	۷
1	BEFORE: SUE M. FLINT, RPR, CSR 274
2	Notary Public, State of Hawaii
3	
4	APPEARANCES:
5	
6	Planning Commission:
7	GAYLE PINGREE, Chairwoman
8	CORD D. ANDERSEN, Member
9	DANIEL S.M. YOUNG, Member
10	BEADIE DAWSON, Member
11	ARTHUR B. TOLENTINO, Member
12	
13	For the Planning Commission:
14	WINSTON K.Q. WONG, ESQ.
15	Deputy Corporation Counsel
16	Department of the Corporation Counsel
17	530 South King Street, Room 110
18	Honolulu, Hawaii 96813
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
2 4	
25	

	3
1	Appearances (continued):
2	For the City and County of Honolulu, Department of
3	Environmental Services:
4	DANA MIE OSHIRO VIOLA, ESQ.
5	ROBERT BRIAN BLACK, ESQ.
6	Deputies Corporation Counsel
7	City and County of Honolulu
8	530 South King Street, Room 110
9	Honolulu, Hawaii 96813
10	
11	For Ko Olina Community Association and Senator Maile
12	Shimabukuro:
13	CALVERT GRAHAM CHIPCHASE, IV, ESQ.
14	CHRISTOPHER T. GOODIN, ESQ.
15	Cades Schutte
16	1000 Bishop Street, Suite 1200
17	Honolulu, Hawaii 96813
18	
19	For Schnitzer Steel Hawaii Corp.:
20	IAN L. SANDISON, ESQ.
21	ARSIMA A. MULLER, ESQ.
22	Carlsmith Ball LLP
23	ASB Tower, Suite 2200
2 4	1001 Bishop Street
25	Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

1	INDEX
2	
3	
4	WITNESS: KEN WILLIAMS
5	Summary 14
6	Ms. Viola 25, 46, 54
7	Mr. Sandison 46
8	Mr. Chipchase 47
9	
10	WITNESS: BEVERLY MUNSON
11	Summary 56
12	Mr. Chipchase 71
13	
14	WITNESS: CYNTHIA REZENTES
15	Summary 73
16	Mr. Chipchase 79
17	
18	WITNESS: PAUL DUKE HOSPODAR
19	Summary 83
20	Mr. Chipchase 94
21	Planning Commission 95
22	
23	
2 4	
25	

CONTESTED CASE HEARING

CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Good afternoon. Call the meeting to order. Today is day four of the Contested Case Hearing Ewa-State Special Use Permit Amendment Application 2008/SUP-2 Waimanalo Gulch Sanitary Landfill.

Would you kindly identify yourselves for the record, Counsel?

MS. VIOLA: Dana Viola and Brian Black on behalf of the City.

MR. SANDISON: Ian Sandison and Arsima Muller on behalf of intervenor Schnitzer.

MR. CHIPCHASE: Cal Chipchase and Chris Goodin for intervenors Ko Olina Community
Association and Senator Maile Shimabukuro.

CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Thank you very much. We had, of course, the objection to the subpoena that was presented to us in our last session. At that time, the commissioners didn't have the opportunity to review it. Of course, during that period of time we've had the opportunity, so what I'd like to do is to ask today if counsel for Waste Management of Hawaii is present.

MR. KONDO: I am. Wray Kondo with

1	Watanabe Ing.
2	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: And you are ready
3	today?
4	MR. KONDO: I wasn't informed of anything
5	about the subpoena.
6	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: You weren't informed
7	of
8	MR. KONDO: We filed an objection and I
9	haven't heard anything since then.
10	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: So today we're
11	planning to bring that before the commission.
12	MR. KONDO: Yes. All right.
13	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Thank you so much.
14	Counsel, you're ready as well?
15	MR. CHIPCHASE: Yes.
16	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Mr. Kondo, can you
17	please come on up? Please have a seat.
18	Counsel, would you kindly identify
19	yourself for the record?
20	MR. KONDO: Yes. My name is Wray Kondo.
21	I'm with Watanabe Ing law firm.
22	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Thank you.
23	Mr. Kondo, please proceed with your
2 4	objection before the commission.
25	MR. KONDO: Okay. I submitted a written

objection. It was received -- I believe filed on January 12th -- or January 20, 2012. And the basis for the objection is I had a -- one phone conversation and a couple of emails with Mr. Goodin and I explained to him that after our review of the subpoena it appeared that he had all of the responsive documents. So I then identified what documents were responsive in my objection. I attached one letter, which was a transmittal of a document or a report that I believe KOCA and Ms. Shimabukuro already have. Other than that, we don't have anything else.

Since then, I haven't been contacted by the attorneys asking for any further documents or identifying with more specificity anything else that they may be looking for.

CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: So if you could recap the basis of your objection, please?

MR. KONDO: One, the documents that are sought have already been produced or are in the possession of the attorneys for KOCA and Shimabukuro.

Would you like me to identify all the different documents?

CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: I don't think so.

 $$\operatorname{MR.}$$ KONDO: It's identified in my objections.

2.3

2.5

With respect to the objection portion, we just noted that the other documents protected by attorney-client privilege or work product are not discoverable, not responsive. That's about it.

CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Thank you.

MR. CHIPCHASE: Thank you, Chair. Perhaps it's just a simple matter of confusion, but as I understand the subpoena -- or the objections -- some documents have been produced and others that are responsive but are deemed to be privileged or protected have not been produced. That's how I read these two parts to Mr. Kondo's objection.

Among the objections are the documents contain highly confidential proprietary and commercial and other sensitive business information, and that's just not a valid objection in any forum for withholding documents, particularly documents that go to an investigation into fabricated wellhead readings, which is part of the overall issue before this commission; has the landfill operated in a safe, compliant way for all of these years, and as we've maintained it hasn't.

So if Mr. Kondo is taking the position

that other than what we have and what he's given us no responsive documents at all anywhere exist, then I'll accept his representation. But if it's that, We've given you what we want to give you and we're withholding the rest, that, I think, is an improper objection and a frustration of these proceedings.

MR. SANDISON: We will not involve ourselves in this.

 $\label{eq:MS.VIOLA:} \mbox{We will defer to Waste} \\ \mbox{Management.}$

MR. KONDO: And in response, I think what Mr. Chipchase's former position was is correct -- we have produced everything that's responsive. All investigation correspondence have been produced. I think the letters -- there were two reports.

MR. GOODIN: External.

MR. CHIPCHASE: Those were the external reports and correspondence. The subpoena covered, among other things, the internal investigation documents that underlaid the reports that serve as the bases for the reports that went to the agency.

 $$\operatorname{\mathtt{MR}}$.$ KONDO: I think those were attached as exhibits to the reports.

What specific documents are you folks looking for? There are no internal investigation

reports other than the firm EIL was retained to conduct the investigation. They came in. They did the investigation. They then attached exhibits to the report. They then submitted a letter together with that report, and I believe you have those letters. Those were already identified in our response and objection.

Specifically, in paragraph number three on page three of our response and objections, we note the EIL 2009 to 2011 Waimanalo Gulch Sanitary

Landfill monthly perimeter gas monitoring letter reports prepared for Waste Management which Dwight

Miller of Parametrix relied on as a reference in preparing intervenors' Exhibit 146.

We also identified in paragraph four on page three intervenors' Exhibit K-157 listed in intervenors' December 20, 2011 second amended exhibit list; the wellhead monitoring issue is described and explained in the August 30, 2011 letter from Timothy E. Steinberger, Director of applicant ENV to Ronald Ho of the Clean Air Branch, Department of Health, State of Hawaii, and John Brock of the EPA, and the attached August 29, 2011 semi-annual report January 1, 2011 through June 30, 2011 prepared by Environmental Information Logistics

relating to Waimanalo Gulch Sanitary Landfill covered source permit number 0489-01C.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

2.0

21

22

23

24

25

Paragraph five on page three of our Intervenors' Exhibit K-158 response and objections: lists an intervenors' December 20, 2011 second amended exhibit list, the wellhead monitoring issue is further described and explained in the August 18 -- and that was an error -- we put sic, s-i-c --August 18, 2011 letter from Justin Lottig, environmental protection manager of Waste Management, to John Brock of the EPA and Ronald Ho of the Clean Air Branch, Department of Health, State of Hawaii. We noted that intervenors' Exhibit K-158 refers to the semi-annual report dated August 30, 2011 and was actually submitted on September 2, 2011 and not on August 18th, 2011. Waste Management represents that the date of intervenors' Exhibit K-158 should be September 2, 2011.

Paragraph number six on page four, we identified intervenors' Exhibit K-160, which is listed in intervenors' January 5, 2012 third amended exhibit list, the September 28, 2011 landfill gas extraction assessment prepared by EIL relating to Waimanalo Gulch Sanitary Landfill. This assessment is undertaken to investigate the fabricated wellhead

monitoring readings which is the subject of the subpoena.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

And that's the report that I was referring to which contains the attachments, which I believe was the underlying documents that they had And the report states, and I quote: requested. There is no evidence of adverse changes in the condition of the well field. In particular, there is no evidence of any SOE, or subsurface oxidation event, no smoke, no odor, no localized subsidence adjacent to any well. Therefore, despite the absence of some data during the time period in question, the available data shows no wild swings and no adverse changes in the condition of the well field. In particular, there is no evidence of an SOE or even conditions that would present a risk of Further, the data indicates even if the an SOE. manual data was included in any evaluation, it would not significantly alter any of the conclusions or materially skew the data. That's intervenors' Exhibit K-160 at page 32.

In paragraph seven at page four of our response and objections we submitted attached Exhibits 1, which is an October 3, 2011 letter of Joseph R. Whelan, general manager of Waste

Management, sent to Timothy Steinberger, director of applicant ENV, relating to the landfill gas management system investigation report and which transmitted intervenors' Exhibit K-160. I'd assume that letter they already have. I did not notice it as an exhibit in any of intervenors' exhibit list and so we attached it as an Exhibit 1 to our response. And we believe those are all the responsive documents.

MR. CHIPCHASE: And so I have no choice but to accept that representation. I know that the underlying document referenced interviews and we've never seen any copies of interviews. It's hard to believe that only external communications were generated as part of this investigation. We've never seen any copies of internal -- any internal communications as part of the investigation.

But if the representation remains that these documents which we know we have and without exception were all public documents, then we can move on.

CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Thank you. We will

move on. Thank you very much.

Thank you, sir.

MR. KONDO: Thank you.

2.0

CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: We'll take the next
witness. Thank you.

MR. CHIPCHASE: Okay. Thank you. As ou

MR. CHIPCHASE: Okay. Thank you. As our first witness, Chair, we would like to call Ken Williams.

Mr. Goodin is now going to hand out copies of his testimony and some of the exhibits referenced, for the commission's ease.

CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Thank you.
Would you kindly raise your right hand?

