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BEFORE THE LAND USE COMMISSION

OF THE STATE OF HAWAI'I

In the Matter of the Petition of:

DOCKET NO. A15-798

WAIKAPU PROPERTIES, LLC; MTP LAND PARTNERS, LLC; WILLIAM S. FILIOS, Trustee of the William S. Filios Separate Property Trust dated APRIL 3, 2000; and WAIALE 905 PARTNERS, LLC, DIRECT TESTIMONY OF STEVEN M. PARABICOLI

To Amend the Agricultural Land Use District Boundaries into the Rural Land Use District for certain lands situate at Waikapu, District of Wailuku, Island and County of Maui, State of Hawaii, consisting of 92.394 acres and 57.454 acres, bearing Tax Map Key No. (2) 3-6-004:003 (por) and to Amend the Agricultural Land Use District Boundaries into the Urban Land Use District for certain lands situate at Waikapu, District of Wailuku, Island and County of Maui, State of Hawaii, consisting of 236.326 acres, 53.775 acres, and 45.054 acres, bearing Tax Map Key No. (2) 3-6-002:003 (por), (2) 3-6-004:006 and (2) 3-6-005:007 (por).

DIRECT TESTIMONY OF STEVEN M. PARABICOLI

- 1 My name is Steven M. Parabicoli.
- I have been employed in the water and wastewater
- 3 industry in Hawaii for thirty-eight years. The bulk of my
- 4 experience has been on the island of Maui but I have also been
- 5 involved in projects throughout the State of Hawaii. Most of my
- 6 experience was with the County of Maui's Wastewater Reclamation
- 7 Division. I have also worked part time in the private sector as
- 8 a consultant and taught water and wastewater classes for the
- 9 University of Hawaii.
- I possess a Hawaii Grade IV Wastewater Operator
- Il certification. This is the highest level of operator
- 12 certification issued by the Hawaii Department of Health's Board
- 13 of Wastewater Operator Certification.
- I am a past president of the Hawaii Water Environment
- 15 Association; which is the local chapter of the international
- 16 Water Environment Association. I currently serve on the Hawaii
- 17 Water Environment Association's Water Reuse Committee.
- I received a Bachelor of Science in Biology in 1978
- 19 from Framingham State College (Massachusetts).
- 20 After graduating from college, I relocated to Maui.
- I started my career in the water and wastewater
- 22 industry in 1979 at the Pukalani Wastewater Treatment Plant as a
- 23 wastewater treatment plant operator and laboratory technician.

- 1 I then worked for the Kapalua Water and Wastewater
- 2 Treatment Company as a wastewater treatment plant operator,
- 3 laboratory technician and water distribution operator from 1980
- 4 to 1984. During this period, I passed the Hawaii Grades II and
- 5 III Wastewater Operator examinations.
- The County of Maui extended its west Maui wastewater
- 7 collection system to the Kapalua area in 1984. As a result,
- 8 Kapalua Water and Wastewater Treatment Company planned to shut
- 9 down its wastewater treatment plants. Since I possessed a Grade
- 10 3 Wastewater Operator license, I was hired by the County of
- 11 Maui's Wastewater Reclamation Division as a wastewater treatment
- 12 plant operator at the Wailuku-Kahului Wastewater Reclamation
- 13 Facility in April 1984.
- I was promoted to the facility's supervisor position
- in 1985. I remained in that position until 1993.
- I obtained my Hawaii Grade IV Wastewater Operator
- 17 license while in this position and have held it ever since.
- 18 During this time period, the County of Maui established a goal
- 19 to reduce its reliance on injection wells utilized to dispose of
- 20 the treated effluent from its wastewater facilities. In 1993,
- 21 the County created the position of Water Recycling Program
- 22 Coordinator. I applied and was selected for this position and
- 23 held it for twenty years.

