1	BEFORE THE PLANNING COMMISSION OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU
2	STATE OF HAWAII
3	In the Matter of the) FILE NO. 2008/SUP-2 Application of)
4	Application of)
5	DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL) SERVICES, CITY AND COUNTY)
6	OF HONOLULU)
7	To delete Condition No. 14)
8	of Special Use Permit No.) 2008/SUP-2 (also referred)
9	to Land Use Commission) Docket No. SP09-403) which)
10	states as follows:)
11	"14. Municipal solid waste) shall be allowed at the)
12	WGSL up to July 31, 2012,) provided that only ash and)
13	residue from H-POWER shall) be allowed at the WGSL)
14	after July 31, 2012.")
15	
16	CONTESTED CASE HEARING
17	Ewa-State Special Use Permit Amendment Application -
18	2008/SUP-2 (RY) Waimanalo Gulch Sanitary Landfill
19	
20	Taken at Mission Memorial Conference Room,
21	Mission Memorial Building, 550 South King Street,
22	Honolulu, Hawaii 96813, commencing at 9:27 a.m., on
23	April 23, 2012, pursuant to Notice.
24	
25	BEFORE: JESSICA R. PERRY, CSR NO. 404

1	APPEARANCES
2	Planning Commission:
3	GAYLE PINGREE, Chairwoman
4	CORD D. ANDERSEN, Member
5	DANIEL S.M. YOUNG, Member
6	JAMES C. PACOPAC, Member
7	ARTHUR TOLENTINO, Member
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17	Environmental Services:
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1	APPEARANCES (continued)
2	For the Ko Olina Community Association and Senator
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1	CONTESTED CASE HEARING
2	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: We will call the
3	meeting to order. This is day eight of the contested
4	case hearing Ewa-State Special Use Permit Amendment
5	Application 2008/SUP-2, Waimanalo Gulch Sanitary
6	Landfill.
7	Identification of counsel for the record,
8	please.
9	MS. VIOLA: Good morning. Dana Viola and
10	Brian Black on behalf of the City.
11	MR. SANDISON: Good morning. Ian
12	Sandison on behalf of intervenor Schnitzer Steel
13	Hawaii Corp.
14	MR. CHIPCHASE: Good morning. Cal
15	Chipchase and Chris Goodin for Ko Olina Community
16	Association and Senator Maile Shimabukuro.
17	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Thank you. Good
18	morning. As I recall, we are going to proceed with
19	KOCA's rebuttal witnesses.
20	MR. CHIPCHASE: Yes, Chair.
21	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Thank you.
22	MR. CHIPCHASE: Chair, if we can take a
23	brief recess and test the phone connection.
24	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Surely.
25	MR. CHIPCHASE: And then I'll call the

1	witness.
2	(Recess taken.)
3	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Back on the record.
4	MS. VIOLA: I have just a clarification
5	regarding Ko Olina Community Association and Maile
6	Shimabukuro's first amended rebuttal witness list.
7	There was an identification of the scope of Dwight
8	Miller's testimony, and subsequent to that
9	Mr. Chipchase, and correct me if I'm wrong, Cal,
10	further limited that scope, and this is a I'm
11	reading an email that Mr. Chipchase sent to the
12	parties, given to Mr. Anderson and Mr. Wong, that he's
13	going to pare down the scope, and that Dwight will
14	only rebut testimony regarding multiple parcel
15	assemblage for landfill siting, the air permit for
16	H-POWER with respect to ASR, Parametrix's work in
17	Hawaii, permitting conditions, and landfill air space
18	calculations. That's a little bit different from
19	their last submittal. Is that your understanding?
20	MR. CHIPCHASE: That sounds correct.
21	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Thank you.
22	Mr. Miller, this is Chair Gayle. Can you
23	hear me?
24	MR. MILLER: Hello. I can hear you. I
25	had a hard time hearing the prior conversation.

1 CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: All right. 2 you kindly raise your right hand. 3 MR. MILLER: I will. 4 CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Thank you. Is your 5 right hand raised? MR. MILLER: It's raised. 6 7 DWIGHT MILLER, 8 the witness hereinbefore named, being first duly cautioned and sworn to testify the truth, the whole 9 10 truth, and nothing but the truth, testified under oath 11 as follows: 12 CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Thank you, 13 Mr. Miller. 14 EXAMINATION 15 BY MR. CHIPCHASE: 16 Good morning, Mr. Miller. Q. 17 Good morning. Α. 18 Q. We re-called you to cover a few very narrow 19 topics. And on the first of those, if you'll recall, 20 I asked you to review a portion of Janice Marsters' 21 transcript. Do you remember that? 22 Α. I do. 23 Specifically I'd asked you to review the Q. 24 portion of Ms. Marsters' testimony on April 11th 25 related to multiple parcel assemblage. Do you

1 understand that? 2 Yes, I do. Α. 3 Q. Did you have an opportunity review that 4 testimony? 5 I did, yes. Α. 6 Ο. Would you tell me what is multiple parcel 7 assemblage? 8 Α. Multiple parcel assemblage is essentially looking at multiple parcels, just as it sounds, like 9 10 multiple tax lots or divisions of property that are contiguous, so they're next to one another and can 11 12 logically form a larger -- a larger piece of property. 13 And so oftentimes in siting efforts we're looking at 14 multiple parcels, not just single parcels, when we're 15 siting facilities so that we have enough space and 16 sometimes it's for access and other purposes as well. 17 0. Do you have a copy of Ms. Marsters' testimony 18 handy? 19 Α. I do. 20 Q. If I could get you to turn to page 90, 21 beginning on line 22. 22

A. Yeah, just a second. Let me pull that up real quick. I seem to be missing that piece. What line again?

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Q. Beginning at line 22 on page 90. This is the

April 11th transcript.

A. Yes.

2.3

- Q. You see there that we're talking about the committee's decision to only consider parcels that were at least 90 acres in size?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And there on page 91, Ms. Marsters testified that the committee had considered whether to evaluate multiple parcel assemblages but decided not to do so. Do you see that?
 - A. I do, yeah.
- Q. In your experience in landfill siting, is it common practice to look at multiple parcels to consolidate them or assemble them into the necessary acreage for the landfill?
- A. Yes, that's -- like I noted before, that's typically what we're looking at, because oftentimes you're not finding either enough sites or the best site in just a single parcel and so you want to see how you can maybe build a site out of multiples parcels.
- Q. So here, where we're looking at a 90-acre site needed for the landfill, could the site selection committee have looked at two or three parcels to assemble to reach that necessary 90 acres in size?

Α. 1 Yes. 2 In your prior landfill siting experience, have Q. 3 you worked on multiple parcel assemblages? 4 Α. Yes, we have. 5 Ο. Mr. Miller, I had also asked you to look at 6 the April 4 transcript of the testimony of Schnitzer employee Tom Zelenka. Did you have an opportunity to 7 do so? 8 9 Α. I did, yes. 10 Specifically I asked you to look at Mr. Q. 11 Zelenka's discussion of the air power permit for 12 H-POWER. Did you have an opportunity to look at that? 13 Α. I did. 14 Do you have that portion of Mr. Zelenka's Q. 15 testimony with you? 16 Α. I do, yes. 17 If you would turn to page 25, line 20, for me. 0. 18 Α. Uh-huh. 19 Q. Do you have that? 20 Α. I do. 21 You see there that the question is asked: 0. 22 your knowledge, is there any kind of prohibition in 23 the air permit restricting the acceptance of shredder residue at H-POWER?" 24

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Α.

Yes, I see that.

1 Q. And the answer is given: "Yes, that's my 2 understanding." Do you see that? 3 Α. I do. Did you have an opportunity review the air 4 Ο. permit for H-POWER? 5 6 Α. Yes, I did. 7 I have a copy here. I'd like you to pull out 0. your copy, Mr. Miller. 8 9 Α. I have it. 10 The permit, this is the permit dated December Q. 23, 2009, it's marked as Exhibit K255. On the first 11 12 page of the permit is says the date of expiration is February 27th, 2011. 13 14 Α. Right. 15 Is it your understanding that this remains the 16 operative permit? 17 Yes, that's my understanding from conversations with Mike Matson at Department of 18 19 Health. 20 Ο. And do you understand that the new permit is 21 currently under review by the EPA? 22 Α. Yes. 23 Looking at Exhibit K255, the current operative Q. 24 permit, does it preclude H-POWER from accepting auto 25 shredder residue?

1	A. It does not. It specifically allows auto
2	shredder residue.
3	Q. Did you also have an opportunity to speak with
4	Mr. Mike Matson at the DOH Clean Air Branch about the
5	acceptance of auto shredder residue at H-POWER?
6	A. Yes, I did. I talked to him last week.
7	Q. What did Mr. Matson say?
8	A. So, essentially he confirmed what it says in
9	the permit, which is that auto shredder residue is
10	allowed at the H-POWER facility as long as it's
11	non-hazardous and that it has been tested as such, as
12	non-hazardous.
13	MR. CHIPCHASE: Chair, I'd offer Exhibit
14	K255 into evidence.
15	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Thank you.
16	MS. VIOLA: No objections.
17	MR. SANDISON: No objections.
18	BY MR. CHIPCHASE:
19	Q. Mr. Miller, I also asked you to look at those
20	portions of Mr. Tim Steinberger's testimony on April
21	11th regarding Parametrix's work in Hawaii. Did you
22	have an opportunity to do so?
23	A. I did, yes.
24	Q. How long did Parametrix have an office in
25	Hawaii?