KEN WILLIAMS,

called as a witness, being first duly sworn to tell the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth, was examined and deposed as follows:

2.0

2.3

MR. WILLIAMS: Aloha. My name is Ken Williams and I am the general manager of the Ko Olina Community Association, also known as KOCA. I have worked at the resort since 1989, when I started as the senior project manager for then West Beach Estates. During the last 22 years, I have been able to witness the development and growth of the resort, as well as the landfill operations. On behalf of KOCA, I represent all Ko Olina Resort property

owners, hotels, time shares, residential projects and commercial businesses, including retail centers and shops, the golf course and marina.

2.5

KOCA opposes the application to modify.

As an overview, these are my main reasons -- our main reasons. Number one, it's a danger to public health and safety. Number two, operational deficiencies in the landfill's long track record of violations, punctuated by the December 2010 and January 2011 contaminated run-off catastrophes.

Number three, promises not kept. ENV made promises to close the landfill and should be held to its promises to the community; not just Ko Olina, but the entire leeward area. The community relied on these promises. Number four: The landfill jeopardizes Ko Olina's economic benefits to the community, the City and the state of Hawaii.

A little landfill history: I don't mean to regurgitate, but real quickly, the landfill was permitted in 1987. It opened for operation in 1989 and it was supposed to close, the first time at least, in 1997. Fast forward to 2003. The landfill was expanded by 26 acres and the term was extended by five years. Also in 2003, promises were made on record that it would close in 2008, by Frank Doyle,

acting ENV director. Based on those sincere promises the community stood down in reliance that the City would hold to its word and close the landfill. As we all know today, contrary to that promise, the City ultimately filed for a new special use permit to expand by an additional 93 acres doubling the size of the landfill.

As you know, the Planning Commission approved expansion until capacity was reached. The SLUC, State Land Use Commission, approved the permit on the condition that municipal solid waste, MSW, would be allowed to be dumped at the landfill up to July 31st, 2012, with only ash and residue after that date. Thus the landfill was supposed to close in 1997, eight years after it began operations; in 2003, when it reached capacity; again in 2008, when it was promised to be closed and had been directed to be closed; in 2009 when it was directed to be closed; and now in 2012, when it is directed to stop accepting MSW.

The ENV has been breaking promises and kicking the can down the road for over a decade and the community surrounding the landfill has suffered for it. The landfill is harmful and unsafe. Many complaint letters have been sent in this regard to

the City and Waste Management from businesses, condo presidents, nearby property owners, landowners, residents as well as from KOCA.

Impacts include -- I'll just run down the list. It's not comprehensive -- but major ones are odors, noise, dust, blasting, visual blight, truck traffic, flying litter.

There were requests for the City to find alternatives, requests for the City to remove this landfill from our community as promised and requests begging the City to not allow a recurrence of the recent floods and community contamination.

This leads me to what I call the disasters in December 2010 and January 2011 that sent contaminated run-off into the community. I'm not exaggerating when I say disasters, because we were on the ground there and we saw what happened.

I'm going to start by saying that the
Waimanalo landfill -- and it may be a reiteration
for all of you -- is referred to as a canyon fill
landfill. In this case, it is a canyon fill
landfill on a mountainside, on the slopes of a
mountain, making the site a natural drainage way.
Canyon fill landfills rely on multiple berms. When
these berms fail, the canyon fill landfills uphill

of communities like ours are more dangerous than the typical landfill, and that would be a landfill that we would -- a puka in the ground where we'd throw our opala in. Failure can be catastrophic, as evidenced by the disasters.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

Leading up to these events last year, I would be remiss if I did not first mention the landfill's long history of violations with the Environmental Protection Agency and Department of Health, violations upward of 20, fines upwards of 2.5 million dollars, and the most recent was a failure to take gas head readings for a year, from mid 2010 to August 2011, where staff may have ended up fabricating the readings. These readings are essential in determining and detecting if there are, among other things, methane fires burning under Other violations for which the landfill was fined involved inadequate liners, failed leachate system, problems with the gas collection system and violations concerning cell construction and operation.

Now, this brings me to cell E6, the construction and operation of cell E6. Waste Management constructed cell E6 and filled it with garbage, including medical waste, before the

1 necessary drainage infrastructure was completed.

2 | Can you imagine; it would be like building your

3 house and living in it before the drainage system

4 was fully completed. This is what happened at cell

5 | E6 and this is what was a contributing factor

6 leading to the contaminated runoff disaster from the

7 | landfill that polluted the leeward coastline last

8 | year from Kalaeloa all the way to Waianae.

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

The contaminated runoff that rushed down the mountainside and into the ocean included unknown quantities. And, you know, you guys have seen the pictures. I'm not sure what exhibit this is, but this is some of the medical waste that was collected, just some of it, and you can refer to the other photos that are provided in your packet. It included medical waste, landfill debris, leachate, and sewage sludge. Medical waste included sharps, chemotherapy wastes and pathological wastes including blood and urine samples intact.

There was no communication to Ko Olina from ENV or Waste Management. We found out something was terribly wrong when the landfill runoff was washing up on our beaches. The Ko Olina staff closed the lagoons and initiated cleanup. We couldn't wait for someone to tell us there was a

problem, because it was obvious. And we had no idea that it was happening. It was obvious that we had a problem caused by the landfill.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

1.8

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

We cannot forget that this happened only one year ago. We cannot forget how this threatened the health and safety of our community. We cannot forget how this endangered our children, left to play on the beaches from Pokai Bay to Kalaeloa, where warning signs were slow to get posted. cannot forget that signs were not posted because, per an ENV email, they steadfastly refused to abide by a DOH demand to post signs, making a technical argument that signs were not required because the landfill does not qualify as a waste water treatment Now I hear in testimony the use or disposal system. signs couldn't be posted because the signs on hand That's a hard one to were not worded correctly. Meanwhile, medical waste was washing up on take. the beaches, including needles and blood samples.

The City argues that the landfill is needed for the public's health and safety. What about the health and safety of those who were threatened from Ewa to Waianae by the contaminated runoff that washed up on our beaches? Is the health and safety of leeward coast residents not important?

This catastrophe in itself should be more than reason enough to deny this application.

1.8

I'm going to just cover an independent economic analysis that Ko Olina Resort conducted about one year ago, in January of 2011. It's in your Exhibit K-22. It's called the economic analysis and it's done by C.B. Richard Ellis in January 2011. This study shows that the current economic benefits from Ko Olina Resort are, right now, \$520 million in direct spending annually, 2,800 jobs locally, indirect and induced benefits of \$280 million and 1,500 additional jobs, \$60.7 dollars in annual taxes to the City and State. That was current impact.

Future impact: At full build-out the economic benefits will balloon to \$1.4 billion in total economic activities, 8,000 jobs, \$138 million in taxes to the City and the State, plus a \$194 million one time tax -- in one-time taxes from construction period spending.

Construction period impacts -- the last one -- \$3.7 billion in direct spending, two billion in indirect and induced economic benefits, and 26,700 jobs. This is a total of a one-time economic benefit of \$5.7 billion, about equal to what we'd be

spending on the rail.

1.3

2.0

2.3

2.4

The landfill threatens all these ongoing and future economic benefits. I would argue that a landfill would not be approved to be built today across the street from a substantial residential and tourist destination that provides such valuable benefits to the community.

May I add that these benefits are not only economic, as the landfill operation also adversely affects our local families who enjoy the lagoons through Ko Olina's public parking and access.

The ENV has not made reasonably diligent efforts to find alternatives to the landfill. The only reason the landfill is not closed and the City has not kept its promise is that the ENV has failed to make reasonably diligent efforts to find alternatives to the landfill.

In 2008, when the ENV was supposed to have identified and developed a new landfill site, the ENV was instead in the process of requesting an extension of the landfill. In 2009, the ENV was given a two-year extension to accept municipal solid waste. During this time, the two commissions directed ENV to exercise reasonable diligence in locating and developing a new site. The Land Use

Commission issued its order in 2009. The ENV waited for a full year to begin landfill site selection committee meetings in October 2010. The committee was to provide its recommendation to the mayor by August 2011. The date was pushed to October. It is now February 2012 and the committee has still not made its recommendation.

2.3

May I also add that although members on the committee were chosen from different communities from around Oahu, including neighborhoods like

Mililani and Kailua -- areas, by the way, that are understandably fighting tooth and nail to keep that landfill out of their communities, and rightfully so -- I find it very odd that no one from Ko Olina or Kapolei, for that matter, were asked to participate in the landfill selection process. Ko Olina bears the daily brunt of the impacts of Waimanalo Gulch landfill and it stands to reason that representation on this committee should have been mandatory, but we weren't even considered.

As for alternatives, ENV claimed to be working towards utilizing alternative technologies.

The ENV is no closer to utilizing these types of new technologies today than it was in 2003. Instead of exercising reasonable diligence in developing new

landfill sites and new technologies, for the last eight years the ENV has continued to kick the can down the road and has continued to put decision makers like yourselves in a tenuous position, with your backs against the wall, unnecessary and unfair. The adverse effects of the landfill continue to get worse, not better.

2.3

The Ko Olina Resort's operations generates millions of dollars for the economy, thousands of jobs for local workers and millions of dollars in tax revenue. All of those benefits to the surrounding community, the City and the State are cast in doubt by the landfill's shadow. This landfill is no longer viable. It is time for the landfill to stop accepting solid waste and for the ENV to find a new site and new technologies. The ENV must be held accountable for its promises and obligations to the community. The application to modify should be denied. Thank you.

CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Thank you, Mr. Williams.

MS. DAWSON: Mr. Williams, may the commissioners have a copy of your testimony?

CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Excuse me. I think we have to proceed with the ENV. Then when we're

done, we'll take questions. 1 Thank you. MS. DAWSON: 2 MS. VIOLA: She was just asking for a copy 3 of his testimony. Did you pass them out? 4 (Discussion off the record.) 5 6 EXAMINATION 7 BY MS. VIOLA: 8 Good afternoon, Mr. Williams. 9 0. Good afternoon. 10 Α. Is it correct to state that Ko Olina or --11 0. let me ask you: When was the Ko Olina Resort 12 purchased? 13 Dana, would you CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: 14 please speak into your mike or get a little closer? 15 16 Thank you. 17 BY MS. VIOLA: Can you tell me when the Ko Olina Resort 18 was purchased by Mr. Stone, Jeff Stone? 19 By Mr. Stone or Mr. Horita? 20 Α. Mr. Stone. 21 Q. Mr. Stone. In 1998. 22 Α. In 1998. So that coincides pretty much 2.3 0. with when you started working with Ko Olina? 24

No. I started in 1989.

25

Α.