- 1 While in this position, I was involved in all aspects
- 2 of water recycling and reuse including troubleshooting plant
- 3 operations, long range planning, writing reports, public
- 4 education and outreach, budgeting, grant writing, project
- 5 inspections, permitting and recycled water distribution system
- 6 operation and maintenance. I also published a number of papers
- 7 on water reuse and delivered numerous presentations on this
- 8 topic at local and national conferences.
- 9 I was selected to fill the position of Wastewater
- 10 Operations Program Superintendent in 2013. After two years in
- 11 this position, I concluded my career with the County of Maui and
- 12 retired at the end of 2014 with close to thirty-one years of
- 13 service.
- I also worked part time as a Project Manager for over
- 15 thirteen years for the Limtiaco Consulting Group, a civil and
- 16 environmental consulting firm from Honolulu. I worked on several
- 17 projects in this capacity. These projects were related to
- 18 wastewater treatment, water reuse and water conservation
- 19 initiatives.
- I am currently a part time lecturer for the University
- 21 of Hawaii Maui College. I teach an entry level water and
- 22 wastewater operator class for the Sustainable Living Institute
- 23 of Maui.

- I am also a part time instructor for the University of
- 2 Hawaii's Water Resource Research Center. I teach short one to
- 3 three-day classes to wastewater operators so that they can earn
- 4 continuing education units required to maintain their respective
- 5 Hawaii wastewater operator certifications.
- A copy of my curriculum vitae is attached as Exhibit
- 7 "29."
- 8 Since 2015, I have been a partner with Mana Water LLC.
- 9 My title is Chief Technical Officer. Mana Water is based in
- 10 Lahaina, Hawaii. Mana Water has teamed with select companies to
- 11 provide local engineering and design support for our projects.
- 12 Our goal is to bring sustainable wastewater reclamation and
- 13 reuse to Hawaii by introducing the Organica Water wastewater
- 14 treatment system to our State. Organica Water is based in
- 15 Budapest, Hungary with offices in Princeton, New Jersey and was
- 16 founded in 1998.
- 17 The Organica Water wastewater system utilizes attached
- 18 microorganisms that grow on both plant roots and engineered
- 19 media; the microorganisms, coupled with fine bubble aeration,
- 20 break down the contaminants in wastewater and produce effluent
- 21 that is suitable for water reuse applications.
- 22 Mana Water prepared a report concerning the use of the
- 23 Organica Water wastewater system for the Waikapu Country Town

- 1 project. A copy of the report is attached as Appendix "K" to
- 2 Exhibit "25" which is the Final Environmental Impact Statement.
- 3 I was involved in the preparation of the report and the report
- 4 accurately reflects the opinions of Mana Water on a recommended
- 5 method of treating the wastewater that will be generated by the
- 6 Waikapu Country Town project.
- 7 I would like to discuss the Organica Water wastewater
- 8 system with you and how the system would be beneficial for both
- 9 the project and for Maui.
- 10 I visited several Organica Water facilities in April
- 11 2015.
- I was very impressed by the operational aspects of
- 13 these facilities. Each facility produced very clean effluent
- 14 and was odor free. The plants utilized are tropical in nature
- 15 and the root zones provide an ideal habitat for beneficial
- 16 microorganisms to attach and grow. The tropical plants also
- 17 provide a vastly improved aesthetic experience as compared to
- 18 the industrial appearances of typical wastewater treatment
- 19 plants. When touring an Organica Water facility, it feels as
- 20 though you are walking through a botanical garden rather than a
- 21 wastewater treatment plant.
- 22 Plant operators at these facilities stated that the
- 23 Organica Water wastewater facilities were much easier to operate