We had an office in Hawaii for about -- I'd 1 Α. 2 say about three years. 3 When was that? Q. So from fall of '91 to '94. 4 Α. Why did Parametrix close its Hawaii office? 5 Q. Well, it was pretty much a business decision. 6 Α. 7 It was a down market for engineering and environmental consulting at the time, and so it was far from our 8 9 main offices here in the mainland and we just 10 determined that it was -- it was better to consolidate 11 our practice somewhat and that we can still provide 12 the level of service we were providing in specific areas from our mainland offices. 13 14 Did in fact Parametrix continue to perform Ο. 15 work in Hawaii after closing its Hawaii office? 16 Α. Yes, we have maintained a fairly decent 17 practice of environmental engineering work, primarily myself and a couple of other folks. 18 19 I also asked you to look at the portion of 20 Mr. Steinberger's testimony regarding Parametrix's 21 work on the Central Maui Landfill. Did you have an opportunity to look at that testimony? 22 23 I did, yes. Α. 24 I'm talking about beginning of page 130, line Q. 25 14, if you would turn to that for me.

1 Α. Yeah. Just a second. This is 4/11, right? 0. Yes. 3 Α. And what the page number of that again? 130. 4 0. 5 Α. Okay. Mr. Miller, did you personally do work on the 6 Ο. 7 Central Maui Landfill expansion? 8 Α. I did a small amount. We had another engineer 9 who was our project manager and project engineer on 10 that project, but I provided some senior engineering 11 support for it. 12 Ο. How did Parametrix come to work on the Central 13 Maui Landfill expansion? 14 Α. Well, we started our work at the site with the 15 contractor who was working for -- who had won the bid 16 to do the work for the project for the county. 17 then after a time of working with the contractor to come up with alternative design elements, we were 18 19 hired by the county itself to do work. 20 Did Parametrix consult with anyone regarding Ο. 21 the expansion project? 22 We did. We actually, as is typical for 23 projects such as this, we had multiple sub consultants 24 that worked for us, including Greg Richardson & 25 Associates as a -- as a kind of a high-level

1 engineering design specialist in this type of work, as 2 well as a geotechnical engineer -- engineering firm, 3 AMEC & Associates. 4 0. Would you tell me a little bit about Greg 5 Richardson's background. Yeah. Greg is a Ph.D., professional engineer, 6 Α. 7 senior engineer. We've worked with him quite a lot 8 over the years because he's been one of the leading 9 engineering authorities both on the research as well 10 as practical application of bottom liner designs, 11 final cover designs, alternative designs and so forth, 12 and so we've really looked at him as a leading 13 engineering resource in this area and we've gone to 14 him. Particularly back in the '90s, we used him quite 15 a bit on projects. 16 MR. CHIPCHASE: Chair, I have here a copy 17 of Dr. Richardson's professional résumé. It's marked 18 as Exhibit K257. I'll pass it out and then would 19 offer it into evidence. 20 MS. VIOLA: No objection. 21 MR. SANDISON: No objection. 22 BY MR. CHIPCHASE: 23 Mr. Miller, did Parametrix, in consultation 0. 24 with Dr. Richardson, design the landfill's operations 25 layer to be 18 inches?

1 Α. We did, yes. 2 What is the industry standard for operations 0. 3 layers? Typically between 18 and 24 inches. 4 Α. Was that the standard at the time that 5 Ο. Parametrix and Dr. Richardson did the work on the Maui 6 7 landfill expansion? 8 Α. Yes, that was standard engineering and the landfill practice at that time. 9 Did Parametrix -- strike that. 10 11 When Parametrix began its work on the 12 expansion, did the landfill have an existing surface water control? 13 14 Α. It did, yes. 1.5 Did Parametrix have to design the expansion 0. 16 work to be consistent with or compatible with the 17 existing surface water control system? 18 Yes, it did. And that was one of the -- one Α. 19 of the elements of that design was to ensure that the 20 landfill would fit into the prior developed surface 21 water and storm water system. 22 So as part of that effort, did Parametrix, in Ο. 23 consultation with Dr. Richardson, analyze the capacity 24 needed for the control system, including the leachate 25 control?

1	A. Yes, we did.
2	Q. Did Parametrix, in consultation with
3	Dr. Richardson, design the expansion and the control
4	system to meet that capacity?
5	A. Yes, we did.
6	Q. Was the expansion consistent with state and
7	federal law?
8	A. It was. We designed for the 25-year 24-hour
9	storm, which is the standard for design of storm water
10	systems.
11	Q. Was any NOV ever issued by the state
12	Department of Health or the EPA for the expansion?
13	A. Not that I recall during our time. I do not
14	recall that.
15	Q. And you understand that NOV, I mean notice of
16	violation?
17	A. Yes, yes.
18	Q. Mr. Steinberger had also talked about the berm
19	surrounding the boundary of phase 4 of the project.
20	Did Parametrix design the berm surrounding the
21	boundary?
22	A. We did not design it. It was it was within
23	the design that we provided, but it was designed by
24	AMEC & Associates.

Was Parametrix responsible for the

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Q.

construction quality assurance in the Maui landfill 1 2 expansion? 3 No, we weren't. The firm of URS Incorporated Α. 4 was the -- was the quality assurance firm on this 5 project. Mr. Miller, I'd also asked you to review a 6 7 portion of the transcript of Hari Sharma's testimony on April 11th. Did you have an opportunity to do so? 8 9 Α. I did, yes. 10 Specifically I asked you to look at the Q. 11 portion of Dr. Sharma's testimony discussing air space 12 calculations. Did you look at that testimony? 13 Yes, I did. Α. 14 Do you happen to have that handy? Q. 15 Α. I do, yeah. 16 If you would turn to page 38 for me. Q. 17 Α. Okay, I'm there. 18 See at line 14, the question is asked: 19 Mr. Miller, quote, criticizes Waste Management's air 20 space calculation and he says that it's because it's 21 based on erroneous assumptions. 22 And the answer is given: Well, I don't know I 23 can comment on if they say erroneous assumptions kind 24 of statement without saying what assumptions were

made. If I knew the assumptions made, then we can

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1 discuss about it. 2 Do you see that? 3 I do, yes. Α. Were Waste Management's erroneous assumptions 4 0. detailed in the design and operations technical 5 6 memorandum? 7 Yes, they were. And actually we stated incorrect assumptions, but, yes, they're listed under 8 9 air space on page 5 of our report. 10 I'd like you to, if you have a copy of your Ο. 11 report available, it's Exhibit K146, I'd like you to pull out the report. 12 I have it. 13 Α. If we turn to page 5 of the report under the 14 0. 15 heading air space. 16 Α. Uh-huh, I have it. 17 Are the incorrect assumptions by Waste 0. Management listed here? 18 19 Α. They are, yes. Mr. Miller, in this design and operations 20 0. 21 review technical memorandum, Exhibit K146, are you critical of Dr. Sharma's design work on the landfill? 22 23 Not really. For the most part we felt that Α. 24 the design was fine, it was more the execution of the 25 design, both in construction as well as operations.

Q. If the design generally met standard or
generally met current state of practice or current
standards, does that explain the resources or the
sources you listed in your design and technical
memorandum?
A. Yes, as far as the calculations?
Q. Well I'm just trying to get handle on what you
reviewed and why.
A. Well, we reviewed quite a few different, you
know, reports that were prepared for the design
reports and the solid waste management plan and other
elements going into the design and then the final
design. And so it was not so much a case of the
design within the design report that we kind of
questioned, it was more along the lines of how those
were then executed into final design in the
construction, as well as the operations of the site,
and reporting information and so forth is noted here.
MS. VIOLA: Objection. At this point is
this related to landfill air space calculations or
something other than that?
MR. CHIPCHASE: That's the end of that
line of questioning.
MS. VIOLA: All right.
BY MR. CHIPCHASE:

1 Q. Mr. Miller, finally I asked you to look at the 2 portions of Mr. Steinberger's testimony on April 11th 3 discussing permitting conditions for the landfill's 4 operations. Did you have an opportunity to do so? I did, yes. 5 Α. Specifically I'm referring to page 185, line 6 7 23, of Mr. Steinberger's transcript. Do you have that 8 handy? Α. T do. 9 10 Have you reviewed the current and prior Ο. 11 Planning Commission and Land Use Commission decisions 12 regarding the Waimanalo Gulch Sanitary Landfill? 13 Yes, I have. Α. 14 Do those decisions impose conditions on the Q. 15 operations of the landfill? 16 Α. They do. 17 I'd like to look at three of those orders if Ο. 18 we could. If you have Exhibit K2 available, 19 Mr. Miller, I'd ask you to pull it out. 20 Yes, I have it. Α. 21 Mr. Miller, Exhibit K2 is the decision and 0. 22 order approving amendment to special use permit. 23 date on the front is June 9, 2003. Do you see that? 24 Yes, I do. Α. 25 If you would turn to page 7 for me.

