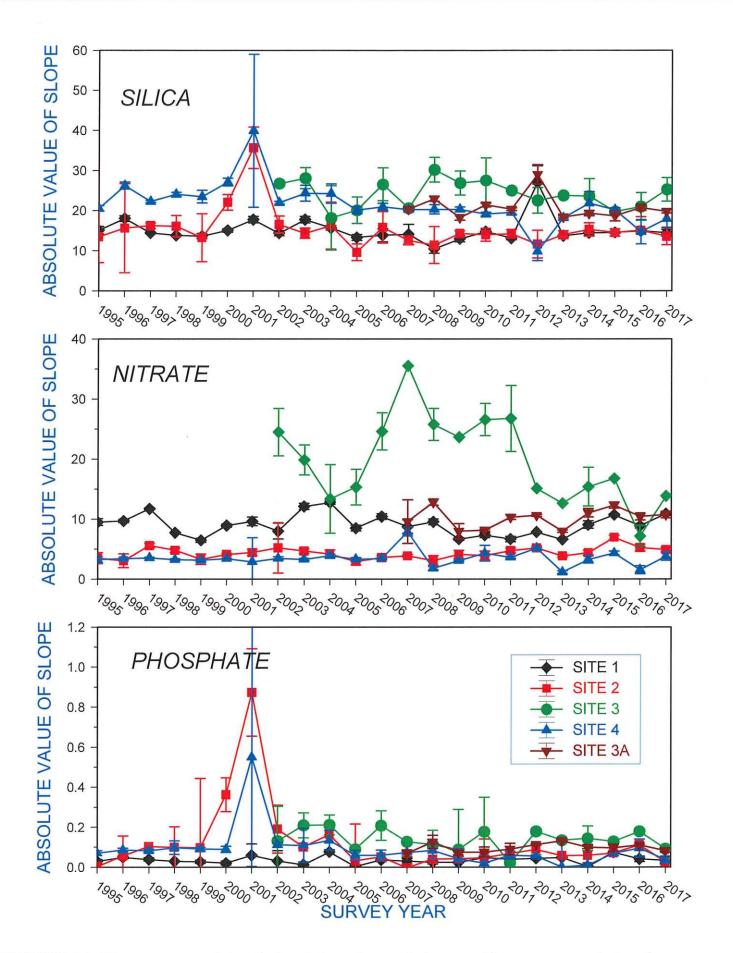


FIGURE 24. Time-course plots of absolute values of slopes of linear regressions of concentrations of silca, nitrate and phosphate as functions of salinity collected annually at each of the transect monitoring stations off the Makena Resort (Site 3A began in June 2007). Error bars are 95% confidence limits (Note error bar for Site 4 Phosphate is off scale). For locations of sampling transect sites, see Figure 1.

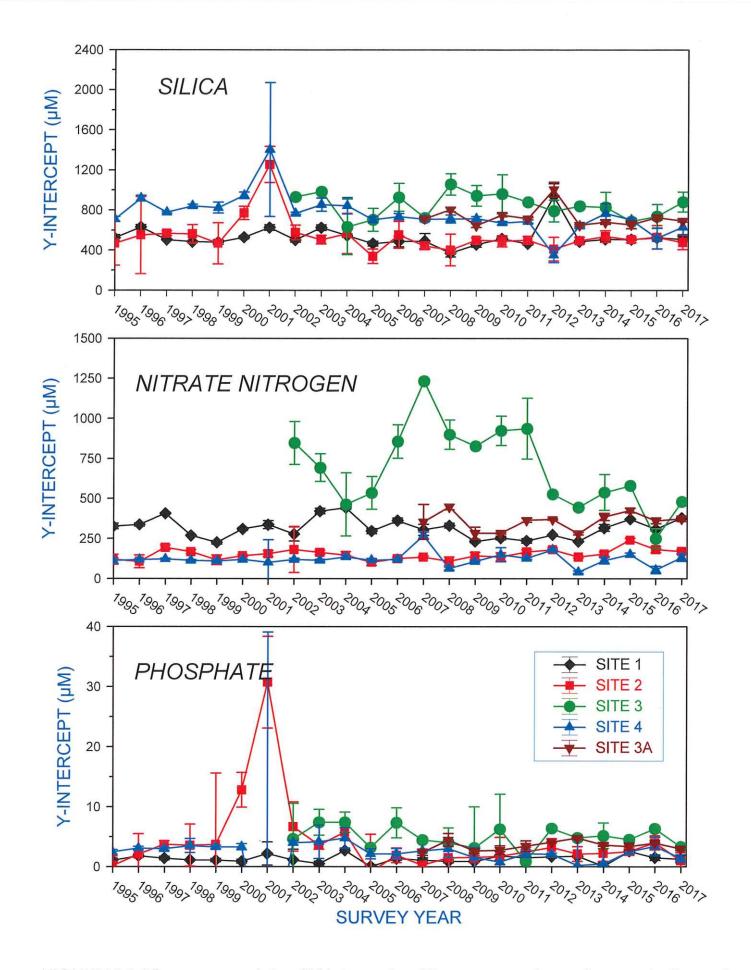


FIGURE 25. Time-course plots of Y-intercepts of linear regressions of concentrations of silca, nitrate and phosphorus as functions of salinity collected annually at each of the transect monitoring stations off the Makena Resort (Site 3A began in June 2007). Error bars are 95% confidence limits. For locations of sampling transect sites, see Figure 1.