- 1 and performed better than conventional activated sludge
- 2 facilities.
- 3 Organica Water has over ninety facilities in operation
- 4 worldwide in Europe, Asia and North America. Many of these
- 5 facilities are in city or urban environments such as near busy
- 6 intersections, or located very close to places frequented by
- 7 people.
- 8 The Organica Water wastewater system utilizes a
- 9 diverse biological system to improve efficiency. Food Chain
- 10 Reactors that are comprised of tropical plants, engineered media
- 11 and fine bubble aeration are used to intensify the wastewater
- 12 treatment process. There is more than four times the number of
- 13 microorganisms in an Organica Water facility than a conventional
- 14 wastewater treatment plant.
- 15 This diversity and increased number of microorganisms
- 16 result in a significant reduction in energy costs compared to
- 17 those associated with a conventional wastewater treatment plant.
- 18 A conventional wastewater treatment plant capable of treating
- 19 about 650,000 gallons per day of wastewater would require about
- 20 410,000 kWh of electrical power annually. The Organic Water
- 21 facility for the Waikapu Town Project is estimated to require
- 22 about 306,000 kWh of electrical power annually. The savings in
- 23 terms of electrical power is estimated to be about 100,000 kWh

- 1 per year or about one-third of the estimated annual electrical
- 2 usage.
- 3 Additionally, the geographical footprint of an
- 4 Organica Water facility is significantly less than a
- 5 conventional wastewater treatment plant, thereby reducing
- 6 infrastructure costs. As a reference, the Kahului Wastewater
- 7 Treatment Plant has a design capacity of 7.9 MGD and occupies
- 8 about 14 acres of land. The Organica Water facility will have a
- 9 design capacity of about 650,000 gallons per day and will occupy
- 10 about 0.5 acres, including the R-1 storage area.
- 11 Finally, sludge production will be reduced. The
- 12 Organica Water Facility's food chain reactor technology provides
- 13 for a longer retention period during which wastewater is subject
- 14 to treatment by the facility's microorganisms and aeration. The
- 15 result is a reduction of sludge produced due to the more active
- 16 treatment, which reduction may approach 30 %. The reduction of
- 17 sludge provides the following benefits: reduced amount of
- 18 trucking/off-hauling of the resultant sludge; reduced energy to
- 19 aerate and dewater the resultant sludge; reduced chemical usage
- 20 to condition the resultant sludge for dewatering; and reduced
- 21 further treatment needs such as composting to render the
- 22 dewatered sludge suitable for recycling.
- I believe that the Organica Water wastewater system is

- 1 very suitable for Hawaii since land and energy costs are very
- 2 expensive.
- 3 The Organica Water wastewater system will be followed
- 4 by filtration and ultra-violet disinfection resulting in the
- 5 production of R-1 recycled water.
- 6 R-1 water is the highest level of recycled water
- 7 recognized by the State of Hawaii's Department of Health.
- 8 R-1 recycled water can be used for irrigation of food crops,
- 9 landscapes, etc. with very few restrictions. Generally R-1
- 10 water use is restricted to prevent overspray, to prevent run
- 11 off, to prevent ponding, and to prevent the use of conventional
- 12 hose bibs so that the R-1 recycled water cannot be used for
- 13 potable purposes.
- 14 The use of R-1 recycled water will contribute to
- 15 sustainability of the Waikapu Country Town project and reduce
- 16 its reliance on other water sources; such as well and stream
- 17 water, that are used for non-potable purposes. It is estimated
- 18 that at full capacity and upon full buildout of the Organica
- 19 Water wastewater system for the Waikapu Country Town project,
- 20 about 650,000 gallons per day of treated R-1 recycled water will
- 21 be available for reuse.
- To summarize, the Waikapu Country Town project is
- 23 proposing to utilize the Organica Water Wastewater System to

treat the wastewater from its development. This system will result in a lower overall operational cost and produce R-1 recycled water that is suitable for non-potable reuse. The. wastewater reclamation facility will blend into the natural environment and not only will help contribute to the sustainability of the Waikapu Country Town, but will be a source of community pride for years to come. I thank you for the opportunity to address you. Wailuku, Hawaii, October 31, 2017.