Α. I'm there. 1 2 You see on page 7 is the beginning of a list 3 of conditions? 4 Α. Yes, I see that. 5 I'd like you to look at condition number 3. 6 It states, quote, that an earth berm shall be 7 installed prior to the commencement of any waste 8 disposal operations. 9 Do you see that? I do. 10 Α. 11 Is that an operational condition? 0. 12 Yes, it is. As I read it, it's to construct Α. 13 an earth berm within the landfill area so as to 14 separate the landfill from the neighbors to the extent 15 possible to reduce noise, reduce, you know, visual 16 impacts and so forth. 17 0. Reduce the impact of the landfill on the surrounding community? 18 19 Α. Exactly. 20 Q. If you would just stay on the same page for me 21 and then look down to condition number 5. 22 Α. Yes. 23 0. It states, quote, the facility shall be operational between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 4:30 24 25 p.m. daily.

Do you see that? 1 2 Α. I do. 3 Is that another operational condition? Q. 4 Α. Yes, it is. Fairly typical to have hours of 5 operation as one of your conditions of a land use permit. 6 7 Q. Why would a land use permit regulate the hours of operation? 8 9 Α. Well, hours of operation is probably one of 10 the -- a fairly significant impact on the neighborhood 11 or can have an impact, and so to reduce the hours of 12 operation reduces noise and traffic impacts and other 13 potential impacts on public health and safety. 14 So, again, reducing the impact of the landfill Q. 15 on the community? 16 Α. Yes. 17 Ο. If we could now look at Exhibit K3, do you 18 have that handy? 19 Α. Yes, I do. 20 Exhibit K3 is the findings of fact, Q. 2.1 conclusions of law and decision and order by the 22 Honolulu Planning Commission and the date on the front 23 of that is January 22, 2008. Do you see that? 24 I do. Α. 25 Would you turn to page 8 for me. Q.

1 Α. Okay. I'm there. 2 You see there that the approval is subject to 3 a condition. Condition 1 reads, quote, the ENV must 4 obtain approval of its pending grade modification 5 request for WGSL from the state Department of Health. Do you see that? 6 7 I do, yes. Α. Is that another operational condition? 8 Q. 9 Yes, I would see that it would be. Grade Α. 10 modifications are typically both design and 11 operational issues. 12 Why would the planning commission require 0. approval of a grade modification request as a 13 14 condition of a land use permit? 15 Well, again, to protect human health and 16 environment and public health in particular, but also 17 just from kind of a standard approach to reducing 18 impacts on the local community. 19 I'd like to look at one more order with you, 20 and that's Exhibit K15, if you would pull that out for 21 me. 2.2 Α. Okay. 23 Exhibit K15 is the order adopting the City and 0. 24 County of Honolulu Planning Commission's finds of

facts, conclusions of law and decision and order with

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1 modifications, and it's dated October 22, 2009. Do 2 vou have that? 3 I do, yes. Α. And you understand, of course, that this is 4 Q. 5 the current special use permit approval for the landfill?

Α. Yes.

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- 0. If you turn to page 5 for me.
- Α. Okay.
- I'd like you to look at condition 2. Q. see it's subject to -- the approval is subject to a number of conditions starting on page 5 and if you'd look down at condition number 2, the last line. And the very last sentence of condition 2 says, quote, The applicant shall develop a dust control management plan that identifies and addresses all activities that have a potential to generate fugitive dust.

Do you see that?

- Α. I do, yes.
 - What is fugitive dust? 0.
- Well, fugitive dust is dust that's generated Α. on one location and then it has the potential of going to another neighboring property and, you know, so leaving the area that -- at which it was generated.
 - So leaving the area of the landfill in which Q.

1 it was generated? Yeah. So the landfill or the access road to 2 3 the landfill or essentially anywhere on the property. So is this condition 2 another operational 4 condition? 5 Very much so, yes. 6 Α. 7 Why is a dust management plan important? Q. Well, dust -- dust, along with odors, are one 8 Α. of the most significant issues impacting the 9 10 neighbors, typically, of a landfill. And so managing 11 the dust is very important to reducing those impacts 12 on the surrounding area. 13 If you would turn now to condition 8, which is Q. 14 on page 7. 15 Α. Okay. 16 0. It says: WGSL shall be operational only 17 between the hours of 7:00 and 4:30 p.m. daily, except 18 that ash and residue may be accepted at the property 19 24 hours a day. Do you see that? 20 21 I do, yes. Α. 22 So again the Land Use Commission is regulating 23 the hours of operations, right? 24 It is, yes. Α. 25 Why would ash and residue be accepted 24 hours 0.

a day?

A. Well, it's -- you know, my understanding with H-POWER, H-POWER itself operates 24 hours a day. And so this is to ensure that, you know, H-POWER does not have an interrupted disposal of its ash and residue, so it allows for a more predictable operation of the H-POWER facility.

The other point is, is that by only accepting ash residue, it's a reduced volume of a total waste going in currently at the landfill, so traffic impacts are much reduced, as well as the fact that ash and non-combustible residue have minimal odor and so there's not as much of an impact to the community based upon that as well.

- Q. Mr. Miller, is it your experience to see operational conditions in landfill permitting?
 - A. Yes, definitely.
- Q. If you would turn, lastly, here to condition 14, which is on page 8. Do you have that handy?
 - A. Yeah, let me find it here.
 - Okay, which number is it again?
 - Q. 14, condition 14 on page 8.
- A. Yes.
- Q. It states: Municipal solid waste shall be allowed at the WGSL up to July 31, 2012 provided that

1	only ash and residue from H-POWER shall be allowed at
2	the WGSL after July 31, 2012.
3	Do you see that?
4	A. I do, yes.
5	Q. This condition is regulating the kind of waste
6	that may be accepted at the gulch after a certain
7	date, isn't it?
8	A. It is, yes.
9	Q. Is this another operational condition?
10	A. It is, yes.
11	MR. CHIPCHASE: Mr. Miller, I have no
12	further questions.
13	MS. VIOLA: I'd ask the commission for
14	five minutes, just a short five-minute recess so I can
15	review my notes and determine whether or not I'm going
16	to be asking any further questions.
17	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Fine.
18	(Recess taken.)
19	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Back on the record.
20	<u>EXAMINATION</u>
21	BY MS. VIOLA:
22	Q. Hi, Mr. Miller. This a Dana Viola.
23	A. Hello.
24	Q. I just have a few questions for you.
25	A. Okay.

Were you aware that Peter Fuller, a geologist 0. with the California Land Disposal Program wrote a review of the Parametrix value engineering study? I am aware of that news article, but otherwise Α. I was not aware of that. Were you aware that his criticism was that, Q. and I'm going to quote, Overall, the two reviewed documents, including the Parametrix value engineering study, did not provide useful information justifying the design and do not show the kind of professional competence that is necessary for a good landfill design, and if these documents were submitted to the State of California, they would be returned as incomplete and inaccurate. The level of competence shown by this design is below the minimum qualifications for review by the State of California.

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Were you aware of that criticism?

- From that same news article, yes. Α.
- Were you also aware that another consultant, 0. A-Mehr, and that's A, slash, M-E-H-R, Incorporated of Laguna Hills, California, also reviewed the phase 4 design, phase 4A design, rather?
 - I do believe I saw that in that news article. Α.
- Q. And that the conclusion of A-Mehr was that the operations layers that was built was a thick -- you

know, that the industry standard for this layer called the operations layer is 36 inches and not 18 to -- I'm sorry, you said 18 to 24, is that what your testimony was? Α.

18 to 24 is my testimony.

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And that A-Mehr essentially stated that the operations layer minimum standard is 36 inches and that when Parametrix was redesigning the landfill, it sought to increase the amount of usable volume in the landfill by reducing the operations layer to 18 inches.

Are you aware of that criticism?

- Α. I did see that opinion.
- Q. And is it correct to state that Parametrix's design of the phase 4A expansion was not approved by the Department of Health to operate?
 - Α. I do not recall that one way or the other.
- 0. Well, with your -- during your involvement with the phase 4 design and construction, were you aware that DOH was -- that DOH had permitted the design and construction?
- Α. That they had -- could you repeat the question?
- During your involvement with the phase 4A 0. construction or design and construction, were you --

did the DOH approve your design and construction? 1 I do not recall at this time. 2 3 Do you recall that Parametrix eventually was Q. 4 taken off the project in 2003? I do. 5 Α. And were replaced by Masa Fujioka & 6 0. 7 Associates? That was my understanding at the time. 8 Α. 9 So would it be your understanding that 0. 10 Parametrix was replaced because the landfill expansion 11 probably was not permitted by the Department of Health? 12 13 Α. I do not know why we were removed. 14 MS. VIOLA: Okay. Thank you. That's 15 all. 16 I'm sorry, one more question. 17 BY MS. VIOLA: 18 If in fact the expansion was not permitted and 19 that it was going through the process of approval from 20 the Department of Health, would there be any bases for 21 an NOV or notice of violation? 22 Α. I do not have the information to state that 23 one way or the other. 24 Well, if you're going through a design 25 process, would there be any authority by the

1	Department of Health to issue an enforcement action if
2	they haven't permitted you yet?
3	A. It all depends on where you're at in the
4	process of design, construction and operation.
5	Q. But if you're not permitted, what authority
6	would they have to enforce? Wouldn't their authority
7	at that point just be approving the plans?
8	A. I do not know exactly what their authority is
9	and exactly at what point in the process you're
LO	referring to.
11	MS. VIOLA: Okay. No further questions.
12	<u>EXAMINATION</u>
13	BY MR. SANDISON:
L 4	Q. Good morning, Mr. Miller. This is Ian
L5	Sandison, the attorney for Schnitzer Steel.
L6	A. Yes, hello.
L7	Q. Can I direct your attention back to the air
L8	permit, and I believe that is marked as Exhibit K255,
L9	and specifically at page 12.
20	A. Okay. Let me find it. Page 12?
21	Q. Yes. And what I'd like to talk about, it's
22	condition 12, alternate operating scenarios, and then
23	it's subsection 7, which says talks about
24	shredder shredded tires and automobile shredder
25	residue, and that sets forth the circumstances under