- Q. Okay. In 1998, what is -- let me put it this way: What was the progress in terms of development for Ko Olina from 1989 to 1998?
 - A. In terms of what was built in that time?
 - O. Uh-huh.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

- A. All of the infrastructure. Several hundred million dollars worth of infrastructure, the Ko Olina Golf Course, the -- at the time, it was a hotel built by Pan Pacific hoteliers, Ihilani Resort and Spa. Let's see. The marina was built, as well as -- what's the other -- you're saying up until 1998? Excuse me. I'm sorry.
 - Q. Up through 1998.
 - A. That would be it.
- Q. Let me show you what I will mark as Exhibit A-34 for the City's exhibits.
- Do you recognize this document?
- 18 A. No, I don't.
 - O. What is the title of the document?
- 20 A. It says The Resort Group World Class
 21 Experience.
- Q. Okay. Can you look at page one of the document, under Jeff R. Stone, Founder?
- A. Page two?
- Q. Yes. Page two, at the bottom, bottom

1 paragraph.

2

5

7

- A. Okay.
- Q. Do you agree with the representations made in that paragraph?
 - A. The first paragraph?
- 6 Q. Both paragraphs.
 - A. Give me some time to read it, please.
- Q. Okay.
 - A. Yeah, I agree with this.
- 10 Q. For the record, could you read the second
- 11 -- the last paragraph?
- 12 A. The whole thing?
- 13 Q. Yes.
- 14 A. Starting with, He acquired?
- 15 Q. Yes.
- A. He required the stalled Ko Olina Resort project, dormant for more than ten years, in 1998 and he viewed it with innovation, energy and vitality. His vision of creating Oahu's first active family resort destination undoubtedly
- 21 contributed to the success of businesses in the
- 22 neighboring West Oahu region and throughout the
- 23 state. Stone's infusion of attention and vigor into
- 24 the area has strengthened community and visitor
- 25 interest in the destination and revitalized the

- island of Oahu as a multi-resort destination by
 attracting numerous national and international
 investors to Ko Olina, including Walt Disney
 Resorts, Massachusetts Mutual life Insurance,
 Marriott International, Brookfield Homes, the
 Weinberg Foundation and Alexander and Baldwin.
 - Q. That's enough. Thank you. And it's your testimony that you agree with that representation?
 - A. I think, you know, it definitely wasn't stalled. I mean, it was stalled when he purchased it, no question. I lived through those ten years and we did have some development in the early '90s, as you probably all recall, but with the way the economy went, it took -- in about 1992, 1993, yes, we did sit dormant until 1998.
 - Q. But it's accurate to say that since 1998 there has been significant development and revitalization?
 - A. Yes, there has been, no question.
 - Q. You referenced in your testimony the 1981 and 1983 Ewa Development Plans. I think it's listed as Exhibit K-132 of the Ko Olina Community
 Association's exhibits.
 - A. Okay.

Q. I'm asking if you're aware of the 1981 and

- 1 1983 Ewa Development Plans, since it's referenced in your testimony.
 - A. I'm sure I have reviewed that at one time or another as project manager for the resort.
 - Q. It is referenced in your written testimony.
 - A. Okay.
 - Q. So you are aware of those plans?
 - A. Yes.

4

5

6

7

8

9

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

- 10 Q. So you're familiar with the Ewa
 11 Development Plan?
 - A. I am familiar -- I have a working knowledge of it, yes. I need to have a --
 - Q. You believe that you need to have a working knowledge of the Ewa Development Plan?
 - A. When I started in 1989, yes, it would have been very important as a project manager to understand the big picture of the plan.
 - Q. And you are aware that the Ewa Development Plan has since been revised, since 1983?
 - A. Yes. I am aware of the -- it's been revised, yes.
- Q. Let me show you what I want to mark as -24 I'm sorry.
- MS. VIOLA: Before I do that, I'd like to

1 | enter Exhibit A-34 into evidence.

CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Thank you.

MS. VIOLA: I'm now going to show the witness what the City has marked as Exhibit A-35. BY MS. VIOLA:

- Q. For the record, could you identify what the document you've been presented with is?
 - A. Ewa Development Plan August 1997.
- Q. Could you turn to page 4-23 of the plan? Section 4.5 is at the bottom of page 4-23. Do you see that?
- A. Yes.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

1 1

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

2.0

21

22

2.3

24

- Q. And it's entitled Solid Waste Handling and Disposal?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. Could you read that paragraph out loud?
 - A. Two major solid waste handling and disposal facilities are located in Ewa. The H-POWER plant at Campbell Industrial Park is operating at maximum capacity, receiving over 600,000 tons of solid waste each year. The Waimanalo Gulch Sanitary Landfill, located between the proposed Makaiwa Hills residential development and Kahe Valley is the major active waste disposal site on Oahu. It will run out of capacity within ten to 25 years. The solid waste

- 1 integrated management plan prepared by the
- 2 Department of Public Works and adopted by the City
- 3 | Council in 1995 identified existing landfills which
- 4 | could be expanded and potential sites for developing
- 5 | new landfills to provide new capacity. The
- 6 Waimanalo Gulch was identified as having potential
- 7 | for expansion. Ewa sites for new landfills
- 8 | identified in the plan included the mauka part of
- 9 Kahe Valley, a site within the West Loch magazine
- 10 | blast zone and a site in east Kapolei.
- 11 Q. So according to this Ewa Development Plan
- 12 that you just read, the Waimanalo Gulch could
- operate from ten to 25 years as of 1997; is that
- 14 correct?
- 15 A. That's what it says, yes.
- 16 Q. So that is until 2007 or up to 2022;
- 17 | right? Quick addition --
- 18 A. Yes. That's what it says.
- 19 Q. In 1998, when Jeff Stone was interested in
- 20 | acquiring the property and began developing it, at
- 21 | that time Jeff Stone, and conceivably Ko Olina, was
- 22 already aware via the Ewa Development Plan that the
- 23 | Waimanalo Gulch could operate for as long as into
- 24 2022?
- A. I'm not sure if we were, no.

- Q. Well, you stated that as a -- I guess as a land manager or manager for Ko Olina --
 - A. In 1989, yes.
 - Q. So you wouldn't --
- A. This is 1998 you're talking about now?
- 6 O. Yes.

- 7 A. No.
 - Q. 1989, you're saying?
 - A. That's when I started.
 - Q. So only then would you consider it valuable to know about the Ewa Development Plan?
 - A. During that time when I was an actual development project manager, yes.
 - Q. So Ko Olina and Jeff Stone, since he was involved in developing that area, would you consider it a responsibility of his and developers working with him to be aware of the Ewa Development Plan that was currently in existence at the time that he purchased the property?
 - A. I can't speak for Jeff Stone.
 - Q. I guess as someone who was working for Ko
 Olina and under a reasonable interpretation of yours
 as a business person, would you consider it
 reasonable for them to be aware of the Ewa
 Development Plan?

- A. I can't speak for the group that purchased the property.
 - Q. Can you state that as of 1998, when they purchased the property, that the Ewa Development Plan which is dated 1997 was already in existence?
 - A. 1997 is before 1998, so yes.
 - Q. But you are not saying that they should have been aware of it?
 - A. I can't speak for them.
 - Q. So you can't speak for -- you're representing Ko Olina, all the residents and --
 - A. I'm representing the Ko Olina Community Association, yes.
 - Q. Right. But you're representing, also, the business interests of this association or the business interests of the Ko Olina Resort community.
 - A. The business interests as in --
 - Q. Well, your testimony was that Ko Olina generates over 500 million -- is that what you said?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. -- in profits for the state.
 - A. Yes.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

- Q. Is that what you said?
- So is that more than just community
- 25 interest? That has a knowledge of other than

- community interest -- you would acknowledge that the community does have knowledge of the business potential for Ko Olina?
 - A. That does represent the business interest and economic forecast for Ko Olina, yes.
 - Q. Right. And economic forecast, not only the community interest.
 - A. Not only the community -- I don't understand the question.
 - Q. Well, you're saying that you can't state that Ko Olina should have been aware of the Ewa Development Plan because you can't speak for the developer, because you are only representing community interest.
 - A. That's correct.

2.1

- Q. But you're representing more than community interest when you talk about business development and future development; isn't that correct?
- A. Well, in respect to what the resort can bring to the State, the City and our community, yes.
- Q. Right. And that involved a pretty extensive study that you already provided as an exhibit, this fiscal and economic benefits analysis.
 - A. That's correct.

- Q. That's part of your testimony?
- A. That's correct.

2.0

- Q. Your testimony was that based on this report and based on the business -- I guess business profits from this community or this resort community, that you wouldn't -- you wouldn't conceive of the landfill being allowed to be, I guess, built in that area now.
 - A. Per my testimony, that's correct.
- Q. So based on that opinion, which I think is beyond, I guess, a community -- I guess community analysis, you're saying -- you're trying to predict whether or not the landfill would have been permitted at this point in time?
- A. I have lost you. I'm not sure what you're asking me at this point.
- Q. What I'm asking you is essentially to make a reasonable conclusion based on your expertise as you've presented to this committee based on your being a representative of Ko Olina, based on your being a representative of the business interests, based on your opining as to whether or not the landfill would be sited presently, as to whether or not in 1998 when the resort is being developed, that they should have been aware of the Ewa Development

1 Plan that was an organizational document existing at that time.

Wouldn't you presume that as responsible developers they would be aware of it?

- A. I think the operative word there is presume and I am not going to make an assumption for, you know, the group that I can't make an assumption for. I'm not sure what they -- if they did or did not.
- Q. So based on your experience, then, would you think it irresponsible to disregard a plan that's in existence if you were to develop?
- A. To disregard a plan -- restate that, please.
- Q. If you were a developer, would you consider it to be irresponsible to disregard a plan for the community, or ignore, not be aware of a plan for the community in which you were developing?
- A. I would -- if I were the developer, yes, I would consider reviewing the development plan.
- Q. And like you stated earlier, you were aware of it in the '80s, when you had that capacity at Ko Olina?
 - A. Correct.

Q. Okay. You also state that the City

- repeatedly went back on promises and that the City decided to close the landfill in 2004. That's correct; right?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. Let me show you what we have identified -I don't have copies of this exhibit. It's attached
 to the ENV's exhibits. This is Exhibit A-111 -- I'm
 sorry -- A-11.

9 CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Dana, you said A-11? 10 MS. VIOLA: A-11.

11 BY MS. VIOLA:

4

5

6

7

8

12

13

1.8

- Q. Do you recognize that document?
- A. No, I don't.
- Q. Well, can you read the title of the document?
- 16 A. It's a resolution selecting a site for a new City landfill.
 - Q. And it's a resolution by what body?
- 19 A. The City Council.
- Q. The City Council of the City and County of Honolulu?
- 22 A. That's correct.
- Q. What is the number of the resolution?
- 24 A. It's 04-348, CE1, FD1.
- Q. Thank you. Can you read the first

paragraph on page one?

2.1

- A. Whereas by order of the State Land Use Commission, the City Council was required to select a site for a new City landfill no later than June 1, 2004.
- Q. Can you also read the fourth paragraph on page two, and it starts, Be it further resolved?
- A. Be it further resolved by the council and in accordance with the conditions set forth by the State Land Use Commission that the Waimanalo Gulch site is selected as the site for the City's landfill because --
- Q. You don't have to go through all the reasons.