1 which those two wastes might be accepted at H-POWER. 2 Α. Okay. 3 Let me read to you the very last sentence in Q. that --4 Hold on just a moment. I -- this is a really 5 Α. hard document to track down page numbers on. 6 7 It's -- at the bottom it says Exhibit K255 at 12 and then also at the top, which is the numbering of 8 9 the permit itself, it's page 9 of 35. Does that help? 10 Α. Okay. Now I've got it. 11 So what we're looking at is the sub condition Q. 12 7, which talks about shredded tires and automobile shredder residue and the circumstances under which 13 14 those might be accepted at H-POWER; is that correct? 15 Α. Yes, I have it. 16 Okay. I'd like to read to you the very last 0. 17 sentence, which says: Automobile shredder residue shall be blended with MSW prior to charging the MWC 18 19 boiler if the automobile shredder residue is 20 determined to be nonhazardous and acceptable for 21 processing. 22 Is that correct? 23 Yes, that's what I read as well. Α. 24 So there's two conditions there. One, it has Q. 25 to be nonhazardous, and, two, there has to be a

1 determination that it's acceptable for processing; is that correct? 2 That's true. 3 Α. MR. SANDISON: No further questions. 4 5 EXAMINATION 6 BY MR. CHIPCHASE: 7 Mr. Miller, this is Cal Chipchase again. Q. 8 really will only take up another 30 seconds of your 9 time. 10 When you were speaking with Ms. Viola, I heard her mention a criticism by Peter Fuller and then a 11 12 criticism by A-Mehr and I thought you had said you 13 were familiar with those from reading the newspaper, 14 reading the online article that we had provided; is that right? 15 16 Α. Yes, that's correct. 17 Were you aware of those or are you aware of those criticisms outside of the context of that online 18 19 article? 20 No, I am not. Α. 21 So you've never seen any report or anything Q. from Peter Fuller or A-Mehr? 22 23 Not that I recall, no. Α. 24 As far as you know, has anything from Peter Ο. 25 Fuller or A-Mehr in the record before the Planning

1	Commission?
2	A. Not that I know of.
3	Q. So all we're looking at is an online article?
4	A. Correct.
5	MR. CHIPCHASE: No further questions.
6	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Thank you.
7	Commissioners, are there any questions
8	for Mr. Miller?
9	There are no questions from the
10	commissioners, Mr. Miller.
11	MR. CHIPCHASE: Mr. Miller, I think that
12	means you're released.
13	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Thank you.
14	MR. CHIPCHASE: Chair, intervenors have
15	only one remaining witness. Mr. Belluomini is here.
16	It will take us just about five minutes to set up for
17	him.
18	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: That's fine. Okay?
19	MS. VIOLA: That's fine.
20	(Recess taken.)
21	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Back on the record.
22	Mr. Chipchase, would you kindly provide
23	the scope.
24	MR. CHIPCHASE: Yes, the scope is limited
25	to rebutting Mr. Steinberger's testimony regarding the

1 workers that Waste Management sent to assist with the 2 cleanup at Ko Olina. 3 CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Thank you very much. 4 I'm going to ask that you raise your 5 right hand, please. EDDIE BELLUOMINI, 6 7 the witness hereinbefore named, being first duly 8 cautioned and sworn to testify the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth, testified under oath 9 10 as follows: 11 CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Thank you. 12 EXAMINATION BY MR. CHIPCHASE: 13 14 Mr. Belluomini, would you spell your last name 15 for the court reporter. Sure. B, as in boy, E-L-L-U-O-M-I-N-I. 16 Α. 17 Am I pronouncing it correctly? Q. 18 Α. Correct. 19 Q. Mr. Belluomini, where are you currently 20 employed? 21 Ko Olina Resort. Α. 22 What is your position? Q. 23 I work as the operations manager for Ko Olina Α. 24 operations and I'm also the resort emergency response 25 RN.

1 Q. RN, so you're --2 Α. A registered nurse. 3 So you're a nurse by training? Q. 4 Α. Correct. 5 In that position are you a member of the Ko Q. Olina Aloha Team? 6 7 Α. Yes, I am. 8 Q. Do you work for Duke Hospodar? 9 Yes, I do. He's my direct boss. Α. 10 Were you employed with the Aloha Team in Q. 11 January 2011? 12 Α. Yes, I was. 13 Q. Do you recall a spill of waste from the Waimanalo Gulch Sanitary Landfill in mid January 2011? 14 15 Α. Yes, I do. 16 0. Did you assist Ko Olina with the cleanup at 17 the resort? 18 Α. Yes, I did. Mr. Belluomini, I had asked you to look at a 19 portion of the April 11th transcript from director Tim 20 21 Steinberger. I believe you have a copy in front of 22 you. If you would turn to page 99 for me. 23 Α. Which page? 24 0. 99. 25 Α. Okay. Got it.

1	Q. If you look down beginning at line 4, do you
2	see the discussion of the crew brought out by Waste
3	Management?
4	A. Okay.
5	Q. Do you see the reference to the crew brought
6	out by Waste Management?
7	A. Yes.
8	Q. Do you recall that crew?
9	A. Yes, I do.
10	Q. I think we have a video of them. If I could
11	ask you to watch it with me. It's Exhibit K133.
12	(The following is a transcription of the
13	video:)
14	MR. MOORE: Coast residents are expressing
15	outrage after medical waste from Waimanalo Gulch
16	landfill was found scattered across the shoreline
17	yesterday. As Andrew Pereira reports, the waste
18	includes needles and vials of blood.
19	MR. PEREIRA: Joe, county and state officials
20	are trying to determine how far that medical waste may
21	have traveled.
22	Beach cleanups are nothing new. But this one
23	along the Leeward coast is like none other.
24	UNIDENTIFIED WORKERS: Blood vials and
25	needles.

1 Found a couple over there with that metal 2 piece so that you can inject yourself with 'em. 3 MR. PEREIRA: A crew contracted by the company 4 that runs Waimanalo Gulch landfill began cleaning the 5 shoreline behind Ko Olina Resort Friday morning. They 6 were given a half-hour lecture on hazardous waste --7 UNIDENTIFIED WORKER: Leftover blood look 8 like. 9 MR. PEREIRA: -- \$9 an hour and puncture proof 10 aloves. 11 UNIDENTIFIED WORKER: Needles with long tips 12 over there. 13 They say it's puncture resistant gloves, but I 14 don't think so. 15 MR. PEREIRA: The medical waste traveled 16 through large pipes that lead to Waimanalo Gulch after 17 the area received more than 11 inches of rain. City 18 officials insist it was a hundred year storm. 19 MR. STEINBERGER: We haven't had a rain like 20 this ever. This is the first time in reported 21 history. The ones in December broke all the records 22 from 1955. 23 MR. PEREIRA: Runoff from the storm collected 24 in a new cell of the expanded landfill that has been 25 receiving trash since October. The water eventually

overwhelmed the basin at the bottom of the landfill 1 2 designed to catch silt and other debris. Waste 3 Management says all medical waste is sterilized. 4 MR. WHELAN: And the process is if someone, 5 like a hospital, has that particular product, they 6 have to fill out a profile and have that pre-approved 7 with us. 8 MR. WILLIAMS: This does solidify our long-standing assertion that the landfill is a health 9 10 risk to the community. . 11 MR. PEREIRA: A new head wall at the top of 12 the mountain, along with six-foot piping and another 13 drainage basin is designed to divert storm water away 14 from the landfill. The system is still three to four 15 months from being finished. 16 Water should not have crossed the MR. GILL: 17 top of the landfill, it should not have eroded a cell 18 full of waste that was placed in that landfill. 19 MR. PEREIRA: Warning signs about the possible 20 danger have been posted from Ko Olina Resort to the 21 Kahi power plant. 22 UNIDENTIFED WORKER: This is choked with 23 Trash all the way out there stuck in the reef, 24 all the way out in the ocean. I'm not swimming in 25 this water anymore.

MR. PEREIRA: Now the landfill is allowed to 1 2 discharge storm runoff as part of its permit. 3 health department says results from water sampling 4 should be available in about a week. For now, stay 5 out of the water. Andrew Pereira, KHON2 News, 6 Hawaii's news leader. 7 (End of videotape transcription.) BY MR. CHIPCHASE: 8 Mr. Belluomini, in that clip we watched of 9 Q. 10 Exhibit K133, were those the workers that Waste 11 Management sent to help with the cleanup? 12 Yes, they were. Α. How many times did those workers come to 13 0. 14 assist with the cleanup at Ko Olina? 15 One day, just that day that they were shown. 16 That was the very next day. Where did those workers assist with the 17 Ο. 18 cleanup? 19 Basically that area. That's the runoff area Α. 20 that comes down from the gulch and they were actually 21 just on that side, which would been the Waianae side 22 of the drains. 23 So that's the area where the drains from the landfill actually empty into the ocean? 24 25 Α. Correct. The left drain and the center drain.

Did the City or Waste Management ever come to 1 0. 2 any part of Ko Olina to assist with the cleanup? 3 No, not at all. Only that area. Did they ever assist with the cleanup at the 4 0. lagoons? 5 Α. Never. 6 Did the Aloha Team find any waste at the other 7 0. 8 parts in Ko Olina? 9 Every lagoon. From the first day -- we 10 actually ended up cleaning for about seven to ten 11 days, the first seven days we probably took four 12 inches of sand off each beach every day. And then 13 probably the last three days it was just raking to 14 keep trying to find debris. Because debris basically 15 came up every day, lagoon 4 being the heaviest, then 16 3, then 2, then 1. 17 How many days were the lagoons closed? 0. I'd like to say about 10 days, 10 to 12 days. 18 Α. 19 I'd have to double-check that. 20 Q. What about in the area where the Waste 21 Management workers that we saw had cleaned up that 22 day, did Ko Olina continue to find waste and debris in 2.3 that area? 2.4 For about a week. They did clean up a lot in Α. 25 that area, though, you know, the first day, but stuff

still came every single day because as you could see how the water is choppy, as the water goes out of the drains, it gets pushed right back in onto the rocks, so every day we were finding stuff. I think we have another clip of that waste. Q. I'd ask you to play the second clip. It is also from Exhibit K133. (The following is a transcription of the video:) MR. COX: This one, this was found within ten vards. REPORTER: An area scoured by clean-up crews Friday is littered once again. MR. COX: How can you quantify the problem when you don't know how much washed down? Medical waste is still visible on REPORTER: the shoreline near Ko Olina Resorts, but the clean-up crews are no where in sight. MR. COX: No one is here picking up, absolutely no one. REPORTER: Crews were out here yesterday filling bags full of syringes and blood vials, but residents at Ko Olina want to know why no one is here today when the medical waste keeps washing ashore. MR. ISENHART: So they came out, cleaned up

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1 for one day and left. That too is a disgrace. 2 REPORTER: Rob Isenhart and his wife, Mary, 3 live at Ko Olina and say as long as waste keeps 4 washing ashore, someone should be here cleaning it up. 5 Yeah, I think they should still MR. ISENHART: 6 be out here cleaning. Of course. MRS. ISENHART: We swim right here. We used 7 8 Now I can't for how long? 9 REPORTER: Waste Management Hawaii, the 10 Waimanalo Gulch landfill operator, tells KHON2 it completed the cleanup of the storm water outfall area 11 12 yesterday and the area south of the sedimentation 13 basin today just above the outfall point. 14 Environmental watchdog Carroll Cox says the cleanup is 15 far from complete. 16 MR. COX: They should have been here 17 yesterday, the day before and today and -- and until 18 the week coming. 19 Department of Health officials came REPORTER: 20 to inspect the outfall area and weren't surprised by 21 what they saw. 22 To be honest, I'm not sure what MR. YAMADA: 23 will be surprising at this point, but, you know, I 24 think we're going to see it still for the coming days. 25 REPORTER: Yamada says the City needs to do

1	more to keep the shoreline clean.
2	MR. YAMADA: We're going to be in contact with
3	the City and asking them that they double their
4	efforts because they're going to have to step up
5	efforts to clean that shoreline.
6	(End of videotape transcription.)
7	BY MR. CHIPCHASE:
8	Q. Mr. Belluomini, on that clip there was a
9	statement from Waste Management saying that after one
10	day the cleanup had been complete. Was the cleanup
11	complete after that one day?
12	A. Not at all. Not at all.
13	Q. Did anyone from the City or Waste Management
14	ever come back to help?
15	A. Never. Only that one day that they came, the
16	day after. Aside from that, we've never seen them
17	again.
18	MR. CHIPCHASE: Thank you. No further
19	questions.
20	MS. VIOLA: No questions.
21	MR. SANDISON: No questions.
22	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Commissioners, any
23	questions?
24	<u>EXAMINATION</u>
25	BY COMMISSIONER YOUNG:

1	Q. Did anybody get hurt or were there any
2	accidents with the debris?
3	A. Did anyone get hurt?
4	Q. Yeah, you know, with the needles and vials.
5	A. I'm trying to think back to that. I'd like to
6	say off the top of my head there was one person from
7	the Ko Olina Beach Club, I think, that got cut, but we
8	couldn't confirm what caused it, you know what I mean,
9	because that was I'm trying to think. We had a
LO	guest from the Ko Olina Beach Club that came I'm
1	trying to think if it that day from like Michigan or
.2	someplace and the guy basically got out of the hotel
L3	and ran and dove right in the water. He didn't know
L 4	anything, you know what I mean, at that point. Some
L 5	people don't you know, you come from cold weather,
L 6	you just come and right to the beach.
L7	Q. In the lagoon.
L8	A. In the lagoon, in lagoon 3. But we couldn't
L 9	confirm what caused his cut.
20	Q. No workers were hurt or anything?
21	A. No workers. None of our workers were hurt.
22	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: You had a question?
23	EXAMINATION
24	BY COMMISSIONER PACOPAC:
25	Q. How long was the total cleanup? How long did

it take you guys to finally get it cleaned up? 1 I'd like to say probably a full ten days, sir. 2 I mean, the first seven days -- like I said, the first 3 day, I mean, we got a lot, the first five days we'll 4 just say, and then it diminished each day after that. 5 But every single day we have to go. Probably the 6 7 first five days, like I said, you could easily see the The next five days you'd see little more, 8 little more, and then probably the last three days it 9 10 was just raking every day and then underneath the sand, because you know how the water comes up every 11 12 day, we'd find debris. That was all. 1.3 COMMISSIONER PACOPAC: Thank you. 14 CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Thank you very much. THE WITNESS: You're welcome. 15 MR. CHIPCHASE: You can be excused. 16 17 Chair, that's the end of Ko Olina's 18 witnesses. Before resting, I just needed to move a 19 couple of exhibits into evidence. One is Exhibit 20 K192, which was presented at the last commission 21 hearing. It was a printout from Waste Management's 22 Web site regarding burning medical waste. 23 The next is Exhibit K220, which was a 24 transcript of Mr. Doyle's testimony in a prior 25 proceeding. I believe that was addressed at the prior

1	proceeding as well.
2	And then Exhibit K256 is an agenda from
3	the site selection committee's most recent meeting.
4	Exhibit 258 are photographs of the site
5	selection committee's report of the landfill site
6	selection. And I would offer all of those into
7	evidence, and I believe Mr. Goodin will pass out the
8	exhibits that have not already been circulated.
9	MS. VIOLA: I'm sorry, 258 is a new
10	exhibit that you're going to enter now?
11	MR. CHIPCHASE: 258 is a photograph of
12	the site selection committee's list of alternative
13	sites.
14	MS. VIOLA: And that's the site selection
15	committee's decision that was made on April 20th,
16	2012?
17	MR. CHIPCHASE: Yes. Memory, of course,
18	
10	not being available.
19	not being available. CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Are there any
19	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Are there any
19 20	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Are there any objections?
19 20 21	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Are there any objections? MS. VIOLA: No objections.
19 20 21 22	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Are there any objections? MS. VIOLA: No objections. MR. SANDISON: No objections.

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1	DMV?
2	MS. VIOLA: We've already rested. No
3	rebuttal.
4	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: There's no rebuttal?
5	I'm sorry, my notes had someone else.
6	MS. VIOLA: Actually, we had originally
7	elected to call another witness, but due to the
8	limited scope of the testimony of the rebuttal
9	testimony from Ko Olina Community Association and
10	Senator Maile Shimabukuro, we are we will not be
11	calling an additional witness.
12	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: So you rest as well?
13	MS. VIOLA: Yes.
14	MR. SANDISON: We rest as well.
15	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Thank you.
16	I'd like to call for a motion to close
17	the evidence taking.
18	COMMISSIONER YOUNG: I'll make a motion.
19	COMMISSIONER TOLENTINO: I'll second.
20	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: All in favor?
21	ALL MEMBERS: Aye.
22	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Are you ready for
23	closing?
24	MS. VIOLA: Yes.
25	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: And just as a

-RALPH ROSENBERG COURT REPORTERS, INC. – Honolulu, Hl (808) 524-2090 reminder, we've agreed upon a half an hour, ten minutes and a half an hour.

2.5

MS. VIOLA: Thank you.

CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Thank you.

MS. VIOLA: You've heard a lot of testimony over our eight days of taking testimony, but the bottom line in this proceeding is that Oahu still needs a landfill and that's something that all the parties have agreed on. Department of Environmental Services, Department of Health, and even Ko Olina Community Association and Senator Maile Shimabukuro's expert witness Dwight Miller, they all agree that Oahu still needs a landfill. And the reason we still need a landfill is because we need a landfill to properly manage waste for the safety of the citizens of Honolulu.

We still need a landfill because there's still waste that has to go to the landfill. We still have to take bulky waste to the landfill. We still have to take sludge to the landfill. Auto shredded waste has to go to the landfill, screenings and tank bottom sludge, medical sharps and red bag waste and sandblast, just to name a few.

Some of these wastes, the City plans to divert from the landfill, but current technologies as

of July 31, 2012, the deadline that is currently imposed for MSW, municipal solid waste, 2012 -- July 31, 2012, and on that date we won't be able to take bulky waste, we won't be able to take sludge, we won't be able to take a lot of the waste that third boiler at H-POWER will eventually be able to take.

2.5

We also will not have our bioconversion facility in place to also take sludge. We also will not have a shipping option because as of currently there are no compliance agreements that will allow the shipment of municipal solid waste to the mainland.