So based on this resolution, which was passed -- if you look at the last page, the resolution was passed.

- A. Okay.
- Q. So based on this resolution, it was the City Council, not the City administration, who picked Waimanalo Gulch as the new landfill site; is that correct?
 - A. By this document, yes.
- Q. And that it was pursuant to the direction of the Land Use Commission, as stated in that

1 resolution, as well?

- A. That's correct.
- Q. On page four of your testimony -- let me just say generally in your testimony you cite the success of Ko Olina in attracting and creating
- 6 building opportunities for Walt Disney, J.W.
- 7 Marriott, Marriott Vacation Club, Brookfield Homes,
- 8 Centex Homes, Armstrong Builders and others to build
- 9 at Ko Olina; is that right?
- 10 A. You're reading from where?
- 11 Q. Your testimony.
- A. What number?
- Q. I believe it's page four, paragraph ten of your testimony, and pages 23 and 24 of your
- 15 testimony.
- 16 A. That's correct.
- Q. So these successes have all occurred while the landfill has been in operation; correct?
- 19 A. That's correct.
- 20 Q. On page 24, paragraph 59 also of your 21 testimony --
- 22 A. Page -- I'm sorry?
- 23 0. 24.
- 24 A. 24.
- Q. Paragraph 59. You claim that the landfill

- threatens ongoing and future economic benefits;
 correct?
 - A. Yes, I do.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

2.0

21

22

2.3

24

- Q. Yet despite the landfill being in operation since 1989 and despite the fact that it predated Ko Olina and the other businesses in the area, Ko Olina, as you testified, has been successful in attracting and creating building opportunities; is that right?
- A. That's correct.
- Q. Lastly, you heard -- I believe you were here when Tim Steinberger testified; is that correct?
- A. Yes, I was.
- Q. And you heard him state that the City does not have the means to dispose of certain waste, in particular sewage sludge -- did you hear him say that -- by July 31st, 2012?
- A. I don't quite recall that he said that. Did he say that?
 - Q. Yes.
- A. Okay.
- Q. If the landfill is indeed closed by July 31st, 2012 and the City doesn't have the means to dispose of these waste streams, in particular sewage

1 | sludge, where will this waste go?

- A. You're asking me?
- Q. Yes.

- A. I'm up here trying to explain that promises were made that it would stop. I'm up here for the community's sake that these promises have been broken several times. I'm not up here to solve the problem. I mean, I wish I could. I wish I was an engineer. I know way too much about landfills because of my involvement in this opposition over the last eight, ten years. But I'm not in a position to tell you how to take care of the City's responsibility for our trash.
- Q. But if you're concerned about your community, wouldn't you equally be concerned about your community if there's nowhere for this waste to go?
- A. I believe there are other places for it to go, but I would leave that up to the experts, which are coming up soon.
- Q. If there are no places for the waste to go, wouldn't it be more of a concern for you if you're speaking on behalf of the community to be concerned about a deadline that would essentially mean there's no place to dispose of sewage sludge?

A. I do not believe that there is nowhere else for this trash to go or no other alternatives for it to be disposed. And based on that, I wouldn't be able to answer that question.

2.0

- Q. But if the question is -- and that's not the question. The question is: If there is no alternative disposal method, wouldn't you be concerned that your community would suffer if there's no place for this waste to go except for the landfill?
- A. I don't believe that is the case, so I'm not gonna suppose, you know, a scenario where -- which I don't believe. I believe there is alternatives, there are other ways to dispose of our trash.

And I'm just a layman. I mean, but if you give me -- this is Hawaii. Okay? We're the most isolated land mass in the world. If we don't take the bull by the horns and be the leader in these alternative technologies, then nobody will do it. I mean, we have the most at stake, Hawaii -- our tourism, our land, our culture -- to be the leader in alternative technology. So I'm not going to sit here and --

Sorry if I'm getting emotional here, but,

you know, we all grew up here and we all respect our land. We all respect each other's communities. I don't want to see somebody else with the landfill.

I don't want this landfill to continue. But I do know that we are savvy enough and we should have the motivation to be in the forefront of this effort for Hawaii. And with that, sermon, I'll stop. Sorry.

2.3

Q. You don't need to apologize. But Mr. Williams, if your premise is inaccurate, specifically in regard to -- there may be alternative technologies in the future, which is what Mr. Steinberger testified, but as of July 31st, 2012, which is approximately four months from now, five months from now, if there are no alternative disposal methods for waste streams, in particular something as I think would be upsetting to see disposing of in any alternative methods, sewage sludge -- if there is nothing available as of July 31st, 2012, wouldn't that be more of a concern for the resort community and the community members?

A. Our concern is that there has been years and years wasted without efforts towards finding an alternative technology. There are certain things in life where if you don't put your feet -- put someone's feet to the fire, nothing will get done,

- and I think this is one of those cases. Unless we

 stick a deadline out there that is for real, that is

 immovable, that it's not going to bend every time

 someone doesn't try hard enough to get it done, it's

 not going to get done. So for me to sit here and

 say, you know -- well, I'll leave it at that.
 - Q. Are you aware that Hawaii now is fourth in the nation as leading in landfill diversion?
 - A. We should be first.
 - Q. Well, the city that's first, which is San Francisco, still is looking at landfills. So I'm asking you -- you stated that ENV has not made progress since 2003, I think.
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. -- in landfill diversion. Did you hear Mr. Steinberger testify regarding the additional tonnage that's going to be handled at H-POWER?
 - A. Yes, I did.
 - Q. Do you consider that to be a landfill diversion alternative?
 - A. Yes, I do, and I applaud their efforts. I mean, I'm not gonna -- you know, it's -- I do. I do appreciate those efforts that have been done. It's just not enough.
 - Q. But that will divert approximately 900,000

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

tons of -- according to Mr. Steinberger, 900,000 1 tons of MSW from the landfill every year. 2 Based on that diversion, would you change 3 your testimony, would you think that actually the 4 5 City and ENV has made progress since 2003 in landfill diversion? 6 7 Not enough. Α. 8 Q. But they have made some --9 We need the landfill to close as promised. Α. 10 I'm sorry. 11 CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Dana, we're going to take a short break. I have a commissioner who needs 12 to take a short break, as well. 13 14 MS. VIOLA: Okay. 15 CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: We'll resume in ten 16 minutes. (Discussion off the record.) 17 (Break taken.) 18 CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: We're back on the 19 Mr. Williams, you're still under oath. 20 record. 21 THE WITNESS: Yes. 22 CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Thank you. 23 ENV? 24 Nothing further. MS. VIOLA: 25 Just a very brief MR. SANDISON:

1 cross-exam.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

EXAMINATION

BY MR. SANDISON:

- Q. Mr. Williams, I believe you were asked earlier whether you knew of alternatives for the disposal of waste that won't be able to go to H-POWER and also when the condition 14 goes into effect at the end of July, and I believe that you responded that there were -- that you thought there are some alternatives, but that will be addressed by another witness. Is that correct?
 - A. I did say that, yes.
 - O. Who is that other witness?
- A. His name escapes me right now, but I believe he's coming up soon.

MR. SANDISON: Okay.

18

19

21

EXAMINATION

20 BY MS. VIOLA:

- Q. I'm sorry. Would it be Dwight Miller?
- A. Dwight Miller, that's it. Yes. Sorry
 about that.
- MS. VIOLA: Nothing further.
- MR. SANDISON: Nothing further.

1.8

2.4

EXAMINATION

BY MR. CHIPCHASE:

Q. Ken, you opened by -- as part of your opening summary you talked about some of the economic benefits of Ko Olina, some of the things that Ko Olina does. I don't want to dwell on those again, but I just wanted to make sure that I had the numbers straight and understood exactly what we were talking about.

If we look just in terms of the number of businesses at Ko Olina, ballpark, what are we talking about?

- A. You know, I should have a number for you, but we have a hotel, a time share, a marina, a golf course, shops totalling about maybe six -- so that's ten. We have shops within the hotels themselves, like a Chuck's Steak House and other smaller businesses, jewelry shops and whatnot. So a couple dozen, at least, not to mention, you know, property owners who also treat it as a business, even though it's vacant. So many.
- Q. Are these all big businesses? Are we talking about mom and pops, local businesses, too?
 - A. It runs the gamut. You'll have

- international, like the Disney Corporation just

 opened Aulani, all the way down to Ko Olina

 Barbecue, run by a family who have a few chains of

 plate lunch places, so everything in between.
 - Q. All of these businesses collectively, about how many people do they employ? Ko Olina Resorts in total, how many people work there?
 - A. The estimate is about 2,800.
 - Q. What will it be at full build-out?
 - A. Full build-out, I think I had said earlier, through the economic study, of course, its forecast is 8,000, 8,000 jobs, direct jobs.
 - Q. And Ko Olina is not just a business park.

 I mean, people live there; right?
 - A. That's correct.

- Q. How many people call Ko Olina home?
- A. Let's see. Residential units, we have probably 1,100. We have another resort community. That's another 300; units, that is. And then you have -- you also have time share owners, which can run up pretty quickly based on their weekly intervals. So thousands.
- Q. So with the time shares and the hotel resorts, no doubt Ko Olina is a visitor destination; right?

1 A. That's correct.

- Q. But it's not only visitors to the islands that come to Ko Olina, is it?
- A. No. As I said in my testimony, a lot of local families come to -- you know, we have probably the most extensive public access policy, with 200 parking stalls, so people do come to the beaches.

 It is the community playground, ocean playground for many of the Kapolei, some Waianae residents, as well. They come from far and wide to enjoy our private -- not private, but privately-funded beaches.
- Q. So that's the lagoons you're talking about?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. In your testimony, you covered the spills in December 2010 and January 2011, and you talked about everything that you found -- or a lot of the things that you found and we have the pictures. Because of those spills, how long were the lagoons closed?
 - A. I think it was around ten days.
- Q. Who did the work to clean up those lagoons?
 - A. We have a contracted company that we use

- for our security. You may know these guys. They
 were all from the surrounding communities. We call
 them the Aloha Team, and they do everything from
 security to being our resort ambassadors to cleaning
 up the beaches in emergencies like that.
 - Q. Earlier, when you were talking with Ms. Viola, you talked about the planning for Ko Olina. She pointed you to, I think, paragraph seven of your declaration, and in paragraph seven -- and we don't need to dwell on it, but I'll read it very quickly. In the early 1980s, when the City started siting the landfill, the Ko Olina Resort area was called West Beach and was underdeveloped. However, even at that time the West Beach area was planned to be developed as a resort.

Do you see that in your testimony?

A. Yes, I do.

2.1

- Q. And then you provide citations and references in support of that; right?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. And Ms. Viola referenced you to a document she marked A-35. Do you still have that with you?
 - A. Yes, I do.
- Q. I believe she pointed you to page 4-23 of the document. Do you remember that?