Also, I've heard mention of a storage option, but as you've heard from the deputy director of the Department of Health, Gary Gill, this is not a safe option and any kind of storage will probably result in violations of Hawaii storage laws.

Now, we need the landfill because there's waste that has -- still has to go to the landfill, because alternative technologies are currently not available to deal with some of these wastes. And also because we need a failsafe option. We have to have a landfill to be able to address contingencies that we don't -- we can't anticipate and we can't have any control over. We need a landfill if H-POWER goes down. Even with the third boiler up and running, if

H-POWER is available to take over 900,000 tons of waste per year, if something goes wrong and H-POWER cannot function, we need a backup. That's the same for the bioconversion facility, that's the same for the Sand Island conversion. And we also need to be able to respond to emergencies. For example, Japanese -- the debris from the tsunami in Japan. It's sound public policy to have this kind of backup, to have this kind of assurance if we encounter situations, emergency situations where disposal options are not available, there will be -- there is going to be an option of a landfill to properly dispose of the waste for the safety of the people of Honolulu.

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And the City is not looking to Waimanalo Gulch Solid Waste Sanitary Landfill as a dumping ground, so to speak. They are not looking to dispose of all waste there. And you've seen this based on the amount of diversion that the City has already accomplished. We have -- we're diverting approximately 70 percent of waste from the landfill and we're in the top ten cities for total landfill diversion. We've also been very successful in implementing island-wide recycling and we are currently diverting all food waste and green waste

from the landfill. So the City has already made great strides in diverting waste from the landfill. And the City is continuing to divert, continuing to be committed to this goal of landfill diversion. They intend to divert all sewage sludge from the landfill, and they want to get to as high as or above 80 percent total diversion.

But even with maximum diversion, the City still needs a landfill. We still need a landfill because we still -- there's still going to be waste that cannot be disposed of, and that's why we're looking at another site, and that's why we've been directed to look at another site. And as of April 20th, 2012, the site selection committee has come up with recommendations. And as you've heard from Janice Marsters who testified from the site selection committee, the committee has taken great strides, has made great strides and made great efforts to ensure that there's a rigorous process, looked at all objections and they've been very diligent in their selection.

But until there is actually another operational site, we still need to have landfill. And as you've heard from testifiers who have knowledge of Hawaii's siting process, it takes a long time, at

least seven years. So until there's actually another landfill, we need Waimanalo Gulch Sanitary Landfill. We need to take the waste that cannot be otherwise disposed, we need it as a backup if H-POWER or the bioconversion facility shuts down, and we need it to address emergencies.

But I think then you ask, maybe, why no deadline? And the answer to that is there is a deadline. Planning Commission imposed a deadline in the previous decision. The deadline is capacity. Waimanalo Gulch, with the present expansion, is expanded to its full extent. So once it reaches capacity, that will be the end of the use of the Waimanalo Gulch Sanitary Landfill.

The other -- the other part is that the City needs the flexibility to properly manage disposal of waste to protect human health and the environment. By imposing what we have already observed as unworkable, inflexible deadlines, this will inhibit the city from properly managing waste. And despite what the intervenors would have you believe, the City is not looking to Waimanalo Gulch to dump all its waste if it's permitted to use the gulch to capacity. As you've seen by its effort in diversion, you know, landfill diverse and its future efforts to divert, the

City is committed to reducing the use of the landfill.

And even if we deleted the deadline, even if the Waimanalo Gulch is allowed to continue to operate to capacity, the City can't just disregard its current obligations. And those current obligations are with contracts, it involves conversion facilities to divert sludge -- to convert the sludge, and also its continued expansion of H-POWER. So we already have legal obligations which we're bound by which would prove that the City is committed to diversion.

And moreover, over and above these other considerations, the Planning Commission still -- you still retain the authority to have -- to continue to review, to continue to have oversight or authority to track what the City doing, to keep tabs on ongoing diversion efforts as well as site selection efforts. And you have the ability, pursuant to your own order, to enforce these conditions. You have the ability to modify the SUP, you even have the ability to revoke the SUP. So instead of imposing deadlines that have proved to be unworkable, the Planning Commission can -- does and still retains the authority to keep the City in check, to make sure that it's complying with its obligations and to make sure that it's continuing to minimize the use of a landfill.

The City needs the flexibility to properly manage waste. That's the bottom line. We still need the landfill. We still need to use the landfill. We still need to dispose of waste that can't go anywhere else. And if the deadline is imposed and if we are -- if other deadlines are imposed that we cannot abide by, then the result will be shutting down the landfill and possibly harming the health of the citizens of Honolulu as well as the environment.

So to beat a dead horse, we, Oahu, needs a landfill. We need to continue to allow the City to have the ability to properly manage waste without restrictions that will -- that reinforce an obligation that allow them to continue to operate in a reasonable and productive manner.

So the recommendation from the City or the request from the City is that you delete condition 14, you delete an unreasonable and unworkable deadline, and that you continue to allow the City to properly manage its waste for the protection of the public. This is the reasoned decision, the reasoned solution, and the reason -- the solution that is most protective of the citizens of Honolulu.

Thank you.

CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Mr. Sandison.

MR. SANDISON: Thank you. First of all, I'd like to thank all of you for spending as much time as you have over the last many, many weeks in this hearing. I'd also like to talk a little bit about Schnitzer and why we're here and have invested the time and effort to participate in this hearing.

As you've seen, this solid waste here on Oahu is incredibly complicated. H-POWER handles some of it, the City's new digesters will handle some of it, Waimanalo Gulch handles some of it, and Schnitzer also handles some of that. And as Larry Snodgrass testified, Schnitzer processes about 120,000 tons of scrap metal a year. We say that number a lot and we try to visualize what it is. That's a pile that is roughly the size of the building that we're in today, only it's a mile and a half long. So that's a lot of solid waste.

And some of you remember Kailua Auto
Wreckers, some of you remember the problems that
existed on Maui and other places where we have not had
the ability to deal with this solid waste. So
Schnitzer's niche in the solid waste operations for
this community is that it handles the vast majority of
scrap metal.

And the way that it does that is to run quite a bit of it through an automobile shredder and that separates the recyclable metal, the ferrous and nonferrous, from the plastics and the dashboards, the headliners, the seats, the bumpers, those pieces of an automobile are, particularly automobiles, that are not recyclable metal. And that's a waste. All recyclers produce some residual waste. Of that 120,000, roughly 20,000 of that is shredder residue and that has gone and continues to go to Waimanalo Gulch. If condition 14 stays in place, we'll have nowhere to put that after July 31st of this year.

That's really a big problem. We,

Schnitzer, had a preview of how big a problem that was when the landfill was shut down in the -- as a result of the rains and the spills that happened last

January. We had a couple -- we had a few weeks where we could not take shredder residue there. That was a crisis. We went -- we explored every possible alternative. We went to PVT, which is the landfill in Nanakuli, it's a construction and demolition waste landfill. They're not permitted to take our residues. We really, really explored with H-POWER, could we possibly burn this stuff. The answer came down no, not with the existing two boilers and not with the

future boiler. They're not going to accept it. It burns too hot. The glass in it adheres to the refractory. They're concerned about what happens to their air permits when stuff that they burn goes up the stack and they don't have the appropriate scrubbers. So that's not a viable option.

We looked at taking it to the mainland. Part of the problem is we have the same problem that the City does with shipping waste to the mainland. We also looked at going to the outer islands. We've looked at all of the alternatives.

This is a problem, as you heard Tom

Zelenka testify, that Schnitzer has dealt with because
they have so many of these operations on a nationwide
basis. They look at what's going on in Europe, which
is really the avant-garde of waste processing, and
those -- and in those specialized areas, the plasma
arc and things, they're really just pilot programs.

No one in the entire world has developed an
alternative for dealing with shredder residue that
operates on a commercial basis.

So there just isn't a viable alternative for that, except for one that we've looked at, and I think it was testified about it, Mr. Pacopac asked about it, and that is as an alternative daily cover.

We've been really looking into it, not looking at it, acting on it very hard. We are currently trying to get that permitted through the Department of Health. It's taking a long time. If they do permit it, it will be well past July 31 of this year. We went into the legislature to try to get a bill that would remove some of the legal obstructions to getting that done so we could get it to -- used as alternative daily cover, as is done almost uniformly throughout the United States.

with a solution. We've literally thrown everything against the wall. My being here today is another example. We're joining with the City. If condition 14 stays in place, we're in deep trouble, Schnitzer is deep trouble, the citizens of Oahu are in deep trouble, because we don't have another place to put that stack of scrap metal that's as about big of this building and a mile and a half long. It will sort of uniformly distribute itself around our island.

And for those reasons we really ask that you do what has been suggested, do what the city has suggested, allow the landfill to stay open to those wastes that don't have another home. These apply to quite a few others, but Schnitzer is a very important

one and this is public health issue. It's an important aspect for the entire community, and if this condition goes -- condition 14 goes into effect on July -- at the end of July this year, we will have artificially created a crisis that we don't need to have.

For all of those reasons, we ask that you approve the City's request. Thank you.

MR. CHIPCHASE: Chair, it will take me two minutes to set up my PowerPoint.

Chair, before I begin, I'm compelled by procedure to renew my objection to the jurisdiction of this commission. With that objection renewed, I'm prepared to proceed with my closing.

CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Proceed.

MR. CHIPCHASE: Commissioners, we have been meeting in this room since December, and in the 30 minutes that I have to talk to you this morning, I can't possibly summarize all of the evidence that you've received. We've had eight hearing days, we've heard from something like 15 witnesses, and there are more than 260 exhibits in evidence and on file with the commission. We'll tell the full story in our findings and conclusions that we'll submit to you. Today I'd like to just focus on four points.

First, I'd like to take us back to the beginning. Why are we here? What does the City want? And what's the standard? Second, I'll discuss what we've learned over these five months about the landfill, about the waste strain and about the City's efforts to find another site. Third, I'll address the need for accountability. And finally, I'll bring us to the bottom line, what is the order that we believe the commission should enter in this case.

First the beginning. At the most basic level, we're here because the Waimanalo Gulch Sanitary Landfill sits on agricultural land. A landfill is decidedly not an agricultural use and so the City needs a Special Use Permit to operate the landfill, and it's currently operating under the Special Use Permit issued by the Land Use Commission in 2009.

That Special Use Permit imposes several conditions on the operations at the landfill. One of those conditions controls the kind of waste that may be deposited at the landfill. Specifically under the current Special Use Permit, municipal solid waste may be deposited at the landfill up to July 31, 2012.

After that date, the landfill can only be used for ash and residue. It will be an ash monofill under the current conditions, and this is condition 14 of the

Special Use Permit. This condition does not mandate closure of the landfill, it regulates the kind of waste that may be accepted at the landfill after a specific date.

The same Special Use Permit also directs the City to find a new landfill site for municipal solid waste, the waste that would be banned from the landfill after July 31, 2012. Specifically at condition 4, the LUC directed as follows, quote, On or before November 1, 2010, the applicant shall begin to identify and develop one or more new landfill sites that shall either replace or supplement the WGSL.

That same condition, condition 4, goes on to state, quote, The applicant's effort to identify and develop such site shall be performed with reasonable diligence.

Conditions 4 and 14 operate together.

Close the landfill to MSW and find a new site for MSW, something the LUC has been telling the commission — rather telling the City to do for nine years. Instead of doing what it had been directed for nine years, the City is back filing an application to delete condition 14 entirely. In that application the City, quote, moves the Planning Commission for an order modifying the SUP. The City explains that the modification it

seeks is to delete condition 14, specifically, quote, the July 31, 2012 deadline to cease disposal of municipal solid waste at WGSL. That is the condition the City wants deleted, and with that condition deleted, the City tells us that it wants to, quote, use the WGSL until it reaches its permitted capacity.

As the applicable, the City has the burden of proof. Because the City is seeking to modify a Land Use Commission condition, the standard is good cause. In other words, the City's burden is to show good cause for deleting condition 14 and allowing the City to continue to use Waimanalo Gulch until it reaches capacity. That means for another 15 or 20 years.

In making this request, the City seeks also to strip condition 4 of any meaning. Condition 4 requires the development of a new site with reasonable diligence. If we strip condition 14 completely out of the order, the City would be developing a new landfill site with reasonable diligence that it would not use for a generation. There would be no new site until Waimanalo closed. There would be no new site for another 15 or 20 years, and that is not reasonably diligent. Condition 4 would have no meaning. That extraordinary request is why we're here.

This brings me my second point. have we learned over those eight hearings days from those 15 witnesses and through those 260 exhibits? The first thing we've learned is that the landfill is a burden on the community. We heard from Ken Williams, who is the president of the Ko Olina Community Association, Mr. Williams told us that Ko Olina is home to thousands of residents and dozens of businesses. We know that Ko Olina generates \$520,000,000 a year in direct spending, provides 2800 jobs locally and generates \$60.7 million in taxes. This economic engine is directly across the street from the landfill where its workers, residents and visitors suffer from, quote, the odors, noise, dust, blasting, visual blight, truck traffic, flying litter from the landfill.

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We heard from Bev Munson who lives at Ko Olina. She told us that the stench from the landfill has at times been so bad that if you walk outside, quote, your throat would actually clench up and your eyes would water. Her lanai is covered with dust and dirt from the landfill every single day.

And then there is Maile Shimabukuro who represents the Leeward community in the Hawaii State Senate told us that her constituents and fellow

legislators have consistently voiced their opposition to the landfill. The Waianae Neighborhood Board has voted to close the landfill, and the Senator reminded us that the Leeward coast has an unfair share of environment burdens with the landfill, military bases, Kahi power plant, H-POWER and a waste treatment plant.

We also heard from Maeda Timson who chaired the Kapolei Neighborhood Board for 15 years.

Ms. Timson told us that the Kapolei Neighborhood Board has consistently voted to close the landfill, that the board has sent complaints to Waste Management and asked Waste Management to appear and explain the situation with the landfill, but never received anyone from there, instead received only excuses. No one from Waste Management came to talk to the Kapolei Neighborhood Board and no one from Waste Management came to talk to these proceedings.

On the other side of the community ledger, no one from the community testified in these proceedings in favor of the landfill. No one told you that the landfill is not that bad. No one told you that the harm to the community is exaggerated. No one told you that although the landfill has been operating for 23 years, now four years beyond when it was promised to be closed, that they would not mind

another 15 or 20 years of operation. Not even a representative from Waste Management came to tell you that the landfill is really a good neighbor or it's really trying hard.

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And through these proceedings we've come to understand why the community is opposed to continued operation of the landfill. Perhaps most strikingly, we heard that the Waimanalo Gulch landfill has racked up the worst regulatory record of any landfill in the state of Hawaii. Solid and Hazard Waste Branch chief Steven Chang testified that of the 13 landfills in the state, nine to eleven of which accept MSW, the Waimanalo Gulch has more regulatory violations than any other landfill in the last five years.

Dwight Miller, who was qualified as an expert in landfill siting and design concurred. He stated that he has not worked on a landfill site that has had anywhere near the violations of this size, same size and scope as Waimanalo Gulch.

These regulatory violations have been going on for years. The Department of Health has found violations at the gulch. The EPA has found violations at the gulch. We learned for nearly a year that an employee at Waste Management had falsified

explosive gas head readings. We heard from Deputy
Director Gary Gill, deputy director of the Department
of Health, that the Department of Health is currently
investigating the landfill.

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On this subject of regulatory violations, we spent a lot of time discussing the causes and consequences of the December 2010 and January 2011 floods from the landfill. We know unequivocally that the floods occurred because Waste Management began filling cells before the diversion channel was in place. We know unequivocally that inadequate planning by the City and Waste Management caused the landfill to run out of safely usable space and forced them to deviate from their plan and fill and build the diversion channel at the same time. And we know unequivocally that the temporary diversion system that they put in place failed on multiple occasions in December 2010 and January 2011 and released leachate and waste into the ocean and into Ko Olina. pictures of some of the waste that washed from the landfill and onto the beaches and into the ocean.

Duke Hospodar told us about Ko Olina's efforts to clean up this waste. We learned from Duke that no one from the City or Waste Management called Ko Olina to warn them about the floods. We learned

from Duke that no one from the City or Waste

Management helped Ko Olina to clean the lagoons, which

remained closed for ten days. We know from Duke that

no one from the City or Waste Management offered to

reimburse Ko Olina for the cost to clean up those

lagoons. In fact, when Ko Olina took the trailers

full of trash back to the landfill, they were charged

for depositing it there.

2.4

Instead of helping Ko Olina, Waste
Management sent a few temporary workers to clean one
area of the beach after giving them 30 minutes of
hazardous waste training and puncture-resistant
gloves. We saw video of these workers and we heard
from Eddie Belluomini that these workers never came
back even to that area even though the waste continued
to pile up. We know that the EPA has cited Waste
Management and the City for those violations and we
know the Department of Health is currently
investigating the City.

We learned that despite the danger of the landfill and the terrible regulatory record that it has racked up, the City is still way behind other municipalities in its recycling efforts. Deputy Director Gary Gill summed it up on public television.

He didn't have an agenda, he wasn't trying to sell the

commission on anything when he made those statements, he simply said, quote, We still have lots of parts of the waste system stream which we are way behind. We are doing about half as well as we need to, not only as a city, but also as a state.

where we are. And the record supports Mr. Gill's conclusions. As Mr. Miller put it, quote, the City's current use of alternative disposal technologies is inconsistent with current state of the practice with respect to its recycling efforts, biosolids management, and medical waste management.

But there is good news. And this brings me to the fifth thing we've learned in these proceedings. Very soon the City will not need a general purpose municipal solid waste landfill. In 2010 the City took 163,736 tons of MSW to the landfill. The third boiler at H-POWER will be operational by October or November 2012. This third boiler will have the capacity to take 300,000 tons of MSW a year. This is more capacity than the City's own numbers show it needs to get MSW out of Waimanalo Gulch.

Importantly, with this third boiler, the City will have the capacity to burn all sewage sludge.

The City could stop sending sewage sledge to Waimanalo Gulch and we heard today from Ms. Viola that that is their goal. With a third boiler, the City will have the capacity to burn all medical waste. The City could stop sending medical waste to Waimanalo Gulch.

Once the third boiler is up and running, what's left going to the landfill? The answer is, quote, not much. As Mr. Miller explained, with alternative diversion, there's no need to have a general purpose MSW landfill here on Oahu and Mr. Steinberger agreed. When I went through the list of waste with Mr. Steinberger and we took out everything that couldn't be burned or otherwise diverted, we were left with, quote, a small percentage of waste and most of that small percentage can go to PVT.