1 A. Yes.

Q. So she had you read the two paragraphs under section 4.5, Solid Waste Handling and Disposal, out of this Ewa Development Plan dated August 1997, but revised May 2000. And you looked at the sentence -- she had you read the sentence: It will run out of capacity within ten to 25 years.

Do you see that?

- A. Yes, I do.
- Q. Do you understand the sentence, It will run out of capacity to mean it will continue operating for ten to 25 years?
 - A. No, I don't.
- Q. Does anything under paragraph 4.5 talk about a planned expansion of the landfill?
 - A. No, I don't -- no, it doesn't.
- Q. Do you understand that -- what do you understand a development plan to be?
- A. It's a general guideline of plans for a certain area that is revised on a regular basis.
- Q. In fact, looked at and revised every five vears; isn't it?
 - A. Yeah. I think that is right.
- Q. You were asked about what Mr. Stone may or may not have known. Do you remember that line of

questions?

2.0

- A. Yes, I do.
- Q. Do you have any idea what representations or assurances or promises Mr. Stone or any member of that group may have been given?
 - A. No, I don't.
- Q. Mr. Williams, I'd like you to look at paragraph 16 of your declaration. During your summary you talked about promises made and promises broken, and I just wanted to focus in on this one paragraph among many in there. You start off and you say -- and I'll read it for you -- according to Frank Doyle, then acting director of Environmental Services, quote, We had originally thought that we could have this landfill operate for another 15 years, and then as part of our discussion with the community and in trying to take a look at their concerns, it was reduced to a five-year operation.

Do you see that?

- A. Yes, I do.
- Q. You see that that's a transcript of proceedings from the 2003 Land Use Commission; right?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. So that's a promise Frank Doyle made to

- the Land Use Commission in 2003?
- A. That's correct.
- Q. And that's among the promises you feel were broken; right?
- A. Yes, I do.
- Q. Was that a promise by the City Council?
- 7 A. No.

1

2

3

4

5

6

- Q. Was that a promise by the State?
- 9 A. No.
- 10 Q. In fact, it was a promise by the ENV's then acting director; wasn't it?
- 12 A. That's correct.
- Q. You're familiar with this proceeding, the proceeding that we're in, and you understand that the ENV has made an application; right?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 Q. -- an application to continue operating
 18 the landfill beyond July 31st, 2012; right?
- 19 A. That's correct.
- Q. Has the City's application asked for a one-year extension?
- 22 A. No.
- Q. Has it asked for a two-year extension?
- 24 A. No.
- Q. Has it asked for an extension until they

1 | can get the third boiler at H-POWER up and running?

- A. That's correct.
- Q. No. I'm sorry. They've only asked for an extension until they can get the third boiler up and running?
- A. No. That's incorrect.
- Q. Right. In fact, they've asked to delete the condition entirely; right?
 - A. That is right.

MR. CHIPCHASE: Thank you.

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

21

22

10

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

EXAMINATION

BY MS. VIOLA:

- Q. Mr. Williams, can you again refer to Exhibit A-35? And that's, again, page 4-23, the paragraph that you read into evidence. And it continues on to page 4-24. And you stated just now that it doesn't make any mention of expansion related to Waimanalo Gulch.
- 20 A. Yes.
 - Q. Is that still your testimony, if you look at the top -- the first paragraph on page 4-24?
- 23 A. Yes.
- Q. Do you see one, two, three -- the fourth line down says: The Waimanalo Gulch was identified

- 1 | as having potential for expansion?
 - A. It has potential, yes.
 - Q. Isn't that an indication that it has potential for expansion?
 - A. Yes.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

- Q. Yes. And when you say capacity into 2022, couldn't you read both of those statements as the landfill could be operating as long as until 2022 with expansion?
- 10 A. Could you restate that, please? I'm
 11 sorry.
 - Q. Your testimony was that you didn't feel that this development plan reference made to Waimanalo Gulch would indicate that there was any intention to use it through 2022. Is that correct?
 - A. Correct.
 - Q. So despite the fact that this states that it would have a capacity to operate through 2022 and that there is acknowledged the potential for expansion, you don't think it would be unreasonable to interpret that as potentially being able to operate through 2022?
 - A. It would be.
- MS. VIOLA: Thank you.
- THE WITNESS: You're welcome.

	56
1	MS. VIOLA: Nothing further.
2	MR. SANDISON: Nothing further.
3	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Dana, I apologize if
4	I missed it, but Exhibit A-35, did you put that into
5	evidence?
6	MS. VIOLA: Thank you, Commissioner. The
7	City would like to move A-35 into evidence.
8	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Thank you.
9	MR. CHIPCHASE: Nothing further.
10	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Thank you, Mr.
11	Williams.
12	THE WITNESS: Thank you.
13	MR. CHIPCHASE: Intervenors will call Bev
14	Munson.
15	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Thank you. Hi, Bev.
16	If you'd kindly raise your right hand.
17	
18	BEVERLY MUNSON,
19	called as a witness, being first duly sworn to tell
20	the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the
21	truth, was examined and deposed as follows:
22	
23	MS. MUNSON: Good afternoon. Thank you
2 4	all for taking the time to hear what I have to share
25	with you today. For the record, my name is Beverly

1 Munson and my mailing address is 590 Farrington Highway, number 524, Kapolei 96707. 2 I'm coming to 3 you today as someone who is a direct neighbor of 4 Waimanalo Gulch Sanitary Landfill and I'm one 5 person, but I'm not just speaking on my own. I have 6 here signed -- we are a complex -- a condominium 7 complex directly across the street from Waimanalo 8 Gulch, directly across Farrington Highway. We have 9 116 units, and I have signatures from 87 of our 10 owners who have said, We, the undersigned owners and 11 residents of Ko Olina, urge the Honolulu decision 12 makers to close the current Waimanalo Gulch landfill in July 2012 and designate a new landfill to be 13 14 opened outside of District 1.

So on behalf of all the people who have signed this document and myself, I would like to share with you what it is like to live directly below Waimanalo Gulch landfill.

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

Now, one of the first things that you may be thinking about is, Well, it was there when you bought your house. If it's so bad, why did you buy it? When we bought our home, the landfill was scheduled to close in 2008, and so that meant, for some of us, maybe five or four years, depending on when our homes were finished, they would no longer

be a neighbor. And we felt that was reasonable, that was a minor inconvenience. And then we moved there and we learned how the landfill has actually been operated.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

1.4

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

2.3

24

25

The first morning I sat on my new lanai for a cup of coffee to enjoy the ocean and the view, what I saw was hundreds of plastics bags blowing into the ocean, and I have to tell you I was sickened and appalled. We live in a place where we talk a lot about protecting the aina, protecting the marine life, the environment, and plastic bags were blowing down, and I thought, Well, this is pretty bad, and I ran out and started trying to grab as many as I could and neighbors ran out and several of us were trying to gather these bags up and keep them from going into the ocean. We thought, Well, this must be an aberration, something must have happened, and then it happened again and again and again, and it didn't stop until we started going to City Council meetings and complaining about these things.

Also, when we first moved in, the stench from the landfill was so bad that many days when you walked outside, your throat would actually clench up and your eyes would water. Garbage wasn't being covered up and it was blowing down onto the roads

and blowing into our property and the smell from the decomposing garbage and the methane gas that was being produced was actually causing some people with respiratory ailments such as asthma and emphysema to have to stay indoors with their windows closed. We had two owners in the early days that went to the emergency room because of their condition. It was very, very bad. And again, it wasn't until we started going to City Council meetings and any public body that would listen to us that this issue was resolved. That's the beginning of the history, and it hasn't gotten any better.

I've now lived there eight years and we continue -- as recently as last week, you know, I got up in the morning, 5:00 in the morning, and opened my window to enjoy the morning breeze, and what did I smell? The dump. So we still have smell problems.

We still have dust problems. If we do not clean off our lanai -- when I say clean off our lanai, hose it off every single day, we have piles of dirt everywhere, and it's coming right down from there. Now, you may say, Well, you have dirt and dust as part of living in Hawaii. We all accept that. That's part of our environment. But think

about this: How would you like to have a lanai where every time you clean off your table and sweep that dust away, you wonder what kind of carcinogens are in that dirt and what you're exposing yourself to?

2.0

2.3

2.4

And you might be thinking, Well, that's a little dramatic, but in fact, the EPA cited the City for not keeping records of carcinogens, and so they've accepted the deposit of carcinogens, but they haven't kept records of where they're deposited so anybody can verify that they've been deposited correctly. So now I'm wondering, Gosh, did I buy into a Love Canal community, where I'm being exposed to things that I'm going to down the road develop illnesses simply because I'm being exposed to this because the City and Waste Management haven't followed the rules that are designed to protect the public health and safety?

We have -- a couple of years ago -- let me back up. 20 years ago, states like California banned the dumping of electronic waste into landfills. My husband and I, two years ago, went up to the landfill and we had a TV we needed to get rid of. We had full expectation that we were going to be directed to take it to an electronic waste

facility where those things were deposited, and they said, Just drive up this road and there will be guys at the end of it and they'll take it out of your car and take care of it for you. We drove up. They came. They got it and they tossed our TV right into the landfill and a bulldozer immediately smashed it and buried it right in with the rest of the garbage. So how many tons of electronic waste are up there leaching who knows what kind of chemicals that then is running off down into our property and the ocean?

2.0

We have -- we now know we have medical waste that's been deposited up there and not effectively contained, and it goes on and on and on.

So if we look at -- we just take the last ten years and look at the repeated violations and citations, plus the unknowns -- there's been no citation that I'm aware of for dumping electronic waste into the landfill. That's an outdated practice. Other parts of America -- and we are a part of America -- don't allow that. They're protecting the people and the environment and the future generations by making sure those things are not in landfills. And we continue to engage in outdated practices that create a public health and safety issue that is unknown to us, but I believe is

going to be of serious magnitude.

2.0

I know that, having served on many boards and committees, it is really difficult when you're asked to make a decision, and it is especially difficult when you don't have a firsthand experience with it, and I -- to the best of my knowledge, none of you live directly next to the landfill, so you have to rely on what people tell you and you're hearing testimony from various aspects of this complex problem. What I would like to ask you to do, as we go through my testimony this afternoon and the cross-examination, to ask yourself, If I lived across the street from this, would it be okay for me? And if it's not okay for you, why should it be okay for us?

So let's take a look at some of the things. I think you've picked up by my comments, but to be perfectly clear, I'm here on behalf of myself and all of these people to object to the City's request to lift condition 14 and to eliminate a closure date, the 2012 closure date, and to ask you to please deny their request.

I believe that the landfill, based on its history as I know it, poses a present and future and potential public health and safety hazard and that

there are issues that we need to consider, such as we keep piling up garbage and carving out mountains and adding this decomposing waste on top of it.

We've had citations on leachate. Are we creating landslide issues from this? Those type of things.