The only time putrescible or decomposable waste has to go to a landfill is during H-POWER down time and during emergencies. This putrescible waste creates the most health problems and causes the most concern for the community. When a third boiler is up and running, we can get that waste out of the landfill.

It's a question of will. And this brings me to the final thing we've learned in these

The City will take the path of least proceedings. resistance. The City will never voluntarily limit the waste that goes into Waimanalo Gulch. As we heard today, the City wants credit for diverting waste, but the City doesn't want anyone holding it accountable for actually diverting that waste. The City will never close the gulch on its own until it reaches capacity and the City will never open a new landfill until the gulch closes. And that is what the City has asked this commission to do, keep the gulch open until it reaches capacity. Taking the easier road does not make the City bad people, but it does mean that this commission must keep the City's feet to the fire. Director Steinberger asked you to do exactly that, keep our feet to the fire. The City must hold the commission accountable.

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And this brings me to my third point, accountability. We see the need for accountability in three ways. First, as soon as possible we have to stop taking putrescible waste to the landfill, the sewage sludge, the medical waste, the other things that we can burn. When the third boiler fires, sewage sludge and medical waste should be out of the gulch. There is no reason to take that waste to Waimanalo one day longer than we have to.

Second, we have to keep the City on track for siting and developing a new landfill. The City was ordered again to find a new landfill in October The City was specifically directed to start the process on November 1, 2010 and proceed reasonably diligently. It is now April 23rd, 2012. months into this process. Mr. Miller testified that the entire site selection and development process should take between three and five years. And he broke it down for the commission. It should take 18 months to two years for design, design review and development of a landfill. The EIS process should take a year to a year and a half. Adding landfill acquisition to the process would bring the total to three to five years.

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And Mr. Miller's estimate is consistent with the time line set out by then acting deputy director -- then Acting Director Doyle in 2003. In 2003 Mr. Doyle testified, quote, We have asked for a five year extension because that's the time that we believe it's going to take in order for us to establish a new landfill.

He went on to explain that this estimate was conservative. He added, quote, We think the time that is necessary for us to get there is at least

three, probably four years, just to get ourselves up and operational on that landfill site. Three to four years. Five is conservative.

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Against this evidence, the City offered no one who is qualified as an expert in landfill siting. Mr. Steinberger, he wasn't offered as an expert. He couldn't be. He has never successfully sited a landfill. Ms. Marsters, she wasn't offered as an expert in landfill siting when she told us that she had never sited or designed a landfill. Dr. Sharma, his expertise is in design. He explained to us that he has never sited a landfill and added that he was not qualified to give expert testimony on landfill siting.

It took the City two years to site and develop Waimanalo Gulch. If the City is motivated to act, it will take the City three to five years to find a new site.

And this brings us to the current site selection efforts. If a new site comes out of these efforts, it won't be because the committee members stood up and made it happen. We know that the site selection process from the beginning didn't follow the City's own solid waste management plan, the plan that Director Steinberger told us was the City's framework

for solid waste management on the island of Oahu.

Astonishingly, the committee has not excluded sites west of Makakilo, even though the solid waste management plan expressly said to exclude sites west of Makakilo.

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More fundamentally than that, though, the process has not followed the detailed flow chart set out in the solid waste management plan, and because of these and many, many other failings, the process did not move linearly from broad to narrow as Mr. Miller explained it should. Instead, the consultant had the committee start the same old list of 40-something sites, many of which were no longer viable due passage of time and development. The committee was using the same old list of 40-something sites, the same list they've been kicking around for decades, through the sixth of seven scheduled meetings. If the committee members had not stood up and said we will not be a rubber stamp for keeping Waimanalo open, we would have ended up in the same place we've ended up before. Fortunately, the committee told the consultant to drop the exclusionary screens that it had unilateral imposed and to broaden the search. By my count, this committee had to broaden the search four times throughout the process and extend the process by

another nine months.

The site selection process is littered with other errors and questions, such as why no member from Ko Olina or Kapolei on the committee even though those are the communities most affected by the landfill. With this experience of the site selection committee, it's no surprise that as Ms. Marsters told us, the committee was, quote, not happy with the process and that the committee had to remove screens that had not been previously discussed or authorized by the committee.

Fortunately, finally, nine months after the process was supposed to end, the City has made its recommendations. There may be another meeting for the committee to consider the report and we'll have to see where the process goes from there, but the City is off to a bad start.

The third and final area in which the City must be held accountable is the closure of Waimanalo Gulch. There is a disconnect between what the City says and what the City does. The City says it is committed to waste diversion, the City says it is diligently working to find a new site to replace Waimanalo. But even if we pretend that it will actually take seven years to site and develop a new

landfill site, we are nearly two years into that process. The City was ordered to begin it on November 1, 2010. Yet the City hasn't asked for an extension until November 1, 2017, seven years after it was ordered to begin the process, instead the City has asked to use Waimanalo Gulch until it reaches capacity. That is what the City wants and that is not consistent with what the City promises and pledges with respect to waste diversion and its diligent efforts.

Cynthia Rezentes recognized the inconsistency between the City's statements and its actions. She's a former member of the Blue Ribbon Site Selection Committee and she knows the history. She remembers the City's pledge to only seek a five-year extension and close the landfill in 2008. That deadline is long gone and she sees the City asking for another, this time unlimited, extension. As Ms. Rezentes tells us, At some point in time we have got to say enough is enough.

Shad Kane also served on the prior site selection committee. In his view site selection efforts are, quote, just done in an effort to kind of color over things and make things look good from a political perspective. This body can make sure that

the site selection process is more than political, more than a cover. This body can tell the City that it has finally had enough.

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Waimanalo.

And this brings me to the bottom line. What should the order contain? We believe that the record compels four conclusions. First, condition 14 should be modified. General purpose municipal solid waste should be allowed at Waimanalo Gulch up to January 1, 2013. By then the third boiler will be on There will be no reason to send medical waste, sewage sludge and other putrescible waste to the landfill except in emergencies and H-POWER down time. Otherwise, those wastes must be banned. Non-putrescible waste, including, but not limited to, auto shredder residue, ash and residue from H-POWER and construction and demolition debris can continue to go to the landfill beyond January 1, 2013. wastes, as Schnitzer said, frequently have no other home. For the waste to have another home, as we've heard, they have to end, they have to stop going to

Second, the City must have a new landfill site developed and ready by November 1, 2017. By November 1, 2017, the City will have had seven years, not including its original six, to develop a new

landfill site. Under any estimate that is more than enough time if the City is actually committed to doing it.

Third, starting September 1, 2012, and continuing six months -- every six months until there is a new landfill, the City must report to this commission in writing and in person. Those reports must describe the City's progress toward opening a new site and the City's compliance with the other conditions of the order. And there must be notice to the community when those reports are going to be made so the community has a chance to evaluate them and to hear what the City has to tell this body.

Finally, Waimanalo Gulch Sanitary

Landfill must close to all remaining waste, except ash and residue -- I'm sorry, including ash and residue on November 2, 2017. The City said that it wants to have one landfill site. The City has directed the site selection committee to look for a site that can take ash and residue. Since the City wants one site, and the City has to find a new site, it won't need the landfill, the Waimanalo Gulch Sanitary Landfill any more. That was the City's choice. It had an opportunity to look at a supplemental site or a new site, it chose to select a new site. That means we

close Waimanalo Gulch on November 2, 2017.

That will be nearly 30 years after
Waimanalo Gulch opened and ten years after the City
promised it would be shut. The deadlines are only
unworkable when the City is not committed to following
them. Enough is enough.

Thank you.

CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Thank you very much.

Thank you. We thank you as well, from the commission standpoint, for your time and your hard work.

Why don't we go over the schedule for the board. I know we had set one in our previous meeting. What I'd like to do ideally is to keep the schedule in tact as far as having your simultaneous submittals of proposed findings of fact, conclusions of law, decision and order by parties on May 2nd. So this is the same that we had proposed previously. And then on May 14, the simultaneous submittal of responses to other parties proposed findings, conclusions of law, decision and order by parties.

The only change that we are proposing is -- or is our decision -- excuse me, our deliberation and decision and that would be on May 25th. We'll be starting at 9:00 a.m. as far as deliberation and I think it's fair to say noon. Give

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      us till noon. So we'll meet at noon. 12:00 noon.
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                   MS. VIOLA: I'm sorry, so the parties
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      will be present?
                   CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Okay. Why don't we
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      start at 9:00, then. And it will be in the same room.
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                   Are there any questions?
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                   May I have a --
                   COMMISSIONER PACOPAC: Motion.
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                    COMMISSIONER TOLENTINO: So moved to
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      adjourn.
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                    CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: All in favor, aye.
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                   ALL MEMBERS: Aye.
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                   CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Thank you.
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                    (The proceedings adjourned at 11:33 a.m.)
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CERTIFICATE

I, Jessica R. Perry, Certified Shorthand Reporter for the State of Hawaii, hereby certify that the proceedings were taken down by me in machine shorthand and was thereafter reduced to typewritten form under my supervision; that the foregoing represents to the best of my ability, a true and right transcript of the proceedings had in the foregoing matter.

I further certify that I am not attorney for any of the parties hereto, nor in any way concerned with the cause.

DATED this 26th day of April, 2012, in Honolulu, Hawaii.

Jessica R. Perry, RPR, CSR No. 404