I also -- a very important thing in this consideration, I believe, is that the City has said over and over and over again in the time that I've been going to these hearings -- and I want to back up a little bit and tell you that politically my entire life I've been apathetic. I've voted and that's about it. I have never gotten involved in a community cause before. But when you see bags flying into the ocean and you smell stench and you see runoff and you see spills of dumping medical waste, I can't stand by and not speak up. Because how are you going to know what it's like if somebody like me and these people don't come forward and try to share our experience with you?

And what I have heard in the time that

I've been coming to these meetings since moving into

my home is over and over and over again the City

says, We need an extension, we need more time, and

then nothing happens. You hear no reports of any

progress. You see no definitive plans, timelines,

We're going to do this and this and this and this is how long it's going to take and this is how much it's going to cost. All that happens is that the next time a deadline is getting close, they make an appeal and say, We need more time, and decision makers such as yourself are pushed up against the wall in saying, Wow, if we don't approve this extension, there's no place else to put the garbage, so we're going to be the body that's going to end up putting garbage on the streets, we can't do that, we're going to have to give this extension.

And at some point in time somebody has to hold the City accountable and say, You've had multiple extensions, we've given you multiple times to get the job done and you're not doing the job, we're going to hold you accountable. At some point in time, somebody needs to say no. I could say no to the City, but I'm just one voter. I don't carry a lot of weight. We depend on bodies such as this one to hold people accountable. So I urge you to think about that and to look back and say how many times has the City asked for an extension because they've needed more time, and in the time that's been given them, what have they accomplished.

They will tell you, Oh, we expanded

H-POWER and we're expanding H-POWER and we tried to ship garbage off-island, but, well, there was problems with that. We started a recycling program.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

Well, you know, our recycling program on this island is abysmal in comparison to what the rest of the country is doing. I was recently on a business trip to San Francisco, and in hotels our wastebasket had four slots so we could dispose. I then stayed at a home in San Francisco and I said, Do you guys have recycling, and they said, Yeah, put it in that can, I said, But that's the garbage can. And they said, That's right, we have a recycling center that sorts all garbage and recycles And I said, What do you mean everything. everything? And they said, See that Chinese take-out container, they have the technology to get rid of that little wire handle and recycle that cardboard so it doesn't go into the landfill.

So the technology is out there. Other cities are doing this, and all we accomplish is extending the landfill date and engaging in outdated technology or outdated practices. Let's just throw the TVs in there and, well, if we have a spill, yeah, we'll probably have some electronic waste going into the ocean, but, you know, those things

happen. Sometimes it rains real hard. It's just not acceptable. It's just not acceptable.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

2.0

21

22

23

24

25

So here's a good example to the point I just made. When I -- in October, I was on a business trip and the big announcement in California in October was the city of San Jose -- the population of San Jose is about 958,000, 959,000. Our population is about the same. And the city of San Jose has engaged a very specific plan with timelines, how much it's going to cost to move to be If they can do it -- if we have landfill-free. other cities in America that are our size who are struggling with money just like we are -- they don't have any better revenue stream than we do -- why can't we be looking at those things? But all I see from the City is, We need another extension because it takes time. Well, how much time do you need?

I don't know about all of your jobs, but in my jobs, all of my jobs, if I didn't do my job for seven or eight years or ten years, I would have been fired. I would have been unemployed. And yet we have people in City departments that have been saying, I need more time, it's complex, it's hard, it's expensive, and have not done anything but prepare for the next extension plea for eight years.

I'm asking why are they still employed? If they can't get the job done, then we need to get somebody in here who can.

And by granting an extension, by granting their request to remove that 2012 date, all you're doing is enabling their refusal to move forward and get the job done. The only time they're going to step up to the plate and get it done is when they have no more options. So extensions are not going to help us. They're going to hurt us.

I'd like to talk a little bit about the medical waste spill of last January. Before I begin that -- I'm not a waste management expert. I'm just someone who tries to be conscientious about what I do with my garbage. I recycle. I try to reduce waste.

But prior to moving here, I was the head of human resources for two acute care hospitals in California, part of the Sutter Health system.

Sutter Health runs Kahi Mohala out in Ewa Beach.

And as a senior manager in that organization, every Monday morning we had senior management meetings.

As part of that meeting, we had infectious control briefings. By sitting in on those briefings, I learned a lot about medical waste disposal and I

learned a lot about infectious diseases.

2.5

And I need to tell you that needles, the way -- if we saw all the needles and the urine cups and the blood vials with blood still in them and, oh, by the way, labels of patient names on them on our beaches -- those weren't properly disposed of. They should have been disposed of in a way that there's no way they could have escaped.

And I attended the hearing, the emergency hearing of the City Council right after the spill, and one City Council member said, but isn't it true that they're all sterilized before they go into the landfill so they don't pose a public health threat?

Hopefully, they were sterilized. That's what the providers that produce that medical waste are supposed to do. But once they're deposited into a landfill, they pick up other contaminants, and so if you have a needle or you have one of those glass blood vials that someone steps on on the beach, maybe the contents inside has been sterilized and hopefully any blood-borne pathogens that are in that have been destroyed, because hopefully it's been properly processed. But if there's been any hiccup in the system, you may have something in that vial that could be very lethal. And if not, you then

have the glass vial that's been exposed to all kinds of bacteria while it's been in the landfill, bringing it down to the people. Someone steps on it, they can get flesh-eating bacterium, they can get critical bacterial and viral infections that can leave them incapacitated for life.

So one more situation -- and I need to tell you, where that all washed down the first point, the pipe it came out of is adjacent to my property and it was right down there on -- we call it Little Beach. That's not the official name, but we call it Little Beach, right on Little Beach, which is adjacent to our property.

So the City needs more time. They want -I think they recognize by asking -- you notice they
haven't asked for an extension. They just want you
to eliminate the date of closure, and I think they
realize they're just going to keep coming back and
asking and that maybe people are getting tired of
listening to the extension request, so maybe we can
slip it by by just removing the closure date and
then we can just go on and on forever and ever.

But what's going to happen is all of us who live near there, we're going to have to live with the outfall. What is the City going to do when

there's another spill like we had last January -and everybody says, Oh, it was a 40-year storm and
et cetera. If it happened once, it can happen
again. So what are we going to do when somebody
gets hurt?

2.3

Mayor Carlisle's opening comments after that at that City Council meeting was, Let's put this into perspective, no property was damaged or lost and no lives were lost. I'm sorry. It was all I could do to contain myself and be respectful. It's probably a good thing that he left and it wasn't appropriate for me to follow him out of the room, but I wanted to give him a piece of my mind. Because I'm sorry. We don't know who's been hurt. We haven't had any reports. We got lucky. Next time we might not get lucky.

So to summarize, I'm assuming that you're on this commission because you want to make a difference in our City. You want to have a positive, productive, progressive impact, and you have an opportunity to do that. If you deny the City's request, you will be making a positive difference, because you will be saying to the City, You need to get accountable and you need to get with the times and deal with this problem in a

sustainable way.

If you grant that request, you'll be making a difference because you will be allowing them to continue to push it off to someone else and in the meantime the environment and the people are impacted. Thank you very much.

MS. VIOLA: No questions.

MR. SANDISON: No questions.

EXAMINATION

BY MR. CHIPCHASE:

Q. I just wanted to clarify one thing you said. You pointed to a document and you said, These people, that's who you're talking about. Could you just explain what document you're talking about?

A. Yes. The petition that was signed by homeowners in our community, the 87 people --

And by the way, I want to tell you, one of the reasons we did this petition is that -- I serve on our board of directors and we had a discussion about, Well, we believe we know what our homeowners want, but we probably ought to ask them. And so we put together this brief petition. We sent it out by email to all our owners and we said, The board of directors wants you to tell us how we -- do you want

us to represent you and say we want the landfill closed or is it not an issue for you. If it is an issue for you, please sign this petition and send it back us to. This was in the height of the Christmas season, when people are really busy, a lot of them traveling and on vacation. And in three days we had 87 signatures back. I need to tell you we've never gotten that kind of response on anything else we've sent out to our condo association. So I think that points out how important it is to them.

MR. CHIPCHASE: That's all. Thank you.

MR. SANDISON: No questions.

MS. VIOLA: No questions.

CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Commissioners, any questions?

MS. MUNSON: Thank you very much for your time and your efforts in struggling with this.

MR. CHIPCHASE: Intervenors call Cynthia Rezentes.

MS. VIOLA: Excuse me, Commissioners. If I could just interject at this point. I just want to remind the commission that there's a prehearing agreement that the witnesses would be restricted to ten minutes on the summary. My witnesses, as well as Mr. Sandison's witness, was contained by that

time and we're just looking to enforce the
provisions of the prehearing agreement, as well as
to expedite this proceeding as much as possible.

CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: We'll be mindful. Thank you.

MS. VIOLA: Thank you.

CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: If you would kindly raise your right hand, please.

CYNTHIA REZENTES,

called as a witness, being first duly sworn to tell the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth, was examined and deposed as follows:

2.1

MS. REZENTES: 'My name is Cynthia
Rezentes, and I am a long-time resident of the
Waianae coast, born and raised out there. I
actually am educated from there and went on to
further education and got my bachelor's and master's
of science degree in electrical engineering. So I
do have an engineering background, albeit it's
electrical and not civil in this particular case,
but I do believe that that has allowed me to be able
to understand some aspects of what's been going on
with this landfill.

I got involved with this landfill back in the '98 and '99 time frame. At that point in time, I had already been associated with the neighborhood board system since approximately 1994. I was a member of the Waianae Coast Neighborhood Board and then I'm now currently on the Nanakuli-Maili Neighborhood Board. So I've had a long time to be able to track this particular project in the community.

1.3

In the '98, '99 time frame, when the City first started talking about coming back to the community to prepare us for an expansion of the landfill for, at that time, another 15 years, one of the things that became evident from my discussion with a number of the people in the community was that there had been an implied understanding that once the original acreage had been filled that the landfill was supposed to be closed. So that also started me on trying to follow this.

In addition to my own experiences, as we drive up and down Farrington Highway, at that point in time the odors from the landfill were really bad. You didn't want to drive past there with your windows down. And at that time the management was such that especially in windy weather when H-POWER

was down, you could essentially be guaranteed of a hillside full of white plastic trash bags on the trees, and you could actually see them in the air as they were floating around. So there were a lot of concerns about the landfill at that particular point in time.

1 4

1.8

2.4

So the visual observations, the odor observations, plus the information that was coming out of the community that the landfill was supposed to be closed after the initial filling of what had been permitted in 1985, I believe -- and the first trash was put in the landfill in '89 -- led me to support, especially for the community, that the landfill really should be closed. So it's been a constant process over the years.

In the 2002 time frame, with all of the going back and forth with draft supplemental EISs and the community fighting it, we finally got a statement from Frank Doyle, who at the time was representing ENV, that in five years that we should be able to close Waimanalo Gulch.

In fact, what they were stating at the time was we probably wouldn't have need for landfills after five years, and that translated, in 2003, to the Land Use Commission actually supporting

the City stating that five years was long enough to be able to close Waimanalo Gulch to allow the expansion of Waimanalo Gulch until 2008. Now, in that expansion it included an additional footprint, but from 2003 to 2008, it also included an additional permit to go up another 30 feet in height.

As we got closer to 2008 again, it came up, Well, we still need to expand this and now we're trying to look at a larger footprint, and that essentially over the years led up to the last Land Use Commission decision and order which was essentially, Okay, July 2012, that's the date, and that was predicated on the -- everyone's understanding that the third boiler, the mass burn unit at H-POWER, was supposed to be up around the end of 2011 and to give approximately six months for the shakedown and bringing it up to full speed by the middle of 2012.

As you're aware, there were a couple of things that happened in those time frames. One, there were a number of violations filed against the management of the landfill. That's where the record-setting \$2.8 million came in that was eventually reduced from a dollar standpoint, but it

was dollars plus so many things had to be mitigated, which those costs were to be borne by the City or Waste Management.

2.0

2.1

And also, subsequent to that -- and I'm sure you've already covered this in a lot of detail -- is that entire episode where we had that breach December and January of the storm water out of the facility and then all of the medical waste, also, that ended up in our near shore waters.

So at this point in time, being with this process and project through all of the iterations and promises, and yes, we're going to do something, yes, we're going to close it, yes, we only need so much more time, I am still of the opinion that at some point in time we've got to say enough is enough.

We need to look at alternatives. We need to come up with another plan. This project has had management challenges from the beginning, continues to have management challenges, and it's time to be able to say that's it.

People will ask, Well, what happens if we, say, allow the deadline to occur, so that after July 31st, 2012, quote, unquote, no more waste will be accepted into Waimanalo Gulch? You know, in some

ways I think it would be a good heads up and an eyeopener for everybody on island.

There is an out, and it may not be the most pleasant way to go, but we could -- I mean, there could always be declared an emergency. It's not as if the Department of Health has not taken over landfills in this state before, and that is always an option. But it may put more pressure and more onus on the City to take care of this waste management problem and be able to look for alternatives quicker than if we just continue allowing this to limp along and every so many years drag the community out to fight this again and fight the City.

So, you know, again, in my mind we do need to hold ENV and Waste Management accountable for what has happened in the past and for all the promises that have been made. Thank you.

CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Thank you.

MS. VIOLA: No questions.

MR. SANDISON: No questions.

EXAMINATION

BY MR. CHIPCHASE:

- Q. Cynthia, I just wanted to point out one paragraph on your declaration. Do you have it with you?
 - A. Uh-huh.
 - Q. Paragraph 28 --
- A. Uh-huh.
 - Q. -- you talk about, and you talked about today, how we're faced with another request, we're here again; right? And you pose in paragraph 28 three questions that you feel are important to making the determination for the commission to consider; right?
- A. Yes.
 - Q. Why do you feel these three questions are important?
 - A. Well, if you don't mind, I'll read the three questions, unless everybody has it in front of them. The questions I posed is: Has the City made every effort to protect the community that suffers so much from the landfill? Has the City made every effort to find and develop another landfill site? And has the City made every effort to reduce the waste going into Waimanalo Gulch Sanitary Landfill or looked at other alternative methods for waste

disposal?

2.3

In my mind, I don't believe so. And part of that is because if you look at other island countries or nations, they are also facing this same situation. Japan is facing this same situation.

They're coming up with different methods in which to attempt to address the solid waste, whether it's plasma arc gasification, vitrification, whatever.

The other thing is, when you look at some of the European nations, they're also faced with some of the same problems, because they're small independent countries and they're also land restricted, and they need to be able to deal with that for their population.

So I'm really wondering whether or not we've really explored all of the alternatives. You know, have we tried to find another site? There were sites that were identified before, but because we ended up selecting Waimanalo Gulch again for expansion, nothing was done there.

And by the way, I would not necessarily advocate for some of those sites that were selected from the blue ribbon panel, even though I was on it, just because of where they're at. But, you know, again, are we doing enough to be able to figure out

a different way of handling our municipal solid waste?

1.5

2.5

One of the latest things I've just learned -- I went to the Waimanalo Gulch quarterly meeting that the Land Use Commission has mandated needs to occur so that the City can give the public an idea of where we are, and one of the things I didn't quite realize until this last meeting was the mass burn unit which I thought was supposed to handle everything that currently the two boilers at H-POWER couldn't handle, will not be able to handle everything. And I'm still waiting for all of those items to be identified on their website, which says exactly what even that will not be able to handle.

So again, you know, we don't even have our hands wrapped around the situation yet in my mind as far as what our resources are today, what we can or cannot handle, at least precisely in my mind, and then where are we going to go with the future.

Don't get me wrong. I don't live in a vacuum. I know that there needs to be some kind of a backup plan for disasters, but I'm looking at day to day and I'm saying that I'm not sure that we've done enough from a day-to-day perspective in being able to handle our waste properly yet.

	82
1	MR. CHIPCHASE: Nothing further.
2	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Thank you.
3	MS. VIOLA: Nothing.
4	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Any questions from
5	the commissioners?
6	Thank you very much.
7	MR. CHIPCHASE: Chair, if we could take
8	ten minutes and make sure my last witness for today
9	is ready to go
10	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: No problem.
11	MR. CHIPCHASE: Thank you.
12	(Break taken.)
13	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: We're back on the
14	record.
15	MR. CHIPCHASE: Chair, the intervenors
16	call Paul Duke Hospodar.
17	MR. HOSPODAR: Good afternoon,
18	distinguished members of this committee. I consider
19	it a privilege to be here to speak before you. My
20	name
21	MR. CHIPCHASE: She has to swear you in
22	first.
23	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Pardon me. I
2 4	apologize. I didn't swear you in. I'm very sorry.
25	If you'd raise your right hand.

PAUL DUKE HOSPODAR,

called as a witness, being first duly sworn to tell the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth, was examined and deposed as follows:

MR. HOSPODAR: Hello, committee members.

My name is Paul Duke Hospodar. I'm the security director and resort operations director for Ko Olina Resort. I've been filling that capacity for the last 14 years, also a resident of Ko Olina since 1998 and I still live there. But besides being a resort director, I'm also a member of one of the neighborhood AOAO boards, so I'll speak from two capacities, one being a resident and one being a resort director.

I actually had a couple of pages of bullet points, but I won't belabor you with the extensive notes and probably just stay to the general concerns of not only my community but, you know, the resort as a whole. I know there are some pictures that were handed out to you. I'll spend the majority of the time speaking about the pictures, because like they say, pictures do speak a thousand words. I keep one picture with me, and that was day one of

the event when we found the needles from the breach of the Waimanalo Gulch, so that's what I'll keep before me instead of the bullet points.

As a resident, you know, it's not hard to find other residents indignant with the whole process. We don't want to say that the political process is being perverted by considering the removal of condition 14, but when we look at this condition to be modified, altered or removed, condition 14, to a resident and to the community, is almost the heart of this whole agreement. Without it, the rest of the conditions really mean nothing to us. That was our light at the end of the tunnel, to say it in short words. It gave us some reason to believe that eventually the impact would be shared throughout other communities.

In 1999, when I first became aware of the gulch, the landfill, I didn't think too much of it.

I said, you know, it's probably pretty good planning. I mean, we live on an island. This is an unnecessary impact. It's prehistoric technology, but we each need to bear the burden of these kind of impacts. So I said, you know, good planning on behalf of the City.

2003, as an extension was given, I said by

the time Waimanalo Gulch will be moving on, our resort would be building out, so it gave -- it did give us some sense of relief and to say, Okay, hey, listen, we beared our part of the burden, Kailua did, other places have shared in landfills. It's our time, so we accepted that.

By removal of condition 14, it really -it almost seems that these processes are
pre-determined sequences of events and outcomes. It
really feels that the words and the commitments made
inside these provisions have any weight (sic). And
that's on the resident side.

It's just -- it's hard to see after 20 plus years that there's no place to put a landfill. I mean, we're in the outer edges of space and we can't figure out how to build a landfill somewhere else. And that's just -- you know, sometimes it's concerning.

As a resort director, my main focus is with these pictures, and I don't want to say myopic -- maybe a lack of proper planning on an emergency response action plan. To be at the front lines of this clean-up and hear -- I believe it was Ken Williams who called me one day and said he heard on the news that the calvary was coming, that, you

know, the people who were responsible for this breach were gonna send help. For ten days we got no help. My managers did report that there was some, I guess you could say, temporary help type of individuals sent to the breach site, but other than that, for ten days we were left alone, hoping that someone would come down and at least give us some assistance.

It was an egregious breach, I mean, something that should never happen. I mean, the fact that the containment system in and of itself wasn't completed is concerning, but not to have an appropriate emergency action plan, a response plan, is very concerning to a community, if not to a resort. We live in the midst of Campbell Industrial Park that has a clean -- we have, you know, Hawaiian Electric that has their response plans. They work very genuine with us.

But it was quite frightening, I mean, to the point where we couldn't even determine if these breached material was AIDS infected, was it -- you know, the blood -- what was it called -- the autoclave, does the autoclave work, how does it work.

We asked for documents, at least give us

1 1

some comfort that the autoclave or the gamma ray or the microwave -- I'm not sure how this stuff is decontaminated -- was done and it was done properly. I mean, we had a catastrophic breach here. I mean, what else could possibly, you know, alerted people to say this community needs to have these comforts; one, the breached material, the blood, the bladders, the vials, the needles were decontaminated and this I can't speak for the community is recorded. association, but I have yet to get any answers to questions that we've petitioned to the community association about this matter, and to this date still we have no record of how the stuff was Is it recorded -- that if some kid decontaminated. 15 years from now steps on a vial of blood in one of our lagoons we can say, Don't worry, this may have been a by-product of a breach, you know, it's okay, it's clean. At least give us that level of comfort.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

So from that I'll just segue into the pictures, because, like I said, the pictures says it all. When I got the original pictures that I have in front of me via my phone, I immediately called for a shutdown of the lagoons. All I had to do was see one needle; never mind the stacks of needles that my guys were sending me via email.

By 8:00, 8:10, 8:15, I was down on site.

When I seen the massive amounts of debris, it was,
to me, my Exxon Valdez. I said, My God, I said,
this is incredible, how can this happen in this day
and time. So I immediately called our construction
team just to remove six inches of sand. One needle
was one too many. Hundreds of needles, bladders,
vials, bags full of medical waste was just beyond
comprehension. I just said, Just remove the sand,
let's not take any risk here, we can always find new
sand and replace it.

Second part of that -- I didn't want to become footage for media worldwide, using this catastrophe that washed up on our beaches as a point of contention of other arguments. So the immediate removal of the imminent danger was our first concern, and that's what you see on your first page there.

In my testimony, I noticed lasted night when I was going through it, I had mentioned we had four 20-foot containers. They were actually 40-foot containers. That's one of my employees, Kimo, standing on top of that trash. We filled four of those with debris. Kind of an ironic thing is that when we had to dump it, Waimanalo Gulch actually

charged us for dumping the waste. I've got those receipts in here. So that was kind of an insult to pain -- or pain to insult, but --

The third page, you'll see sand. That doesn't look too bad. That's nice clean sand. That is nice clean prestigious sand that we took from the beach because the media was starting to inundate us and we didn't want them jumping up there and getting a picture. You can see just to the right of the picture, that's actually the debris I was trying to get covered.

The next picture, our sand machine. There you'll find some of the waste. This waste here is environmental waste. When you see the brown, that was a lot of twigs, branches and stuff that was comingled or coagulated with the medical waste, which made our cleanup efforts much more intense, and we just -- basically, like I said, for ten days we just ran a sand cleaner up and down all four beaches and we didn't want to leave any stone unturned, to the point where we actually went out and bought a metal detector and swept every beach with a metal detector.

I live on property. I've got four kids.

My kids play on these beaches. I have a picture in

here -- I had a representative from one of the hotels come and say, Would you let your kids play on this beach? I actually brought my dog and my cherished son down there just to run the beaches and say, you know, I'm confident in my efforts to clean up. But, you know, beyond that, I don't know what else the ocean can bring in to us.

The next page, again, my crew out there every day, you know, PPE equipment, just sweeping, and every day as the tide came in, more debris would be washed upon our property. Again, same thing.

There's a -- my IT guy. They love that, getting out of the office with the metal detectors. They love those contraptions so they helped out a lot. We were pulling lots of just points out of sand. They would -- the naked eye could not see.

Then the last picture, which is a great picture -- that's the picture I have in front of me -- that's the first picture that was sent to me when I ordered the closing of the beach. Like I said, one needle is one needle too many.

And again, you know, I go back to the condition 14 authorization, modification, removal -- it's the heart of this document. It's what we believed in. It's what we felt that was going to

carry us through these years of, you know, real estate downfall, and hopefully, you know, that being re-established --

2.4

I hate to use the word Bermuda Triangle, but, you know, when you look at the dump, you look at the power plant, you look at Campbell, you know, what more impact can be placed on the leeward coast? We have all these unsightly impacts. And I mean, as a resident, it would have been nice to have seen the gulch or the City plant at least a tree coming to and from the dump.

You know, don't pit my community against another community with giving one community money, another one a threat of receiving a dump if it leaves us. I mean, that's how I don't see planning should be done.

It would have been nice just to see any kind of beautification around the area that maybe, hey, maybe the future communities will be fighting over the landfill; you know, look what they do for the neighborhoods they're in.

I was just talking to a gal outside about the Pro Bowl. I seen Waste Management had a great plug there during the Pro Bowl. I said, Hey, you know, plug us with some beautification, put up some

sound walls, put those monies that a million dollar commercial cost you into the community, I said, and maybe you'll be fighting for a landfill in the future. Who knows?

2.3

I mean, other than that, I mean, I don't want to get too passionate. Like I said, I have many -- many hats in the game here. But you know, if there's any questions on direct or redirect or from the committee, I'd be happy to answer.

I hope I didn't speak too fast. After noon my twang and drawl starts coming out. Sorry.

MS. VIOLA: No questions. Thank you.

MR. SANDISON: No questions.

MR. CHIPCHASE: Duke, I just wanted to make sure I was clear on a couple of points.

MS. VIOLA: I'd like to just make an objection. We didn't ask any cross-examination questions and we agreed to the submission of written testimony and I understand -- or I've just been hearing Mr. Chipchase reiterate what's already in the testimony. We're struggling to get through this proceeding and to have enough time to go through all of the necessary witness, and on the basis of the prehearing conference and agreement all the parties submitted written testimony. So I don't really feel

1 it's necessary for him to reiterate content that's 2 already contained in the written testimony. 3 CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Excuse me. 4 Mr. Chipchase, are you going to reiterate 5 what's already in the written testimony? 6 MR. CHIPCHASE: $\mathtt{N} \circ .$ And in fact, in each 7 case it's been testimony that they've given they 8 haven't read from their written testimony. They 9 provided summaries of them, which I think is 10 appropriate, and questions that I want to make sure 11 -- points that I want to make sure as part of their 12 summaries, not from their written testimony. And in 13 this case, I don't even intend to refer back to his 14 written testimony. 15 MS. VIOLA: If I could respond to that --16 that's actually incorrect, because he pointed to 17 portions of Ms. Rezentes' testimony that she just 18 referred to in her summary and was contained in her 19 testimony. So that is the basis of the objection. 2.0 CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Thank you, Dana. 21 I'm going to go ahead and allow this. 22 believe this is your last witness today. 23 MR. CHIPCHASE: It is. 24 CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: And I'm going to go 25 back and review the pre-planning conference minutes

1 and we'll take it up on March 7th when we meet 2 again. 3 MS. VIOLA: Thank vou. 4 5 EXAMINATION 6 BY MR. CHIPCHASE: 7 Ο. Duke, I just wanted to understand, when 8 did you first become aware that trash had washed out 9 of the landfill? 10 That would have been approximately 6:30 on 11 the 13th. 12 Did anyone from the City tell you that Q. 13 trash had washed out of the landfill? In other 14 words, was Ko Olina notified by the City? 15 Α. I can't speak for Ko Olina. I know my department or myself was not contacted by anybody 16 17 from the City or -- we actually ran into people from 18 the Department of Health and the EPA. We all met up 19 at the breach site that led to the ocean. 20 0. Just so it was clear -- you oversaw the 21 clean-up for Ko Olina? 22 For the ten days of complete clean up, I 23 oversaw it, correct.

noticing some temporary workers, did you receive any

Other than the reference you made to

24

25

Ο.

1 help in that clean-up effort from the City? 2 Α. Zero help. 3 MR. CHIPCHASE: Thank you. 4 CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Is that it? 5 MR. CHIPCHASE: That's it. 6 CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Any questions, 7 commissioners? 8 MS. DAWSON: I have one question. 9 MR. HOSPODAR: Yes, ma'am. 10 11 EXAMINATION 12 BY MS. DAWSON: 13 Has any summary been made of the cost in 0. labor and materials and so forth to clean up this 1 4 15 whole mess? 16 Α. Yes, ma'am. We did submit a complete 17 inventory of our staff, our hours and our equipment 18 to Ko Olina Community Association. 19 0. What was the overall cost? 20 I'm going to guess. I was thinking it was Α. 21 around -- on our side, about \$28,000, about 28,000 22 for the ten days. 2.3 0. Does that include the sand? 24 Α. That doesn't include the replenishing of 25 the sand. The replenishing of the sand, because

1	we're waiting on a Corps of Engineers permit, we
2	couldn't do that at that time. So we're waiting on
3	that permit to get the sand back in.
4	Q. So it's not complete yet?
5	A. No. It's not complete, ma'am, no.
6	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Any other questions?
7	I have just something for the record.
8	MR. HOSPODAR: Yes, ma'am.
9	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: My notes say that
10	when you introduced yourself you introduced yourself
11	as Paul.
12	MR. HOSPODAR: Yes.
13	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: However, your
14	declaration states Duke.
15	MR. CHIPCHASE: Paul Duke.
16	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Okay. It's Paul
17	Duke?
18	MR. HOSPODAR: Yes. Everyone they'll
19	say Paul. I'll say, Paul who?
20	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: One and the same
21	then?
22	MR. HOSPODAR: Yes, ma'am.
23	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Thank you very much.
2 4	MR. HOSPODAR: Thank you. Thank you for
25	your time.

1	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: That's the last
2	witness for today. For housekeeping duties, our
3	next meeting is March 7th, and that March 7th
4	meeting is going to run from 9:00 to 4:30.
5	Typically, we'll end at about 4:15 so that the next
6	party can come in for a 4:30 meeting. I need to
7	know, please, from counsel how much more time we
8	need after the 7th.
9	MR. CHIPCHASE: I believe our next hearing
10	date, Chair, after the 7th is the 8th, and that's a
11	half day. Is that right?
12	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: No. The last one is
13	March 7th that we had agreed upon.
14	MR. CHIPCHASE: I'm sorry. I thought we
15	had also agreed on March 8th. My mistake.
16	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: That's fine.
17	MR. CHIPCHASE: I wouldn't think more than
18	a half a day.
19	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: All right. I'd like
20	to propose March 14th. I'm going to pencil for all
21	day.
22	MS. VIOLA: Thank you.
23	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: That will be from
2 4	nine to four.
25	MS. VIOLA: Nine to 4:00.

1	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: So we're scheduled
2	for March 7th and for March 14th if at all possible.
3	I know that our counsel, of course, will confirm
4	that with you.
5	MR. YOUNG: What about the 21st?
6	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: It doesn't sound like
7	we're going to need it.
8	MR. SANDISON: Schnitzer will be available
9	on March 14th.
10	MS. VIOLA: The City also will be
11	available for March 14th.
12	MR. CHIPCHASE: That's fine with us, as
13	well, Chair.
14	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: All right. Thank you
15	very much. Anything else? Otherwise, I'd like to
16	call for a motion
17	MS. VIOLA: Chair, before we finish, I
18	don't believe Cynthia Rezentes was sworn in.
19	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: I believe I did.
20	MS. VIOLA: She was?
21	MR. CHIPCHASE: She was.
22	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Thank you for asking.
23	MR. TOLENTINO: Motion to adjourn.
2 4	MR. YOUNG: Second.
25	CHAIRWOMAN PINGREE: Thank you. The

```
meeting is adjourned. Thank you very much.
  1
                      (Meeting adjourned at 4:05 p.m.)
  2
  3
 4
 5
 6
 7
 8
 9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
```

1	CERTIFICATE
2	STATE OF HAWAII)
3) SS.
4	CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU)
5	I, SUE M. FLINT, Notary Public, State of
6	Hawaii, do hereby certify:
7	That on February 8th, 2012, at 1:30 p.m., the foregoing contested case hearing was held;
8	That the hearing was taken down by me in machine shorthand and was thereafter reduced to
9	typewriting under my supervision;
10	That the foregoing represents to the best
11	of my ability, a true and correct transcript of the proceedings had in the foregoing matter.
12	I further certify that I am not an attorney
13	for any of the parties hereto, nor in any way concerned with the cause.
14	This 100-page transcript of the contested
15	case hearing in File No. 2008/SUP-2 dated February 8, 2012 was subscribed and sworn to before
16	me this 22nd day of February, 2012, in Honolulu, Hawaii.
17	Sue (m. Flirs
18	SUE M. FLINT, RPR, CSR 274
19	Notary Public, State of Hawaii My Commission Exp: July 23, 2015
20	
21	GUE M. F.
22	* NOTA
23	E O COLLECTION AS THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY
2 4	STATE OF HAMILIAN
1	TANK!